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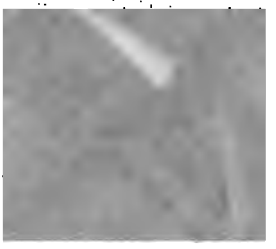
RHODE ISLAND

MANUAL

1905

Geo. H. Utter



MANUAL,

WITH

RULES AND ORDERS,

FOR THE USE OF THE

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

OF THE

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND,

1905.

Prepared, in accordance with an Act of the General Assembly

BY

CHARLES P. BENNETT, Secretary of State.

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Declaration of Independence.

In Congress, July 4th, 1776.—The unanimous declaration of the thirteen United States of America.

When in the course of human events it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume among the powers of the earth the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights, that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. That to secure these rights governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; that whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or to abolish it, and to institute a new government, laying its foundation on such principles and organizing its powers in such form as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safety and happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and accordingly all experience hath shown that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same object, evinces a design to reduce them under absolute despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such government, and to provide new guards for their future security. Such has been the patient

sufferance of these Colonies; and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former systems of government. The history of the present king of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having in direct object the establishment of an absolute tyranny over these States. To prove this, let facts be submitted to a candid world.

He has refused his assent to laws the most wholesome and necessary for the public good.

He has forbidden his governors to pass laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operation till his assent should be obtained; and when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them.

He has refused to pass other laws for the accommodation of large districts of people, unless those people would relinquish the right of representation in the Legislature, a right inestimable to them, and formidable to tyrants only.

He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable, and distant from the depository of their public records, for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his measures.

He has dissolved representative houses repeatedly, for opposing with manly firmness his invasions on the rights of the people.

He has refused for a long time, after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the legislative powers, incapable of annihilation, have returned to the people at large for their exercise; the State remaining, in the meantime, exposed to all the danger of invasion from without and convulsions within.

He has endeavored to prevent the population of these States: for that purpose obstructing the laws for naturalization of foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their migration hither, and raising the conditions of new appropriations of lands.

He has obstructed the administration of justice, by refusing his assent to laws for establishing judiciary powers.

He has made judges dependent on his will alone, for the tenure of their offices, and the amount and payment of their salaries.

He has erected a multitude of new offices, and sent hither swarms of officers to harrass our people, and eat out their substance.

He has kept among us, in times of peace, standing armies without the consent of our legislature.

He has affected to render the military independent of, and superior to, the civil power.

He has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution, and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his assent to their acts of pretended legislation:

For quartering large bodies of armed troops among us:

For protecting them, by a mock trial, from punishment for any murders which they should commit on the inhabitants of these States:

For cutting off our trade with all parts of the world:

For imposing taxes on us without our consent:

For depriving us, in many cases, of the benefits of trial by jury:

For transporting us beyond seas to be tried for pretended offences:

For abolishing the free system of English laws in a neighboring province, establishing therein an arbitrary government, and enlarging its boundaries, so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these Colonies:

For taking away our charters, abolishing our most valuable laws, and altering fundamentally the forms of our governments:

For suspending our own legislatures, and declaring themselves invested with power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever.

He has abdicated government here, by declaring us out of his protection, and waging war against us.

He has plundered our seas, ravaged our coasts, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our people.

He is at this time transporting large armies of foreign mercenaries to complete the works of death, desolation and tyranny, already begun, with circumstances of cruelty and perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy the head of a civilized nation.

He has constrained our fellow-citizens taken captive on the high seas to bear arms against their country, to become the executioners of their friends and brethren, or to fall themselves by their hands.

He has excited domestic insurrections amongst us, and has endeavored to bring on the inhabitants of our frontiers the mer-

ciless Indian savages, whose known rule of warfare is an undistinguished destruction of all ages, sexes and conditions.

In every stage of these oppressions we have petitioned for redress in the most humble terms: our repeated petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A prince, whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free people.

Nor have we been wanting in attentions to our British brethren. We have warned them from time to time of attempts by their legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our emigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them by the ties of our common kindred to disavow these usurpations, which would inevitably interrupt our connections and correspondence. They, too, have been deaf to the voice of justice and of consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity, which denounces our separation, and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, enemies in war, in peace friends.

We, therefore, the Representatives of the United States of America, in General Congress assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do in the name and by authority of the good people of these Colonies, solemnly publish and declare, That these United Colonies are, and of right, ought to be, *free and independent States;* that they are absolved from all allegiance to the British crown, and that all political connection between them and the State of Great Britain is, and ought to be, totally dissolved; and that, as *free and independent States*, they have full power to levy war, conclude peace, contract alliances, establish commerce, and to do all other acts and things which *independent States* may of right do. And, for the support of this Declaration, with a firm reliance on the protection of Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our lives, our fortunes and our sacred honor.

The foregoing Declaration was, by order of Congress, engrossed, and signed by the following members:

JOHN HANCOCK, of Massachusetts, *Pres't.*

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Josiah Bartlett, William Whipple, Matthew Thornton.

MASSACHUSETTS BAY.

Samuel Adams, Robert Treat Paine, Elbridge Gerry.
John Adams.

RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

Stephen Hopkins, William Ellery.

CONNECTICUT.

Roger Sherman, William Williams, Oliver Wolcott.
Samuel Huntington.

NEW YORK.

William Floyd, Francis Lewis, Lewis Morris.
Philip Livingston.

NEW JERSEY.

Richard Stockton, Francis Hopkinson, Abraham Clark.
John Witherspoon, John Hart,

PENNSYLVANIA.

Robert Morris, John Morton, George Taylor,
Benjamin Rush, George Clymer, James Wilson,
Benjamin Franklin, James Smith, George Ross.

DELAWARE.

Cæsar Rodney, George Read, Thomas M'Kean.

MARYLAND.

Samuel Chase, William Paca, Thomas Stone,
Charles Carroll, of Carrollton.

VIRGINIA.

George Wythe, Benjamin Harrison, Carter Braxton.
Richard Henry Lee, Thomas Nelson, Jr.,
Thomas Jefferson, Francis Lightfoot Lee,

NORTH CAROLINA.

William Hooper, Joseph Hewes, John Penn.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Edward Rutledge, Thomas Lynch, Jr., Arthur Middleton.
Thomas Heyward, Jr.,

GEORGIA.

Button Gwinnett, Lyman Hall, George Walton.

State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations.

In General Assembly, July 19th, 1776.

The General Assembly, taking into the most serious consideration, the resolution of the most honorable the General Congress of the United States of America, of the 4th instant, declaring the said States Free and Independent States, do approve the said resolution; and do most solemnly engage that we will support the said General Congress in the said resolution, with our lives and fortunes.

State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations.

In General Assembly, July 19th, 1776.

It is voted and Resolved, That the resolution of the General Congress, declaring the United Colonies Free and Independent States, and the act of this Assembly, approving said resolution, be published by the Secretary, to-morrow, in Newport, at 12 o'clock, in the presence of both Houses of the General Assembly: That thirteen cannon be discharged at Fort Liberty, upon reading the said proclamation: And that the brigade be drawn up on the parade, in thirteen divisions, and immediately after the discharge of the cannon, make a discharge of musketry, each division firing one volley in succession.

It is further Voted and Resolved, That the said resolution and act be published in Providence, on Thursday next, at 12 o'clock, in such manner as His Honor the Governor shall think fit: and that thirteen cannon be discharged upon the occasion.

And it is further Voted and Resolved, That the said resolution and act be read in the several town meetings, to be holden on the last Tuesday in August next; and that the Secretary seasonably furnish the necessary copies.

CONSTITUTION

OF

THE UNITED STATES.

PREAMBLE.

Objects of the Constitution.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION

1. Legislative powers, in whom vested.
2. House of representatives, how and by whom chosen.—Qualifications of a representative.—Representatives and direct taxes, how apportioned.—Census.—Vacancies to be filled.—Power of choosing officers, and of impeachment.
3. Senators, how and by whom chosen.—How classified.—State executive to make temporary appointments, in case, etc.—Qualifications of a senator.—President of the senate, his right to vote.—President *pro tem.* and other officers of senate, how chosen.—Power to try impeachments.—When president is tried, chief justice to preside.—Sentence.
4. Times, etc., of holding elections, how prescribed.—One session in each year.
5. Membership — Quorum. — Adjournments. — Rules.— Power to punish or expel.—Journal. —Time of adjournments limited, unless, etc.
6. Compensation.—Privileges.—Disqualification in certain cases.
7. House to originate all revenue bills. — Veto. — Bill may be passed by two-thirds of each house, notwithstanding, etc.—Bill not returned in ten days.—Resolutions, etc., to be passed and approved like bills.
8. Powers of congress.
9. Provision as to migration or importation of certain persons.—*Habeas corpus.*—No bills of attainder, etc.—Taxes how apportioned.—No export duty.—No commercial preferences.—No money drawn from treasury, unless, etc.—No titular nobility.— Officers not to receive presents, unless, etc.
10. States prohibited from the exercise of certain powers.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION

1. President and Vice president, their term of office.—Electors of president and vice-president, number, and how appointed.—Electors to vote on same day. —Qualifications of president.—On whom his duties devolve in case of his removal, death, etc. —President's compensation.—His oath.

SECTION
2. President to be commander-in-chief.—He may require opinion of heads of departments.—Pardoning power.—Treaty making power.—Nomination of certain officers.—When president may fill vacancies.
3. President shall communicate to congress.—He may convene and adjourn congress, in case, etc.; shall receive ambassadors, execute laws, and commission officers.
4. All civil offices forfeited for certain crimes.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION
1. Judicial power.—Tenure.—Compensation.
2. Judicial power, to what cases it extends.—Original jurisdiction of supreme court.—Appellate.—Trial by jury, except, etc.—Trial, where.
3. Treason defined.—Proof of.—Punishment of.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION
1. Each state to give credit to the public acts, etc., of every other.
2. Privileges of citizens of each state.—Fugitives from justice to be delivered up.—Persons held to service, having escaped, to be delivered up.
3. Admission of new states.—Power of congress over territory and other property.
4. Republican form of government guaranteed.—Each state to be protected.

ARTICLE V.

Constitution, how amended.—Proviso.

ARTICLE VI.

Certain debts, etc., adopted.—Supremacy of constitution, treaties, and laws of the United States.—Oath to support constitution, by whom taken.—No religious test.

ARTICLE VII.

What ratification shall establish constitution.

AMENDMENTS.

ARTICLE
1. Religious establishment prohibited.—Freedom of speech, of the press, and right to petition.
2. Right to keep and bear arms.
3. No soldier to be quartered in any house, unless, etc.
4. Right of search and seizure regulated.
5. Provisions concerning prosecution, trial and punishment.—Private property not to be taken for public use, without just compensation.
6. Further provisions respecting criminal prosecutions.
7. Right of trial by jury secured.
8. Excessive bail or fines and cruel punishments prohibited.
9. Rule of construction.
10. Same subject.
11. Same subject.
12. Manner of choosing president and vice-president.
13. Slavery abolished.—Congress empowered to enforce this article by legislation.
14. Citizens and their rights.—Representative apportionment.—Disability of persons engaged in the rebellion.—Validity of public debt assured.—Congress empowered to enforce this article by legislation.
15. Right of suffrage.—Congress empowered to enforce this article by legislation.

WE, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this CONSTITUTION FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a congress of the United States, which shall consist of a senate and house of representatives.

SEC. 2. The house of representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several states; and the electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislature.

No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three fifths of all other persons.[1] The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each state shall have at least one representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the state of New Hampshire shall be entitled to chuse three; Massachusetts, eight; Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, one; Connecticut, five; New York, six; New Jersey, four; Pennsylvania, eight; Delaware, one; Maryland, six; Virginia, ten; North Carolina, five; South Carolina, five; and Georgia, three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any state, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

[1] See amendments, Article XIV.

The house of representatives shall chuse their speaker and other officers, and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SEC. 3. The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided, as equally as may be, into three classes. The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year, of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any state, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state for which he shall be chosen.

The vice-president of the United States shall be president of the senate, but shall have no vote, unless they be equally divided.

The senate shall chuse their other officers, and also a president *pro tempore*, in the absence of the vice-president, or when he shall exercise the office of president of the United States.

The senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the president of the United States is tried, the chief justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two thirds of the members present.

Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honour, trust or profit under the United States; but the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law.

SEC. 4. The times, places and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives, shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of chusing senators.

The congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and

such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SEC. 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members in such manner, and under such penalties, as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and with the concurrence of two thirds expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

SEC. 6. The senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall in all cases, except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.[1]

No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been encreased, during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

SEC. 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the house of representatives and the senate shall, before it become a law, be presented to the

[1] 8 R. I. 453.

president of the United States; if he approve, he shall sign it, but if not, he shall return it with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration two thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the president within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the congress, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution, or vote, to which the concurrence of the senate and house of representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the president of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two thirds of the senate and house of representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SEC. 8. The congress shall have power:—To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises; to pay the debts and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises[1] shall be uniform throughout the United States:—To borrow money on the credit of the United States:—To[2] regulate commerce with foreign nations and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes:—To establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies, throughout the United States:—[3]To coin money, regulate the value thereof and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures:—To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States:—To establish post-offices and post roads:—To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries:—To constitute tribunals in-

[1] 12 R. I. 64. [2] 3 R. I. 289. [3] 8 R. I. 485.

ferior to the supreme court:—To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offences against the law of nations:—To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water:—To raise and support armies; but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years:—To provide and maintain a navy:—To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces:—To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions:—To provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states respectively, the appointment of the officers and the authority of training the militia, according to the discipline prescribed by congress:—To exercise exclusive legislation, in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular states and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of the government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places, purchased by the consent of the legislature of the state in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dockyards and other needful buildings:—And to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SEC. 9. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of Habeas Corpus shall not be suspended, unless when, in cases of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder, or ex post facto law, shall be passed.

No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration herein before directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state. No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue, to the ports of one state over those of another;

nor shall vessels bound to or from one state be obliged to enter, clear, or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the congress, accept of any present, emolument, office, or title of any kind whatever, from any king, prince, or foreign state.

SEC. 10. No state shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts; or grant any title of nobility.[1]

No state shall, without the consent of the congress,[2] lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts laid by any state on imports or exports shall be for the use of the treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and controul of the congress.

No state shall, without the consent of congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another state or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a PRESIDENT of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years; and together with the vice-president chosen for the same term, be elected as follows:—

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in the congress; but no senator or representative, or

[1] 5 R. I. 185. 8 R. I. 50. 11 R. I. 333. [2] 3 R. I. 289.

person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.[1]

[The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate. The president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the house of representatives shall immediately chuse by ballot one of them for president; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list, the said house shall in like manner chuse the president. But in chusing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the president, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors shall be the vice-president. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the senate shall chuse from them by ballot, the vice-president.][2]

The congress may determine the time of chusing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person, except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be eligible to the office of president; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the president from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the vice-president; and the congress may by law provide for the case of

[1] 11 R. I. 638. [2] See amendments, Article XII.

removal, death, resignation, or inability, both of the president and vice-president, declaring what officer shall then act as president; and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed or a president shall be elected.

The president shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation, which shall neither be encreased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected; and he shall not receive, within that period, any other emolument from the United States or any of them.

Before he enter on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:—

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will to the best of my ability preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States."

SEC. 2. The president shall be commander in chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several states when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices; and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offences against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two thirds of the senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the supreme court, and all other officers of the United States, whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law. But the congress may, by law, vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they think proper, in the president alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.

The president shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SEC. 3. He shall, from time to time, give to the congress information of the state of the union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both

houses or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed; and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

SEC. 4. The president, vice-president and all civil officers of the United States shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the congress may, from time to time, ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated times, receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SEC. 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases in law and equity arising under this constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more states, between a state and citizens of another state,[1] between citizens of different states, between citizens of the same state claiming lands under grants of different states, and between a state, or the citizens thereof, and foreign states, citizens or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a state shall be party, the supreme court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions and under such regulations as the congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the state where the said crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed

[1] See amendments, Article XI.

within any state, the trial shall be at such place or places as the congress may by law have directed.

SEC. 3. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason, unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason; but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture, except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1 Full faith and credit shall be given in each state to the public acts, records and judicial proceedings of every other state. And the congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.[1]

SEC. 2. The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.[2]

A person charged in any state with treason, felony or other crime, who shall flee from justice and be found in another state, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the state from which he fled, be delivered up to be removed to the state having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labour in one state, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labour, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labour may be due.

SEC. 3. New states may be admitted by the congress into this union; but no new state shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other state; nor any state be formed by the junction of two or more states, or parts of states, without the consent of the legislatures of the states concerned, as well as of the congress.

The congress shall have power to dispose of, and make all needful rules and regulations respecting, the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this

[1] 1 R. I. 73. 4 R. I. 87. 5 R. I. 112. 5 R. I. 198.
[2] 3 R. I. 138. 14 R. I. 398.

constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular state.

SEC. 4. The United States shall guarantee to every state in this union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion; and, on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened), against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The congress, whenever two thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution, or on the application of the legislatures of two thirds of the several states shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the congress; Provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted, and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the United States, under this constitution, as under the confederation.

This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby; anything in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding.

The senators and representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several state legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states, shall be bound by oath or affirmation to support this constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the conventions of nine states shall be sufficient for the establishment of this constitution between the states so ratifying the same.

Done in convention, by the unanimous consent of the states present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and of the Independence of the United States of America the twelfth. In witness whereof, we have hereunto subscribed our names.

GEO WASHINGTON

Presidt and deputy from Virginia.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

JOHN LANGDON,
NICHOLAS GILMAN.

MASSACHUSETTS.

NATHANIEL GORHAM,
RUFUS KING.

CONNECTICUT.

WM. SAML. JOHNSON,
ROGER SHERMAN.

NEW YORK.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON.

NEW JERSEY.

WIL: LIVINGSTON,
DAVID BREARLY,
WM. PATERSON,
JONA. DAYTON.

PENNSYLVANIA.

B. FRANKLIN,
THOMAS MIFFLIN,
ROBT. MORRIS,
GEO: CLYMER,
THO: FITZSIMONS,
JARED INGERSOLL,
JAMES WILSON,
GOUV: MORRIS.

DELAWARE.

GEO:.READ,
GUNNING BEDFORD, JUN'R,
JOHN DICKINSON,
RICHARD BASSETT,
JACO: BROOM.

MARYLAND.

JAMES M'HENRY,
DANL of St. Thos. JENIFER,
DANL: CARROLL.

VIRGINIA.

JOHN BLAIR,
JAMES MADISON, JR.

NORTH CAROLINA.

WM. BLOUNT,
RICH'D DOBBS SPAIGHT,
HU. WILLIAMSON.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

J. RUTLEDGE,
CHARLES COTESWORTH PINCKNEY,
CHARLES PINCKNEY,
PIERCE BUTLER.

GEORGIA.

WILLIAM FEW,
ABR. BALDWIN.

Attest: WILLIAM JACKSON, Secretary.

The constitution was adopted and ratified on the 29th of May, 1790, by a convention elected by the people of the state of Rhode Island.

ARTICLES

In addition to, and amendment of, the Constitution of the United States of America proposed by Congress and ratified by the legislatures of the several states, pursuant to the fifth article of the original constitution.

ARTICLE I.

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press, or the right of the people peaceably to assemble and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II.

A well regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE III.

No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner; nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE IV.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the

militia when in actual service, in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled, in any criminal case, to be a witness against himself;[1] nor be deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law, nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI.

In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor,[2] and to have the assistance of counsel for his defence.

ARTICLE VII.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ARTICLE IX.

The enumeration in the constitution of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ARTICLE X.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.

[1] 5 R. I. 185. [2] 5 R. I. 185.

ARTICLE XI.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit, in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another state, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign state.

ARTICLE XII.

The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for president and vice-president, one of whom at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as president, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as vice-president; and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as president and of all persons voted for as vice-president, and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate; the president of the senate shall, in presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for president shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then, from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three, on the list of those voted for as president, the house of representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the president; but in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice; and if the house of representatives shall not choose a president, whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the vice-president shall act as president, as in the case of the death, or other constitutional disability of the president.

The person having the greatest number of votes as vice-president shall be the vice-president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then, from the two highest numbers on the list, the senate shall choose the vice-president; a quorum for the pur-

pose shall consist of two thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice.

But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of president shall be eligible to that of vice-president of the United States.

ARTICLE XIII.

SECTION 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SEC. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XIV.

SECTION 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.[1]

SEC. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for president and vice-president of the United States, representatives in congress, the executive and judicial officers of a state, or the members of the legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such state, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced, in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such state.

SEC. 3. No person shall be a senator or representative in congress, or elector of president and vice-president, or hold any

[1] 12 R. I. 127. 12 R. I. 522.

office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any state, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any state legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any state, to support the constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But congress may, by a vote of two thirds of each house, remove such disability.

SEC. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any state shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SEC. 5. The congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE XV.

SECTION 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote, shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or by any state, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

SEC. 2. The congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

CONSTITUTION

OF THE

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

AND

PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

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ARTICLE VII.

Suffrage granted to foreign-born citizens.

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We, the people of the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, grateful to Almighty God for the civil and religious liberty which He hath so long permitted us to enjoy, and looking to Him for a blessing upon our endeavors to secure and to transmit the same unimpaired to succeeding generations, do ordain and establish this constitution of government.

ARTICLE I.

Declaration of certain Constitutional Rights and Principles.

In order effectually to secure the religious and political freedom established by our venerated ancestors, and to preserve the same for our posterity, we do declare that the essential and unquestionable rights and principles hereinafter mentioned shall be established, maintained and preserved, and shall be of paramount obligation in all legislative, judicial and executive proceedings.

SECTION 1. In the words of the Father of his Country, we declare, that "the basis of our political systems is the right of the people to make and alter their constitutions of government; but that the constitution which at any time exists, till changed by an explicit and authentic act of the whole people, is sacredly obligatory upon all."

SEC. 2. All free governments are instituted for the protection, safety and happiness of the people. All laws, therefore, should be made for the good of the whole; and the burdens of the state ought to be fairly distributed among its citizens.[1]

SEC. 3. Whereas Almighty God hath created the mind free;

[1] 4 R. I. 230. 4 R. I. 445. 11 R. I. 321. 13 R. I. 50.

and all attempts to influence it by temporal punishments or burdens, or by civil incapacitations, tend to beget habits of hypocrisy and meanness; and whereas a principal object of our venerable ancestors, in their migration to this country and their settlement of this state, was, as they expressed it, to hold forth a lively experiment, that a flourishing civil state may stand and be best maintained with full liberty in religious concernments: we, therefore, declare that no man shall be compelled to frequent or to support any religious worship, place, or ministry whatever, except in fulfillment of his own voluntary contract; nor enforced, restrained, molested, or burdened in his body or goods; nor disqualified from holding any office; nor otherwise suffer on account of his religious belief; and that every man shall be free to worship God according to the dictates of his own conscience, and to profess and by argument to maintain his opinion in matters of religion; and that the same shall in no wise diminish, enlarge, or affect his civil capacity.

SEC. 4. Slavery shall not be permitted in this state.

SEC. 5. Every person within this state ought to find a certain remedy, by having recourse to the laws, for all injuries or wrongs which he may receive in his person, property, or character. He ought to obtain right and justice freely and without purchase, completely and without denial; promptly and without delay; conformably to the laws.[1]

SEC. 6. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, papers and possessions, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrant shall issue, but on complaint in writing, upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and describing as nearly as may be, the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

SEC. 7. No person shall be held to answer for a capital or other infamous crime, unless on presentment or indictment by a grand jury, except in cases of impeachment, or of such offences as are cognizable by a justice of the peace; or in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger. No person shall, after an acquittal, be tried for the same offence.[2]

SEC. 8. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive

[1] 4 R. I. 485. 8 R. I. 50. 11 R. I. 147. 12 R. I 244. 13 R. I. 363.

[2] 10 R. I. 494.

fines imposed, nor cruel punishments inflicted; and all punishments ought to be proportioned to the offence.[1]

SEC. 9. All persons imprisoned ought to be bailed by sufficient surety, unless for offences punishable by death or by imprisonment for life, when the proof of guilt is evident or the presumption great. The privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety shall require it; nor ever without the authority of the general assembly.

SEC. 10. In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury; to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation, to be confronted with the witnesses against him, to have compulsory process for obtaining them in his favor, to have the assistance of counsel in his defence, and shall be at liberty to speak for himself; nor shall he be deprived of life, liberty, or property, unless by the judgment of his peers, or the law of the land.[2]

SEC. 11. The person of a debtor, when there is not strong presumption of fraud, ought not to be continued in prison, after he shall have delivered up his property for the benefit of his creditors, in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 12. No *ex post facto* law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, shall be passed.[3]

SEC. 13. No man in a court of common law shall be compelled to give evidence criminating himself.

SEC. 14. Every man being presumed innocent, until he is pronounced guilty by the law, no act of severity which is not necessary to secure an accused person shall be permitted.[4]

SEC. 15. The right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate.[5]

SEC. 16. Private property shall not be taken for public uses, without just compensation.[6]

SEC. 17. The people shall continue to enjoy and freely exercise all the rights of fishery, and the privileges of the shore, to which they have been heretofore entitled under the charter and

[1] 1 R. I. 360. 12 R. I. 137.

[2] 5 R. I. 185. 5 R. I. 497. 12 R. I. 127. 12 R. I. 513. 12 R. I. 522. 13 R. I. 211. 13 R. I. 330. 13 R. I. 528. 13 R. I. 666.

[3] 5 R. I. 185. 5 R. I. 408. 8 R. I. 55. 11 R. I. 333. 13 R. I. 621.

[4] 13 R. I. 211. 13 R. I. 330. 14 R. I. 100.

[5] 6 R. I. 144. 11 R. I. 103. 11 R. I. 182. 12 R. I. 256. 12 R. I. 537.

[6] 4 R. I. 230. 12 R. I. 513. 13 R. I. 621. 14 R. I. 57.

usages of this state. But no new right is intended to be granted, nor any existing right impaired by this declaration.[1]

SEC. 18. The military shall be held in strict subordination to the civil authority. And the law martial shall be used and exercised in such cases only as occasion shall necessarily require.

SEC. 19. No soldier shall be quartered in any house, in time of peace, without the consent of the owner; nor, in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

SEC. 20. The liberty of the press being essential to the security of freedom in a state, any person may publish his sentiments on any subject, being responsible for the abuse of that liberty; and in all trials for libel, both civil and criminal, the truth, unless published from malicious motives, shall be sufficient defence to the person charged.[2]

SEC. 21. The citizens have a right in a peaceable manner to assemble for their common good, and to apply to those invested with the powers of government, for redress of grievances, or for other purposes, by petition, address, or remonstrance.

SEC. 22. The right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

SEC. 23. The enumeration of the foregoing rights shall not be construed to impair or deny others retained by the people.

ARTICLE II.

Of the Qualifications of Electors.

SECTION 1. Every male citizen of the United States,[3] of the age of twenty-one years, who has had his residence and home in this state for one year, and in the town or city in which he may claim a right to vote, six months next preceding the time of voting, and who is really and truly possessed in his own right of real estate in such town or city of the value of one hundred and thirty-four dollars over and above all incumbrances, or which shall rent for seven dollars per annum over and above any rent reserved or the interest of any incumbrances thereon, being an estate in fee-simple, fee-tail, for the life of any person,[4] or an estate in reversion or remainder, which qualifies no other person to vote, the conveyance of which estate, if by deed, shall have

[1] 2 R. I. 561. 3 R. I. 138. 12 R. I. 385. [2] 1 R. I. 263.
[3] 3 R. I. 299. 13 R. I. 729. 14 R. I. 171. [4] 12 R. I. 586.

been recorded at least ninety days, shall thereafter have a right to vote in the election of all civil officers and on all questions in all legal town or ward meetings so long as he continues so qualified. And if any person hereinbefore described shall own any such estate within this state out of the town or city in which he resides, he shall have a right to vote in the election of all general officers and members of the general assembly in the town or city in which he shall have had his residence and home for the term of six months next preceding the election, upon producing a certificate from the clerk of the town or city in which his estate lies, bearing date within ten days of the time of his voting, setting forth that such person has a sufficient estate therein to qualify him as a voter; and that the deed, if any, has been recorded ninety days.

SEC. 2. Every male native citizen of the United States,[1] of the age of twenty-one years, who has had his residence and home in this state two years, and in the town or city in which he may offer to vote, six months next preceding the time of voting, whose name is registered pursuant to the act calling the convention to frame this constitution, or shall be registered in the office of the clerk of such town or city at least seven days before the time he shall offer to vote, and before the last day of December in the present year; and who has paid or shall pay a tax or taxes assessed upon his estate within this state, and within a year of the time of voting, to the amount of one dollar, or who shall voluntarily pay, at least seven days before the time he shall offer to vote, and before said last day of December, to the clerk or treasurer of the town or city where he resides, the sum of one dollar, or such sum as with his other taxes shall amount to one dollar, for the support of public schools therein, and shall make proof of the same, by the certificate of the clerk, treasurer, or collector of any town or city where such payment is made: or who, being so registered, has been enrolled in any military company in this state, and done military service or duty therein, within the present year, pursuant to law, and shall (until other proof is required by law) prove by the certificate of the officer legally commanding the regiment, or chartered, or legally authorized volunteer company in which he may have served or done duty, that he has been equipped and done duty according to law, or by the certificate of the commissioners upon military claims, that

[1] 14 R. I. 171.

he has performed military service, shall have a right to vote in the election of all civil officers, and on all questions in all legally organized town or ward meetings, until the end of the first year after the adoption of this constitution, or until the end of the year eighteen hundred and forty-three.

From and after that time, every such citizen who has had the residence herein required, and whose name shall be registered in the town where he resides, on or before the last day of December, in the year next preceding the time of his voting, and who shall show by legal proof, that he has for and within the year next preceding the time he shall offer to vote, paid a tax or taxes assessed against him in any town or city in this state, to the amount of one dollar, or that he has been enrolled in a military company in this state, been equipped and done duty therein according to law, and at least for one day during such year, shall have a right to vote in the election of all civil officers, and on all questions,[1] in all legally organized town or ward meetings: *Provided*, that no person shall at any time be allowed to vote in the election of the city council of the city of Providence, or upon any proposition to impose a tax, or for the expenditure of money in any town or city, unless he shall within the year next preceding have paid a tax assessed upon his property therein, valued at least at one hundred and thirty-four dollars.[2] [3]

SEC. 3. The assessors of each town or city shall annually assess upon every person whose name shall be registered a tax of one dollar, or such sum as with his other taxes shall amount to one dollar, which registry tax shall be paid into the treasury of such town or city, and be applied to the support of public schools therein; but no compulsory process shall issue for the collection of any registry tax: *Provided*, that the registry tax of every person who has performed military duty according to the provisions of the preceding section shall be remitted for the year he shall perform such duty; and the registry tax assessed upon any mariner, for any year while he is at sea, shall, upon his application, be remitted; and no person shall be allowed to vote whose registry tax for either of the two years next preceding the time of voting is not paid or remitted as herein provided.[4]

SEC. 4. No person in the military, naval, marine, or any other service of the United States shall be considered as having the re-

[1] 14 R. I. 655. [2] 13 R. I. 737. 14 R. I. 645.
[3] See Amendments, Articles VI and VII. [4] See Amendment, Article VII.

quired residence by reason of being employed in any garrison, barrack, or military or naval station in this state: and no pauper, lunatic, person *non compos mentis*, person under guardianship, or member of the Narragansett tribe of Indians, shall be permitted to be registered or to vote. Nor shall any person convicted of bribery, or of any crime deemed infamous at common law, be permitted to exercise that privilege, until he be expressly restored thereto by act of the general assembly.[1]

SEC. 5. Persons residing on lands ceded by this state to the United States shall not be entitled to exercise the privilege of electors.

SEC. 6. The general assembly shall have full power to provide for a registry of voters, to prescribe the manner of conducting the elections, the form of certificates, the nature of the evidence to be required in case of a dispute as to the right of any person to vote, and generally to enact all laws necessary to carry this article into effect, and to prevent abuse, corruption and fraud in voting.[2]

ARTICLE III.

Of the Distribution of Powers.

The powers of the government shall be distributed into three departments: the legislative, executive and judicial.[3]

ARTICLE IV.

Of the Legislative Power.

SECTION 1. This constitution shall be the supreme law of the state, and any law inconsistent therewith shall be void. The general assembly shall pass all laws necessary to carry this constitution into effect.[4]

SEC. 2. The legislative power, under this constitution, shall be vested in two houses, the one to be called[5] the senate, the other the house of representatives; and both together the general assembly. The concurrence of the two houses shall be necessary to the enactment of laws. The style of their laws shall be, *It is enacted by the general assembly as follows:*

SEC. 3. There shall be two sessions of the general assembly

[1] 4 R. I. 583. [2] 13 R. I. 729. [3] 3 R. I. 299. 4 R. I. 324.
[4] 4 R. I. 324. [5] 3 R. I. 33. 3 R. I. 299. 4 R. I. 324.

holden annually: one at Newport, on the first Tuesday of May, for the purposes of election and other business; the other on the last Monday of October, which last session shall be holden at South Kingstown once in two years, and the intermediate years alternately at Bristol and East Greenwich; and an adjournment from the October session shall be holden annually at Providence.[1]

SEC. 4. No member of the general assembly shall take any fee, or be of counsel, in any case pending before either house of the general assembly, under penalty of forfeiting his seat, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the house of which he is a member.

SEC. 5. The person of every member of the general assembly shall be exempt from arrest, and his estate from attachment in any civil action, during the session of the general assembly, and two days before the commencement and two days after the termination thereof, and all process served contrary hereto shall be void. For any speech in debate in either house, no member shall be questioned in any other place.

SEC. 6. Each house shall be the judge of the elections and qualifications of its members; and a majority shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may compel the attendance of absent members in such manner, and under such penalties, as may be prescribed by such house or by law. The organization of the two houses may be regulated by law, subject to the limitations contained in this constitution.

SEC. 7. Each house may determine its rules of proceeding, punish contempts, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two thirds, expel a member; but not a second time for the same cause.

SEC. 8. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings. The yeas and nays of the members of either house shall, at the desire of one fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

SEC. 9. Neither house shall, during a session, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than two days, nor to any other place than that in which they may be sitting.

SEC. 10. The general assembly shall continue to exercise the powers they have heretofore exercised, unless prohibited in this constitution.[2]

[1] See Amendments, Article III.

[2] 3 R. I. 299. 4 R. I. 324.

SEC. 11. The senators and representatives shall receive the sum of one dollar for every day of attendance, and eight cents per mile for traveling expenses in going to and returning from the general assembly. The general assembly shall regulate the compensation of the governor, and all other officers, subject to the limitations contained in this constitution.

SEC. 12. All lotteries shall hereafter be prohibited in this state, except those already authorized by the general assembly.

SEC. 13. The general assembly shall have no power, hereafter, without the express consent of the people, to incur state debts to an amount exceeding fifty thousand dollars, except in time of war, or in case of insurrection or invasion; nor shall they in any case, without such consent, pledge the faith of the state for the payment of the obligations of others. This section shall not be construed to refer to any money that may be deposited with this state by the government of the United States.

SEC. 14. The assent of two thirds of the members elected to each house of the general assembly shall be required to every bill appropriating the public money or property for local or private purposes.

SEC. 15. The general assembly shall, from time to time, provide for making new valuations of property, for the assessment of taxes, in such manner as they may deem best. A new estimate of such property shall be taken before the first direct state tax, after the adoption of this constitution, shall be assessed.

SEC. 16. The general assembly may provide by law for the continuance in office of any officers of annual election or appointment, until other persons are qualified to take their places.

SEC. 17. Hereafter, when any bill shall be presented to either house of the general assembly, to create a corporation for any other than for religious, literary, or charitable purposes, or for a military or fire company, it shall be continued until another election of members of the general assembly shall have taken place, and such public notice of the pendency thereof shall be given as may be required by law.[1]

SEC. 18. It shall be the duty of the two houses, upon the request of either, to join in grand committee for the purpose of electing senators in congress, at such times and in such manner as may be prescribed by law for said elections.

[1] 14 R. I. 452.

ARTICLE V.

Of the House of Representatives.

SECTION 1. The house of representatives shall never exceed seventy-two members, and shall be constituted on the basis of population, always allowing one representative for a fraction exceeding half the ratio; but each town or city shall always be entitled to at least one member; and no town or city shall have more than one sixth of the whole number of members to which the house is hereby limited. The present ratio shall be one representative to every fifteen hundred and thirty inhabitants, and the general assembly may, after any new census taken by the authority of the United States or of this state, reapportion the representation by altering the ratio; but no town or city shall be divided into districts for the choice of representatives.

SEC. 2. The house of representatives shall have authority to elect its speaker, clerks and other officers. The senior member from the town of Newport, if any be present, shall preside in the organization of the house.

ARTICLE VI.

Of the Senate.

SECTION 1. The senate shall consist of the lieutenant-governor and of one senator from each town or city in the state.

SEC. 2. The governor, and in his absence the lieutenant-governor, shall preside in the senate and in grand committee. The presiding officer of the senate and grand committee shall have a right to vote in case of equal division, but not otherwise.

SEC. 3. If, by reason of death, resignation, absence, or other cause, there be no governor or lieutenant-governor present, to preside in the senate, the senate shall elect one of their own members to preside during such absence or vacancy; and until such election is made by the senate, the secretary of state shall preside.

SEC. 4. The secretary of state shall, by virtue of his office, be secretary of the senate, unless otherwise provided by law, and the senate may elect such other officers as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE VII.

Of the Executive Power.

SECTION 1. The chief executive power of this state shall be vested in a governor, who, together with a lieutenant-governor, shall be annually elected by the people.[1]

SEC. 2. The governor shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

SEC. 3. He shall be captain-general and commander-in-chief of the military and naval forces of this state, except when they shall be called into the service of the United States.

SEC. 4. He shall have power to grant reprieves after conviction, in all cases except those of impeachment, until the end of the next session of the general assembly.

SEC. 5. He may fill vacancies in office not otherwise provided for by this constitution or by law, until the same shall be filled by the general assembly, or by the people.

SEC. 6. In case of disagreement between the two houses of the general assembly, respecting the time or place of adjournment, certified to him by either, he may adjourn them to such time and place as he shall think proper: *Provided*, that the time of adjournment shall not be extended beyond the day of the next stated session.

SEC. 7. He may, on extraordinary occasions, convene the general assembly at any town or city in this state, at any time not provided for by law; and in case of danger from the prevalence of epidemic or contagious disease, in the place in which the general assembly are by law to meet, or to which they may have been adjourned, or for other urgent reasons, he may by proclamation convene said assembly at any other place within this state.

SEC. 8. All commissions shall be in the name and by authority of the state of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations; shall be sealed with the state seal, signed by the governor and attested by the secretary.

SEC. 9. In case of vacancy in the office of governor, or of his inability to serve, impeachment, or absence from the state, the lieutenant-governor shall fill the office of governor, and exercise the powers and authority appertaining thereto, until a governor is qualified to act or until the office is filled at the next annual election.

[1] 4 R. I. 324.

SEC. 10. If the offices of governor and lieutenant-governor be both vacant, by reason of death, resignation, impeachment, absence, or otherwise, the person entitled to preside over the senate for the time being shall in like manner fill the office of governor during such absence or vacancy.

SEC. 11. The compensation of the governor and lieutenant-governor shall be established by law, and shall not be diminished during the term for which they are elected.

SEC. 12. The duties and powers of the secretary, attorney-general, and general treasurer, shall be the same under this constitution as are now established, or as from time to time may be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE VIII.

Of Elections.

SECTION 1. The governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, representatives, secretary of state, attorney-general and general treasurer, shall be elected at the town, city, or ward meetings, to be holden on the first Wednesday of April, annually; and shall severally hold their offices for one year, from the first Tuesday of May next succeeding, and until others are legally chosen, and duly qualified to fill their places. If elected or qualified after the said first Tuesday of May, they shall hold their offices for the remainder of the political year, and until their successors are qualified to act.

SEC. 2. The voting for governor, lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, attorney-general, general treasurer and representative to congress, shall be by ballot; senators and representatives to the general assembly, and town or city officers, shall be chosen by ballot, on demand of any seven persons entitled to vote for the same; and in all cases where an election is made by ballot or paper vote, the manner of balloting shall be the same as is now required in voting for general officers, until otherwise prescribed by law.

SEC. 3. The names of the persons voted for as governor, lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, attorney-general and general treasurer shall be placed upon one ticket; and all votes for these officers shall, in open town or ward meetings, be sealed up by the moderators and town clerks and by the wardens and ward clerks, who shall certify the same and deliver or send them to

the secretary of state; whose duty it shall be securely to keep and deliver the same to the grand committee, after the organization of the two houses at the annual May session; and it shall be the duty of the two houses at said session, after their organization, upon the request of either house, to join in grand committee, for the purpose of counting and declaring said votes, and of electing other officers.

SEC. 4. The town and ward clerks shall also keep a correct list or register of all persons voting for general officers, and shall transmit a copy thereof to the general assembly, on or before the first day of said May session.[1]

SEC. 5. The ballots for senators and representatives in the several towns shall, in each case, after the polls are declared to be closed, be counted by the moderator, who shall announce the result, and the clerk shall give certificates to the persons elected. If, in any case, there be no election, the polls may be reopened, and the like proceedings shall be had until an election shall take place: *Provided*, however, that an adjournment or adjournments of the election may be made to a time not exceeding seven days from the first meeting.

SEC. 6. In the city of Providence, the polls for senator and representatives shall be kept open during the whole time of voting for the day, and the votes in the several wards shall be sealed up at the close of the meeting by the wardens and ward clerks in open ward meeting, and afterwards delivered to the city clerk. The mayor and aldermen shall proceed to count said votes within two days from the day of election; and if no election of senator and representatives, or if an election of only a portion of the representatives shall have taken place, the mayor and aldermen shall order a new election, to be held not more than ten days from the day of the first election, and so on until the election shall be completed. Certificates of election shall be furnished by the city clerk to the persons chosen.

SEC. 7. If no person shall have a majority of votes for governor, it shall be the duty of the grand committee to elect one by ballot from the two persons having the highest number of votes for the office, except when such a result is produced by rejecting the entire vote of any town, city, or ward, for informality or illegality, in which case a new election by the electors throughout the state shall be ordered; and in case no person shall

[1] See Amendments, Article I.

have a majority of votes for lieutenant-governor, it shall be the duty of the grand committee to elect one by ballot from the two persons having the highest number of votes for the office.

SEC. 8. In case an election of the secretary of state, attorney-general, or general treasurer, should fail to be made by the electors at the annual election, the vacancy or vacancies shall be filled by the general assembly in grand committee, from the two candidates for such office having the greatest number of the votes of the electors. Or, in case of a vacancy in either of said offices from other causes, between the sessions of the general assembly, the governor shall appoint some person to fill the same until a successor elected by the general assembly is qualified to act; and in such case, and also in all other cases of vacancies not otherwise provided for, the general assembly may fill the same in any manner they may deem proper.

SEC. 9. Vacancies from any cause in the senate or house of representatives may be filled by a new election.

SEC. 10. In all elections held by the people under this constitution, a majority of all the electors voting shall be necessary to the election of the persons voted for.

ARTICLE IX.

Of Qualifications for Office.

SECTION 1. No person shall be eligible to any civil office, (except the office of school committee,) unless he be a qualified elector for such office.

SEC. 2. Every person shall be disqualified from holding any office to which he may have been elected, if he be convicted of having offered, or procured any other person to offer, any bribe to secure his election, or the election of any other person.

SEC. 3. All general officers shall take the following engagement before they act in their respective offices, to wit: You being by the free vote of the electors of this State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, elected unto the place of do solemnly swear (or affirm) to be true and faithful unto this state, and to support the constitution of this state and of the United States; that you will faithfully and impartially discharge all the duties of your aforesaid office to the best of your abilities, according to law: So help

you God. Or, this affirmation you make and give upon the peril of the penalty of perjury.

SEC. 4. The members of the general assembly, the judges of all the courts, and all other officers, both civil and military, shall be bound by oath or affirmation to support this constitution, and the constitution of the United States.

SEC. 5. The oath or affirmation shall be administered to the governor, lieutenant-governor, senators and representatives, by the secretary of state, or, in his absence, by the attorney-general. The secretary of state, attorney-general, and general treasurer shall be engaged by the governor, or by a justice of the supreme court.

SEC. 6. No person holding any office under the government of the United States, or of any other state or country, shall act as a general officer, or as a member of the general assembly, unless at the time of taking his engagement he shall have resigned his office under such government; and if any general officer, senator, representative or judge shall, after his election and engagement, accept any appointment under any other government, his office under this shall be immediately vacated; but this restriction shall not apply to any person appointed to take depositions or acknowledgement of deeds, or other legal instruments, by the authority of any other state or country.

ARTICLE X.

Of the Judicial Power.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of this state shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the general assembly may, from time to time, ordain and establish. [1]

SEC. 2. The several courts shall have such jurisdiction as may from time to time be prescribed by law. Chancery powers may be conferred on the supreme court, but on no other court to any greater extent than is now provided by law.[2]

SEC. 3. The judges of the supreme court shall, in all trials, instruct the jury in the law. They shall also give their written opinion upon any question of law whenever requested by the governor, or by either house of the general assembly. [3]

[1] 3 R. I. 299. 4 R. I. 324. 8 R. I. 50. 13 R. I. 143.
[2] 4 R. I. 324. 8 R. I. 50. [3] 4 R. I. 324.

SEC. 4. The judges of the supreme court shall be elected by the two houses in grand committee. Each judge shall[1] hold his office until his place be declared vacant by a resolution of the general assembly to that effect; which resolution shall be voted for by a majority of all the members elected to the house in which it may originate, and be concurred in by the same majority of the other house. Such resolution shall not be entertained at any other than the annual session for the election of public officers; and in default of the passage thereof at said session, the judge shall hold his place as is herein provided. But a judge of any court shall be removed from office if, upon impeachment, he shall be found guilty of any official misdemeanor.

SEC. 5. In case of vacancy by death, resignation, removal from the state or from office, refusal or inability to serve, of any judge of the supreme court, the office may be filled by the grand committee, until the next annual election, and the judge then elected shall hold his office as before provided. In cases of impeachment or temporary absence, or inability, the governor may appoint a person to discharge the duties of the office during the vacancy caused thereby.

SEC. 6. The judges of the supreme court shall receive a compensation for their services, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.[2]

SEC. 7. The towns of New Shoreham and Jamestown may continue to elect their wardens as heretofore. The other towns and the city of Providence may elect such number of justices of the peace, resident therein, as they may deem proper. The jurisdiction of said justices and wardens shall be regulated by law. The justices shall be commissioned by the governor.

ARTICLE XI.

Of Impeachments.

SECTION 1. The house of representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment. A vote of two thirds of all the members elected shall be required for an impeachment of the governor. Any officer impeached shall thereby be suspended from office until judgment in the case shall have been pronounced.

SEC. 2. All impeachments shall be tried by the senate; and

[1] 4 R. I. 324. [2] 4 R. I. 324.

when sitting for that purpose, they shall be under oath or affirmation. No person shall be convicted except by vote of two thirds of the members elected. When the governor is impeached, the chief or presiding justice of the supreme court, for the time being, shall preside, with a casting vote in all preliminary questions.

SEC. 3. The governor and all other executive and judicial officers shall be liable to impeachment; but judgment in such cases shall not extend further than to removal from office. The person convicted shall, nevertheless, be liable to indictment, trial, and punishment, according to law.

ARTICLE XII.

Of Education.

SECTION 1. The diffusion of knowledge, as well as of virtue, among the people, being essential to the preservation of their rights and liberties, it shall be the duty of the general assembly to promote public schools, and to adopt all means which they may deem necessary and proper to secure to the people the advantages and opportunities of education.

SEC. 2. The money which now is or which may hereafter be appropriated by law for the establishment of a permanent fund for the support of public schools, shall be securely invested, and remain a perpetual fund for that purpose.

SEC. 3. All donations for the support of public schools, or for other purposes of education, which may be received by the general assembly, shall be applied according to the terms prescribed by the donors.

SEC. 4. The general assembly shall make all necessary provisions by law for carrying this article into effect. They shall not divert said money or fund from the aforesaid uses, nor borrow, appropriate, or use the same, or any part thereof, for any other purpose, under any pretence whatsoever.

ARTICLE XIII.

Of Amendments.

The general assembly may propose amendments to this constitution by the votes of a majority of all the members elected to

each house. Such propositions for amendment shall be published in the newspapers, and printed copies of them shall be sent by the secretary of state, with the names of all the members who shall have voted thereon, with the yeas and nays, to all the town and city clerks in the state. The said propositions shall be, by said clerks, inserted in the warrants or notices by them issued, for warning the next annual town and ward meetings in April; and the clerks shall read said propositions to the electors when thus assembled, with the names of all the representatives and senators who shall have voted thereon, with the yeas and nays, before the election of senators and representatives shall be had. If a majority of all the members elected to each house, at said annual meeting, shall approve any proposition thus made, the same shall be published and submitted to the electors in the mode provided in the act of approval; and if then approved by three fifths of the electors of the state present and voting thereon in town and ward meetings, it shall become a part of the constitution of the state.[1]

ARTICLE XIV.

Of the Adoption of this Constitution.

SECTION 1. This constitution, if adopted, shall go into operation on the first Tuesday of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-three. The first election of governor, lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, attorney-general and general treasurer, and of senators and representatives under said constitution, shall be had on the first Wednesday of April next preceding, by the electors qualified under said constitution. And the town and ward meetings therefor shall be warned and conducted as is now provided by law. All civil and military officers now elected, or who shall hereafter be elected, by the general assembly, or other competent authority, before the said first Wednesday of April, shall hold their offices and may exercise their powers until the said first Tuesday of May, or until their successors shall be qualified to act. All statutes, public and private, not repugnant to this constitution, shall continue in force until they expire by their own limitation, or are repealed by the general assembly. All charters, contracts, judgments, actions and rights of action

[1] 14 R. I. 649.

shall be as valid as if this constitution had not been made. The present government shall exercise all the powers with which it is now clothed, until the said first Tuesday of May, one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, and until the government under this constitution is duly organized.

SEC. 2. All debts contracted and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the state as if this constitution had not been adopted.

SEC. 3. The supreme court, established by this constitution, shall have the same jurisdiction as the supreme judicial court at present established, and shall have jurisdiction of all causes which may be appealed to, or pending in the same; and shall be held at the same times and places, and in each county, as the present supreme judicial court, until otherwise prescribed by the general assembly.

SEC. 4. The towns of New Shoreham and Jamestown shall continue to enjoy the exemptions from military duty which they now enjoy, until otherwise prescribed by law.

Done in convention, at East Greenwich, this fifth day of November, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and forty-two.

JAMES FENNER, *President.*
HENRY Y. CRANSTON, *Vice-Pres't.*

THOMAS A. JENCKES, } *Secretaries.*
WALTER W. UPDIKE, }

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT,

ADOPTED NOVEMBER, 1854.

ARTICLE I.

It shall not be necessary for the town or ward clerks to keep and transmit to the general assembly a list or register of all persons voting for general officers; but the general assembly shall have power to pass such laws on the subject as they may deem expedient.

ARTICLE II.

The governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall hereafter exclusively exercise the pardoning power, except in cases of impeachment, to the same extent as such power is now exercised by the general assembly.[1]

ARTICLE III.

There shall be one session of the general assembly, holden annually, commencing on the last Tuesday in May, at Newport, and an adjournment from the same shall be holden annually at Providence.

[1] 4 R. I. 583.

ARTICLE OF AMENDMENT,

ADOPTED AUGUST, 1864.

ARTICLE IV.

Electors of this state who, in time of war, are absent from the state, in the actual military service of the United States, being otherwise qualified, shall have a right to vote in all elections in the state for electors of president and vice-president of the United States, representatives in congress, and general officers of the state. The general assembly shall have full power to provide by law for carrying this article into effect; and until such provision shall be made by law, every such absent elector on the day of such elections, may deliver a written or printed ballot, with the names of the persons voted for thereon, and his christian and surname, and his voting residence in the state, written at length on the back thereof, to the officer commanding the regiment or company to which he belongs; and all such ballots, certified by such commanding officer to have been given by the elector whose name is written thereon, and returned by such commanding officer to the secretary of state within the time prescribed by law for counting the votes in such elections, shall be received and counted with the same effect as if given by such elector in open town, ward, or district meeting; and the clerk of each town or city, until otherwise provided by law, shall, within five days after any such election, transmit to the secretary of state a certified list of the names of all such electors on their respective voting lists.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT,

ADOPTED APRIL 7, 1886.

ARTICLE V.[1]

The manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors to be used as a beverage shall be prohibited. The general assembly shall provide by law for carrying this article into effect.

ARTICLE VI.

All soldiers and sailors of foreign birth, citizens of the United States, who served in the army or navy of the United States from this state in the late civil war, and who were honorably discharged from such service, shall have the right to vote on all questions in all legally organized town, district or ward meetings, upon the same conditions and under and subject to the same restrictions as native born citizens.

[1] See Amendments, Article VIII.

ARTICLE OF AMENDMENT,

ADOPTED APRIL 4, 1888.

ARTICLE VII.

SECTION 1. Every male citizen of the United States of the age of twenty-one years who has had his residence and home in this State for two years, and in the town or city in which he may offer to vote six months next preceding the time of his voting, and whose name shall be registered in the town or city where he resides on or before the last day of December, in the year next preceding the time of his voting, shall have a right to vote in the election of all civil officers and on all questions in all legally organized town or ward meetings: *Provided*, that no person shall at any time be allowed to vote in the election of the city council of any city, or upon any proposition to impose a tax, or for the expenditure of money in any town or city, unless he shall within the year next preceding have paid a tax assessed upon his property therein, valued at least at one hundred and thirty-four dollars.

SEC. 2. The Assessors of each town and city shall annually assess upon every person, who, if registered, would be qualified to vote, a tax of $1, or such sum as with his other taxes shall amount to $1, which tax shall be paid into the treasury of such town or city and be applied to the support of public schools therein: *Provided*, that such tax assessed upon any person who has performed military duty, shall be remitted for the year he shall perform such duty; and said tax assessed upon any mariner for any year while he is at sea, or upon any person who by reason of extreme poverty is unable to pay said tax, shall upon application of such mariner or person be remitted. The general assembly shall have power to provide by law for the collection and remission of said tax.

SEC. 3. This amendment shall take in the Constitution of the State, the place of Sections 2 and 3 of Article II, "Of the Qualification of Electors," which said sections are hereby annulled.

ARTICLE OF AMENDMENT

ADOPTED JUNE 20, 1889.

ARTICLE VIII.

Article V. of the amendments to the Constitution of this State is hereby annulled.

ARTICLE OF AMENDMENT,

ADOPTED NOVEMBER 8, 1892.

ARTICLE IX.

SECTION 1. Hereafter the general assembly may provide by general law for the creation and control of corporations: *Provided, however*, that no corporation shall be created with the power to exercise the right of eminent domain, or to acquire franchises in the streets and highways of towns and cities, except by special act of the general assembly upon a petition for the same, the pendency whereof shall be notified as may be required by law.

SEC. 2. This amendment shall take in the Constitution of the State the place of Section 17 of Article IV., "Of the Legislative Power," and shall be deemed to be in amendment of said section and article.

ARTICLE OF AMENDMENT,

ADOPTED NOVEMBER 28, 1893.

ARTICLE X.

SECTION 1. In all elections held by the people for state, city, town, ward or district officers, the person or candidate receiving the largest number of votes cast shall be declared elected.

SEC. 2. This amendment shall take in the constitution of the state the place of section 10 of Article VIII, "Of Elections," which said section is hereby annulled.

ARTICLE OF AMENDMENT,

ADOPTED NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

ARTICLE XI.

SECTION 1. There shall be a session of the general assembly at Providence commencing on the first Tuesday of January in each year. The senators and representatives shall severally receive the sum of five dollars, and the speaker of the house of representatives ten dollars, for every day of actual attendance, and eight cents per mile for traveling expenses in going to and returning from the general assembly: *Provided*, that no compensation or mileage shall be allowed any senator or representative for more than sixty days attendance in any calendar year. The general assembly shall regulate the compensation of the governor and of all other officers, subject to the limitations contained in the constitution.

SEC. 2. The governor, lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, attorney-general, general treasurer, and senators and representatives in the general assembly shall be elected at town, ward, and district meetings on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November annually, commencing A. D. 1901, and shall severally hold their offices for one year from the first Tuesday of January next succeeding their election, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

SEC. 3. When the governor elect shall die, remove from the state, refuse to serve, become insane, or be otherwise incapacitated, the lieutenant-governor elect shall be qualified as governor at the beginning of the term for which he was elected. When both the governor and lieutenant-governor elect, or either the lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, attorney-general, or general treasurer elect are so incapacitated, or when there has been a

failure to elect any one or more of the officers mentioned in this section, the general assembly shall upon its organization meet in grand committee and elect some person or persons to fill the office or offices, as the case may be, for which such incapacity exists, or as to which such failure to elect occurred. When the general assembly shall elect any of said officers because of the failure of any person to receive a plurality of the votes cast, the election in each case shall be made from the persons who received the same and largest number of votes.

SEC. 4. If the offices of governor and lieutenant-governor be both vacant, by reason of death or otherwise, they shall be filled by the general assembly in grand committee, and the acting governor shall, if the general assembly is not then in session, call a special session thereof for that purpose within twenty days after both of said offices become vacant if a stated session is not sooner to occur.

SEC. 5. In case of a vacancy in the office of secretary of state, attorney-general, or general treasurer from any cause, the general assembly in grand committee shall elect some person to fill the same: *Provided*, that if such vacancy occurs when the general assembly is not in session the governor shall appoint some person to fill such vacancy until a successor elected by the general assembly is qualified to act.

SEC. 6. When a senator or representative elect shall die, remove from the state, refuse to serve, become insane, or be otherwise incapacitated, or when at an election for any senator or representative no person shall receive a plurality of the votes cast, a new election shall be held. A vacancy in the senate or house of representatives shall be filled at a new election. The general assembly shall provide by general law for the holding of such elections at such times as to insure that each town and city shall be fully represented in the general assembly during the whole of every session thereof so far as is practicable. Every person elected in accordance with this section shall hold his office for the remainder of the term or for the full term, as the case may be, of the office which he is elected to fill, and until his successor is elected and qualified.

SEC. 7. In elections by the general assembly in grand committee the person receiving a majority of the votes shall be elected. Every person elected by the general assembly to fill a vacancy, or pursuant to section 3 of this article, shall hold his

office for the remainder of the term or for the full term, as the case may be, and until his successor is elected and qualified.

SEC. 8. A quorum of the grand committee shall consist of a majority of all the members of the senate and a majority of all the members of the house of representatives duly assembled pursuant to an invitation from one of said bodies which has been accepted by the other, and the acceptance of which has been communicated by message to the body in which such invitation originated, and each house shall be attended by its secretaries and clerks. No act or business of any kind shall be done in grand committee other than that which is distinctly specified in the invitation by virtue of which such grand committee is assembled, except to take a recess or to dissolve: *Provided*, that the grand committee may appoint a sub-committee of its own members to count any ballots delivered to it and report the result of such count.

SEC. 9. The governor, lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, attorney-general, general treasurer, and senators and representatives in the general assembly in office when this amendment goes into effect shall continue to hold their offices, with the powers and duties and subject to the limitations prescribed therein for like officers, until the first Tuesday in January, A. D. 1902, and until their successors are elected and qualified. Vacancies in their number from any cause shall be filled in the manner which is prescribed by law at the time of their occurrence. All officers who by the provisions of this amendment are continued in office beyond the stated time for which they were elected or appointed shall receive a pro rata compensation for their increased term of service, based upon the compensation provided for in this amendment or by law.

SEC. 10. The first election of officers named in the next preceding section under this amendment shall be held upon the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1901. The town, ward, and district meetings therefor shall be warned and conducted, and the result thereof determined, authenticated, and declared in the manner at that time prescribed by law, and the persons then elected shall hold their offices from the said first Tuesday in January, A. D. 1902, and thereafter until their successors are elected and qualified.

SEC. 11. The general assembly shall provide by law for the registration necessary to qualify persons to vote at said first

election, which registration shall close on the last day of June, A. D. 1901, and after the adoption of this amendment no person of whom registration is or may be required by law shall be permitted to vote unless his name shall have been registered in the town or city where he resides on or before the last day of June next preceding the time of his voting. For all elections by the people held before said Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1901, the qualifications of the electors shall be such as were required by the constitution and laws existing at the time of the adoption of this amendment.

SEC. 12. This amendment shall take in the constitution of the state the place of sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 of article VIII, "Of elections;" and of section 11 of article IV, "Of the legislative power;" and of article III of the amendments to the constitution; which said article and sections, and all other provisions of the constitution inconsistent herewith, are hereby annulled.

ARTICLE OF AMENDMENT,

ADOPTED NOVEMBER 3, 1903.

ARTICLE XII.

SECTION 1. The supreme court shall have final revisory and appellate jurisdiction upon all questions of law and equity. It shall have power to issue prerogative writs, and shall also have such other jurisdiction as may, from time to time, be prescribed by law. A majority of its judges shall always be necessary to constitute a quorum. The inferior courts shall have such jurisdiction as may, from time to time, be prescribed by law.

SEC. 2. The judges of the supreme court shall give their written opinion upon any question of law whenever requested by the governor or by either house of the general assembly.

SEC. 3. Sections 1 and 2 of this amendment shall take, in the constitution of the state, the place of sections 2 and 3 of article X, entitled "Of the judicial power," which sections are hereby annulled.

SEC. 4. Section 3 of article XIV of the constitution of the state, entitled "Of the adoption of this constitution," is hereby annulled.

SEC. 5. The general assembly shall provide by law for carrying this amendment into effect, and until such provision shall be made, the supreme court, as organized at the time of the adoption of this amendment, shall continue to have and exercise the same powers and jurisdictions which it shall then have under such organization.

State of Rhode Island, &c.

THE CHARTER

GRANTED BY KING CHARLES II.,

JULY 8, 1663, AND IN FORCE UNTIL THE ADOPTION OF THE CONSTITUTION, NOVEMBER, 1842.

CHARLES the Second, by the Grace of God, King of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, &c., to all to whom these presents shall come, greeting: Whereas, we have been informed, by the humble petition of our trusty and well-beloved subject, John Clarke, on the behalf of Benjamin Arnold, William Brenton, William Codington, Nicholas Easton, William Boulston, John Porter, John Smith, Samuel Gorton, John Weeks, Roger Williams, Thomas Olney, Gregory Dexter, John Coggeshall, Joseph Clarke, Randall Holden, John Greene, John Roome, Samuel Wildbore, William Field, James Barker, Richard Tew, Thomas Harris, and William Dyre, and the rest of the purchasers and free inhabitants of our island, called Rhode Island, and the rest of the colony of Providence Plantations, in the Narragansett Bay, in New England, in America, that they, pursuing, with peaceable and loyal minds, their sober, serious, and religious intentions, of godly edifying themselves, and one another, in the holy Christian faith and worship, as they were persuaded; together with the gaining over and conversion of the poor ignorant Indian natives, in those parts of America, to the sincere profession and obedience of the same faith and worship, did, not only by the consent and good encouragement of

our royal progenitors, transport themselves out of this kingdom of England into America, but also, since their arrival there, after their first settlement amongst other our subjects in those parts, for the avoiding of discord, and those many evils which were likely to ensue upon some of those our subjects not being able to bear, in these remote parts, their different apprehensions in religious concernments, and in pursuance of the aforesaid ends, did once again leave their desirable stations and habitations, and with excessive labor and travel, hazard and charge did transplant themselves into the midst of the Indian natives, who as we are informed, are the most potent princes and people of all that country; where, by the good Providence of God, from whom the Plantations have taken their name, upon their labor and industry, they have not only been preserved to admiration, but have increased and prospered, and are seized and possessed, by purchase and consent of the said natives, to their full content, of such lands, islands, rivers, harbors and roads, as are very convenient, both for plantations, and also for building of ships, supply of pipe-staves, and other merchandize; and which lie very commodious, in many respects, for commerce, and to accommodate our southern plantations, and may much advance the trade of this our realm, and greatly enlarge the territories thereof; they having by near neighborhood to and friendly society with the great body of the Narragansett Indians, given them encouragement of their own accord, to subject themselves, their people and lands, unto us; whereby, as is hoped, there may, in time, by the blessing of God upon their endeavors be laid a sure foundation of happiness to all America: And whereas, in their humble address, they have freely declared, that it is much on their hearts (if they may be permitted) to hold forth a lively experiment, that a most flourishing civil state may stand and best be maintained, and that among our English subjects, with a full liberty in religious concernments; and that true piety rightly grounded upon gospel principles, will give the best and greatest security to sovereignty, and will lay in the hearts of men the strongest obligations to true loyalty: Now, know ye, that we, being willing to encourage the hopeful undertaking of our said loyal and loving subjects, and to secure them in the free exercise and enjoyment of all their civil and religious rights, appertaining to them, as our loving subjects; and to preserve unto them that liberty, in the true Christian faith and worship of God, which they have

sought with so much travail, and with peaceable minds, and loyal subjection to our royal progenitors and ourselves, to enjoy; and because some of the people and inhabitants of the same colony cannot, in their private opinions, conform to the public exercise of religion, according to the liturgy, forms and ceremonies of the Church of England, or take or subscribe the oaths and articles made and established in that behalf; and for that the same, by reason of the remote distances of those places, will (as we hope) be no breach of the unity and uniformity established in this nation: Have therefore thought fit, and do hereby publish, grant, ordain and declare, That our royal will and pleasure is, that no person within the said colony, at any time hereafter shall be any wise molested, punished, disquieted, or called in question, for any differences in opinion in matters of religion, and do not actually disturb the civil peace of our said colony; but that all and every person and persons may, from time to time, and at all times hereafter, freely and fully have and enjoy his and their own judgments and consciences, in matters of religious concernments, throughout the tract of land hereafter mentioned, they behaving themselves peaceably and quietly, and not using this liberty to licentiousness and profaneness, nor to the civil injury or outward disturbance of others, any law, statute, or clause therein contained, or to be contained, usage or custom of this realm, to the contrary hereof, in any wise notwithstanding. And that they may be in the better capacity to defend themselves, in their just rights and liberties, against all the enemies of the Christian faith, and others, in all respects, we have further thought fit, and at the humble petition of the persons aforesaid are graciously pleased to declare, That they shall have and enjoy the benefit of our late act of indemnity and free pardon, as the rest of our subjects in other our dominions and territories have; and to create and make them a body politic or corporate, with the powers and privileges hereinafter mentioned. And accordingly our will and pleasure is, and of our especial grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, we have ordained, constituted and declared, and by these presents, for us, our heirs and successors, do ordain, constitute and declare, That they the said William Brenton, William Codington, Nicholas Easton, Benedict Arnold, William Boulston, John Porter, Samuel Gorton, John Smith, John Weeks, Roger Williams, Thomas Olney, Gregory Dexter, John Coggeshall, Joseph Clarke, Randall Holden,

John Greene, John Roome, William Dyre, Samuel Wildbore, Richard Tew, William Field, Thomas Harris, James Barker,——Rainsborrow,——Williams, and John Nickson, and all such others as now are, or hereafter shall be, admitted and made free of the company and society of our colony of Providence Plantations, in the Narragansett Bay, in New England, shall be, from time to time, and forever hereafter, a body corporate and politic, in fact and name, by the name of the Governor and Company of the English Colony of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, in New England, in America; and that, by the same name, they and their successors shall and may have perpetual succession, and shall and may be persons able and capable, in the law, to sue and be sued, to plead and be impleaded, to answer, and be answered unto, to defend and to be defended, in all and singular suits, causes, quarrels, matters, actions and things, of what kind or nature soever; and also to have, take, possess, acquire, and purchase lands, tenements or hereditaments, or any goods or chattels, and the same to lease, grant, demise, aliene, bargain, sell and dispose of, at their own will and pleasure, as other our liege people of this our realm of England, or any corporation or body politic, within the same, may lawfully do. And further, that they the said Governor and Company, and their successors, shall and may, forever hereafter have a common seal, to serve and use for all matters, causes, things, and affairs, whatsoever, of them, and their successors; and the same seal to alter, change, break, and make new, from time to time, at their will and pleasure, as they shall think fit. And further, we will and ordain, and by these presents, for us, our heirs, and successors, do declare and appoint that, for the better ordering and managing of the affairs and business of the said Company, and their successors, there shall be one Governor, one Deputy-Governor and ten Assistants, to be from time to time, constituted, elected and chosen, out of the freemen of the said Company, for the time being, in such manner and form as is hereafter in these presents expressed, which said officers shall apply themselves to take care for the best disposing and ordering of the general business and affairs of and concerning the lands, and hereditaments hereinafter mentioned to be granted, and the plantation thereof, and the government of the people there. And, for the better execution of our royal pleasure herein, we do, for us, our heirs and successors, assign, name, constitute, and appoint the aforesaid Benedict

Arnold to be the first and present Governor of the said Company, and the said William Brenton to be the Deputy-Governor, and the said William Boulston, John Porter, Roger Williams, Thomas Olney, John Smith, John Greene, John Coggeshall, James Barker, William Field, and Joseph Clarke, to be the ten present Assistants of the said Company, to continue in the said several offices, respectively, until the first Wednesday which shall be in the month of May now next coming. And further, we will, and by these presents, for us, our heirs, and successors, do ordain and grant that the Governor of the said Company, for the time being, or, in his absence, by occasion of sickness or otherwise, by his leave and permission, the Deputy-Governor, for the time being, shall and may, from time to time, upon all occasions, give order for the assembling of the said Company, and calling them together, to consult and advise of the business and affairs of the said Company. And that forever hereafter, twice in every year, that is to say, on every first Wednesday in the month of May, and on every last Wednesday in October, or oftener, in case it shall be requisite, the Assistants and such of the freemen of the said Company, not exceeding six persons for Newport, four persons for each of the respective towns of Providence, Portsmouth and Warwick, and two persons for each other place, town or city, who shall be, from time to time, thereunto elected or deputed by the major part of the freemen of the respective towns or places for which they shall be so elected or deputed, shall have a general meeting or assembly, then and there to consult, advise and determine, in and about the affairs and business of the said Company and Plantations. And, further, we do, of our especial grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, give and grant unto the said Governor and Company of the English colony of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, in New England, in America, and their successors, that the Governor, or, in his absence, or, by his permission, the Deputy-Governor of the said Company, for the time being, the Assistants, and such of the freemen of the said Company as shall be so as aforesaid elected or deputed, or so many of them as shall be present at such meeting or assembly, as aforesaid, shall be called the General Assembly; and that they, or the greatest part of them present, whereof the Governor or Deputy-Governor, and six of the Assistants, at least to be seven, shall have, and have hereby given and granted unto them, full power and authority, from time to time, and at all times here-

after, to appoint, alter and change such days, times and places of meeting and General Assembly, as they shall think fit; and to choose, nominate and appoint, such and so many other persons as they shall think fit, and shall be willing to accept the same, to be free of the said Company and body politic, and them into the same to admit; and to elect and constitute such offices and officers, and to grant such needful commissions, as they shall think fit and requisite, for the ordering, managing, and dispatching of the affairs of the said Governor and Company, and their successors; and from time to time, to make, ordain, constitute or repeal, such laws, statutes, orders and ordinances, forms and ceremonies of government and magistracy, as to them shall seem meet, for the good and welfare of the said Company, and for the government and ordering of the lands and hereditaments, hereinafter mentioned to be granted, and of the people that do, or at any time hereafter shall, inhabit or be within the same; so as such laws, ordinances and constitutions, so made, be not contrary and repugnant unto, but as near as may be, agreeable to the laws of this our realm of England, considering the nature and constitution of the place and people there; and also to appoint, order and direct, erect and settle, such places and courts of jurisdiction, for the hearing and determining of all actions, cases, matters and things, happening within the said colony and plantation, and which shall be in dispute, and depending there, as they shall think fit; and also to distinguish and set forth the several names and titles, duties, powers and limits, of each court, office and officer, superior and inferior; and also to contrive and appoint such forms of oaths and attestations, not repugnant, but as near as may be agreeable, as aforesaid, to the laws and statutes of this our realm, as are convenient and requisite with respect to the due administration of justice, and due execution and discharge of all offices and places of trust by the persons that shall be therein concerned, and also to regulate and order the way and manner of all elections to offices and places of trust, and to prescribe, limit and distinguish the numbers and bounds of all places, towns or cities, within the limits and bounds hereinafter mentioned, and not herein particularly named, who have, or shall have, the power of electing and sending of freemen to the said General Assembly; and also to order, direct and authorize the imposing of lawful and reasonable fines, mulcts, imprisonments, and executing other punishments, pecuniary and corporal, upon offenders and delin-

quents, according to the course of other corporations within this our kingdom of England; and again to alter revoke, annul or pardon, under their common seal, or otherwise, such fines, mulcts, imprisonments, sentences, judgments and condemnations, as shall be thought fit; and to direct, rule, order and dispose of, all other matters and things, and particularly that which relates to the making of purchases of the native Indians, as to them shall seem meet; whereby our said people and inhabitants in the said Plan tations, may be so religiously, peaceably and civilly governed, as that by their good life and orderly conversation, they may win and invite the native Indians of the country to the knowledge and obedience of the only true God and Saviour of mankind; willing, commanding and requiring and by these presents for us, our heirs and successors, ordaining and appointing, that all such laws, statutes, orders and ordinances, instructions, impositions and directions, as shall be so made by the Governor, Dep uty-Governor, Assistants and freemen, or such number of them as aforesaid, and published in writing, under their common seal, shall be carefully and duly observed, kept, performed and put in execution, according to the true intent and meaning of the same. And these our letters patent, or the duplicate or exemplification thereof, shall be to all and every such officer, superior or inferior, from time to time, for the putting of the same orders, laws, statutes, ordinances, instructions and directions in due execution, against us, our heirs and successors, a sufficient warrant and discharge. And further, our will and pleasure is, and we do hereby, for us, our heirs and successors, establish and ordain, that yearly, once in the year, forever hereafter, namely, the aforesaid Wednesday in May, and at the town of Newport, or elsewhere, if urgent occasion do require, the Governor, Deputy-Governor and Assistants of the said Company, and other officers of the said Company, or such of them as the General Assembly shall think fit, shall be, in the said General Court or Assembly to be held from that day or time, newly chosen for the year ensuing, by such greater part of the said Company, for the time being, as shall be then and there preseu ; and if it shall happen that the present Governor, Deputy-Governor and Assistants, by these presents appointed, or any such as shall hereafter be newly chosen into their rooms, or any of them, or any other the officers of the said Company, shall die or be removed from his or their several offices or places before the said general day of election,

(whom we do hereby declare, for any misdemeanor or default, to be removable by the Governor, Assistants and Company, or such greater part of them, in any of the said public courts, to be assembled as aforesaid,) that then, and in every such case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Governor, Deputy-Governor, Assistants and Company aforesaid, or such greater part of them, so to be assembled as is aforesaid, in any their assemblies, to proceed to a new election of one or more of their Company, in the room or place, rooms or places, of such officer or officers, so dying or removed, according to their discretions; and immediately upon and after such election or elections made of such Governor, Deputy-Governor, Assistant or Assistants, or any other officer of the said Company, in manner and form aforesaid, the authority, office and power, before given to the former Governor, Deputy-Governor, and other officer and officers so removed, in whose stead and place new shall be chosen, shall, as to him and them, and every of them, respectively, cease and determine: *Provided always*, and our will and pleasure is, that as well such as are by these presents appointed to be the present Governor, Deputy-Governor and Assistants of the said Company, as those that shall succeed them, and all other officers to be appointed and chosen as aforesaid, shall, before the undertaking the execution of the said offices and places respectively, give their solemn engagement, by oath or otherwise, for the due and faithful performance of their duties in their several offices and places, before such person or persons as are by these presents hereafter appointed to take and receive the same, that is to say: the said Benedict Arnold, who is hereinbefore nominated and appointed the present Governor of the said Company, shall give the aforesaid engagement before William Brenton, or any two of the said Assistants of the said Company; unto whom we do by these presents give full power and authority to require and receive the same; and the said William Brenton, who is hereby before nominated and appointed the present Deputy-Governor of the said Company, shall give the aforesaid engagement before the said Benedict Arnold, or any two of the Assistants of the said Company; unto whom we do by these presents give full power and authority to require and receive the same; and the said William Boulston, John Porter, Roger Williams, Thomas Olney, John Smith, John Greene, John Coggeshall, James Barker, William Field, and Joseph Clarke, who are hereinbefore nominated and

appointed the present Assistants of the said Company, shall give the said engagement to their offices and places respectively belonging before the said Benedict Arnold and William Brenton, or one of them; to whom respectively we do hereby give full power and authority to require, administer, or receive the same; and further, our will and pleasure is, that all and every other future Governor or Deputy-Governor, to be elected and chosen by virtue of these presents, shall give the said engagement before two or more of the said Assistants of the said Company for the time being; unto whom we do by these presents give full power and authority to require, administer or receive the same; and the said Assistants, and every of them, and all and every other officer or officers to be hereafter elected and chosen by virtue of these presents from time to time, shall give the like engagements, to their offices and places respectively belonging, before the Governor or Deputy-Governor, for the time being; unto which said Governor, or Deputy-Governor, we do by these presents give full power and authority to require, administer or receive the same accordingly. And we do likewise, for us, our heirs and successors, give and grant unto the said Governor and Company, and their successors, by these presents, that for the more peaceable and orderly government of the said Plantations, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Deputy-Governor, Assistants and all other officers and ministers of the said Company, in the administration of justice, and exercise of government, in the said Plantations, to use, exercise, and put in execution, such methods, rules, orders and directions, not being contrary or repugnant to the laws and statutes of this our realm, as have been heretofore given, used and accustomed, in such cases respectively, to be put in practice, until at the next or some other General Assembly, special provision shall be made and ordained in the cases aforesaid. And we do further, for us, our heirs, and successors, give and grant unto the said Governor and Company, and their successors, by these presents, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Governor, or, in his absence, the Deputy-Governor, and major part of the said Assistants, for the time being, at any time when the said General Assembly is not sitting, to nominate, appoint and constitute, such and so many commanders, governors, and military officers, as to them shall seem requisite, for the leading conducting and training up the inhabitants of the said Plantations in martial affairs, and for the defence and safeguard

of the said Plantations; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every such commander, governor, and military officer, that shall be so as aforesaid, or by the Governor, or in his absence, the Deputy-Governor, and six of the said Assistants, and major part of the freemen of the said Company present at any General Assemblies, nominated, appointed and constituted, according to the tenor of his and their respective commissions and directions to assemble, exercise in arms, martial array, and put in warlike posture, the inhabitants of the said colony, for their special defence and safety; and to lead and conduct the said inhabitants, and to encounter, expulse, expel and resist, by force of arms, as well by sea as by land, and also to kill, slay and destroy, by all fitting ways, enterprise and means, whatsoever, all and every such person or persons as shall, at any time hereafter, attempt or enterprise the destruction, invasion, detriment or annoyance of the said inhabitants or Plantations; and to use and exercise the law martial in such cases only as occasion shall necessarily require; and to take or surprise, by all ways and means whatsoever, all and every such person and persons, with their ship or ships, armor, ammunition or other goods of such persons, as shall, in hostile manner, invade or attempt the defeating of the said Plantations, or the hurt of the said Company and inhabitants; and upon just causes, to invade and destroy the native Indians, or other enemies of the said Colony. Nevertheless, our will and pleasure is, and we do hereby declare to the rest of our Colonies in New England, that it shall not be lawful for this our said Colony of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, in America, in New England, to invade the natives inhabiting within the bounds and limits of their said Colonies, without the knowledge and consent of the said other Colonies And it is hereby declared, that it shall not be lawful to or for the rest of the Colonies to invade or molest the native Indians or any other inhabitants inhabiting within the bounds and limits hereafter mentioned, (they having subjected themselves unto us, and being by us taken into our special protection,) without the knowledge and consent of the Governor and Company of our Colony of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations. Also our will and pleasure is, and we do hereby declare unto all Christian Kings, Princes and States, that if any person, which shall hereafter be of the said Company or Plantations, or any other, by appointment of the said Governor and Company for

the time being, shall at any time or times hereafter, rob or spoil, by sea or land, or do any hurt, or unlawful hostility to any of the subjects of us, our heirs or successors, or any of the subjects of any Prince or State, being then in league with us, our heirs or successors, upon complaint of such injury done to any such Prince or State, or their subjects, we, our heirs and successors, will make open proclamation within any parts of our realm of England, fit for that purpose, that the person or persons committing any such robbery or spoil, shall, within the time limited by such proclamation, make full restitution, or satisfaction of all such injuries, done or committed, so as the said Prince, or others so complaining, may be fully satisfied, and contented; and if the said person or persons who shall commit any such robbery or spoil shall not make satisfaction, accordingly, within such time, so to be limited, that then we, our heirs and successors, will put such person or persons, out of our allegiance and protection; and that then it shall and may be lawful and free for all Princes or others to prosecute with hostility, such offenders, and every of them, their and every of their procurers, aiders, abettors, and counsellors, in that behalf: *Provided also*, and our express will and pleasure is, and we do, by those presents, for us, our heirs and successors, ordain and appoint that these presents, shall not, in any manner, hinder any of our loving subjects, whatsoever, from using and exercising the trade of fishing upon the coast of New England, in America; but that they, and every or any of them, shall have full and free power and liberty to continue and use the trade of fishing upon the said coast, in any of the seas thereunto adjoining, or any arms of the seas, or salt water, rivers and creeks, where they have been accustomed to fish; and to build and set upon the waste land belonging to the said Colony and Plantations, such wharves, stages and workhouses as shall be necessary for the salting, drying and keeping of their fish, to be taken or gotten upon that coast. And further, for the encouragement of the inhabitants of our said Colony of Providence Plantations to set upon the business of taking whales, it shall be lawful for them, or any of them, having struck whale, dubertus, or other great fish, it or them to pursue unto any part of that coast, and into any bay, river, cove, creek, or shore, belonging thereto, and it or them, upon the said coast, or in the said bay, river, cove, creek, or shore, belonging thereto, to kill and order for the best advantage, without molestation, they

making no wilful waste or spoil; anything in these presents contained, or any other matter or thing, to the contrary, notwithstanding And further also, we are graciously pleased, and do hereby declare, that if any of the inhabitants of our said Colony do set upon the planting of vineyards (the soil and climate both seeming naturally to concur to the production of wines,) or be industrious in the discovery of fishing banks, in or about the said Colony, we will, from time to time, give and allow all due and fitting encouragement therein, as to others, in cases of like nature. And further, of our more ample grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, we have given and granted, and by these presents, for us, our heirs and successors, do give and grant unto the said Governor and Company of the English Colony of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, in the Narragansett Bay, in New England, in America, and to every inhabitant there, and to every person and persons, trading thither, and to every such person or persons as are or shall be free of the said Colony, full power and authority, from time to time, and at all times hereafter, to take, ship, transport and carry away, out of any of our realms and dominions, for and towards the plantation and defence of the said Colony, such and so many of our loving subjects and strangers as shall or will willingly accompany them in and to their said Colony and Plantation; except such person or persons as are or shall be therein restrained by us, our heirs and successors, or any law or statute of this realm: and also to ship and transport all and all manner of goods, chattels, merchandizes and other things whatsoever, that are or shall be useful or necessary for the said Plantations, and defence thereof, and usually transported, and not prohibited by any law or statute of this our realm; yielding and paying unto us, our heirs and successors, such the duties, customs and subsidies, as are or ought to be paid or payable for the same. And further, our will and pleasure is, and we do, for us, our heirs and successors, ordain, declare, and grant unto the said Governor and Company, and their successors, that al. and every the subjects of us, our heirs and successors, which are already planted and settled within our said Colony of Providence Plantations, or which shall hereafter go to inhabit within the said Colony, and all and every of their children, which have been born there, or which shall happen hereafter to be born there, or on the sea, going thither, or returning from thence, shall have and enjoy all liberties and immunities of free

and natural subjects within any the dominions of us, our heirs and successors, to all intents, constructions and purposes, whatsoever, as if they, and every of them, were born within the realm of England. And further, know ye, that we, of our more abundant grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have given, granted and confirmed, and by these presents, for us, our heirs and successors, do give, grant and confirm, unto the said Governor and Company and their successors, all that part of our dominions in New England, in America, containing the Nahantick and Nanhyganset, alias Narragansett Bay, and countries and parts adjacent, bounded on the west or westerly, to the middle or channel of a river there, commonly called and known by the name of Pawcatuck, alias Pawcawtuck river; and so along the said river, as the greater or middle stream thereof reacheth or lies up into the north country, northward, unto the head thereof, and from thence, by a straight line drawn due north, until it meets with the south line of the Massachusetts Colony: and on the north, or northerly, by the aforesaid south or southerly line of the Massachusetts Colony or Plantation, and extending towards the east, or eastwardly, three English miles, to the east and northeast of the most eastern and northeastern parts of the aforesaid Narragansett Bay, as the said Bay lyeth or extendeth itself from the ocean on the south, or southwardly unto the mouth of the river which runneth towards the town of Providence, and from thence along the easterly side or bank of the said river (higher called by the name of Seacunck river) up to the falls called Patuckett falls, being the most westwardly line of Plymouth Colony, and so from the said falls, in a straight line, due north, until it meet with the aforesaid line of the Massachusetts Colony; and bounded on the south by the ocean; and, in particular, the lands belonging to the towns of Providence, Pawtuxet, Warwick, Misquammacok, alias Pawcatuck, and the rest upon the main land in the tract aforesaid, together with Rhode Island, Block Island, and all the rest of the islands and banks in the Narragansett Bay, and bordering upon the coast of the tract aforesaid, (Fisher's Island only excepted,) together with all firm lands, soils, grounds, havens, ports, rivers, waters, fishings, mines royal, and all other mines, minerals, precious stones, quarries, woods, wood grounds, rocks, slates, and all and singular other commodities, jurisdictions, royalties, privileges, franchises, preheminances, and hereditaments, whatsoever, within

the said tract, bounds, lands and islands aforesaid, or to them or any of them belonging, or in any wise appertaining; *to have and to hold* the same, unto the said Governor and Company, and their successors, forever, upon trust, for the use and benefit of themselves and their associates freemen of the said Colony, their heirs and assigns, to be holden of us, our heirs and successors, as of the Manor of East Greenwich, in our county of Kent, in free and common soccage, and not in capite, nor by knight service; yielding and paying therefor, to us, our heirs and successors, only the fifth part of all the ore or gold and silver which, from time to time, and at all times hereafter, shall be there gotten, had or obtained, in lieu and satisfaction of all services, duties, fines, forfeitures, made or to be made, claims and demands whatsoever, to be to us, our heirs or successors, therefor or thereout rendered, made or paid; any grant, or clause, in a late grant, to the Governor and Company of Connecticut Colony, in America, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding; the aforesaid Pawcatuck river having been yielded, after much debate, for the fixed and certain bounds between these our said Colonies, by the agents thereof; who have also agreed, that the said Pawcatuck river shall be also called alias Norroganset or Narroganset river; and, to prevent future disputes, that otherwise might arise thereby, forever hereafter shall be construed, deemed and taken to be the Narraganset river in our late grant to Connecticut Colony mentioned as the easterly bounds of that Colony. And further, our will and pleasure is, that in all matters of public controversy which may fall out between our Colony of Providence Plantations, and the rest of our Colonies, in New England, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Governor and Company of the said Colony of Providence Plantations to make their appeals therein to us, our heirs and successors, for redress in such cases, within this our realm of England: and that it shall be lawful to and for the inhabitants of the said Colony of Providence Plantations, without let or molestation, to pass and repass, with freedom, into and through the rest of the English Colonies, upon their lawful and civil occasions, and to converse, and hold commerce and trade, with such of the inhabitants of our other English Colonies as shall be willing to admit them thereunto, they behaving themselves peaceably among them; any act, clause or sentence, in any of the said Colonies provided, or that shall be provided, to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding. And lastly, we do, for us, our heirs

and successors, ordain and grant unto the said Governor and Company, and their successors, by these presents, that these our letters patent shall be firm, good, effectual and available in all things in the law, to all intents, constructions and purposes whatsoever, according to our true intent and meaning hereinbefore declared; and shall be construed, reputed and adjudged in all cases most favorably on the behalf, and for the best benefit and behoof, of the said Governor and Company, and their successors; although express mention of the true yearly value or certainty of the premises, or any of them, or of any other gifts or grants, by us, or by any of our progenitors or predecessors, heretofore made to the said Governor and Company of the English Colony of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, in the Narragansett Bay, New England, in America, in these presents is not made or any statute, act, ordinance, provision, proclamation or restriction, heretofore had, made, enacted, ordained or provided, or any other matter, cause or thing whatsoever, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding. In witness whereof, we have caused these our letters to be made patent. Witness ourself at Westminster, the eighth day of July, in the fifteenth year of our reign.

By the King:

HOWARD.

STATISTICS.

HISTORICAL, STATE, COUNTY, TOWN,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

As established by Chapter 11 of the Public Statutes.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Newport,
Providence,
Barrington,
Portsmouth,
Middletown,
Bristol,
Tiverton,
Little Compton,
Warren,
East Providence,
New Shoreham,
Jamestown.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Warwick,
Westerly,
North Kingstown,
South Kingstown,
East Greenwich,
North Providence,
Scituate,
Glocester,
Charlestown,
West Greenwich,
Coventry,
Exeter,
Richmond,
Cranston,
Hopkinton,
Johnston,
Foster,
Burrillville,
Smithfield,
North Smithfield,
Lincoln,
Woonsocket,
Cumberland,
Pawtucket,
Central Falls.

Division by Counties.—The first district (formerly designated as the *Eastern* district) comprises the whole of the counties of Newport and Bristol, and so much of Providence county as is included in the city of Providence and the town of East Providence.

The second district (formerly designated as the *Western* district) comprises the whole of Washington and Kent counties, and so much of Providence county as is not included in the first district.

TOWNS IN RHODE ISLAND, DATE OF INCORPORATION, ETC.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	From what taken, original names, changes of boundaries, &c.
BRISTOL COUNTY..	Feb'y 17, 1746-47...	Incorporated with same county limits as at present. Originally the county consisted of two towns, Bristol and Warren. Afterwards, June, 1770, Warren was divided, and the town of Barrington was incorporated.
Barrington.....	June 16, 1770.....	Taken from Warren. The town of Barrington was first incorporated by Massachusetts in 1718. On the settlement of the boundary question (see Bristol) the territory included in the present town of Barrington was merged in the town of Warren, and so remained until the division of Warren, June 16, 1770.
Bristol.....	Jan'y 27, 1746-47...	By royal decree, dated May 28, 1746, the eastern boundary was settled and the jurisdiction of the colony established over the territory embraced in the towns of Bristol, Warren, Tiverton, Little Compton, and Cumberland. A portion of Bristol annexed to Warren, May 30, 1873. Name from Bristol, England.
Warren.....	Jan'y 27, 1746-47...	See Bristol. The territory of the town of Warren at this date included the present town of Barrington, and a portion of the towns of Swansea and Rehoboth, in Massachusetts. In 1770 Warren was divided, and one of the original names (Barrington) was given to the new town. Named from Sir Peter Warren, Admiral in the British Navy.
KENT COUNTY. ...	June 11, 1750.....	Taken from Providence County. Incorporated with the same county limits as at present, and same towns.
Coventry.....	August 21, 1741....	Taken from Warwick.
East Greenwich....	October 31, 1677....	Incorporated as the town of East Greenwich. Name changed to Dedford, June 23, 1686. The original name restored in 1689. The town divided in 1741.
West Greenwich...	April 6, 1741.....	Taken from East Greenwich.

TOWNS IN RHODE ISLAND, DATE OF INCORPORATION, ETC.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	From what taken, original names, changes of boundaries, &c.
Warwick..... ...	Original Town	First settled January, 1642-43. Named from Earl of Warwick, who signed the Patent of Providence Plantations, March 14, 1643-4. The first action of the inhabitants as a town was August 8, 1647. Indian name, Shawomet.
NEWPORT COUNTY.	June 22, 1703.	Originally incorporated as Rhode Island county. June 16, 1729, incorporated as Newport county, and included Newport, Portsmouth, Jamestown and New Shoreham.
Fall River.....	October 6, 1856....	Taken from Tiverton. Ceded to Massachusetts in the settlement of the boundary question, March 1, 1862. See Pawtucket and East Providence.
Jamestown..... ...	November 4, 1678...	Named in honor of King James II. Indian name Quononoqutt, (Conanicut.)
Little Compton.....	Jan'y 27, 1746-47....	One of the five towns received from Massachusetts pursuant to royal decree, May 28, 1746, (see Bristol.) Annexed to Newport County, Feb. 17, 1746-47. Indian name, Seaconnet.
Middletown..	June 16, 1743.....	Town in the "middle" of the island. Taken from Newport.
Newport.....	Original Town.....	Settled in 1639. Line between Newport and Portsmouth established, September 14, 1640. Incorporated as a city, June 1, 1784. City Charter repealed, March 27, 1787. City incorporated the second time, May 6, 1853, and the charter accepted May 20, 1853.
New Shoreham.....	November 6, 1672..	Admitted to colony as Block Island, May 4, 1664. When incorporated in 1672, name changed to New Shoreham, "as signes of our unity, and likeness to many parts of our native country." Indian name, Manasses or Manisses. Named Block Island by Adrian Block, the Dutch navigator.

TOWNS IN RHODE ISLAND, DATE OF INCORPORATION, ETC.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	From what taken, original names, changes of boundaries, &c.
Portsmouth.....	Original Town.....	Settled in 1638. Indian name, Pocasset. "At a quarter meeting of the first of ye 6th month, 1639, it is agreed upon to call this town Portsmouth." At the "Generall Courte" at "Nieuport" 12th of first month, 1640, the name of Portsmouth was confirmed.
Tiverton.....	Jan'y 27, 1746-47...	One of the five towns received from Massachusetts by royal decree. See Bristol, Warren, &c. Indian name, Pocasset. Annexed to Newport county, February 17, 1746-47.
PROVIDENCE CO...	June 22, 1703.....	Originally incorporated as the County of Providence Plantations, and included the present territory of Providence, Kent, and Washington counties, excepting the present towns of Cumberland, Pawtucket and East Providence. The name was changed to Providence county, June 16, 1729. See Kent and Washington counties.
Burrillville.....	October 29, 1806...	Taken from Glocester. The town was first authorized to meet to elect officers, November 17, 1806. Named from Hon. James Burrill.
Central Falls.....	February 21, 1895..	Taken from Lincoln, and incorporated as a city. Act of incorporation accepted February 27, 1895, by a vote of 1531 for, to 794 against. The new city government was organized on the eighteenth day of March, 1895.
Cranston.....	June 14, 1754.....	Taken from Providence. Probably named from Samuel Cranston, who was Governor of Rhode Island from March, 1698, to April 26, 1727, when he died. Portions re-united to Providence June 10, 1868, and March 28, 1873.
Cumberland.....	Jan'y 27, 1746-47...	One of the five towns received from Massachusetts by royal decree. See Bristol, Warren, &c. Until incorporated in Rhode Island, it was known as Attleboro' Gore. Named in honor of William, Duke of Cumberland. Annexed to Providence county, February 17, 1746-47. A portion of Cumberland was incorporated as the town of Woonsocket, January 31, 1867.

TOWNS IN RHODE ISLAND, DATE OF INCORPORATION, ETC.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	From what taken, original names, changes of boundaries, &c.
East Providence....	March 1, 1862.....	The westerly part of Rehoboth, Massachusetts, was incorporated as Seekonk, February 26, 1812. The westerly part of Seekonk was annexed to Rhode Island, incorporated as a town, and named East Providence, in the settlement of the boundary question in 1862. See Pawtucket and Fall River.
Foster.....	August 24, 1781.....	Taken from Scituate. Named probably from Hon. Theodore Foster.
Glocester..	Feb'y 20, 1730-31...	Taken from Providence. At this date an act was passed "for erecting and incorporating the outlands of the town of Providence into three towns." These towns were Scituate, Glocester and Smithfield. Said to be named from Frederick Lewis, Duke of Glocester, and son of King George II.
Johnston	March 6, 1759.....	Taken from Providence, and named in honor of Augustus Johnston, Esq., the attorney-general of the colony at that time
Lincoln....	March 8, 1871.....	Taken from Smithfield and named in honor of Abraham Lincoln.
North Providence..	June 13, 1765.. ...	Taken from Providence. A small portion re-united to Providence, June 29, 1767, and March 28, 1873. The town was divided March 27, 1874; a portion was annexed to the city of Providence, making the tenth ward in that city; and a portion was annexed to the town of Pawtucket. The act went into effect May 1, 1874.
North Smithfield...	March 8, 1871.....	Taken from Smithfield, and incorporated as the town of Slater Name changed to North Smithfield, March 24, 1871.

TOWNS IN RHODE ISLAND, DATE OF INCORPORATION, ETC.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	From what taken, original names, changes of boundaries, &c.
Pawtucket.....	March 1, 1862.. ...	Name of Indian origin. Part of Seekonk, Mass., was incorporated as the town of Pawtucket, Mass., March 1, 1828. The whole town of Pawtucket, except a small portion lying easterly of Seven Mile River, was annexed to Rhode Island, with East Providence, which see. A portion of the town of North Providence annexed to Pawtucket, May 1, 1874. Incorporated as a city, March 27, 1885; act of incorporation accepted April 1, 1885, by a vote of 1450 for, to 721 against. The new city government was organized on the first Monday of January, 1886.
	March 27, 1885.....	
Providence.....	Original Town.....	Settled in 1636. Named Providence by Roger Williams, "in gratitude to his supreme deliverer." Originally comprised the whole county. City incorporated by act passed November 5, 1831, which act went into operation on the first Monday in June, 1832. Portions of the town of Cranston were re-annexed to Providence, June 10, 1868, March 28, 1873, and July 1, 1892. Portions of North Providence were re-annexed, June 29, 1767, March 28, 1873, and May 1, 1874.
Scituate.....	Feb'y 20, 1730-31...	Taken from Providence. See Glocester. Named from Scituate, Mass.
Smithfield.....	Feb'y 20, 1730-31...	Taken from Providence. See Glocester. The town was divided March 8, 1871, a portion being annexed to Woonsocket; and the remainder divided into three towns. See Lincoln and North Smithfield.
Woonsocket.....	Jan'y 31, 1867.....	Name of Indian origin. Taken from Cumberland. A portion of Smithfield was annexed to Woonsocket, March 8, 1871. Incorporated as a city, June 13, 1888.

TOWNS IN RHODE ISLAND, DATE OF INCORPORATION, ETC.[1]

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	From what taken, original names, changes of boundaries, &c.
WASHINGTON CO..	June 16, 1729.....	Originally called the Narragansett country. Named King's Province, March 20, 1654. Boundaries established May 21, 1669. Incorporated, June, 1729, as King's county, with the three towns of South Kingstown, North Kingstown, and Westerly, and same territory as at present. Name changed to Washington county, October 29, 1781.
Charlestown.....	August 22, 1738.....	Taken from Westerly. Named "to the honor of King Charles II, who granted us our charter."
Exeter.	March 8, 1742-43....	Taken from North Kingstown.
Hopkinton.....	March 19, 1757.....	Taken from Westerly.
Narragansett.....	March 28, 1901.....	Taken from South Kingstown.
North Kingstown..	October 28, 1674 ...	First settlement, 1641. Incorporated in 1674, under the name of Kings Towne, as the seventh town in the Colony. Incorporation re-affirmed in 1679. Name changed to Rochester, June 23, 1686, but restored in 1689. Kingstown divided into North Kingstown and South Kingstown, February, 1722-23. The act provided that North Kingstown should be the eldest town.
South Kingstown..	Feb'y 26, 1722-23...	See North Kingstown. Pettiquamscutt settled January 20, 1657-58.
Richmond.....	August 18, 1747....	Taken from Charlestown.
Westerly.....	May 14, 1669.....	Original name Misquamicutt. Incorporated in May, 1669, under the name of Westerly, as the fifth town in the Colony. Name of Westerly changed to Haversham, June 23, 1686, but restored in 1689.

[1] In several cases the exact date of the passage of the act of incorporation of towns cannot be ascertained. In such cases the date of the meeting of the general assembly, at which the act was passed, is given.

Governors of Rhode Island.

The State originally consisted of four towns. Providence, settled in 1636; Portsmouth, in 1638; Newport, in 1639; and Warwick, in 1642. The executive heads of Portsmouth and Newport were entitled judges, until 1640, when these two towns were united, and the chief officer was thereafter called Governor. Providence and Warwick had no executive head until 1647.

PORTSMOUTH.

Judges.

William Coddington.....March 7, 1638, to April 30, 1639.
William Hutchinson.....April 30, 1639, to March 12, 1640.

NEWPORT.

Judge.

William Coddington.....April 28, 1639, to March 12, 1640.

PORTSMOUTH AND NEWPORT.

Governor.

William Coddington.....March 12, 1640, to May 19, 1647.

In 1647 the four towns were united under a charter or patent, granted in 1643 by parliament.

PRESIDENTS UNDER THE PATENT.

John Coggeshall, of Newport.....May, 1647, to May, 1648.
[1]Jeremy Clarke, of Newport.....May, 1648, to May, 1649.
John Smith, of Warwick.....May, 1649, to May, 1650.
Nicholas Easton, of Newport.....May, 1650, to Aug., 1651.

In 1651 a separation occurred between the towns of Providence and Warwick on the one side, and Portsmouth and Newport on the other.

[1] William Coddington, of Newport, was elected, but the General Court would not engage him, for failing to clear himself of certain accusations.

PROVIDENCE AND WARWICK.

Presidents.

Samuel Gorton, of Warwick... ...October, 1651, to May, 1652.
John Smith, of Warwick.....May, 1652, to May, 1653.
Gregory Dexter, of Providence.....May, 1653, to May, 1654.

PORTSMOUTH AND NEWPORT.

President.

John Sanford, of Portsmouth.....May, 1653, to May, 1654.

In 1654 the union of the four towns was re-established.

Presidents.

Nicholas Easton, of Newport.....May, 1654, to Sept. 12, 1654.
Roger Williams, of Providence.....Sept., 1654, to May, 1657.
Benedict Arnold, of Newport.....May, 1657, to May, 1660.
William Brenton, of Newport.....May, 1660, to May, 1662.
Benedict Arnold, of Newport.....May, 1662, to Nov. 25, 1663.

UNDER THE ROYAL CHARTER.

Governors.

Benedict Arnold, of Newport.....Nov., 1663, to May, 1666.
William Brenton, of Newport.....May, 1666, to May, 1669.
Benedict Arnold, of Newport.....May, 1669, to May, 1672.
Nicholas Easton, of Newport.....May, 1672, to May, 1674.
Wm. Coddington, of Newport.....May, 1674, to May, 1676.
Walter Clarke, of Newport.....May, 1676, to May, 1677.
[1]Benedict Arnold, of Newport.....May, 1677, to June 20, 1678.
[1]William Coddington.....Aug. 28, 1678, to Nov. 1, 1678.
[1]John Cranston, of Newport.....Nov. 8, 1678, to Mar. 12, 1680.
Peleg Sanford, of Newport.....Mar. 16, 1680, to May, 1683.
Wm. Coddington, Jr., of Newport..May, 1683, to May, 1685.
Henry Bull, of Newport.....May, 1685, to May, 1686.
[2]Walter Clarke, of Newport.....May, 1686, to June 29, 1686.
Henry Bull, of Newport.....Feb. 27, to May 7, 1690.
John Easton, of Newport.....May, 1690, to May, 1695.

[1] Died in office.

[2] The Charter was suspended, by Sir Edmund Andros, till 1689. The deputy governor, John Coggeshall, acted as governor on the resumption of the Charter, Governor Clarke refusing to serve.

[1]Caleb Carr, of Newport..... ...May, 1695, to Dec. 17, 1695.
Walter Clarke, of Newport.... ...Jan., 1696, to March, 1698.
[1]Samuel Cranston, of Newport.....Mar., 1698, to April 26, 1727.
Joseph Jencks, of Providence.....May, 1727, to May, 1732.
[1]William Wanton, of Newport.... May, 1732, to Dec., 1733.
[1]John Wanton, of Newport.....May, 1734, to July 5, 1740.
Richard Ward, of Newport..... July 15, 1740, to May, 1743.
William Greene, of Warwick.....May, 1743, to May, 1745.
Gideon Wanton, of Newport.....May, 1745, to May, 1746.
William Greene, of Warwick .....May, 1746, to May, 1747.
Gideon Wanton, of Newport.....May, 1747, to May, 1748.
William Greene, of Warwick .. ..May, 1748, to May, 1755.
Stephen Hopkins, of Providence...May, 1755, to May, 1757.
[1]William Greene, of Warwick.....May, 1757, to Feb. 22, 1758.
Stephen Hopkins, of Providence...Mar. 14, 1758, to May, 1762.
Samuel Ward, of Westerly.....May, 1762, to May, 1763.
Stephen Hopkins, of Providence. .May, 1763, to May, 1765.
Samuel Ward, of Westerly.....May, 1765, to May, 1767.
Stephen Hopkins, of Providence...May, 1767, to May, 1768.
Josias Lyndon, of Newport. .....May, 1768, to May, 1769.
Joseph Wanton, of Newport.....1769 to Nov. 7, 1775. Deposed.
Nicholas Cooke, of Providence.....Nov., 1775, to May, 1778.
William Greene, of Warwick.....May, 1778, to 1786.
John Collins, of Newport.....May, 1786, to 1790.
Arthur Fenner, of Providence.....May, 1790, to Oct. 15, 1805.[2]
James Fenner, of Providence .. ..May, 1807, to 1811.
William Jones, of Providence.. . .May, 1811, to 1817.
[3]Nehemiah R. Knight, of Prov....May, 1817, to Jan. 9, 1821.
William C. Gibbs, of Newport.....May, 1821, to 1824.
James Fenner, of Providence.....May, 1824, to 1831.
[4]Lemuel H. Arnold, of Providence.....1831 to 1833.
John Brown Francis, of Warwick.... .. ..1833 to 1838.

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[1] Died in office.

[2] Paul Mumford, deputy governor, died in office. Henry Smith, first senator, officiated as Governor. In 1806, no election of Governor; Isaac Wilbour, lieutenant-governor, officiated.

[3] Elected United States Senator, Jan. 9, 1821, for unexpired term of James Burrill, Jr., deceased.

[4] In 1832, no election of governor, lieutenant-governor, or senators. Elections were successively ordered for May 16, July 18, Aug. 28, and Nov. 21, 1832, resulting without choice. At the January session, 1833, the officers who had not been re-elected in 1832 were continued in office, until the next session.

[1]William Sprague, of Warwick.....1838 to 1839.
Samuel Ward King, of Johnston.....1840 to 1843.

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION. (Adopted in 1842)

James Fenner, of Providence..... 1843 to 1845.
Charles Jackson, of Providence.....1845 to 1846.
Byron Diman, of Bristol.....1846 to 1847.
Elisha Harris, of Coventry.....1847 to 1849.
Henry B. Anthony, of Providence.....1849 to 1851.
[2]Philip Allen, of Providence.....1851 to 1853.
Francis M. Dimond, of Bristol.....July 20, 1853 to 1854.
William Warner Hoppin, of Providence.....1854 to 1857.
Elisha Dyer, of Providence.....1857 to 1859.
Thomas G Turner, of Warren.....1859 to 1860.
Wm. Sprague, of Providence, 1860, to Mar. 3, 1863. Resigned.
[3]William C. Cozzens, of Newport, Mar. 3, 1863, to May, 1863.
James Y. Smith, of Providence.....1863 to 1866.
Ambrose E. Burnside, of Providence.....1866 to 1869.
Seth Padelford, of Providence.....1869 to 1873.
Henry Howard, of Coventry.....1873 to 1875.
Henry Lippitt, of Providence.....1875 to 1877.
Charles C. Van Zandt, of Newport.....1877 to 1880.
Alfred H. Littlefield, of Lincoln.....1880 to 1883.
Augustus O. Bourn, of Bristol.....1883 to 1885.
George Peabody Wetmore, of Newport.....1885 to 1887.
John W. Davis, of Pawtucket.....1887 to 1888.
Royal C. Taft, of Providence.....1888 to 1889.
Herbert W. Ladd, of Providence.....1889 to 1890.
John W. Davis, of Pawtucket.....1890 to 1891.
Herbert W. Ladd, of Providence.....1891 to 1892.
D. Russell Brown, of Providence.....1892 to 1895.
Charles Warren Lippitt, of Providence..... 1895 to 1897.
Elisha Dyer, of Providence.....1897 to 1900
William Gregory, of North Kingstown... 1900 to Dec. 16, 1901.
Charles Dean Kimball, of Providence.....Dec. 16, 1901 to 1903.
Lucius F. C. Garvin, of Cumberland.....1903 to 1905.
George H. Utter, of Westerly.....1905 to

[1] In 1839, no election of governor, or lieutenant-governor; Samuel Ward King was first senator and acting-governor.

[2] Resigned July 20, 1853, having been elected United States senator, May 4, 1853. Francis M. Dimond, lieutenant-governor, officiated.

[3] Governor Sprague resigned March 3, 1863, to accept the office of United States senator; and lieutenant-governor Arnold having been previously elected to the senate of the United States to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of James F Simmons, Mr. Cozzens became governor by virtue of his office as president of the state senate.

Deputy Governors.

Of *Aquedneck*, Wm. Brenton, March 12, 1640, to May 19, 1647.

From 1647 to 1663, the Colony was governed by a president, with four assistants.

William Brenton, of Newport.....Nov. 1663, to May, 1666.
Nicholas Easton, of Newport.....May, 1666, to May, 1669.
John Clarke, of Newport .....May, 1669, to May, 1670.
Nicholas Easton, of Newport.....May, 1670, to May, 1671.
John Clarke, of Newport.....May, 1671, to May, 1672.
John Cranston, of Newport.....May, 1672, to May, 1673.
William Coddington, of Newport..May, 1673, to May, 1674.
John Easton, of Newport.....May, 1674, to April, 1676.
[1]John Cranston, of Newport.....May, 1676, to Nov. 8, 1678.
James Barker, of Newport..... Nov., 1678, to May, 1679.
Walter Clarke, of Newport.....,May, 1679, to May, 1686.
John Coggeshall, of Newport.....May to June, 1686.

(Charter suspended, 1686 to 1689.)

John Coggeshall, of Newport.....May 1, 1689, to May, 1690.
John Greene, of Warwick.... ....May, 1690, to May, 1700.
[2]Walter Clarke, of Newport.....May, 1700, to May 22, 1714.
Henry Tew, of Newport... .....June 15, 1714, to May, 1715.
Joseph Jencks, of Providence.....May, 1715, to May, 1721.
John Wanton, of Newport.....May, 1721, to May, 1722.
Joseph Jencks, of Providence .....May, 1722, to May, 1727.
[2]Jonathan Nichols, of Newport....May to Aug. 2, 1727.
Thomas Frye, of East Greenwich..Aug., 1727, to May, 1729.
John Wanton, of Newport.... ...May, 1729, to May, 1734.
[2]George Hassard, of So. Kingstown.May, 1734, to June, 1738.
Daniel Abbott, of Providence. ....July 5, 1738, to May, 1740.

[1]Elected Governor, Nov. 8, 1678, in place of William Coddington, deceased.
[2]Died in office.

[1]Richard Ward, of Newport.....May to July, 1740.
William Greene, of Newport .....July 15, 1740, to May, 1743.
Joseph Whipple, of Newport.....May, 1743, to May, 1745.
William Robinson, of S. Kingstown.May, 1745, to May, 1746.
Joseph Whipple, of Newport.....May, 1746, to May, 1747.
William Robinson, of S. Kingstown.May, 1747, to May, 1748.
William Ellery, of Newport.....May, 1748, to May, 1750.
Robert Hazard, of S. Kingstown..May, 1750, to May, 1751.
[2]Joseph Whipple, of Newport.....May, 1751, to Nov. 2, 1753.
Jonathan Nichols, Jr., of Newport.Nov. 2, 1753, to May, 1754.
John Gardner, of Newport.....May, 1754, to May, 1755.
[3]Jonathan Nichols, Jr., of Newport.May, 1755, to Sept. 8, 1756.
[3]John Gardner, of Newport.....Sept., 1756, to Jan., 1764.
Joseph Wanton, Jr., of Newport..Feb. 27,1764, to May, 1765.
Elisha Brown, of N. Providence...May, 1765, to May, 1767.
Joseph Wanton, Jr., of Newport..May, 1767, to May, 1768.
Nicholas Cooke, of Providence... May, 1768, to May, 1769.
Darius Sessions, of Providence....May, 1769, to May, 1775.
Nicholas Cooke, of Providence....May, 1775, to Nov. 7, 1775.
William Bradford, of Bristol.....Nov., 1775, to May, 1778.
Jabez Bowen, of Providence.....May, 1778, to May, 1780.
William West, of Scituate.....May, 1780, to May, 1781.
Jabez Bowen, of Providence.....May, 1781, to May, 1786.
Daniel Owen, of Glocester.....May, 1786, to May, 1790.
Samuel J. Potter, of S. Kingstown.May, 1790, to Feb., 1799.

The title was now changed to lieutenant-governor.

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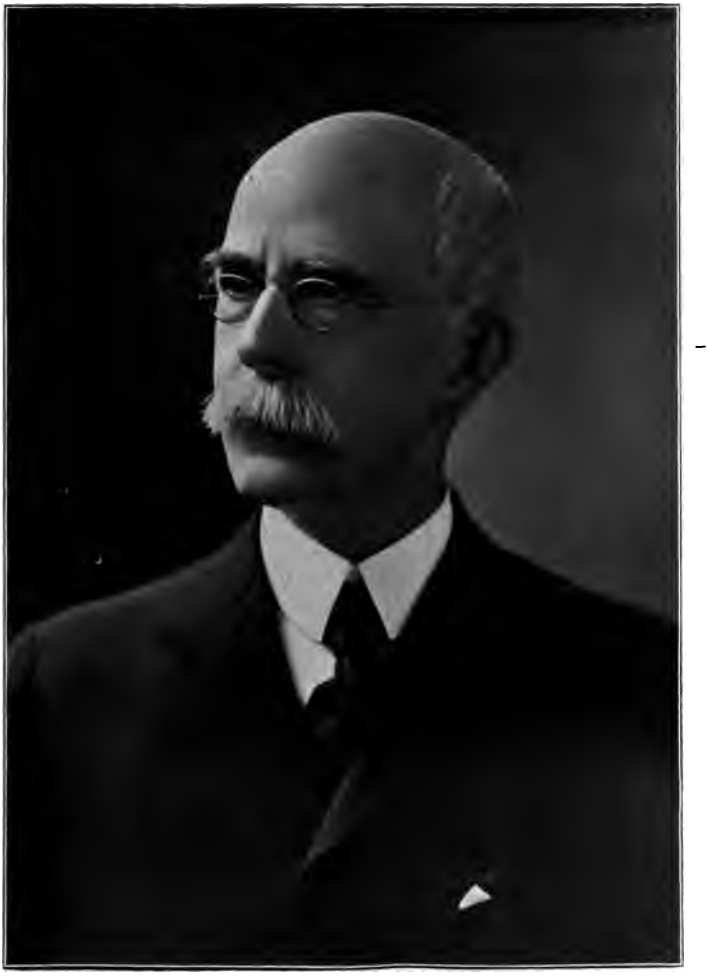
[1]Elected Governor, July 15, 1740, in place of John Wanton, deceased.

[2]Resigned.

[3]Died in office.



Lieutenant Governor.

Lieutenant-Governors.

Samuel J. Potter, of South Kingstown.....Feb. to May, 1799.
George Brown, of South Kingstown.....1799 to 1800.
Samuel J. Potter, of South Kingstown .....1800 to 1803.
[1]Paul Mumford, of Newport.....1803 to 1805.
Isaac Wilbour, of Little Compton.....1806 to 1807.
Constant Taber, of Newport.....1807 to 1808.
Simeon Martin, of Newport.....1808 to 1810.
Isaac Wilbour, of Little Compton.....1810 to 1811.
Simeon Martin, of Newport.....1811 to 1816.
Jeremiah Thurston, of Hopkinton.....1816 to 1817.
Edward Wilcox, of Charlestown ... .1817 to 1821.
Caleb Earle, of Providence.....1821 to 1824.
[2]Charles Collins, of Newport.....1824 to 1832.
Jeffrey Hazard, of Exeter..... ... ...1833 to 1835.
George Engs, of Newport.....1835 to 1836
Jeffrey Hazard, of Exeter.... ....1836 to 1837.
Benjamin B. Thurston, of Hopkinton.....1837 to 1838.
[3]Joseph Childs, of Portsmouth ....1838 to 1839.
Byron Diman, of Bristol.....1840 to 1842.
Nathaniel Bullock, of Bristol.... ....1842 to 1843.
Byron Diman, of Bristol.... ... .1843 to 1846
Elisha Harris, of Coventry..... .....1846 to 1847.
Edward W. Lawton, of Newport.....1847 to 1849.
Thomas Whipple, of Coventry.....1849 to 1851.
William Beach Lawrence, of Newport. .....1851 to 1852.
Samuel G. Arnold, of Providence.....1852 to 1853.
Francis M. Dimond, of Bristol..... ...1853 to 1854
John J. Reynolds, of North Kingstown.....1854 to 1855

[1]Died in office.

[2]In 1832, no election of lieutenant-governor. (See note on page 75.)

[3]In 1839, no election of lieutenant-governor.

Charles O. Burnett

Secretary of State.

Anderson C. Rose, of New Shoreham.....1855 to 1856
Nicholas Brown, of Warwick.....1856 to 1857
Thomas G. Turner, of Warren.....1857 to 1859
Isaac Saunders, of Scituate.....1859 to 1860
J. Russell Bullock, of Bristol.....1860 to 1861
[1]Samuel G. Arnold, of Middletown.....1861 to 1862
Seth Padelford, of Providence.....1863 to 1865
Duncan C. Pell, of Newport.....1865 to 1866
William Greene, of Warwick.....1866 to 1868
Pardon W. Stevens, of Newport .....1868 to 1872
Charles R. Cutler, of Warren..... .1872 to 1873
Charles C. Van Zandt, of Newport.....1873 to 1875
Henry T. Sisson, of Little Compton.....1875 to 1877
Albert C. Howard, of East Providence.....1877 to 1880
Henry H. Fay, of Newport.....1880 to 1883
Oscar J. Rathbun, of Woonsocket.....1883 to 1885
Lucius B. Darling, of Pawtucket.....1885 to 1887
Samuel R. Honey, of Newport.....1887 to 1888
Enos Lapham, of Warwick... .....1888 to 1889
Daniel G. Littlefield, of Lincoln.....1889 to 1890
William T. C. Wardwell, of Bristol.....1890 to 1891
Henry A. Stearns, of Lincoln..... ... .1891 to 1892
Melville Bull, of Middletown.....1892 to 1894
Edwin R. Allen, of Hopkinton.....1894 to 1897
Aram J. Pothier, of Woonsocket..... .....1897 to 1898
William Gregory, of North Kingstown.....1898 to 1900
Charles Dean Kimball, of Providence.....1900 to Dec. 16, 1901
George L. Shepley, of Providence .....Feb. 18, 1902 to 1903
Adelard Archambault, of Woonsocket .....1903 to 1904
George H. Utter, of Westerly. .....1904 to 1905
Frederick H. Jackson, of Providence..... 1905 to

[1] Elected United States senator, Sept. 5, 1862, to fill vacancy caused by resignation of James F. Simmons.

Charles O. Burnett

Secretary of State.

Secretaries of State.

List of persons who have held the office of Recording Secretary and Secretary of State from 1640 to the present time.

William Dyre elected clerk in 1638, and secretary of Portsmouth and Newport, March 12, 1640. Held office until May 19. 1647.

UNDER THE PARLIAMENTARY PATENT.

General Recorders.

William Dyre, Newport.....May 19, 1647, to May 16, 1648.
Philip Shearman, Portsmouth..May 16, 1648, to the separation.

PROVIDENCE AND WARWICK.

John Greene, Jr., Warwick.....Feb., 1652, to May, 1654.

PORTSMOUTH AND NEWPORT.

William Lytherland, Newport.....May, 1653, to May, 1654.

UNION OF THE FOUR TOWNS.

Joseph Torrey, Newport.....May, 1654, to Sept., 1654.
William Lytherland, Newport.... ...Sept., 1654, to May, 1656.
John Sanford, Portsmouth.....May, 1656, to May, 1661.
Joseph Torrey, Newport.....May, 1661, to Nov., 1663.

UNDER THE ROYAL CHARTER OF CHARLES II., 1663.

Joseph Torrey, Newport.....Nov. 26, 1663, to May, 1666.
John Sanford, Portsmouth.....1666 to 1669.
Joseph Torrey, Newport.....1669 to 1671.
John Sanford, Portsmouth.....1671 to 1676.
John Coggeshall, Newport.....1676 to 1677.
John Sanford, Portsmouth.....1677 to 1686.

(Charter suspended until 1689.)

Weston Clarke, Newport.....1690 to 1691
John Coggeshall, Newport.....May, 1691, to Aug., 1692.
[1]John Easton, Newport.....Aug., 1692, to —— ——
Weston Clarke, Newport.....July, 1695, to May, 1714.
Richard Ward, Newport.....1714 to 1730.

Secretaries.

Richard Ward, Newport.....1730 to 1733.
[2]Thomas Martin, Newport.....May, 1733, to Feb., 1746.
[2]Thomas Ward, Newport.....Feb., 1746, to Dec., 1760
[2]Henry Ward, Newport.....Dec., 1760, to Oct., 1797.
Samuel Eddy, Providence.....Dec., 1797, to May, 1819.
Henry Bowen, Providence.....1819 to 1843.

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

Henry Bowen, Providence.....1843 to 1849.
Christopher E. Robbins, Providence.....1849 to 1851.
Asa Potter, South Kingstown.....1851 to 1854
William R. Watson, Providence.....1854 to 1855.
John R. Bartlett, Providence.....1855 to 1872
Joshua M. Addeman, Providence.....1872 to 1887.
Edwin D. McGuinness, Providence.....1887 to 1888.
Samuel H. Cross, Westerly.....1888 to 1890.
Edwin D. McGuinness, Providence.....1890 to 1891.
George H. Utter, Westerly.....1891 to 1894.
Charles P. Bennett, Providence.....1894 to

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[1] The records are incomplete from August, 1692, to July, 1695.

[2] Died in office.

Wm. B. Greenough

Attorney General.

Attorneys-General.

UNDER THE PATENT.

In May, 1650, the offices of "Atturney Generall for the Colonie" and "Solicitor" were created.

William Dyre, Newport, Gen'l Att'y.....May 23, 1650, to 1651.
Hugh Buitt, Solicitor.....May 20, 1650, to 1651.

In 1651 occurred the separation between the Island towns and those on the main land. No Attorney-General was elected for the latter.

PORTSMOUTH AND NEWPORT.

John Easton, Newport.....May 17, 1653, to May 16, 1654.

UNION RE-ESTABLISHED.

John Cranston, Newport.....May 16, 1654, to May 20, 1656.
John Easton, Newport.....May 20, 1656, to May 19, 1657.
John Greene, Jr., Warwick.....May 19, 1657, to May 22, 1660.
John Easton, Newport .....May 22, 1660, to May 22, 1663.
John Sanford, Portsmouth.....May 22, 1663, to Nov. 25, 1663.

UNDER THE ROYAL CHARTER OF CHARLES II., 1663.

General Attorneys.

John Sanford, Portsmouth.....Nov. 26, 1663, to May 4, 1664.
John Easton, Newport..... May 4, 1664, to May 4, 1670.
John Sanford, Portsmouth..... .. ..May, 1670, to 1671.
Joseph Torrey, Newport.....May, 1671, to 1672.
John Easton, Newport..... ....1672 to 1674.
Peter Easton, Newport..... .....1674 to 1676.

Weston Clarke, Newport.....1676 to 1677.
Edward Richmond, Newport.....1677 to 1680.
Weston Clarke, Newport.....1680 to 1681.
Edmund Calverly, Warwick.....1681 to 1682.
John Pococke, Newport.....1682 to 1683.
Weston Clarke, Newport.....1683 to 1684.
John Pococke, Newport.....1684 to 1685.
Weston Clarke, Newport.....1685 to 1686.
[1]John Williams, Newport, (?).....1686 to ——
[2]John Pococke, Newport.....1690 to ——
John Smith, Warwick.....1696 to 1698.
John Pococke, Newport.....1698 to 1700.
John Rhodes, Warwick.....1700 to 1701.
John Pococke, Newport.....1701 to 1702.
Nathaniel Dyre, Newport.....1702 to 1704.
Joseph Sheffield, Newport.....1704 to 1706.
Simon Smith, Warwick.....1706 to 1712.
Richard Ward, Newport.....1712 to 1713.
John Hammett, Newport.....1713 to 1714.
Weston Clarke, Newport.....1714 to 1721.
Henry Bull, Newport.....1721 to 1722.
Daniel Updike, North Kingstown.....1722 to 1732.
James Honeyman, Jr., Newport.....May, 1732, to Dec., 1740.

In December, 1740, the act providing for the election of an attorney-general was repealed, and a king's attorney directed to be chosen for each county.

King's Attorneys.

James Honeyman, Newport county.....1741 to 1743.
John Walton, Providence county.....1741 to 1742.
[3]Daniel Updike, King's county.....1741 to 1743.
John Andrew, Providence county.....1742 to 1743.

In September, 1742, the act was repealed, and provision made for the election of one attorney-general only.

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[1] Charter suspended.

[2] Gap in the records.

[3] Name since changed to Washington county.

Attorneys-General.

Daniel Updike, North Kingstown..... 1743 to 1758.
Augustus Johnson, Newport.....1758 to 1766.
Oliver Arnold, Providence.....1766 to 1771.
Henry Marchant, Newport.....1771 to 1777.
William Channing, Newport .....1777 to 1787.
Henry Goodwin, Newport.....1787 to 1789.
David Howell, Providence.....1789 to 1790.
Daniel Updike, North Kingstown.....1790 to 1791.
[1]William Channing, Newport.....1791 to 1793.
[2]Ray Greene, Providence.....May, 1794, to Oct., 1797.
James Burrill, Jr., Providence..... ...Oct., 1797, to May, 1814.
Samuel W. Bridgham, Providence.....1814 to 1817.
Henry Bowen, Providence.....1817 to 1819.
Dutee J. Pearce.....1819 to 1825.
Albert C. Greene, East Greenwich.....1825 to 1843.

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

(Adopted in 1842.)

Joseph M. Blake, Bristol.....1843 to 1851.
Walter S. Burges, Cranston.....1851 to 1851.
Christopher Robinson, Cumberland.....1854 to 1855.
Charles Hart, Providence.....1855 to Jan. 1858. Resigned.
Jerome B. Kimball, Providence.....Jan. 29, 1858, to 1860.
Walter S. Burges, Cranston.....1860 to 1863.
Abraham Payne, Providence.....1863 to 1864.
Horatio Rogers, Jr., Providence.....1864 to 1867.
Willard Sayles, Providence.....1867 to 1882.
Samuel P. Colt, Bristol.....1882 to 1886.
Edwin Metcalf, Providence.....1886 to 1887.
Ziba O. Slocum, Providence.....1887 to 1888.
Horatio Rogers, Providence.....1888 to 1889.
Ziba O. Slocum, Providence.....1889 to 1891.
Robert W. Burbank, Providence.....1891 to 1894.
Edward C. Dubois, East Providence.....1894 to 1897.
Willard B. Tanner, Providence.....1897 to 1901.
Charles F. Stearns, Providence.....1901 to 1905.
William B. Greenough, Providence.....1905 to

[1] Died in Newport, Sept. 17, 1793.
[2] Resigned, having been elected United States senator.

Assistant Attorneys-General.

Ira O. Seamans, Warwick.....Mar. 19, 1874, to Mar. 19, 1877.
Edmund S. Hopkins, Prov.....Mar. 19, 1877, to Mar. 19, 1879.
Samuel P. Colt, Bristol.....Mar. 19, 1879, to May 30, 1882.
Benj. M. Bosworth, Jr., Warrren.May 30, 1882, to Mar. 19, 1885.
Chas. C. Mumford, Providence...July 1, 1885, to May 27, 1886.
Walter F. Angell, Providence.....May 28, 1886, to 1887.
Clarence A. Aldrich, Providence.....1887 to 1888.
Robert W. Burbank, Providence.....1888 to 1889.
Clarence A. Aldrich, Providence.....1889 to 1891.
Willard B. Tanner, Pawtucket .....1891 to 1894.
Henry J. Dubois, Providence.....1894 to 1897.
Charles F. Stearns, Providence.....1897 to 1901.
William B. Greenough, Providence .....1901 to 1905.
James C. Collins, Jr., North Providence.....1905 to

Walter A. Read

General Treasurer.

General Treasurers.

BEFORE THE PARLIAMENTARY PATENT.

PORTSMOUTH AND NEWPORT.

Treasurers.

Robert Jeoffreys,)
William Balston, (.....Mar. 12, 1640, to Mar. 16, 1641.
Robert Jeoffreys..... ...Mar. 16, 1641, to Mar. 16, 1642.

NEWPORT.

Robert Jeoffreys.....Mar. 16, 1641, to Mar. 13, 1644.
Jeremy Clarke.....Mar. 13, 1644, to May 19, 1647.

PORTSMOUTH.

Thomas Spicer.....Mar. 16, 1642, to ————

UNDER THE PARLIAMENTARY PATENT.

General Treasurers.

Jeremy Clarke, Newport .....May 19, 1647, to May 22, 1649.
John Clarke, Newport.....May 22, 1649, to the separation.

PROVIDENCE AND WARWICK.

Randall Holden, Warwick.....May, 1652, to May, 1654.

PORTSMOUTH AND NEWPORT.

John Coggeshall, Newport.....May 17, 1653, to May 16, 1654

UNION RE-ESTABLISHED.

John Coggeshall, Newport .....May, 1654, to Sept. 12, 1654.
Richard Burden, Portsmouth....Sept. 12, 1654, to May 22, 1655.
John Sanford, Portsmouth.....May 22, 1655, to May 21, 1661.
Caleb Carr, Newport.....May 21, 1661, to May 22, 1662.
John Sanford, Portsmouth.....May 22, 1662, to Nov. 25, 1663.

UNDER THE ROYAL CHARTER OF CHARLES II.

John Sanford, Portsmouth.....Nov. 26, 1663, to May 4, 1664.
John Coggeshall, Newport.....1664 to 1672.
Peter Easton, Newport.....1672 to 1677.
Thomas Ward, Newport.....1677 to 1678.
Peleg Sanford, Newport .....1678 to 1681.
Weston Clarke, Newport.....1681 to 1685.
[1]John Woodman, Newport.....1685 to 1686.
John Holmes, Newport.....February, 1690, to May, 1703.
William Hiscock, Newport.....1703 to 1705.
Nathaniel Sheffield, Newport.....1705 to 1708.
John Holmes, Newport.....1708 to 1709.
Edward Thurston, Newport.....1709 to 1714.
Joseph Borden, Portsmouth.....1714 to 1730.
Abraham Borden, Newport.....1730 to 1733.
Gideon Wanton, Newport.....1733 to 1743.
John Gardner, Newport.....1743 to 1748.
Thomas Richardson, Newport.....1748 to 1761.
Joseph Clarke, Newport.....1761 to 1792. Died.
Henry Sherburne, Newport.....October, 1792, to May, 1808.
Constant Taber, Newport.....1808 to 1811.
William Ennis, Newport.....1811 to 1817.
Thomas G. Pitman, Newport.....1817 to 1832.
John Sterne, Newport.....1832 to 1838.
William S. Nichols, Newport.....1838 to 1839.
John Sterne, Newport .....1839 to 1840.
Stephen Cahoone, Newport .....1840 to 1843.

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

Stephen Cahoone, Newport.....1843 to 1851.
Edwin Wilbur, Newport .....1851 to 1854.

[1]At this date the charter was suspended by Sir Edmund Andros.

Samuel B. Vernon, Newport.....1854 to 1855.
Samuel A. Parker, Newport.....1855 to 1866.
George W. Tew, Newport.....May, 1866, to March, 1868.
Samuel A. Parker, Newport..Mar. 1868, to Feb. 4, 1872. Died.
Samuel Clark, Lincoln.....Feb. 15, 1872, to 1887.
John G. Perry, South Kingstown.....1887 to 1888.
Samuel Clark, Lincoln.....1888 to 1890.
John G. Perry, South Kingstown.....1890 to 1891.
Samuel Clark, Lincoln.....1891 to Dec. 27, 1897. Died.
Clinton D. Sellew, Providence...Dec. 28, 1897, to May 31, 1898.
Walter A. Read, Glocester.....1898 to

State Auditors.

William R. Staples, Providence.....March 7, to May, 1856.
William R. Watson, Providence.....1856 to 1863.
James C. Collins, North Providence.....1863 to 1868.
Joel M. Spencer, Coventry.....1868 to 1882.
Samuel H. Cross, Westerly.....1882 to 1887.
Elisha W. Bucklin, Pawtucket.....1887 to 1888.
Almon K. Goodwin, Pawtucket.....1888 to 1889.
William C. Townsend, Newport.....1889 to 1890.
Elisha W. Bucklin, Pawtucket.....1890 to 1891.
Albert C. Landers, Newport.....1891 to Jan. 16, 1899.
Charles C. Gray, Providence.....Jan. 16, 1899 to

Commissioners of Public Schools.

Henry Barnard, of Hartford, Conn.....1845 to 1849.
Elisha R. Potter, South Kingstown.....1849 to 1854.
Robert Allyn, East Greenwich.....1854 to 1857.
John Kingsbury, Providence.....1857 to 1859.
Joshua B. Chapin, Barrington.....1859 to 1861.
Henry Rousmaniere, Warwick.....1861 to 1863.
Joshua B. Chapin, Barrington.....1863 to 1869.
Thomas W. Bicknell, Barrington.....1869 to 1875.
Thomas B. Stockwell, Providence.....1875 to

Before the office of Commissioner of Public Schools was created, there was an "Agent" who performed these duties, which office was filled by Mr. Barnard.

General Assembly.

SPEAKERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[1]HOUSE OF DEPUTIES.

Jonathan Holmes, Newport	Oct.,	1696,	to Oct.,	1698.
Joseph Jencks, Jr., Providence	Oct.,	1698,	to Feb.,	1699.
Benjamin Newbery, Newport	Feb.,	1699,	to April,	1700.
Jonathan Holmes, Newport	April,	1700,	to May,	1703.
Jonathan Spreage, Providence	May,	1703,	to Oct.,	1703.
Benjamin Barton, Warwick	Oct.,	1703,	to May,	1704.
Edward Greenman, Kings Town	May,	1704,	to Oct.,	1704.
John Dexter, Providence	Oct.,	1704,	to May,	1705.
William Wanton, Newport	May,	1705,	to May,	1706.
Benjamin Arnold, Newport	May,	1706,	to Feb.,	1707.
John Wanton, Newport	Feb.,	1707,	to May,	1707.
Joseph Jencks, Providence	May 6,	1707,	to May 28,	1707.
James Greene, Warwick	May,	1707,	to Oct.,	1707.
Richard Arnold, Providence	Oct.,	1707,	to May,	1708.
Joseph Jencks, Providence	May,	1708,	to Oct.,	1708.
William Wanton, Newport	Oct.,	1708,	to May,	1709.
Simon Smith, Warwick	May,	1709,	to Oct.,	1709.
Abraham Anthony, Portsmouth	Oct.,	1709,	to May,	1710.
John Wanton, Newport	May,	1710,	to Oct.,	1710.
William Wanton, Newport	Oct.,	1710,	to Nov.,	1711.
James Greene, Warwick	Nov.,	1711,	to Feb.,	1712.
John Spencer, Greenwich	Feb.,	1712,	to May,	1712.
Ebenezer Slocum, Jamestown	May,	1712,	to May,	1713.
John Wanton, Newport	May,	1713,	to Oct.,	1713.

[1]Previous to the year 1696, the House of Deputies was organized by the election of the governor, or deputy governor, as moderator of the body, the governor more generally performing the duties. A speaker was first chosen in 1696. In the schedule of June, 1797, the title of "Deputies" was changed to "Representatives" from the several towns.

Thomas Fry, East Greenwich.....Oct., 1713, to Oct., 1714.
Randall Holden, Warwick.....Oct., 1714, to May, 1715.
William Wanton, Newport .....May, 1715, to Oct., 1715.
William Hopkins, Providence.....Oct., 1715, to May, 1716.
John Cranston, Newport.....May, 1716, to Oct., 1716.
William Wanton, Newport.....Oct., 1716, to Oct., 1717.
Thomas Fry, East Greenwich.....Oct., 1717, to May, 1718.
William Wanton, Newport.....May, 1718, to Oct., 1718.
Nathaniel Sheffield, Newport .. ...Oct., 1718, to May, 1719.
William Wanton, Newport.....May, 1719, to May, 1722.
Thomas Fry, East Greenwich.....May, 1722, to Oct., 1722.
William Coddington, Newport.....Oct., 1722, to Feb., 1723.
William Wanton, Newport.....Feb., 1723, to May, 1724.
William Coddington, Newport.....May 5, 1724, to May 6, 1724.
Thomas Fry, East Greenwich.....May, 1724, to Oct., 1724.
William Coddington, Newport.....Oct., 1724, to Oct., 1725.
Thomas Fry, East Greenwich.....Oct., 1725, to May, 1726.
William Coddington, Newport.....May, 1726, to Oct., 1726.
Jeremiah Gould, North Kingstown..Oct., 1726, to Aug., 1727.
Thomas Fry, East Greenwich.....Aug., 1727, to Oct., 1727.
Job Greene, Warwick.....Oct., 1727, to April, 1728.
Henry Bull, Newport..... .....April, 1728, to Oct., 1728.
Joseph Whipple, Newport.....Oct., 1728, to Feb., 1729.
John Spencer, East Greenwich.....Feb., 1729, to May, 1729.
Samuel Clarke, Jamestown.....May, 1729, to Oct., 1729.
Thomas Fry, East Greenwich.....Oct., 1729, to May, 1730.
Samuel Clarke, Jamestown.....May, 1730, to Oct., 1731.
Jeremiah Gould, North Kingstown..Oct., 1731, to May, 1732.
Samuel Clarke, Jamestown .....May, 1732, to Oct., 1732.
George Hazard, South Kingstown...Oct., 1732, to May, 1733.
Jeremiah Gould, North Kingstown..May, 1733, to June, 1733.
George Hazard, South Kingstown...June, 1733, to July, 1733.
Jeremiah Gould, North Kingstown..July, 1733, to Oct., 1733.
Samuel Clarke, Jamestown.....Oct., 1733, to April, 1734.
Henry Bull, Newport.....April 30, 1734, to May, 1734.
William Greene, Warwick.... .....May, 1734, to Oct., 1734.
Samuel Clarke, Jamestown..... .Oct., 1734, to Oct., 1735.
William Robinson, So. Kingstown..Oct., 1735, to May, 1736.
Francis Willett, North Kingstown..May, 1736, to Oct., 1736.
Samuel Clarke, Jamestown.....Oct., 1736, to May, 1737.
Francis Willett, North Kingstown..May, 1737, to Oct., 1737.

Daniel Abbott, Providence.....Oct., 1737, to May, 1738.
Thomas Spenser, East Greenwich...May, 1738, to Oct., 1738.
Stephen Hopkins, Scituate.....Oct., 1738, to May, 1739.
Francis Willett, North Kingstown..May, 1739, to July, 1739.
William Greene, Warwick.....July, 1739, to Oct., 1739
Stephen Hopkins, Scituate..... .Oct., 1739, to May, 1740.
Samuel Clarke, Jamestown.....May, 1740, to May, 1741.
Stephen Hopkins, Scituate.....May, 1741, to June, 1741.
Joseph Whipple, *pro tem.*, Newport.June, 1741, to Aug., 1741.
Stephen Hopkins, Scituate.....Aug., 1741, to Oct., 1741.
William Robinson, So. Kingstown..Oct., 1741, to Oct., 1742.
Stephen Hopkins, Providence.....Oct., 1742, to May, 1743.
John Potter, Providence.....May, 1743, to Oct., 1743.
Joseph Stafford, Warwick.....Oct., 1743, to May, 1744.
Stephen Hopkins, Providence.....May, 1744, to Oct., 1744.
Peter Bours, Newport.....Oct., 1744, to Oct., 1746.
Jeremiah Niles, South Kingstown...Oct., 1746, to May, 1747.
Samuel Wickham, Newport.....May, 1747, to Oct., 1747.
Daniel Jencks, Providence.....Oct., 1747, to Oct., 1748.
Thomas Cranston, Newport..... Oct., 1748, to May, 1749.
Stephen Hopkins, Providence.....May, 1749, to Aug., 1749.
Joshua Babcock, Westerly.....Aug., 1749, to May, 1750.
Thomas Cranston, Newport.....May, 1750, to May, 1757.
Benjamin Wickham, Newport.....May, 1757, to Oct., 1757.
Peter Bours, Newport.....Oct., 1757, to May, 1759.
Joshua Babcock, Westerly.....May, 1759, to Oct., 1759.
Job Randall, Scituate.....Oct., 1759, to May, 1760.
Thomas Cranston, Newport.....May, 1760, to May, 1762.
Daniel Ayrault, Jr., Newport.....May, 1762, to Oct., 1762.
Philip Greene, Warwick.....Oct., 1762, to May, 1763.
John Dexter, Cumberland.....May, 1763, to May, 1764.
Daniel Ayrault, Jr., Newport. .....May, 1764, to Oct., 1764.
William Bradford, Bristol.....Oct., 1764, to Oct., 1765.
Richard Bailey, Richmond.....Oct., 1765, to May, 1766.
William Bradford, Bristol.....May, 1766, to Feb., 1767.
Metcalfe Bowler, *pro tem.*, Portsm'th.Feb., 1767, to May, 1767.
John Cole, Providence.....May, 1767, to Oct., 1767.
Metcalfe Bowler, Portsmouth.....Oct., 1767, to Nov., 1776.
William Greene, Warwick.....Nov., 1776, to May, 1778.
Joshua Babcock, Westerly.....May, 1778, to Sept., 1778.
Stephen Potter, Coventry .....Sept., 1778, to May, 1779.

Othniel Gorton, Warwick.. .....May, 1779, to May, 1780.
William Bradford, Bristol.....May, 1780, to June, 1780.
Welcome Arnold, Providence.....June, 1780, to July, 1780.
William Bradford, Bristol.....July, 1780, to Oct., 1786.
Othniel Gorton, Warwick.....Oct., 1786, to Oct., 1787.
William Bradford, Bristol.....Oct., 1787, to Feb., 1788.
Othniel Gorton, Warwick.....Feb., 1788, to Oct., 1788.
Joseph Stanton, Jr., Charlestown...Oct., 1788, to Oct., 1789.
William Bradford, Bristol.....Oct., 1789, to May, 1790.
Joseph Stanton, Jr., Charlestown...May, 1790, to Oct., 1790.
Welcome Arnold, Providence.....Oct., 1790, to May, 1791.
William Bradford, Bristol.....May, 1791, to May, 1793.
Welcome Arnold, Providence.....May, 1793, to June, 1793.
George Champlin, Newport.... ...June, 1793, to Oct., 1793.
Welcome Arnold, Providence... ...Oct., 1793, to May, 1795.
Joseph Stanton, Jr., Charlestown...May, 1795, to Oct., 1795.
Elisha R. Potter, South Kingstown.Oct., 1795, to Feb., 1797.
Joseph Stanton, Jr., Charlestown...Feb., 1797, to May, 1797.
George Champlin, Newport.....May, 1797, to June, 1797.
Archibald Crary, Newport.....June, 1797, to Oct., 1797.
George Champlin, Newport.....Oct., 1797, to Oct., 1798.
William Bradford, Bristol... .....Oct., 1798, to May, 1802.
Elisha R. Potter, South Kingstown.May, 1802, to Oct., 1802.
Constant Taber, Newport.....Oct., 1802, to Oct., 1805.
Isaac Wilbour, Little Compton.....Oct., 1805, to May, 1806
Elisha R. Potter, South Kingstown.May, 1806, to Feb., 1809.
William Jones, Providence.....Feb., 1809, to May, 1810.
Nathaniel Hazard, Newport.....May, 1810, to Oct., 1810.
William Jones, Providence..... .Oct., 1810, to May, 1811.
William Hunter, Newport.....May, 1811, to Feb., 1812.
James B. Mason, Providence.....Feb., 1812, to May, 1814.
James Burrill, Jr., Providence.....May, 1814, to Oct., 1816.
Benjamin Hazard, Newport.....Oct., 1816, to May, 1818.
Nathaniel Hazard, Middletown.....May, 1818, to May, 1819.
James D'Wolf, Bristol.....May, 1819, to Feb., 1821.
Albert C. Greene, East Greenwich..Feb., 1821, to May, 1821
Elisha Mathewson, Scituate.....May, 1821, to Oct., 1821.
Albert C. Greene, East Greenwich..Oct., 1821, to May, 1822.
Elisha Mathewson, Scituate.....May, 1822, to Oct., 1822.
Albert C. Greene, East Greenwich..Oct., 1822, to May, 1825.
Nathaniel Bullock, Bristol.....May, 1825, to May, 1826.

Samuel W. Bridgham, Providence..May, 1826, to Oct., 1826
Nathan B. Sprague, Smithfield.....Oct., 1826, to Oct., 1827.
Job Durfee, Tiverton.....Oct., 1827, to May, 1829.
Joseph L. Tillinghast, Providence..May, 1829, to Oct., 1832.
William Sprague, Jr., Warwick....Oct., 1832, to May, 1835.
Henry Y. Cranston, Newport.....May, 1835, to Oct., 1835.
Christopher Allen, North Kingstown.Oct., 1835, to Oct., 1836.
Samuel Y. Atwell, Glocester.....Oct., 1836, to Oct., 1837.
George Curtis, Providence.....Oct., 1837, to May, 1839.
Henry Y. Cranston, Newport.....May, 1839, to May, 1841.
Charles Jackson, Providence.....May, 1841, to May, 1842.
Richard K. Randolph, Newport.....May, 1842, to Oct., 1842.
Alfred Bosworth, Warren.....Oct., 1842, to May, 1844.
Samuel Ames, Providence .....1844 to 1845.
George G. King, Newport..... 1845 to 1846.
Robert B. Cranston, Newport..... .....1846 to 1847.
William S. Patten, Providence... ....1847 to 1848.
Sylvester G. Shearman, North Kingstown.....1848 to 1849.
James C. Hidden, Providence.....1849 to 1851.
Alfred Bosworth, Warren..... .....1851 to 1853.
Thomas Steere, Smithfield.....May, 1853, to Jan., 1854.
Benjamin F. Thurston, Providence..Jan., 1854, to May, 1854.
Henry Y. Cranston, Newport.....May, 1854, to Oct., 1854.
Sylvester G. Shearman, N. Kingst'n.Oct., 1854, to Jan., 1855.
Henry Y. Cranston, Newport. .....Jan., 1855, to May, 1855.
Benjamin Fessenden, Cumberland.....1855 to 1856.
Benjamin F. Thurston, Providence.....1856 to 1857.
Sullivan Ballou, Smithfield.....1857 to 1858.
Charles C. Van Zandt, Newport.....1858 to 1859.
Wingate Hayes, Providence.....1859 to 1860.
Cæsar A. Updike, Providence.....1860 to 1862.
Francis W. Miner, Cranston.....1862 to 1863.
Thomas Durfee, Providence.....1863 to 1864.
Benjamin F. Thurston, Providence..May, 1864, to Jan., 1865.
Alexander Farnum, Providence.....Jan., 1865, to May, 1865.
George L. Clarke, Providence... .....1865 to 1866.
Charles C. Van Zandt, Newport.....1866 to 1869.
Benjamin T. Eames, Providence.....1869 to 1870.
Amos C. Barstow, Providence..... ....1870 to 1871.
Charles C. Van Zandt, Newport.....1871 to 1873.
Edwin Metcalf, Providence.....1873 to 1874.

Edward L. Freeman, Lincoln.....1874 to 1876.
Nelson W. Aldrich, Providence... ..... 1876 to 1877.
Dexter B. Potter, Coventry... .....1877 to 1879.
Henry J. Spooner, Providence.... .....1879 to 1881.
John P. Sanborn, Newport.....May, 1881, to Nov., 1882.
Francello G. Jillson, Woonsocket...Jan., 1883, to May, 1885.
Ellery H. Wilson, East Providence.....1885 to 1887.
Charles E. Gorman, Providence..... .. 1887 to 1888.
George H. Utter, Westerly..... .....1888 to 1889.
Augustus S. Miller, Providence.... ....1889 to 1891.
Adin B. Capron, Smithfield.....1891 to 1893.
Franklin P. Owen, Scituate.....1893 to 1894.
Samuel W. K. Allen, East Greenwich... .....1894 to 1897.
J. Edward Studley, Providence.....1897 to 1898.
Frank E. Holden, Woonsocket..... .....1898 to 1901.
James H. Armington, East Providence.....1901 to 1903.
Joseph P. Burlingame, of Warwick .....1903 to

DEPUTY SPEAKERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Joseph P. Burlingame, of Warwick..... .....1901 to 1903.
Clarke H. Johnson, of Foster. ....1903 to 1904.
William I. Frost, of Tiverton.....1904 to 1905.
Arthur W. Dennis, of Providence. ....1905 to

Election Statistics.

Votes cast for the several candidates for Governor since 1797, so far as can be ascertained.

1797. Arthur Fenner elected. 1,204 proxies reported, "from which there are very few erasures."

1798–1800. Arthur Fenner annually elected.
(Number of votes not reported.)

1801.	For Arthur Fenner	3,756	
	(No other votes reported.)		
1802.	For Arthur Fenner	3,802	
	" William Greene	1,934	
			5,736
	Gov. Fenner's majority, 1,868.		

1803–1805. Arthur Fenner annually elected.
(Number of votes not reported.)

1806.	For Richard Jackson, Jr.	1,662	
	" Henry Smith	1,097	
	" Peleg Arnold	1,094	
	Scattering	6	
			3,859
	(No choice. Isaac Wilbour, lieutenant-governor elect, officiated as governor.)		
1807.	For James Fenner	2,564	
	" Seth Wheaton	1,268	
	Scattering	59	
			3,891
	Gov. Fenner's majority, 1,237.		

1808–1810. James Fenner annually elected.
(Number of votes not reported.)

1811.	For William Jones	3,885	
	" James Fenner	3,651	
	Scattering	62	
			7,598
	Gov. Jones' majority, 172.		
1812.	For William Jones	4,122	
	" James Fenner	3,874	
	Scattering	14	
			8,010
	Gov. Jones' majority, 234.		
1813.	For William Jones	3,350	
	(No opposition.)		
1814.	For William Jones	2,713	
	" others (not named)	829	
			3,542
	Gov. Jones' majority, 1,884.		
1815.	For William Jones	3,372	
	" Peleg Arnold	2,588	
			5,960
	Gov. Jones' majority, 784.		
1816.	For William Jones	3,591	
	" Nehemiah R. Knight	3,259	
			6,850
	Gov. Jones' majority, 332.		
1817.	For Nehemiah R. Knight	3,949	
	" William Jones	3,878	
	Scattering	3	
			7,830
	Gov. Knight's majority, 68.		
1818.	For Nehemiah R. Knight	4,509	
	" Elisha R. Potter	3,893	
			8,402
	Gov. Knight's majority, 616.		
1819.	Whole number of votes	2,664	
	Nehemiah R. Knight elected without opposition.		
1820.	Whole number of votes	1,981	
	Nehemiah R. Knight elected governor.		
	(His number of votes not reported.)		

1821.	For William C. Gilles	2,901	
	" Samuel W. Brinckerhoff (including wandering votes)	2,901	
			5,802
	Gen. Gilles majority 1 vote.		
1822.	Whole number of votes	5,102	
	William C. Gilles elected governor		
	His number of votes not specified.		
1823.	Whole number of votes	7,647	
	William C. Gilles elected governor		
	His number of votes not specified.		
1824.	For James Fenner	3,140	
	" Wheeler Martin	596	
	Scattering	11	
			3,751
	Gen. Fenner's majority 2,933.		
1825–1829.	Gen. James Fenner annually re-elected governor.		
	Number of votes not reported.		
1830.	For James Fenner	3,746	
	" Asa Messer	1,475	
	Scattering	293	
			4,514
	Gen. Fenner's majority 2,078.		
1831.	For Lemuel H. Arnold	3,791	
	" James Fenner	2,924	
	Scattering	8	
			6,723
	Gen. Arnold's majority 859.		
1832.	(Amendment to the Constitution providing for the election of Lieut.-Governor by the people.)	3,711	
	For [illegible]	2,859	
	" [illegible]	562	
	Scattering	8	
			3,784
	[illegible] Governor and Lieut.-Governor [illegible] Assembly. An election [illegible] Monday in May next.		

1832.	May 16.	For Lemuel H. Arnold.....	3,310	
		" James Fenner.....	2,954	
		" William Sprague.....	709	
		Scattering.....	12	
				6,994

(No choice for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor or Senators. Election ordered by the House for the 18th of July following.)

	July 18.	For Lemuel H. Arnold.....	2,721	
		" James Fenner.....	2,341	
		" William Sprague.....	792	
		Scattering.....	6	
				5,860

(No choice for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor or Senators. Election ordered by the House for the 28th of August following.)

	August 28.	For Lemuel H. Arnold.....	3,100	
		" James Fenner.....	2,747	
		" William Sprague.....	976	
		Scattering.....	2	
				6,825

(No choice for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor or Senators. Election ordered by the House for the 21st of November following.)

	November 21.	For Lemuel H. Arnold...	2,870	
		" James Fenner.....	2,226	
		" William Sprague....	811	
		Scattering.....	10	
				5,917

(No choice for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor or Senators. At the January Session, 1833, the officers not re-elected in 1832 were continued in office until the next session.)

1833.	For John Brown Francis	4,025	
	" Lemuel H. Arnold	3,272	
	Scattering	4	
			7,301
	Gov. Francis' majority, 749.		
1834.	For John Brown Francis	3,676	
	" Nehemiah R. Knight	3,520	
	Scattering	6	
			7,202
	Gov. Francis' majority, 150.		
1835.	For John Brown Francis	3,880	
	" Nehemiah R. Knight	3,774	
	Scattering	4	
			7,658
	Gov. Francis' majority, 102.		
1836.	For John Brown Francis	4,020	
	" Tristam Burges	2,984	
	" Charles Collins	135	
	Scattering	12	
			7,151
	Gov. Francis' majority, 889.		
1837.	For John Brown Francis	2,762	
	" William Peckham	946	
	Scattering	54	
			3,762
	Gov. Francis' majority, 1,762.		
1838.	For William Sprague	3,984	
	" John Brown Francis	3,504	
	Scattering	99	
			7,587
	Gov. Sprague's majority, 381.		
1839.	For William Sprague	2,908	
	" Nathaniel Bullock	2,771	
	" Tristam Burges	457	
	Scattering	37	
			6,173
	(No choice for Governor or Lieutenant-Governor. Samuel Ward King, first Senator, acted as Governor.)		

1840.	For Samuel Ward King	4,797	
	" Thomas F. Carpenter	3,418	
	Scattering	68	
			8,283
	Gov. King's majority, 1,311.		
1841.	For Samuel Ward King	2,648	
	Scattering	63	
			2,711
	Gov. King's majority, 2,585.		
1842.	For Samuel Ward King	4,864	
	" Thomas F. Carpenter	2,211	
	Scattering	5	
			7,080
	Gov. King's majority, 2,648.		
1843.	For James Fenner, ("Law and Order.")	9,107	
	" Thomas F. Carpenter, (Dem.)	7,392	
	Scattering	21	
			16,520
	Gov. Fenner's majority, 1,694.		
1844.	For James Fenner, ("Law and Order,")	5,560	
	Scattering	208	
			5,768
	Gov. Fenner's majority, 5,352.		
1845.	For Charles Jackson, ("Liberation.")	8,010	
	" James Fenner, ("Law and Order,")	7,800	
	Scattering	61	
			15,871
	Gov. Jackson's majority, 149.		
1846.	For Byron Diman, ("Law and Order.")	7,477	
	" Charles Jackson, (Dem. and "Liberation.")	7,389	
	Scattering	155	
			15,021
	(No choice. Byron Diman chosen by the General Assembly.)		

1847.	For Elisha Harris, (Whig)	6,300	
	" Olney Ballou, (Dem.)	4,350	
	Scattering	743	
			11,393
	Gov. Harris's majority, 1,207.		
1848.	For Elisha Harris, (Whig)	5,695	
	" Adnah Sackett, (Dem.)	3,683	
	Scattering	437	
			9,815
	Gov. Harris's majority, 1,575.		
1849.	For Henry B. Anthony, (Whig)	5,081	
	" Adnah Sackett, (Dem.)	2,964	
	" Edward Harris, (Free Soil)	458	
	Scattering	112	
			8,615
	Gov. Anthony's majority, 1,547.		
1850.	For Henry B. Anthony, (Whig)	3,668	
	" Edward Harris, (Free Soil)	753	
	Scattering	135	
			4,576
	Gov. Anthony's majority, 2,760.		
1851.	For Philip Allen, (Dem.)	6,935	
	" Josiah Chapin, (Whig)	6,106	
	" Edward Harris, (Free Soil)	183	
	Scattering	18	
			13,242
	Gov. Allen's majority, 628.		
1852.	For Philip Allen, (Dem.)	9,151	
	" Elisha Harris, (Whig)	8,749	
	Scattering	8	
			17,908
	Gov. Allen's majority, 394.		
1853.	For Philip Allen, (Dem.)	10,371	
	" William W. Hoppin, (Whig)	8,228	
	" Edward Harris, (Free Soil)	533	
	Scattering	16	
			19,148
	Gov. Allen's majority, 1,594.		

1854.	For William W. Hoppin, (Whig).....	9,216	
	" Francis M. Dimond, (Dem.).....	6,253	
	Scattering.....	217	
			15,956
	Gov. Hoppin's majority, 2,746.		
1855.	For Wm. W. Hoppin, (Whig and K. N.)..	11,130	
	" Americus V. Potter, (Dem.).....	2,729	
	Scattering.....	59	
			13,918
	Gov. Hoppin's majority, 8,342.		
1856.	For Wm. W. Hoppin, (Amer. and Rep.)..	9,865	
	" Americus V Potter, (Dem.).....	7,131	
	Scattering.....	27	
			17,013
	Gov. Hoppin's majority, 2,707.		
1857.	For Elisha Dyer, (Rep.).....	9,591	
	" Americus V. Potter, (Dem.).....	5,323	
	Scattering.....	18	
			14,932
	Gov. Dyer's majority, 4,250.		
1858.	For Elisha Dyer, (Rep.).....	7,934	
	" Elisha R. Potter, (Dem.).....	3,572	
	Scattering.....	8	
			11,514
	Gov. Dyer's majority, 4,354.		
1859.	For Thomas G. Turner, (Rep.).....	8,938	
	" Elisha R. Potter, (Dem.).....	3,536	
	Scattering.....	24	
			12,498
	Gov. Turner's majority, 5,378.		
1860.	For William Sprague, (Dem. and Conser.).	12,278	
	" Seth Padelford, (Rep.).....	10,740	
	Scattering.....	139	
			23,157
	Gov. Sprague's majority, 1,399.		
1861.	For William Sprague, (Union).....	12,005	
	" James Y. Smith, (Rep.).....	10,326	
	Scattering.....	18	
			22,349
	Gov. Sprague's majority, 1,661.		

1862.	For William Sprague, (Union).....	11,199	
	Scattering.....	65	
			11,264
	Gov. Sprague's majority, 11,134.		
1863.	For James Y. Smith, (Rep.).....	10,749	
	" William C. Cozzens, (Dem. and Con.).	7,672	
	Scattering.....	304	
			18,725
	Gov. Smith's majority, 2,773.		
1864.	For James Y. Smith, (Rep.).....	8,836	
	" George H. Browne, (Dem.).....	7,312	
	" Amos C. Barstow, (Ind. Rep.).....	1,348	
	Scattering.....	44	
			17,540
	Gov. Smith's majority, 132.		
1865.	For James Y. Smith, (Rep.).....	10,153	
	" George H. Browne, (Dem.).....	100	
	" Edward Harris,.....	197	
	Scattering.....	535	
			10,985
	Gov. Smith's majority, 9,321.		
1866.	For Ambrose E. Burnside, (Rep.).....	7,725	
	" Lymon Pierce, (Dem.).....	2,796	
	Scattering.....	160	
			10,681
	Gov Burnside's majority, 4,769.		
1867.	For Ambrose E. Burnside, (Rep.).....	7,569	
	" Lymon Pierce, (Dem.).....	3,339	
	Scattering.....	6	
			10,914
	Gov. Burnside's majority, 4,224.		
1868.	For Ambrose E. Burnside, (Rep.).....	10,054	
	" Lymon Pierce, (Dem.).....	5,709	
	Scattering.....	6	
			15,769
	Gov. Burnside's majority, 4,339.		

1869.	For Seth Padelford, (Rep.)	7,359	
	" Lymon Pierce, (Dem.)	3,390	
	Scattering	11	
			10,760
	Gov. Padelford's majority, 3,958.		
1870.	For Seth Padelford, (Rep.)	10,337	
	" Lymon Pierce, (Dem.)	6,295	
	Scattering	248	
			16,880
	Gov. Padelford's majority, 3,794.		
1871.	For Seth Padelford, (Rep.)	8,721	
	" Thomas Steere, (Dem.)	5,347	
	Scattering	126	
			14,194
	Gov. Padelford's majority, 3,248.		
1872.	For Seth Padelford, (Rep.)	9,463	
	" Olney Arnold, (Dem.)	8,308	
	Scattering	80	
			17,851
	Gov. Padelford's majority, 1,075.		
1873.	For Henry Howard, (Rep.)	9,656	
	" Benjamin G. Chace, (Dem.)	3,786	
	Scattering	29	
			13,471
	Gov. Howard's majority, 5,841.		
1874.	For Henry Howard, (Rep.)	12,335	
	" Lymon Pierce, (Dem.)	1,589	
	Scattering	177	
			14,101
	Gov. Howard's majority, 10,569.		
1875.	For Rowland Hazard, (Rep. and Pro.)	8,724	
	" Henry Lippitt, (Rep.)	8,368	
	" Charles R. Cutler, (Dem.)	5,166	
	Scattering	6	
			22,264
	(No choice. Henry Lippitt chosen by the General Assembly.)		

1876.	For Henry Lippitt, (Rep.)	8,689	
	" Albert C. Howard, (Rep. and Pro.)...	6,733	
	" William B. Beach, (Dem.).....	3,599	
	Scattering	16	
			19,037
	(No choice. Henry Lippitt chosen by General Assembly.)		
1877.	For Charles C. Van Zandt, (Rep. and Pro.).	12,455	
	" Jerothmul B. Barnaby, (Dem.).....	11,783	
	" William Foster, Jr., (Greenback).....	77	
	Scattering.....	141	
			24,456
	Gov. Van Zandt's majority, 454.		
1878.	For Charles C. Van Zandt, (Rep. and Pro.)	11,454	
	" Isaac Lawrence, (Dem.).....	7,639	
	" William Foster, Jr., (Greenback).....	590	
	Scattering.....	26	
			19,709
	Gov. Van Zandt's majority, 3,199.		
1879.	For Charles C. Van Zandt, (Rep. and Pro.)	9,717	
	" Thomas W. Segar, (Dem.).....	5,508	
	" Samuel Hill, (Greenback).....	318	
	Scattering.....	110	
			15,653
	Gov. Van Zandt's majority, 3,781.		
1880.	For Alfred H. Littlefield, (Rep.).....	10,224	
	" Horace A. Kimball, (Dem.).....	7,440	
	" Albert C. Howard, (Rep. and Pro.)...	5,047	
	Scattering.....	98	
			22,809
	(No choice. Alfred H. Littlefield chosen by the General Assembly.)		
1881.	For Alfred H. Littlefield, (Rep.).....	10,849	
	" Horace A. Kimball, (Dem.).....	4,756	
	" Charles P. Adams, (Greenback).....	285	
	" Frank G. Allen, (Pro.).....	253	
	Scattering.....	58	
			16,201
	Gov. Littlefield's majority, 5,497.		

1882.	For Alfred H. Littlefield, (Rep.).....	10,056	
	" Horace A. Kimball, (Dem.).....	5,311	
	" Charles P. Adams. (Greenback).....	120	
	Scattering.....	36	
			15,523
	Gov. Littlefield's majority, 4,589.		
1883.	For Augustus O. Bourn, (Rep.).....	13,068	
	" William Sprague, (Dem.).....	10,201	
	" Charles R. Cutler, (Dem.).....	706	
	Scattering.....	20	
			23,995
	Gov. Bourn's majority, 2,141.		
1884.	For Augustus O. Bourn, (Rep.).....	15,936	
	" Thomas W. Segar, (Dem.).....	9,592	
	Scattering.....	13	
			25,541
	Gov. Bourn's majority, 6,331.		
1885.	For George Peabody Wetmore, (Rep.)....	12,563	
	" Ziba O. Slocum, (Dem.).....	8,574	
	" George H. Slade, (Pro.).....	1,206	
	Scattering.....	5	
			22,348
	Gov. Wetmore's majority, 2,778.		
1886.	For George Peabody Wetmore, (Rep.)....	14,340	
	" Amasa Sprague, (Dem.).....	9,944	
	" George H. Slade, (Pro.).....	2,585	
	Scattering.....	6	
			26,875
	Gov. Wetmore's majority, 1,805.		
1887.	For John W. Davis, (Dem.).....	18,095	
	" George Peabody Wetmore, (Rep.)....	15,111	
	" Thomas H. Peabody, (Pro.).....	1,895	
	Scattering.....	35	
			35,136
	Gov. Davis's majority, 1,054.		
1888.	For Royal C. Taft, (Rep.).....	20,698	
	" John W. Davis, (Dem.).....	17,525	
	" George W. Gould, (Pro.).....	1,325	
	Scattering.....	15	
			39,563
	Gov. Taft's majority, 1,833.		

1889.	For John W. Davis, (Dem.)	21,289	
	" Herbert W. Ladd, (Rep.)	16,870	
	" James H. Chace, (Law Enforcement)	3,597	
	" Harrison H. Richardson, (Pro.)	1,346	
	Scattering	9	
			43,114
	(No choice. Herbert W. Ladd chosen by the General Assembly.)		
1890.	For John W. Davis, (Dem.)	20,548	
	" Herbert W. Ladd, (Rep.)	18,988	
	" John H. Larry, (Pro.)	1,820	
	" Arnold B. Chace, (Union)	752	
	Scattering	33	
			42,131
	(No choice. John W. Davis chosen by the General Assembly.)		
1891.	For John W. Davis, (Dem.)	22,249	
	" Herbert W. Ladd, (Rep.)	20,995	
	" John H. Larry, (Pro.)	1,829	
	" Franklin E. Burton (Nat.)	384	
			45,457
	(No choice. Herbert W. Ladd chosen by the General Assembly.)		
1892.	For D. Russell Brown, (Rep.)	27,461	
	" William T. C. Wardwell, (Dem.)	25,433	
	" Alexander Gilbert, (Pro.)	1,598	
	" Franklin E. Burton, (People's)	187	
			54,679
	Gov. Brown's majority, 243.		
1893.	Owing to a disagreement between the two houses of the General Assembly the ballots for State officers were not counted.		
1894.	For D. Russell Brown, (Rep.)	29,157	
	" David S. Baker, Jr., (Dem.)	22,650	
	" Henry B. Metcalf, (Pro.)	2,241	
	" Charles G. Baylor, (Socialist Labor)	592	
	" Henry A. Burlingame, (People's)	223	
			54,863
	Gov. Brown's plurality, 6,507.		

1895.	For Charles Warren Lippitt, (Rep.)	25,098	
	" George L. Littlefield, (Dem.)	14,289	
	" Smith Quimby, (Prohib.)	2 624	
	" George E. Boomer, (Soc. Labor)	1,730	
	" William Foster, Jr., (Peoples)	469	
			44,110
	Gov. Lippitt's plurality, 10,809.		
1896.	For Charles Warren Lippitt, (Rep.)	28,472	
	" George L. Littlefield, (Dem.)	17,061	
	" Thomas H. Peabody, (Prohib.)	2,950	
	" Edward W. Thienert, (Soc. Labor)	1,272	
	" Henry A. Burlingame, (Peoples)	730	
			50.485
	Gov. Lippitt's plurality, 11,411.		
1897.	For Elisha Dyer, (Rep.)	24,309	
	" Daniel T. Church, (Dem.)	13,675	
	" Thomas H. Peabody, (Prohib.)	2,096	
	" Franklin E. Burton, (Soc. Labor)	1,386	
	" John Hale Larry, (Nat. Liberty),	357	
			41,823
	Gov. Dyer's plurality, 10,643.		
1898.	For Elisha Dyer, (Rep.)	24,743	
	" Daniel T. Church, (Dem)	13,224	
	" James P. Reid, (Soc. Labor)	2,877	
	" Edwin A. Lewis, (Prohib.)	2,012	
			42,856
	Gov. Dyer's plurality, 11,519.		
1899.	For Elisha Dyer, (Rep.)	24,308	
	" George W. Greene, (Dem.)	14,602	
	" Thomas F. Herrick, (Soc. Labor)	2,941	
	" Joseph A. Peckham, (Prohib.)	1,279	
			43,130
	Gov. Dyer's plurality, 9,706.		
1900.	For William Gregory, (Rep.)	26,043	
	" Nathan W. Littlefield, (Dem.)	17,184	
	" James P. Reid, (Soc. Labor)	2,858	
	" Henry B. Metcalf, (Prohib.)	1,848	
			47,933
	Gov. Gregory's plurality, 8,859.		

1901.	For William Gregory, (Rep.)	25,575	
	" Lucius F. C. Garvin, (Dem.)	19,038	
	" Wm. E. Brightman, (Prohib.)	1,945	
	" James P. Reid, (Soc. Labor)	1,120	
			47,678
	Gov. Gregory's plurality, 6,531.		
1902.	For Lucius F. C. Garvin, (Dem.)	32,279	
	" Charles Dean Kimball, (Rep.)	24,541	
	" William E. Brightman, (Prohib.)	1,689	
	" Peter McDermott, (Soc. Labor.)	1,283	
	Scattering	1	
			59,793
	Gov. Garvin's plurality, 7,738.		
1903.	For Lucius F. C. Garvin, (Dem.)	30,578	
	" Samuel Pomeroy Colt, (Rep.)	29,275	
	" William O. Angilly, (Soc. Labor)	943	
	" Frederick T. Jencks, (Pro.)	936	
	" James E. Furlong, (Soc.)	303	
			62,035
	Gov. Garvin's plurality, 1,303.		
1904.	For George H. Utter, (Rep.)	33,821	
	" Lucius F. C. Garvin (Dem.)	32,965	
	" William E. Brightman (Prohib.)	1,089	
	" John Edward Carney (Socialist)	743	
	" Peter McDermott (Soc. Labor)	487	
			69,105
	Gov. Utter's plurality, 856.		

Chronology

OF SOME LEADING EVENTS IN THE HISTORY OF THE STATE.

1636. June.	Providence settled by Roger Williams.
1638. March 24.	Date of first known written Deed from Canonicus and Miantinomi.
1638. March 24.	Aquidneck purchased and Portsmouth settled.
1638-39. March 16.	First Church organized at Providence.
1639. May 16.	The Plantation now begun at the southwest end of the Island shall be called *Newport.*
1640. March 12.	Union of Portsmouth and Newport; first general court of election held at Newport; William Coddington elected Governor.
1640. August 20.	First public school established at Newport.
1641. March 16.	"State" seal ordered: a sheaf of arrows, with the motto, "*Amor vincet omnia.*" This was an official seal for the town of Newport.
1641.	Richard Smith settles at what is now Wickford.
1641. September 17.	Mr. Robert Jeffreys authorized by the town of Newport to "exercise the function of Chirurgorie."
1642. October.	Samuel Gorton and his company purchase Shawomet (Warwick) from Miantinomi. Settled in November.

1642. October 8.	Four freemen at Pawtuxet submit themselves and their lands to the jurisdiction of the Massachusetts Colony. See anno 1658, Oct. 22.
1642-43. January 12.	Date of the Shawomet Deed.
1643. May 19.	Rhode Island sought admission into the New England Confederacy but was refused by the other New England Colonies.
1643. September.	Miantinomi murdered by order of a synod of Massachusetts clergymen.
1643-44. March 13.	Name of Aquidneck changed to "the Isle of Rhodes, or Rhode Island."
1643-44. March 14.	Date of the Parliamentary (or the Earl of Warwick's, as it is sometimes called) charter. Providence, Portsmouth and Newport incorporated by commissioners of Parliament under the name of "Incorporation of Providence Plantations in the Narragansett Bay in New England."
1644. September 17.	Roger Williams arrived at Boston with the "Warwick" charter.
1644. November 8.	Plymouth Colony warned the Portsmouth and Aquidneck settlements against the exercise of authority, by virtue of the "Warwick" charter. Union of the towns thus prevented for three years.
1645. May 14.	Massachusetts Colony join Plymouth in forbidding the settlements at Pawtuxet and Shawomet from the exercise of any authority by virtue of the Parliamentary or "Warwick" charter. Union of the towns thus prevented for three years.

1647.	May 19 21.	First General Assembly convened at Portsmouth; a code of laws adopted; and an order passed that the seal of the province shall be an anchor.
1647.	June 4.	Canonicus died.
1651.		The Coddington usurpation caused a separation of the towns of Providence and Warwick on one side, and Portsmouth and Newport on the other.
1652.	May 18.	Law against human slavery enacted.
1654.	August 31.	Union of the four towns re-established by the efforts of Roger Williams.
1657.	October 13.	Rhode Island refuses the request of Plymouth Colony, to banish or exclude Quakers on account of their religious belief.
1658.	October 22.	Massachusetts relinquished her pretence of jurisdiction over any portion of Pawtuxet or Shawomet.
1659.	June 8.	Richard Smith makes a lease of land for one thousand years from the Indians.
1663.	May.	Land set apart by the proprietors of Providence for the maintenance of a school.
1663.	July 8.	Charter granted by King Charles II.
1663.	November 25.	Organization of the government under the charter.
1663-64.	March 1.	Captayne John Cranston "lycenced and commistioned to adminester physsicke and practice chirurgery."
1664.	May 4.	Block Island admitted a part of the Colony of Rhode Island.

1664. May 5.	Seal of the colony established—"Mot. toe, Rhod Iland and Providence Plantations, with the word Hope over head of the anker."
1664.	Voting by *Proxes* authorized by law, in order to save the journey of every Freeman to Newport at each election.
1664 65. March 20.	The name *King's Province* given by the King's Commissioners to the Narraganset country.
1665. May.	A property qualification prescribed for the admission of Freemen (or voters) to the elective franchise—suggested by the King Charles II. Made to be land, by act of anno 1723-4, February.
1672. Jan. 1.	The Devil's Foot, or John Fones purchase of land from the Indians. In which is now Wickford.
1672. April 3.	War declared between England and Holland.
1675. May 26.	William Blackstone died.
1675.	John Wickes killed by the Indians at Warwick.
1675. December 19.	The great Swamp Fight in Kings Towne (now South Kingstown) between the Narragansett Indians and the Massachusetts soldiers.
1675-76.	King Philip's war.
1676. March 26.	Capt. Pierce and a company of Massachusetts soldiers exterminated by the Indians between Pawtucket and Blackstone's settlement.

1676. March 30.	A few houses and out-buildings in the northerly portion of Providence burned by the Indians.
1676. April 20.	John Clark, the chief agent in the procuration of the charter of 1663, died.
1676. July.	Pumham killed.
1676. August 12.	King Philip killed near Mt. Hope.
1677, in Nov. or Dec.	Samuel Gorton died.
1683.	Death of Roger Williams, date unknown, but some time between January 16 and April 25.
1684. June 24.	Order passed for the protection of Jews in their liberty of conscience.
1685. September 21.	Edward Randolph commissioned by King James II. Secretary and Sole Register of our Governor and council for the government of the Narragansett country, called the *King's Province*, and the other New England Colonies.
1686. June 3.	The King gives Sir Edmund Andros a commission as Governor of the New England Colonies, including Rhode Island.
1686. June 23.	The name of the town of Kingstowne changed to *Rochester*, of Westerly to *Haversham*, of Greenwich to *Dedford*.
1686. July 3.	The government of Rhode Island acknowledged service of the writ *quo warranto*, issued by command of James II., at the request of Edward Randolph.
1686. September 13.	The King authorizes Sir Edmund Andros to demand the surrender of the Rhode Island charter.

1686. December 22.	Sir Edmund Andros assumes the government of Rhode Island, and technical possession of the charter.
1689. April 18.	Sir Edmund Andros deposed and imprisoned at Boston.
1689. May 1.	Rhode Island resumes her government under the charter.
1689-90. March 1.	Declaration of war between France and England proclaimed.
1693. June 9.	First postal route from Boston to Rhode Island established by the Massachusetts Colony.
1694.	Privateers, or privately owned armed vessels, first commissioned by Rhode Island.
1696. May 6.	The two houses of the General Assembly separated.
1702-13.	War of the Spanish succession; also known as Queen Anne's war.
1703. May 12.	Boundary between Rhode Island and Connecticut agreed upon by commissioners of the two colonies, but not finally adjusted until Sept. 27, 1728, after sixty-five years of quarreling and litigation.
1705. October.	General Assembly enacts itself into a court of equity or chancery.
1708. December 5.	First census taken. (Total population of the colony, 7,181.)
1709. March 22.	Printing press proposed to be set up in Newport, and one "Bradford, son to Bradford ye printer of New York," appointed public printer. The project did not succeed see anno 1727.
1710. July 30.	First act for issuing bills of credit passed.

1711-12. February 27.	Statute of limitations, quieting land titles after twenty years' possession, passed.
1719.	First printed digest of the laws printed.
1719. October 27.	Public auctions, then called vendues, first authorized.
1723. July 19.	Twenty-six pirates hanged on Gravelly Point, Newport.
1723. July 31.	First almshouse in Rhode Island erected in Newport.
1723-24. February.	Qualifications of freemen of the towns restricted to freeholders of lands to the value of £100 or forty shillings per annum, or the eldest son of such a freeholder.
1726-27. February 8.	Western boundary line settled by royal decree. See ante A. D. 1703.
1727.	First printing press established at Newport.
1728-29. February.	Roman Catholics, Jews, Mohammedans, and Pagans, guaranteed liberty of conscience in religious concernments, but denied political rights. See anno February, 1783.
1729-30. February.	Freehold qualification changed to £200, or £10 per annum.
1730. June 15.	Census ordered by request of the Board of Trade, England. (Total population of the colony, 17,935.)
1730.	The title *Secretary of State*, first given, or assumed, by the officer now so called.
1731.	Colony House in Providence completed. (Destroyed by fire Dec. 24, 1758, and in May, 1759, new Court House ordered, which is the present State House.)

1732.	September 27.	First newspaper published in the State, (the "Rhode Island Gazette,") commenced by James Franklin. It continued seven months; see Hammett's *Bibliography of Newport.*
1732-33.	January.	Lotteries forbidden. In 1744 lotteries were authorized. The First Lottery bears date this year, (1744.)
1738-39.	February 20.	Colony House, Newport, ordered built, and is the State House now standing.
1739.	October 19.	War declared between England and Spain.
1744.	March.	War declared between England and France.
1745	June 17.	Capture of Louisburg and Cape Breton.
1746.	August.	Freehold qualifications changed to £400, or £20 per annum.
1746-47.	January.	Eastern boundary adjusted under a decree of the King of England. Bristol, Tiverton, Little Compton, Warren, and Cumberland restored to the colony.
1746-47.	February.	Superior Court of Judicature established.
1748.	October 26.	Census ordered, pursuant to inquiries from the Board of Trade, England. Total population 32,773.
1749-50.	February 27.	Light-house ordered built at Beaver Tail. Said to be the first light-house built on the American coast. Destroyed by fire in 1753 and rebuilt in 1754. Burnt by the British, October 16, 1779, during their evacuation of Newport.

1752.	September 3-14.	The Gregorian, or New Style of calendar put in operation; eleven days being stricken from the current month. September 3d to September 13 (both days included) were omitted, the days being numbered 1, 2, 14, 15, &c.; and the new year was to begin January 1, instead of March 25.
1754-63.		The "Old French War."
1754.	June 25.	Stephen Hopkins and Martin Howard, Jr., appointed commissioners to a colonial congress at Albany.
1755.	December 22.	Census ordered, pursuant to inquiries from Board of Trade. (Total population, 40,414.)
1758.	June 12.	First number of the Newport Mercury issued.
1762.	September.	Freehold qualifications changed to £40, or 40 shillings per annum.
1762.	October 20.	First Printing Press established at Providence. "The Providence Gazette and Country Journal" established by William Goddard.
1764.	March 8.	An Act for the Establishment of a college, called subsequently Rhode Island College was enacted by the General Assembly. In 1804 the Trustees named this Institution Brown University.
1765.	September.	Resolutions adopted denying the right of any power but the General Assembly to levy taxes upon the colony. Metcalf Bowler and Henry Ward appointed commissioners to attend the general congress of the colonies at New York, to prepare an address to the Crown in opposition to the Stamp Tax.

1766.	February 14.	Dedication of a Liberty Tree at Newport.
1768.	July 25.	Dedication of a Liberty Tree at Providence.
1769.	July 19.	British revenue sloop Liberty destroyed at Newport, being the first overt act of violence offered to the British authorities in America.
1770.	March 3.	Petition sent to the General Assembly for a division of the town of Providence; that portion lying on the west bank of the river to be called *Westminster*. Petition refused.
1772.	June 10.	The British revenue schooner Gaspee burned in Narragansett Bay.
1774.	May 4.	Census ordered by the General Assembly. (Total population, 57,707.)
1774.	May 17.	A Continental Congress proposed in town meeting in Providence, and subsequently in other towns.
1774.	June 15.	Stephen Hopkins and Samuel Ward elected delegates to the Congress.
1774.	June.	Importation of slaves prohibited.
1775.	March 2.	Tea burned in Market Square, Providence; the town crier urged every citizen to bring and cast into the fire the "needless herb."
1775.	April 22.	A thousand militia either started, or were ready to start, for the seat of war on the reception of the news of the battle of Lexington.
1775.	April 22.	Army of observation of 1,500 men voted by the General Assembly. Gov. Wanton protested.
1775.	May 3.	Gov. Joseph Wanton, the last of the Colonial Governors, suspended by act of the General Assembly, on account of Tory proclivities.

1775.	June.	Postal system organized throughout Rhode Island.
1775.	June 15.	First Naval engagement of the Revolution; between a colonial sloop commanded by Capt. Abraham Whipple and a tender of the British frigate "Rose," in which the tender was chased on to Conanicut shore and captured.
1775.	June 22.	Nathaniel Greene chosen Brigadier-General, and August 9, 1776, made a Major General by Congress.
1775.	October 7.	Bristol bombarded by Capt. Wallace.
1775.	November 5.	Esek Hopkins appointed by Congress Commodore of the navy.
1775.	November 7.	Gov. Wanton formally deposed by act of the General Assembly.
1776.	April 5.	Gen. Washington in Providence.
1776.	May 4.	The General Assembly formally renounces allegiance to Great Britain.
1776.	June 10.	Census ordered on recommendation of Congress. (Population, 55,011.)
1776.	June 10.	Hospitals for inoculation for the small-pox ordered established in each county.
1776.	July 18.	Declaration of Independence formally approved by a vote of the General Assembly.
1776.	December 8.	British Army under General Clinton take possession of Newport.
1777.	July 9.	Capture of General Prescott by Colonel Barton, on the Island of Rhode Island.
1778.	February 9.	Regiment of negro slaves ordered to be raised by the General Assembly. It never exceeded a hundred men in numbers. Articles of confederation between the thirteen original States accepted.

1778.	May 25.	Bristol and Warren pillaged and partly destroyed.
1778.	July 29.	Arrival of the French fleet off Newport.
1778.	August 29.	Battle of Rhode Island.
1778.	Oct. 28.	The British galley "Pigot" captured by the "Hawk," under command of Major Silas Talbot.
1779.	October 25.	Newport evacuated by the British.
1780.	May 19.	"The dark day."
1780.	July 10.	Arrival of Count Rochambeau with 6,000 French troops.
1781.	March 6-14.	Washington at Newport, Bristol, Warren and Providence.
1781.	October 14.	Storming of redoubts at Yorktown,—Rhode Island troops, under Captain Stephen Olney, at the head of the column.
1782	January 28.	Census ordered. (Population 52,347, a decrease in eight years of over 7,000.)
1783.	February	Roman Catholics restored to their political privileges.
1783.	April 25.	Cessation of hostilities celebrated.
1784.	February 23.	Emancipation act passed. It provided for the gradual abolition of slavery —all children of slaves born subsequently to March 1, 1784, were free.
1784.	June 1	Newport incorporated as a city. (Charter repealed at March session, 1787. Re-incorporated May 6, 1853.)
1785.	July 13.	Death of Stephen Hopkins at the age of 78 years.
1786.	June 19.	Death of Gen. Nathaniel Greene, in Georgia, at the age of 44 years.

1786.	September 25.	"Paper money" case of Trevett vs. Weeden.
1787.		First spinning jenny constructed in the United States made in Providence.
1790.	May 29.	Federal Constitution adopted.
1790.	July 4.	An ox roasted on Federal Plain in celebration of the adoption of the U. S. Constitution by nine states.
1790.	December 21.	Cotton factory started at Pawtucket by Samuel Slater.
1791.	October 8.	Providence Bank established.
1792.		Elijah Ormsbee constructs a steamboat, the "Experiment," and makes successful trips in Providence river.
1793.	February.	A memorial for a State Constitution was rejected by the General Assembly.
1795.		The name Upper House was changed to House of Magistrates, but never came into use; the term "Senator" supplanted the term "Assistant," in May, 1799.
1797.	July 4.	George Burrill urged the adoption of a Constitution for Rhode Island.
1797.	October	A proposition relative to calling a convention to form a Constitution for the State failed, and again in 1799.
1798.		Freehold qualifications fixed at $134 or $7 per annum. It was simply changed from the colonial currency to the decimal system; thus, Forty pounds=800 shillings; six shillings=one dollar; hence $133.-33+.
1799.		Free school system of Providence inaugurated.

1799.	February.	Providence Insurance Company incorporated. United with the "Washington," February, 1820.
1800.	February.	The Washington Insurance Company incorporated. United with the "Providence," February, 1820.
1808.		Henry Wheaton in a letter, now in Mass. Hist. Soc., strongly urged the adoption of a Constitution by Rhode Island.
1812-15.		Second war with Great Britain. War with England declared June 17, 1812. Peace proclaimed February 18, 1815.
1813.	September 10.	Battle of Lake Erie fought by Commodore Oliver H. Perry.
1815.	September 22, 23.	The great gale.
1817.	May 28.	First trip of steamboat "Firefly" from Newport to Providence.
1819.	June.	Savings Bank of Newport incorporated.
1819.	October.	The Providence Institution for Savings and Bristol Institution for Savings incorporated.
1821.	April.	Proposition to appoint delegates to form a written Constitution for the State rejected by the Freemen, by a vote of 1,619 yeas, to 1,905 nays.
1821.		Streets of Providence first publicly lighted.
1822.	April 17.	Proposition similar to the foregoing, rejected by the Freemen, by a vote of 843 yeas, to 1,804 nays.
1823.	June.	Blackstone Canal Company chartered.
1824.	January 21	A Convention to form a written Constitution authorized by the General Assembly. The Freemen were requested to assemble in convention.

1824.	June 21-July 3.	Convention convened at Newport and Constitution adopted; and on the second Monday in October Constitution rejected by the Freemen, by a vote of 1,668 yeas, to 3,206 nays. The proposed Constitution made no desirable changes in the Government.
1824.	August 23.	Visit of Lafayette to Providence.
1827.	April.	First public temperance meeting in Providence.
1828.	January.	Permanent school fund established throughout Rhode Island.
1828.	June.	First railroad charter granted. It was to Massachusetts, to build a railroad to Providence from Boston. Repealed in 1831.
1830.	February 15.	The Freemen of Providence refused to be incorporated as a city.
1831.	September 21-24.	Riot in Olney's Lane and Smith street, Providence.
1831.	November 22.	Act to incorporate the city of Providence adopted. It went into operation on the first Monday in June, 1832.
1831-35.		Controversy concerning Free Masonry.
1833.	July 4.	First public anti-slavery meeting in Providence.
1834.	June.	Act authorizing a Constitutional Convention at Providence. This convention met September 1st, and on the 13th of September adjourned till November 10th; it then adjourned to February 9, 1835, and then to June 29, 1835; and never re-assembled; it did not complete a Constitution.
1835.	June 2.	First train run over the railroad from Providence to Boston.

1837.	November 10.	Stonington R. R. opened to travel.
1841.	February 6.	Convention to frame a Constitution for the State authorized by the General Assembly to be held at Providence. The Convention met on the 1st Nov., 1841, framed a Constitution, adjourned to Feb. 19, 1842, when it re-assembled and adopted a Constitution called the "Landholders' Constitution." This Constitution was voted on by the people, March 21, 22 and 23, 1842, and rejected by a vote of 8,013 for, to 8,689 against.
1841.	May 5.	At a mass meeting of the people of the State, held in Providence, a State Committee was appointed, and (July 5) directed to call a convention for the purpose of framing a Constitution.
1841.	August 28.	Delegates were elected by the people to serve in the "People's Constitutional convention."
1841.	October 4.	The "People's Constitutional convention" met in Providence at the State House.
1841.	November 18.	The "People's convention" framed and adopted a constitution and offered the same to the people for approval.
1841.	Dec. 27, 28, 29.	The people voted upon the proposed "People's Constitution," casting in the aggregate 13,944 for and 52 against it. An analysis of this vote shows that 4,960 Freemen and 8,984 non-Freemen, or those who did not have the right of voting under the charter, voted for its adoption.

1842.	January 13.	Proclamation was made of the adoption of the "People's Constitution" by order of the convention which framed it.
1842.	April 18.	Thomas W. Dorr elected Governor of Rhode Island under the "People's Constitution," and with him an entire State ticket.
1842.	June 28.	Affair at Acote's Hill, Chepachet, which consisted in the occupation of the hill by the Charter forces.
1842.	November 5.	Present Constitution of the State adopted by Convention at East Greenwich.
1842.	Nov. 21, 22 & 23.	Constitution voted on by the people qualified to vote under the charter, and ratified by a vote of 7,032 for, to 59 against.
1843.	May 2.	Government under the Constitution organized.
1843.	Oct. 31.	Thomas W. Dorr returned to Rhode Island and surrendered himself to the Government. The reward having lapsed nobody could get money by his surrender.
1843.	December 31.	Murder of Amasa Sprague.
1844.	June 27.	Thomas W. Dorr having been tried for treason at Newport, convicted, and sentenced to the State Prison for life, was committed at Providence.

NOTE.—Acote's Hill is a small elevation in the village of Chepachet. Mr. Dorr ordered a council or convention of military officers at this village, but no such council was held. Mr. Dorr reached Chepachet from New York, June 25th, and left on the 27th. He stated the number of men there on different days: 190 on the 25th; on the night of the 26th there were 50; on the 27th, 225. At 7 o'clock on the evening of June 27th this force was disbanded, and left for their homes. At 8 o'clock the next morning the Charter forces took possession. Mr. Dorr had left the State.

1845.	January 17.	General Assembly adopted a resolution liberating Thomas W. Dorr from confinement, on condition that he take an oath of allegiance to the State; but Mr. Dorr did not take the oath.
1845.	June 27.	General Assembly passed a bill "to pardon certain offences against the sovereign power of this State," and to discharge from prison "any person who has been convicted of the crime of treason against the State, and is now in prison under the sentence of the law."
1845	June 27.	Thomas W. Dorr was released from the State Prison.
1846.	April 17.	Gov. James Fenner died.
1847.	January.	$2,500 appropriated by General Assembly for volunteers for Mexican war.
1847.	September 27.	First passenger train run over the Providence and Worcester railroad.
1851.	May 9.	General Assembly adopted a resolution "to restore Thomas Wilson Dorr to his civil and political rights."
1852.	February 11.	Capital punishment abolished.
1853.	June 28.	Proposition for convention to form a new Constitution for the State rejected by a vote of 4,570 for, to 6,282 against.
1853.	November 21.	Proposition for convention to revise the Constitution rejected by a vote of 3,778 for, to 7,618 against.
1854.	December 27.	Thomas W. Dorr died.
1860.	September 10.	Inauguration of a statue to Oliver Hazard Perry, by the city of Cleveland, Ohio.

1861.	January 23.	Controversy with Massachusetts, concerning eastern boundary line, settled.
1861.	April 18.	First detachment of volunteers for the war of the rebellion sent to Washington.
1861-65		War for the suppression of the rebellion.
1871.	September 16.	Dedication of Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument, Providence.
1871.	November 27.	Betsey Williams died and by her will bequeathed Roger Williams Park to the city of Providence.
1871.	November 30.	Ceremonies at introduction of Pawtuxet water into city of Providence.
1875.	February 24.	Seal for the public use of the State; the form of an anchor shall be engraven thereon, the motto thereof shall be the word "Hope," and in a circle around the same shall be engraven the words "Seal of the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, 1636."
1876.	October 5.	Rhode Island day at the Centennial Exhibition, Philadelphia.
1877.	March 30.	State flag established.
1877.	October 16.	Monument to Roger Williams, in Providence, dedicated.
1877.	December 18.	Dedication of New Court House for county of Providence.
1878.	November 14.	New City Hall, Providence, dedicated.
1880.	March 31.	The Tribal authority and Tribal relations of the Narragansett Indians abolished by Act of the General Assembly.
1880.	September 24.	Bi-centennial celebration of settlement of Bristol.

1883.	March 22.	Northern boundary line finally established.
1883.	August 30.	Dedication of Monument at Fort Ninigret, Charlestown, under direction of the Indian Commissioners.
1885.	February 16.	Rhode Island day at the New Orleans Exposition.
1885.	March 27.	City of Pawtucket incorporated.
1885.	September 10.	Dedication of Statue of Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry, at Newport.
1886.	April 7.	Propositions of amendment to the State Constitution voted on, with the following result, viz: Article V. ("Prohibitory,") approve, 15,113; reject, 9,230. Article VI. ("Soldiers and Sailors,") approve, 18,903; reject, 1,477.
1886.	June 10.	Dedication of Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument, South Kingstown.
1886.	June 23, 24.	Celebration of 250th anniversary of the settlement of Providence.
1887.	April 6.	Proposition of amendment to the State Constitution ("Woman Suffrage") defeated by the following vote, viz: approve, 6,889; reject, 21,957.
1887.	May 5.	Western boundary line finally established.
1887.	July 4.	Dedication of monument to Gen. A. E. Burnside, in Providence.
1888.	March 22.	District of Narragansett incorporated.
1888.	April 4.	Proposition of amendment to the State Constitution, ("Extension of Suffrage,") adopted by the following vote, viz: approve, 20,068; reject, 12,193.

1888.	May 30.	Dedication of Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument at Central Falls.
1888.	June 13.	City of Woonsocket incorporated.
1889.	June 20.	Proposition of amendment to the State Constitution. ("Repeal of Prohibitory Amendment"), adopted by the following vote, viz.: approve, 28,315; reject, 9,956.
1889 90-91-92.		Cove at Providence filled.
1890.	Sept. 29–Oct. 4.	Celebration of Cotton Centenary at Pawtucket.
1891.	May 14.	Rhode Island Soldiers' Home at Bristol opened; dedicated May 21.
1892.	Oct. 21.	"Columbus Day," in commemoration of four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America, generally observed throughout the State.
1892.	Nov. 8.	Propositions of amendment to the State Constitution, voted on with the following result, viz: Article IX, (Biennial Elections) approve, 18,749; reject, 13,907. Article X, (Corporations) approve, 17,959; reject, 10,632.
1892.	Nov. 8.	Proposition authorizing the General Assembly to provide for the issue of $1,500,000 of State House bonds, voted on with the following result, viz: approve, 20,997; reject, 12,205.
1893.	Oct. 5.	Rhode Island Day at World's Columbian Exposition, Chicago.
1893.	Nov. 28.	Proposition of amendment to the State Constitution, voted on with the following result, viz: Article X, (Plurality Elections) approve, 26,703; reject, 3,331.

1895. Feb. 21.	City of Central Falls incorporated.
1895. Sept. 25.	Proposition of amendment to the State constitution, voted on with the following result, viz: Article XI (Biennial Elections), approve, 7,449; reject, 10,603.
1896. Oct. 15.	Corner-stone of the new State House in Providence laid.
1896. Nov. 3.	Proposition authorizing the General Assembly to provide for the borrowing of money, voted on with the following result, viz: approve, 22,631; reject, 15,733.
1898. April 6.	Proposition authorizing the General Assembly to provide for an additional issue of $800,000 of State House bonds, voted on with the following result, viz: approve, 16,476; reject, 13,680.
1898. Nov. 8.	Proposition of amendment to the State constitution (revised constitution), rejected by the following vote, viz: approve, 17,360; reject, 13,510.
1899. June 20.	Proposition of amendment to the State constitution (revised constitution), rejected by the following vote, viz: approve, 4,097; reject, 12,742.
1899. June 3.	Eastern boundary line finally established.
1899. Sept. 30.	Dedication of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument in St. Francis Cemetery in Pawtucket.

1900.	Nov. 6.	Proposition of amendment to the State constitution, voted on with the following result, viz.: Article XI (sessions of General Assembly to be held in Providence, defining grand committee, etc.), approve, 24,351; reject, 11,959.
1901.	Jan. 1.	First meeting of the General Assembly in the new State House.
1901.	Sept. 10.	Rhode Island day at Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo.
1902.	Nov. 4.	Proposition of amendment to the State constitution (assembly districts in Providence) rejected by the following vote, viz.: approve, 17,266; reject, 20,504.
		Proposition of amendment to the State constitution (Governor not to preside in Senate) rejected by the following vote, viz.: approve, 18-949; reject, 20,769.
1903.	April 30.	Dedication of monument at Andersonville, Georgia, in commemoration of Rhode Island troops who suffered there.
1903.	Oct. 17.	Battle Flag Day (flags in old State House removed to new State House).
1903.	Nov. 3.	Proposition of amendment to the State constitution, voted on with the following result, viz.: Article XII (Of the judicial power), approve, 23,344; reject, 7,821.

Continental Congress.

MEMBERS FROM RHODE ISLAND.

Jonathan Arnold, of Providence.....1782 to 1784.
Peleg Arnold, of Smithfield.....1787 to 1789.
John Collins, of Newport.....1778 to 1783.
Ezekiel Cornell, of Scituate.....1780 to 1783.
William Ellery, of Newport.....1776 to 1781 ; 1783 to 1785.
Jonathan J. Hazard, of South Kingstown.....1787 to 1789.
Stephen Hopkins, of Providence.....1774 to 1780.
David Howell, of Providence.....1782 to 1785.
James Manning, of Providence.....1785 to 1786.
Henry Marchant, of Newport.....1777 to 1780 ; 1783 to 1784.
Nathan Miller, of Warren.....1785 to 1786.
Daniel Mowry, of Smithfield.....1780 to 1782.
James M. Varnum, E. Greenwich... 1780 to 1782 ; 1786 to 1787.
[1]Samuel Ward, of Westerly.....1774 to 1776.
John Gardner, of Newport.....1788 to 1789.
[2]William Bradford, of Bristol.....October, 1776.
[2]John Brown, of Providence.....1784 to 1785.
[2]George Champlin, of Newport.....1785 and 1786.
[2]Paul Mumford, of Newport.....1785.
[2]Peter Phillips, of North Kingstown.....1785.
[2]Sylvester Gardner, of North Kingstown.....1787.
[2]Thomas Holden, of Warwick.....1788 and 1789.

[1]Died in Philadelphia, March 25, 1776, while attending a session of Congress.
[2]Duly elected, but their names are not in the Journals of Congress.

Senators in Congress

FROM RHODE ISLAND.

Joseph Stanton, Jr., of Charlestown, June 25, 1790, to Mar., 1793.
Theodore Foster, of Providence ....June 25, 1790, to Mar., 1803.
[1]William Bradford, of Bristol... .....Mar., 1793, to Oct., 1797.
[1]Ray Greene, of Providence.....Nov. 22, 1797, to May, 1801.
Christopher Ellery, of Newport.....May, 1801, to Mar. 3, 1805.
[2]Samuel J. Potter, of S. Kingstown..Mar., 1803, to Oct. 29, 1804.
Benjamin Howland, of Tiverton.....Oct., 1804, to Mar., 1809.
[1]James Fenner, of Providence.....Mar., 1805, to Oct., 1807.
Elisha Mathewson, of Scituate.... Nov. 20, 1807, to Mar., 1811.
[2]Francis Malbone, of Newport.....Mar., 1809, to June 4, 1809.
[1]Christopher G. Champlin, of Newport, June, 1809, to Oct., 1811.
Jeremiah B. Howell, of Providence....Mar., 1811, to Mar., 1817.
William Hunter, of Newport.....Oct., 1811, to Mar., 1821.
[2]James Burrill, Jr., of Providence...Mar., 1817, to Dec. 25, 1820.
Nehemiah R. Knight, of Providence, Jan. 9, 1821, to Mar., 1841.
[1]James DeWolf, of Bristol.....Mar., 1821, to Oct. 31, 1825.
Asher Robbins, of Newport.....Dec. 5, 1825, to Mar., 1839.
[1]Nathan F. Dixon, of Westerly.....Mar., 1839, to Jan. 29, 1842.
James F. Simmons, of Johnston..... Mar., 1841, to Mar., 1847.
[1]William Sprague, of Warwick...Feb. 18, 1842, to Jan. 17, 1844.
John Brown Francis, of Warwick.....Feb. 7, 1844, to 1845.
Albert C. Greene, of Providence. .....1845 to 1851.
John H. Clarke, of Providence..... ....1847 to 1853.
Charles T. James, of Providence.....1851 to 1857.
Philip Allen, of Providence.....1853 to 1859.
[1]James F. Simmons, of Johnston.....1857 to August, 1862.
Samuel G. Arnold, of Middletown... ....Sept. 5, 1862, to 1863.
William Sprague, of Providence.....1863 to 1875.
[2]Henry B. Anthony, Providence.....1859 to Sept. 2, 1884.
[2]Ambrose E. Burnside, of Bristol.....1875 to Sept. 13, 1881.
Nelson W. Aldrich, of Providence... .....Oct. 5, 1881, to
William P. Sheffield, of Newport, Nov. 19, 1884, to Jan. 21, 1885.
[1]Jonathan Chace, of Lincoln .....Jan. 26, 1885, to Mar., 1889.
Nathan F. Dixon, of Westerly....April 10, 1889 to Mar., 1895.
George Peabody Wetmore, of Newport, March 4, 1895, to

[1] Resigned. [2] Died in Office.

Notes and Statistics

From the Journals of Proceedings relative to the Election of United States Senators from Rhode Island.

June, 1790. Theodore Foster and Joseph Stanton, Jr., elected in Grand Committee. (No vote given.) They took their seats in the Senate on the 25th of June. "In drawing lots for their respective classes, Mr. Stanton drew that for four years, and Mr. Foster that for two years, from March 4, 1789."

October 30, 1790. Theodore Foster elected for six years from third of March ensuing. (No vote given.)

November 3, 1792. William Bradford elected in Grand Committee. (No vote given.)

November 5, 1796. Theodore Foster elected for six years from 3d of March ensuing. (No vote given.)

October 28, 1797. Ray Greene elected in room of William Bradford, resigned. (No vote given.)

November 1, 1798. Ray Greene elected unanimously for six years "next ensuing the third of March next."

May 9, 1801. Christopher Ellery elected in room of Ray Greene, resigned. (No vote given.)

October 30, 1802. Samuel J. Potter elected for six years, commencing the 4th of March ensuing. (No vote given.)

November 3, 1804. James Fenner elected by a majority of 16 votes over Christopher Ellery for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

Benjamin Howland elected in place of Samuel J. Potter, deceased, by majority of 2 votes over Asher Robbins.

October 30, 1807. Elisha Mathewson elected in room of Gov. James Fenner, resigned. (No vote given.)

November 5, 1808. Francis Malbone elected for six years commencing the 4th of March ensuing. (No vote given.)

June 30, 1809. Christopher Grant Champlin elected unanimously in place of Francis Malbone, deceased.

November 2, 1810. Jeremiah B. Howell elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

Jeremiah B. Howell..... 42 votes.
James Burrill, Jr..... 41 "

The Journal says: "His Excellency the Governor having voted in the first instance as one of the committee and not having the casting vote as presiding officer."

October 30, 1811. William Hunter elected unanimously in place of Christopher G. Champlin, resigned.

November 4, 1814. William Hunter elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing. (No vote given.)

June 21, 1816. James Burrill, Jr., elected unanimously for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

February 19, 1817. James Burrill, Jr., elected unanimously for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing. Mr. Burrill had declined to accept the preceding appointment, doubts having arisen as to the constitutionality of that election. (For his letter of declination, see Acts and Resolves, February Session, 1817, page 4.)

November 4, 1820. Vote in Grand Committee for Senator:

James DeWolf	20
William Hunter	17
——— Champlin	1
Blanks	15

James DeWolf declared elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

January 9, 1821. Nehemiah R. Knight elected unanimously for unexpired term of James Burrill, Jr., deceased, (ending March 3, 1823.)

January 17, 1823. Vote in Grand Committee:

1st Ballot.

Nehemiah R. Knight	39
Elisha R. Potter	37
William C. Gibbs	1
Samuel W. Bridgham	1
William Valentine	1

2nd Ballot.

Nehemiah R. Knight	40
Elisha R. Potter	39

Nehemiah R. Knight elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

November 5, 1825. Vote in Grand Committee:

Asher Robbins	43
Elisha R. Potter	36
Scattering	2

Asher Robbins elected in place of James DeWolf, resigned.

November 2, 1826. Asher Robbins elected unanimously for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

October 31, 1828. Nehemiah R. Knight elected unanimously for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

January 19, 1833. Vote in Grand Committee:

Asher Robbins..... 41
Elisha R. Potter..... 25
Dutee J. Pearce..... 12

And Asher Robbins was declared elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

By act passed at the October Session, 1833, the foregoing election was declared null and void, and the office declared vacant. (See Acts and Resolves, October Session, 1833, p. 37.)

November 1, 1833. In Grand Committee Elisha R. Potter was declared elected U. S. Senator for six years from the 4th of March preceding. (Elisha R. Potter received the unanimous vote of those voting; the opposition refusing to vote.). "Protest offered by Mr. Cranston, &c., before proceeding to election, read and laid on table, called up, debated, and ordered not to be received. 29 for, 48 against." (Journal of Proceedings.)

The seat was contested, and Mr. Robbins finally declared entitled thereto. (See Senate Journal, 1st Session 23d Congress, 1833-34, p. 285.)

For majority report of committee and documents, see Senate Documents (same Congress) Vol 2 No 139.

For minority report of committee, etc., see same, Vol. 3, No. 246.

May 13, 1835. Nehemiah R. Knight elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March preceding. The vote was:

Nehemiah R. Knight..... 41
Elisha R. Potter..... 38

November 3, 1838. (Saturday.) Vote in Grand Committee:

Whole number of votes for U. S. Senator..... 82
Necessary for choice..... 42
Nathan F. Dixon..... 54
Benjamin B. Thurston..... 26
Albert C. Greene..... 1
Dutee J. Pearce..... 1

Nathan F. Dixon elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

October 29, 1840. Vote in Grand Committee for U. S. Senator:

James F. Simmons..... 55
Samuel Y. Atwell..... 24
Tristam Burges..... 2

James F. Simmons elected for six years from 4th of March ensuing.

NOTE.—At the preceding January Session (*i. e.* January 21st and 22nd, 1835), twenty ballots were taken for election of Senator without choice.

The first of these ballots resulted as follows:

Whole number of votes..... 82
Necessary for choice..... 42
Albert C. Greene..... 39
Elisha R. Potter..... 30
William Sprague, Jr..... 11
Tristam Burges..... 1
Nehemiah R. Knight..... 1

The twentieth ballot resulted as follows:

Whole number of votes..... 82
Necessary for choice..... 42
Albert C. Greene..... 40
Elisha R. Potter..... 29
William Sprague, Jr..... 12
Nehemiah R. Knight..... 1

February 5, 1842. (On third ballot for U. S. Senator.)

(Saturday)

Whole number of votes..... 80
Necessary for choice.... 41
William Sprague..... 44
Lemuel H. Arnold..... 24
——— Potter 9
John H. Clarke..... 2
——— Cranston..... 1

And William Sprague was elected for the unexpired term of Nathan F. Dixon, deceased.

January 25, 1844. Whole number of votes for U. S. Senator..... ... 93
Necessary for choice..... ... 47
John Brown Francis..... 67
Christopher Spencer..... 26

And John Brown Francis was elected for the unexpired term of William Sprague resigned.

January 15, 1845. Vote on second ballot for U. S. Senator:
Albert C. Greene..... 52
Lemuel H. Arnold 25
John H. Clarke..... 4
Olney Ballou..... 18
S. F. Man..... 1

And Albert C. Greene was elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

October 29, 1846. Vote in Grand Committee for U. S. Senator:
John H. Clarke..... 59
Thomas W. Dorr..... 34
Charles Jackson. 1
Daniel W. Coggeshall 1
William French..... 1
Field Burgess..... 1
Job Durfee..... 1

And John H. Clarke was elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

January 30, 1851. In Grand Committee for U. S. Senator: Vote on the eighth ballot:

Whole number of votes..... 99
Necessary for choice..... 50

Charles T. James..... 50
John Whipple..... 20
James F. Simmons..... 19
Alfred Bosworth 9
Geo. A. Brayton..... 1

And Charles T. James was elected for six years, commencing March 4, 1851.

May 4, 1853. Gov. Philip Allen elected U. S. Senator "by vote *viva voce, Nem. con.*" for six years, commencing March 4, 1853.

NOTE.—At the preceding January Session, (Feb. 1, 1853,) the Senate refused to join the House in Grand Committee for the purpose of electing U. S. Senator.

January 9, 1857. Vote in Grand Committee for U. S. Senator:

Whole number of votes..... 90
Necessary for choice..... 46

James F. Simmons..... 63
Charles Jackson..... ... 21
Henry B. Anthony..... 8
William W. Hoppin..... 1
Thos. A. Jenckes..... 1
Alfred Anthony..... 1

The vote of each house was:

Senate.

James F. Simmons..... 20
Charles Jackson..... 7
Henry B. Anthony 1

House of Representatives.

James F. Simmons..... 43
Charles Jackson..... 14
Henry B. Anthony..... 2
William W. Hoppin..... ... 1
Thomas A. Jenckes..... 1
Alfred Anthony..... 1
—62

90

James F. Simmons was elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

May 28, 1858. Vote for U. S. Senator:

Henry B. Anthony..... 92
George H. Browne..... 7
Elisha Dyer..... 1
—100

The vote of each house was:

Senate.

Henry B. Anthony..... 30
George H. Browne..... 2
— 32

House of Representatives.

Henry B. Anthony..... 62
George H. Browne..... 5
Elisha Dyer..... 1
— 68

100

And Henry B. Anthony was elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

May 28, 1862. In Grand Committee, whole number of votes for U. S. Senator.... 103
Necessary for choice..... ... 52
William Sprague..... 92
James F. Simmons 5
Nathan F. Dixon..... 5
Thomas G. Turner..... 1

And William Sprague was elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

September 5, 1862. Vote in Grand Committee for U. S. Senator:

Samuel G. Arnold	71
Nathan F. Dixon	7
Thomas G. Turner	1
Elisha Dyer, Jr	1
Moses B. Lockwood	1
	— 81

And Samuel G. Arnold was elected to fill vacancy caused by resignation of Jas. F. Simmons, (*i. e.* till March 4, 1863.)

June 1, 1864. Vote in Grand Committee for U. S. Senator:

Henry B. Anthony	75
George H. Browne	26
James Y. Smith	1
Thomas Davis	1
	—103

The vote in each house was:

Senate.

Henry B. Anthony	23
George H. Browne	9
James Y. Smith	1
	— 33

House of Representatives.

Henry B. Anthony	52
George H. Browne	17
Thomas Davis	1
	— 70
	103

June 9, 1868. Vote in separate houses for U. S. Senator:

Senate.

William Sprague	33

House of Representatives.

William Sprague	65
	— 98

(On the following day, formal declaration was made of the election of William Sprague as U. S. Senator for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.)

70. Vote in separate houses for U. S. Senator:

Senate.

Henry B. Anthony	22
Charles S. Bradley	7
James Y. Smith	2
Thomas Davis	1
	— 32

House of Representatives.

Henry B. Anthony	53
Charles S. Bradley	15
James Y. Smith	2
	— 70

(On the following day formal declaration was made of the election of Henry B. Anthony as U. S. Senator for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.)

75. Vote in Joint Assembly, (28th ballot):

Ambrose E. Burnside	62
Amos C. Barstow	16
George H. Browne	12
William P. Sheffield	6
Charles Hart	3
Horace Babcock	2
Henry Howard	2
Charles C. Van Zandt	1
	—104

And Ambrose E. Burnside was elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

76. Vote for U. S. Senator:

Senate.

Henry B. Anthony	31
Charles S. Bradley	1
	— 32

House of Representatives.

Henry B. Anthony..... 66
Charles S. Bradley..... 3
— 69

101

(On the following day, in Joint Assembly, formal declaration was made of the election of Henry B. Anthony as U. S. Senator for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.)

June 8, 1880. Vote for U. S. Senator:

Senate.

Ambrose E. Burnside..... 25
George H. Browne..... 7
Charles C. Van Zandt 2
Absent.. 3
— 37

House of Representatives.

Ambrose E. Burnside..... 54
George H. Browne..... 9
Charles C. Van Zandt..... 2
J. Lewis Diman..... 1
William P. Sheffield..... 1
Absent..... 5
— 72

(On the following day, in Joint Assembly, Ambrose E. Burnside was formally declared elected U. S. Senator for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.)

October 5, 1881. Vote in Joint Assembly:
Nelson W. Aldrich,
Senators..... 29
Representatives..... 60
— 89

Thomas A. Doyle,
Representatives..... 4 4

George H. Browne,
Senator..... 1
Representative..... 1
— 2

William P. Sheffield,
Senator..... 1 1

96

And Nelson W. Aldrich was declared elected U. S. Senator, to fill vacancy caused by death of Ambrose E. Burnside.

June 13, 1882. Vote for U. S. Senator:

Senate.

Henry B. Anthony..... 29
Charles S. Bradley..... 3
Absent..... 5
— 37

House of Representatives.

Henry B. Anthony..... 63
Charles S. Bradley..... 4
George H. Browne..... 1
Absent..... 4
— 72

On the following day, in Joint Assembly, Henry B. Anthony was formally declared elected U. S. Senator for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing, being his fifth successive election to said office.

November 19, 1884. William P. Sheffield, of Newport, was appointed by the Governor to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Henry B. Anthony, September 2, 1884.

January 20, 1885. Vote for U. S. Senator:

Senate.

Jonathan Chace..... 25
Isaac Bell, Jr..... 8
William P. Sheffield..... 3
Absent..... 1
— 37

House of Representatives.

Jonathan Chace..... 53
Isaac Bell, Jr.... 14
William P. Sheffield..... 3
Absent 2
— 72

(On the following day, in Joint Assembly, formal declaration was made of the election of Jonathan Chace as U. S. Senator for the unexpired term of Henry B. Anthony, deceased.)

June 8, 1886. Vote for U. S. Senator:

Senate.

Nelson W Aldrich, (Rep.)..... 30
Horace A. Kimball, (Dem.)..... 3
Charles H. Page, (Dem.)..... 2
Absent..... 2
— 37

House of Representatives.

Nelson W. Aldrich, (Rep.)..... 63
Horace A. Kimball, (Dem.)..... 5
Charles H. Page, (Dem.)..... 1
Absent..... 3
— 72

(On the following day, in Joint Assembly, Nelson W. Aldrich was formally declared elected U. S. Senator for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.)

June 12, 1888. Vote for U. S. Senator:

Senate.

Jonathan Chace, (Rep.)..... 29
John W. Davis, (Dem.)..... 4
Charles H. Page, (Dem.)..... 1
Absent..... ... 3
— 37

House of Representatives.

Jonathan Chace (Rep.)..... 59
John W. Davis (Dem.)..... 8
Charles H. Page (Dem.)..... 1
Absent..... 4
— 72

(On the following day, in Joint Assembly, Jonathan Chace was formally declared elected U. S. Senator for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.)

April 10, 1889. Vote in Joint Assembly (8th ballot):

Nathan F. Dixon..... 51
George Peabody Wetmore..... 41
Olney Arnold..... 4
LeBaron B. Colt..... 2
Henry J. Spooner..... 1

And Nathan F. Dixon was declared elected U. S. Senator for the unexpired term of Jonathan Chace, resigned.

June 14, 1892. Vote for U. S. Senator:

Senate.

Nelson W. Aldrich (Rep.)..... 25
David S. Baker (Dem.)..... 10
Paired..... 2
— 37

House of Representatives.

Nelson W. Aldrich (Rep.)..... 39
David S. Baker (Dem.)..... 29
Paired..... 2
Absent..... 2
— 72

(On the following day, in Joint Assembly, Nelson W. Aldrich was formally declared elected U. S. Senator for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.)

Senate.

June 12, 1894. George Peabody Wetmore (Rep.)..... 32
Absent..... 5
— 37

House of Representatives.

George Peabody Wetmore (Rep.)..... 68
Absent..... 4
— 72

(On the following day, in Joint Assembly, George Peabody Wetmore was formally declared elected U. S. Senator for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.)

Senate.

June 14, 1898. Nelson W. Aldrich (Rep.)..... 35
E. Benjamin Andrews (Dem.)..... 1
Absent..... 2
— 38

House of Representatives.

Nelson W. Aldrich (Rep.)..... 61
E. Benjamin Andrews (Dem.)..... 2
Lucius F. C. Garvin (Dem.)..... 1
Absent..... 8
— 72

(On the following day, in Joint Assembly, Nelson W. Aldrich was formally declared elected U. S. Senator for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.)

Senate.

June 12, 1900. George Peabody Wetmore (Rep.)..... 33
Samuel R. Honey (Dem.)..... 1
Absent..... 4
— 38

House of Representatives.

George Peabody Wetmore (Rep.)..... 58
Samuel R. Honey (Dem.)..... 9
Absent..... 5
— 72

(On the following day, in Joint Assembly, George Peabody Wetmore was formally declared elected U. S. Senator for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.)

Senate.

January 18, 1905. Nelson W. Aldrich (Rep.)..... 31
George W. Greene (Dem.)..... 5
Absent. 3
— 39

House of Representatives.

Nelson W. Aldrich (Rep.)..... 62
George W. Greene (Dem.)..... 8
Absent 2
— 72

(On the following day, in Joint Assembly, Nelson W. Aldrich was formally declared elected U. S. Senator for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.)

Representatives in Congress

FROM RHODE ISLAND.

[1]Benjamin Bourn, of Providence..... Dec. 17, 1790 to 1796.
Francis Malbone, of Newport.....1793 to 1797.
[1]Elisha R. Potter, of South Kingstown...Dec. 19, 1796 to 1797.
Christopher G. Champlin, of Newport.....1797 to 1801.
Thomas Tillinghast, of East Greenwich...Nov. 13, 1797 to 1799.
John Brown, of Providence.....1799 to 1801.
Joseph Stanton, Jr., of Charlestown.....1801 to 1807.
Thomas Tillinghast, of East Greenwich..... ..1801 to 1803.
[2]Nehemiah Knight, of Cranston.....1803 to 1808.
Richard Jackson, Jr., of Providence.....Nov. 11, 1808 to 1815.
Isaac Wilbour, of Little Compton.....1807 to 1809.
Elisha R. Potter, of South Kingstown .....1809 to 1815.
James B. Mason, of Providence.....1815 to 1819.
John L. Boss, Jr., of Newport... .. . .1815 to 1819.
Samuel Eddy, of Providence..... ....1819 to 1825.
[2]Nathaniel Hazard, of Middletown.....1819 to Dec. 17, 1820.
Job Durfee, of Tiverton.....1821 to 1825.
Tristam Burges, of Providence..... .....1825 to 1835.
Dutee J. Pearce, of Newport..... .1825 to 1837.
William Sprague, Jr., of Warwick.....1835 to 1837.
Robert B. Cranston, of Newport.....1837 to 1843.
Joseph L. Tillinghast, of Providence.....1837 to 1843.
Henry Y. Cranston, of Newport.....1843 to 1847.
Elisha R. Potter, Jr., of South Kingstown... . ...1843 to 1845.
Lemuel H. Arnold, of South Kingstown.....1845 to 1847.
Robert B. Cranston, of Newport... ... .1847 to 1849
Benjamin B. Thurston, of Hopkinton.....1847 to 1849.
Nathan F. Dixon, of Westerly..... ...1849 to 1851.

[1] Resigned. [2] Died in office.

George G. King, of Newport.....1849 to 1853.
Benjamin B. Thurston, of Hopkinton... ....1851 to 1857.
Thomas Davis, of North Providence.....1853 to 1855.
Nathaniel B. Durfee, of Tiverton.....1855 to 1859.
William D. Brayton, of Warwick..... ..... .1857 to 1861.
Christopher Robinson, of Cumberland..... ....1859 to 1861.
George H. Browne, of Glocester.....1861 to 1863.
William P. Sheffield, of Newport.....1861 to 1863.
Thomas A. Jenckes, of Providence..... .. ...1863 to 1871.
Nathan F. Dixon, of Westerly.....1863 to 1871.
James M. Pendleton, of Westerly.....1871 to 1875.
Benjamin T. Eames, of Providence.....1871 to 1879.
Latimer W. Ballou, of Woonsocket.....1875 to 1881.
[1]Nelson W. Aldrich, of Providence.....1879 to Oct. 4, 1881.
[1]Jonathan Chace, of Lincoln.....1881 to Jan. 26, 1885.
[2]Henry J. Spooner, of Providence.....1881 to 1891.
[3]Nathan F. Dixon, of Westerly.....Feb. 5, 1885 to Mar. 3, 1885.
[4]William A. Pirce, of Johnston.....1885 to Jan. 25, 1887.
Charles H. Page, of Scituate.. ...Feb. 25, 1887 to Mar. 3, 1887.
Warren O. Arnold, of Glocester..... ...1887 to 1891.
Oscar Lapham, of Providence.....1891 to 1895.
Charles H. Page, of Scituate.....1891 to 1895.
Melville Bull, of Middletown..... .....1895 to 1903.
Warren O. Arnold, of Glocester ....1895 to 1897.
Adin B. Capron, of Smithfield ..... 1897 to
Daniel L. D. Granger, of Providence.....1903 to

[1] Resigned to accept election as United States Senator.

[2] Elected November 22, 1881, to fill vacancy caused by resignation of Nelson W. Aldrich.

[3] Elected February 5, 1885, to fill vacancy caused by resignation of Jonathan Chace.

[4] Seat declared vacant by U. S. House of Representatives on contest of Charles H. Page.

Notes and Statistics

Relative to the Election of Representatives in Congress from Rhode Island.

First Congress. (1789-1791.)

Rhode Island not having ratified the Federal Constitution until May 29, 1790, no election for representative in Congress was held until August, (last Tuesday in,) 1790, when Benjamin Bourn (Fed.) was elected for the term expiring on the 3d day of March following. (No vote given.)

Second Congress. (1791-1793.)

1790. (October Session.) Benjamin Bourn declared elected Representative from and after the 3d day of March next. (No vote given.)

At the June Session, 1792, a vote was adopted providing for the election of two Representatives, by the freemen of the State, on the last Tuesday in August following.

Third Congress. (1793-1795.)

1792. August. Benjamin Bourn and Francis Malbone elected. (No vote given,)

Fourth Congress. (1795-1797.)

1794. (October Session.) The committee to receive and count the proxies for Representatives, "made report that there was a majority of votes for Benjamin Bourn and Francis Malbone," and they were declared elected as follows:

Benjamin Bourn, (Fed.) 1,880
Peleg Arnold, (anti-Fed.)..... 1,138
Francis Malbone, (Fed.)..... 1,911
Joseph Stanton, Jr., (anti-Fed.)..... ... 1,178

In 1796 Benjamin Bourn resigned; a special election was ordered by the Governor, Arthur Fenner, for November 15, 1796, which resulted as follows:

Elisha R. Potter, (Fed.)..... 1,619
Peleg Arnold, (Rep.)..... 662

(For report of the Governor, see Schedule, February Session, 1797, page 24.)

FIFTH CONGRESS. (1797-1799.)

1796. August 30. Benjamin Bourn (Fed.) elected First Representative by a majority of 3,704 votes, and Christopher Grant Champlin (Fed.) Second Representative by a majority of 107 votes.

Benjamin Bourn declined to accept; an election was ordered for November 15, 1796, when Elisha R. Potter (Fed.) was elected by a majority of 935 votes. (No returns from Coventry and Warren.)

NOTE.—In the "Political Register and Congressional Directory," by Ben: Perley Poore, it is stated that Thomas Tillinghast was elected a Representative in place of Elisha R. Potter, resigned, receiving 53 majority, serving from Nov. 13, 1797, to March 3, 1799. The Secretary is unable to find any record of the last named election.

SIXTH CONGRESS. (1799-1801.)

1798. August. John Brown, (Fed.) 2,680
Thomas Tillinghast, (Rep.)..... 1,415
Christopher Grant Champlin, (Fed.)..... 2,836
Messrs. Brown and Champlin elected.

SEVENTH CONGRESS. (1801-1803.)

1800. August. Whole number of votes..... 3,240
Thomas Tillinghast, (Rep.)..... ... 2,506
Joseph Stanton, Jr., (Rep.)..... 1,494
Richard Jackson, Jr., (Fed.)... 1,243
Asher Robbins, (Fed.)..... 803
John Brown, (Fed.)..... 138
Scattering..... 47

Thomas Tillinghast declared to be the only Representative elected. The votes were counted at the October Session, 1800, and at the February Session, 1801, an election for another Representative ordered for the third Wednesday in April, 1801, which resulted as follows:

1801. April. Joseph Stanton, Jr., (Rep.)..... 2,292
Thomas Noyes, (Fed.)..... 1,443
Majority for Mr. Stanton, 849.

EIGHTH CONGRESS. (1803-1805.)

1802. August. Whole number of votes..... 3,878
Joseph Stanton, (Rep.)..... 2,604
Nehemiah Knight, (Rep.)..... 2,598
Elisha R. Potter, (Fed.)..... 1,633
Thomas Tillinghast, (Fed.)..... 1,636
Messrs. Stanton and Knight declared elected.

NINTH CONGRESS. (1805-1807.)

1804. August. Whole number of votes..... 1,637
Joseph Stanton, (Rep.)..... 1,606
Nehemiah Knight, (Rep.)..... 1,618

TENTH CONGRESS. (1807-1809.)

1806. August. Whole number of votes..... 3,389
Necessary for a choice..... 1,695
Nehemiah Knight, (Rep.)..... 1,794
Isaac Wilbour, (Rep.)..... 1,630
William Hunter, (Fed.)..... 1,483
Thomas Arnold, (Fed.)..... 1,456
Thomas B. Hazard, (Fed.)..... 310
Scattering..... 27
Nehemiah Knight, only, declared elected. An election for another representative was ordered for the first Tuesday of the following December, which resulted as follows:

1806. December. Whole number of votes..... 2,957
Isaac Wilbour, (Rep.)..... 1,720

William Hunter, (Fed.)..... 1,220
Scattering..... 15
Isaac Wilbour declared elected.

Nehemiah Knight having died in office, an election to fill the vacancy was had with the following result:

1808. August. Whole number of votes..... 6,152
Richard Jackson, Jr., (Fed.)..... 3,262
Jonathan Russell, (Rep.)..... 2,887
Scattering..... 3
And Mr. Jackson was elected.

ELEVENTH CONGRESS. (1809-1811.)

1808. August. Whole number of votes..... 6,206
Necessary for a choice..... 3,104
Elisha R. Potter, (Fed.)..... 3,257
Richard Jackson, Jr., (Fed.)..... 3,287
Jonathan Russell, (Rep.)..... 2,895
Isaac Wilbour, (Rep.)..... 2,911
Messrs. Potter and Jackson were declared elected.

TWELFTH CONGRESS. (1811-1813.)

1810. August. Whole number of votes..... 7,119
Necessary for a choice..... 3,560
Elisha R. Potter, (Fed.)..... 3,638
Richard Jackson, Jr., (Fed.)..... 3,648
Nathaniel Hazard, (Rep.)..... 3,475
Nathan Brown, (Rep.)..... 3,444
Messrs. Potter and Jackson declared elected.

THIRTEENTH CONGRESS. (1813-1815.)

1812. August. Whole number of votes..... 7,618
Necessary for a choice..... 3,810
Richard Jackson, Jr. (Fed.)..... 4,454
Elisha R. Potter, (Fed.)..... 4,446
Jonathan Russell, (Rep.)..... 3,164
Isaac Wilbour, (Rep.)..... 3,154
Messrs. Jackson and Potter were declared elected.

FOURTEENTH CONGRESS. (1815-1817.)

1814. August. Whole number of votes..... 6,749
James B. Mason, (Fed.)..... 3,663
John L. Boss, Jr., (Fed.)..... 3,771
Nehemiah R. Knight, (Rep.)..... 2,953
John D'Wolf, Jr., (Rep.)..... 2,952
Messrs. Mason and Boss declared elected.

FIFTEENTH CONGRESS. (1817-1819.)

1816. August. Whole number of votes..... 2,281
James B. Mason, (Fed.)..... 2,230
John L. Boss, Jr., (Fed.)..... 2,231
Messrs. Mason and Boss declared elected. (No votes returned from Westerly and Jamestown.)

SIXTEENTH CONGRESS. (1819-1821.)

1818. August. Whole number of votes..... 1,956
Samuel Eddy, (Rep.)..... 1,945
Nathaniel Hazard, (Rep.)..... 1,909
Scattering..... 11
Messrs. Eddy and Hazard were declared elected. (No votes returned from New Shoreham, South Kingstown, Coventry, Tiverton, Little Compton and Hopkinton.)

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS. (1821-1823.)

1820. August. Whole number of votes..... 5,744
Samuel Eddy, (Rep.)..... 2,891
Samuel W. Bridgham, (People's) 2,773
Nathaniel Hazard, (Rep.)..... 2,033
Job Durfee, (People's)..... 3,563
Scattering..... 66
Messrs. Durfee and Eddy were declared elected.

EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS. (1823-1825.)

1822. August. Job Durfee, (Rep.)..... 456
Samuel Eddy, (Rep.)..... 417
Scattering..... 91
Messrs. Durfee and Eddy elected.

NINETEENTH CONGRESS. (1825-1827.)

1825. August. Whole number of votes..... 5,556
Necessary for a choice..... 2,779
Tristam Burges, (Rep.)..... 2,932
Samuel Eddy, (Rep.)..... 2,121
Dutee J. Pearce, (Rep.)..... 2,534
Job Durfee, (Rep.)..... 2,468
William Hunter, (Rep.)..... 364
Scattering..... 136

Tristam Burges was declared to be the only Representative elected. An election for another Representative was ordered for the 25th day of November following, which resulted as follows:

1825. November 25. Whole number of votes..... 3,445
Dutee J. Pearce, (Dem.)..... 1,960
Job Durfee, (Dem.)..... 1,482
Scattering..... 3

And Mr. Pearce was declared elected.

TWENTIETH CONGRESS. (1827-1829.)

1827. August. Whole number of votes..... 2,259
Necessary for a choice..... 1,130
Tristam Burges, (Nat. Rep.)..... 2,230
Dutee J. Pearce, (Nat. Rep.)..... 2,126
Scattering..... 29

Messrs. Burges and Pearce were declared elected.

TWENTY-FIRST CONGRESS. (1829-1831.)

1829. August. Whole number of votes..... 5,848
Necessary for a choice..... 2,925
Tristam Burges, (Nat. Rep.)..... 4,108
Dutee J. Pearce, (Nat. Rep.)..... 4,328
Samuel Eddy, (Nat. Rep.)..... 1,251
Job Durfee, (Nat. Rep.)..... 1,126
Elisha R. Potter, (Nat. Rep.)..... 518
John D'Wolf, Jr., (Nat. Rep.)..... 208
Scattering..... 33

Messrs. Burges and Pearce were declared elected.

TWENTY-SECOND CONGRESS. (1831-1833.)

1831. August. Whole number of votes..... 3,896
Necessary for a choice..... 1,949
Tristam Burges, (Nat. Rep.)..... 2,931
Dutee J. Pearce, (Nat. Rep.)..... 2,727
Scattering..... 519
Messrs. Burges and Pearce were declared elected.

TWENTY-THIRD CONGRESS. (1833-1835.)

1833. August. Whole number of votes..... 5,350
Necessary for a choice..... 2,626
Tristam Burges, (Nat. Rep.)..... 3,162
Dutee J. Pearce, (People's)..... 2,078
Wilkins Updike, (Dem. Rep.)..... 1,904
Nathan B. Sprague, (Dem. Rep.)..... 1,499
Albert C. Greene, (Nat. Rep.)..... 557
Henry Y. Cranston, (Nat. Rep.)..... 375
Nathan F. Dixon, (Nat. Rep.)..... 167
Scattering..... 227
Tristam Burges was declared to be the only Representative elected. An election for another Representative was ordered for the 20th day of November following, the votes to be counted by the Governor, which election resulted as follows:

1833. November 20. Whole number of votes..... 3,902
Necessary for a choice..... 1,952
Dutee J. Pearce, (Rep.)..... 2,152
Nathan F. Dixon, (Nat. Rep.)..... 1,705
Scattering..... 25
And Mr. Pearce was declared elected.

TWENTY-FOURTH CONGRESS. (1835-1837.)

1835. August. Whole number of votes..... 7,767
Necessary for a choice..... 3,884
William Sprague, Jr., (Dem.)..... 3,924
Dutee J. Pearce, (Dem.)..... 3,901
Tristam Burges, (Whig)..... 3,776
Henry Y. Cranston, (Whig)..... 3,659
Scattering..... 45
Messrs. Sprague and Pearce were declared elected.

TWENTY-FIFTH CONGRESS. (1837-1839.)

At the June Session, 1837, by act of the General Assembly, the votes for Representatives in Congress, to be given in at the election in August following, were to be returned to the Governor, and by him counted, and the result declared, which was as follows:

1837. August. Whole number of votes..... 7,615
Necessary for a choice..... 3,808
Joseph L. Tillinghast, (Whig)..... 4,282
Robert B. Cranston, (Whig)..... 4,221
Dutee J. Pearce, (Administration)..... 3,261
Jesse Howard, (Administration)..... 3,201
Thomas W. Dorr, (Const.) 72
Dan King, (Const.)..... 25
Messrs. Tillinghast and Cranston were (Sept. 2, 1837,) declared elected.

TWENTY-SIXTH CONGRESS. (1839-1841.)

1839. August. Whole number of votes..... 7,669
Necessary for a choice..... 3,834
Robert B. Cranston, (Whig)..... 3,912
Joseph L. Tillinghast, (Whig)..... 4,050
Benjamin B. Thurston, (Dem.)..... 3,595
Thomas W. Dorr, (Dem.)..... 3,660
Scattering..... 54
Messrs. Cranston and Tillinghast were declared elected.

TWENTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS. (1841-1843.)

At the January Session, 1841, an act was passed, providing that the election should be held thereafter on the third Wednesday in April instead of the last Tuesday in August as theretofore. At the January Session, 1843, this act was repealed.

1841. April. Whole number of votes..... 2,725
Robert B. Cranston, (Whig)..... 2,516
Joseph L. Tillinghast, (Whig)..... 2,486
Scattering..... 246
Messrs. Cranston and Tillinghast elected.

At the June Session, 1843, the State was divided into two districts, to be called the Eastern and Western Districts, and the qualified electors in each were entitled to elect a Representative in Congress for the district in which they resided

TWENTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS. (1843-1845.)

Eastern District

1843.	August. Henry Y. Cranston, (Law and Order)	4,228	
	John H. Weeden, (Dem.)	2,571	
	Scattering	18	
			6,817

Majority for Mr. Cranston, 1,639.

Western District.

Elisha R. Potter, (Law and Order)	2,917	
Wilmarth N. Aldrich, (Dem.)	1,846	
Scattering	5	
		4,768

Majority for Mr. Potter, 1,066.

TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS. (1845-1847.)

In the Digest of 1844, the time of the election was changed to the first Wednesday in April.

Eastern District.

1845.	April. Henry Y. Cranston, (Whig)	4,967	
	Scattering	69	
			5,036

Majority for Mr. Cranston, 4,898.

Western District.

Lemuel H. Arnold, (Liberation)	3,213	
Elisha R. Potter, (Law and Order)	3,030	
Scattering	76	
		6,319

Majority for Mr. Arnold, 107.

THIRTIETH CONGRESS. (1847-1849.)

Eastern District.

1847.	April. Robert B. Cranston, (Whig.).....	3,303	
	Fenner Brown, (Dem.).....	2,429	
	John Boyden, Jr., (Free Soil).....	116	
	Scattering.....	709	
			6,557

Majority for Mr. Cranston, 24.

Western District.

Wilkins Updike, (Whig).....	2,035	
Benjamin B. Thurston, (Dem.).....	1,928	
Lemuel H. Arnold, (Whig).....	451	
Lauriston Hall, (Free Soil)....	172	
Scattering.....	20	
		4,606

No choice. New election ordered for the last Tuesday in August, 1847, with the following result:

1847.	August. Benjamin B. Thurston, (Dem.)...	2,415	
	Wilkins Updike, (Whig).....	2,350	
	Scattering, (Abolition, 60).....	66	
			4,831

Mr. Thurston declared elected, having a plurality of the legal votes.

THIRTY-FIRST CONGRESS. (1849-1851.)

Eastern District.

1849.	April. George G. King, (Whig).....	3,029	
	Fenner Brown, (Dem.).....	1,248	
	John Boyden, Jr., (Free Soil).....	213	
	Scattering.....	10	
			4,500

Majority for Mr. King, 1,558.

Western District.

Benjamin B. Thurston, (Dem.)..... ...	1,994
Sylvester G. Shearman, (Whig)....	1,974

	Lauriston Hall, (Abolition)	160	
	Lemuel H. Arnold, (Whig)	9	
	Charles Jackson, (Whig)	9	
	Scattering	7	
			4,152

No choice. Election ordered for the 28th of August following, with the following result:

1849.	August 28. Nathan F. Dixon, (Whig)	2,824	
	Benjamin B. Thurston, (Coalition)	2,209	
	Scattering	1	
			5,034

Majority for Mr. Dixon, 614.

THIRTY-SECOND CONGRESS. (1851-1853.)

Eastern District.

1851.	April. George G. King, (Whig)	3,463	
	Welcome B. Sayles, (Dem.)	3,239	
	Hiram Cleveland, (Free Soil)	72	
	Scattering	8	
			6,782

Majority for Mr. King, 144.

Western District.

	Benjamin B. Thurston, (Dem.)	3,524	
	Charles Jackson, (Whig)	2,432	
	Lauriston Hall, (Free Soil)	82	
	Scattering	25	
			6,063

Majority for Mr. Thurston, 985.

THIRTY-THIRD CONGRESS. (1853-1855.)

Eastern District.

1853.	April. Thomas Davis, (Dem.)	5,524	
	George G. King, (Whig)	4,942	
	John H. Willard, (Free Soil)	401	
	Scattering	6	
			10,873

Majority for Mr. Davis, 175.

Western District.

Benjamin B. Thurston, (Dem.)	4,438	
Elisha M. Aldrich, (Whig)	450	
Scattering	17	
		4,905

Majority for Mr. Thurston, 3,971.

THIRTY-FOURTH CONGRESS. (1855-1857.)

Eastern District.

1855.	April. Nathaniel B. Durfee, (Amer.)	6,283	
	Thomas Davis, (Dem.)	1,987	
	Scattering	284	
			8,554

Majority for Mr. Durfee, 4,012.

Western District.

Benjamin B. Thurston, (Amer.)	4,484	
Scattering	594	
		5,078

Majority for Mr. Thurston, 3,890.

THIRTY-FIFTH CONGRESS. (1857-1859.)

Eastern District.

1857.	April. Nathaniel B. Durfee, (Rep.)	5,552	
	Ambrose E. Burnside, (Dem.)	2,063	
	Scattering	22	
			7,637

Majority for Mr. Durfee, 3,467.

Western District.

William D. Brayton, (Amer. Rep.)	3,933	
Charles Jackson, (Dem.)	3,217	
Scattering	84	
		7,234

Majority for Mr. Brayton, 632.

THIRTY-SIXTH CONGRESS. (1859-1861.)

Eastern District.

1859.	April 7. Christopher Robinson, (Am. Rep.).	3,846	
	Thomas Davis, (Rep.)	2,450	
	Olney Arnold, (Dem.)	1,507	
	Scattering	7	
			7,808

(No choice.) An election ordered for 22d June inst., and the votes to be counted by the Governor. The election resulted as follows:

1359.	June 22. Christopher Robinson, (A. Rep.).	3,414	
	Thomas Davis, (Rep.)	2,648	
	Scattering	36	
			6,098

Majority for Mr. Robinson, 730.

Western District.

	William D. Brayton, (Rep.)	3,102	
	Alfred Anthony, (Dem.)	1,750	
	Scattering	3	
			4,855

Majority for Mr. Brayton, 1,349.

THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS. (1861-1863.)

Eastern District.

1861.	April 3. William P. Sheffield, (Union)	6,998	
	Christopher Robinson, (Rep.)	6,656	
	Scattering	22	
			13,676

Majority for Mr. Sheffield, 320.

Western District.

	George H. Browne, (Union)	4,441	
	William D. Brayton, (Rep.)	3,856	
	Scattering	2	
			8,299

Majority for Mr. Browne, 583.

THIRTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS. (1863-1865.)

Eastern District.

1863.	April 1. Thomas A. Jenckes, (Rep.)	6,536	
	Charles S. Bradley, (Dem.)	4,615	
	Scattering	68	
			11,219

Majority for Mr. Jenckes, 1,853.

Western District.

Nathan F. Dixon, (Rep.)	4,202	
George H. Browne, (Dem.)	3,180	
Scattering	30	
		7,412

Majority for Mr. Dixon, 992.

THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS. (1865-1867.)

Eastern District.

1865.	April 5. Thomas A. Jenckes, (Rep.)	5,180	
	Scattering	53	
			5,233

Majority for Mr. Jenckes, 5,127.

Western District.

Nathan F. Dixon, (Rep.)	3,193	
Gideon Bradford, (Dem.)	1,286	
Scattering	4	
		4,483

Majority for Mr. Dixon, 1,903.

FORTIETH CONGRESS. (1867-1869.)

Eastern District.

1867.	April 3. Thomas A. Jenckes, (Rep.)	4,311	
	Scattering	101	
			4,412

Majority for Mr. Jenckes, 4,210.

Western District.

Nathan F. Dixon, (Rep.)	2,669	
William Carder, (Dem.)	1,480	
Scattering	11	
		4,160

Majority for Mr. Dixon, 1,178.

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS. (1869-1871.)

By Chapter 752, passed March 8, 1868, amended by Chapter 888, passed June 15, 1870, the time of the election thereafter was changed to the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November.

Eastern District.

1868.	Nov. 3. Thomas A. Jenckes, (Rep.)	7,964	
	Olney Arnold, (Dem.)	3,898	
	Scattering	62	
			11,924

Majority for Mr. Jenckes, 4,004.

Western District.

Nathan F. Dixon, (Rep.)	4,242	
James Waterhouse, (Dem.)	2,587	
Scattering	18	
		6,847

Majority for Mr. Dixon, 2,605.

FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS. (1871-1873.)

Eastern District.

1870.	Nov. 8. Benjamin T. Eames, (Rep.)	4,962	
	Thomas A. Jenckes, (Rep.)	1,965	
	Nicholas Van Slyck, (Dem.)	1,380	
	Thomas Davis, (Rep.)	1,040	
	Benjamin Mumford, (Pro.)	267	
	Scattering	103	
			9,717

Majority for Mr. Eames, 207.

Western District.

James M. Pendleton, (Rep.)	1,534	
Samuel Rodman, (Dem.)	947	
Nathan F. Dixon, (Rep.)	88	
Scattering	43	
		2,612

Majority for Mr. Pendleton, 456.

FORTY-THIRD CONGRESS. (1873-1875.)

Eastern District.

1872.	Nov. 5. Benjamin T. Eames, (Rep.)	8,977	
	Thomas Davis, (Dem.)	3,138	
	Scattering	14	
			12,129

Majority for Mr. Eames, 5,825.

Western District.

James M. Pendleton, (Rep.)	4,310	
George H. Browne, (Dem.)	2,505	
		6,815

Majority for Mr. Pendleton, 1,805.

By the General Statutes of 1872, the designation of the Districts was changed to First and Second respectively.

FORTY-FOURTH CONGRESS. (1875-1877.)

First District.

1874.	Nov. 3. Benjamin T. Eames, (Rep.)	2,316	
	William B. Beach, (Dem.)	857	
	Scattering	15	
			3,188

Majority for Mr. Eames, 1,544.

Second District.

Latimer W. Ballou, (Rep.)	2,362	
Samuel Rodman, (Dem.)	1,235	
Scattering	22	
		3,619

Majority for Mr. Ballou, 1,105.

FORTY-FIFTH CONGRESS. (1877-1879.)

First District.

1876. Nov. 7.	Benjamin T. Eames, (Rep.)	8,523	
	Edward W. Brunsen, (Dem.)	5,068	
	Benjamin G. Chace, (Greenback)	29	
	Scattering	9	
			13,629

Majority for Mr. Eames, 3,417.

Second District.

	Latimer W. Ballou, (Rep.)	7,177	
	Charles H. Page, (Dem.)	5,303	
	John M. Bailey, (Greenback)	25	
	Scattering	23	
			12,528

Majority for Mr. Ballou, 1,826.

FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS. (1879-1881.)

First District.

1878. Nov. 5.	Nelson W. Aldrich, (Rep.)	5,969	
	Thomas Davis, (Dem.)	1,332	
	Lycurgus Sayles, (Greenback)	575	
	Scattering	93	
			7,669

Majority for Mr. Aldrich, 3,969.

Second District.

	Latimer W. Ballou, (Rep.)	5,572	
	Jerothmul B. Barnaby, (Dem.)	4,540	
	John Francis Smith, (Greenback)	311	
	Scattering	4	
			10,427

Majority for Mr. Ballou, 717.

FORTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS. (1881-1883.)

First District.

1880. Nov. 2.	Nelson W. Aldrich, (Rep.)	9,502	
	Isaac Lawrence, (Dem.)	4,585	

Henry Cram, (Greenback)	171	
Scattering	10	
		14,268

Majority for Mr. Aldrich, 4,736.

Second District.

Jonathan Chace, (Rep.)	8,515	
Franklin Treat, (Dem.)	6,031	
John Francis Smith, (Greenback)	92	
George H. Browne, (Dem.)	31	
Scattering	16	
		14,685

Majority for Mr. Chace, 2,345.

Nelson W. Aldrich having been elected, October 5, 1881, a Senator in Congress to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Ambrose E. Burnside, a special election for Representative from the First District was ordered for November 22, 1881, with the following result:

1881.	Nov. 22. Henry J. Spooner, (Rep.)	3,623	
	Henry T. Sisson, (Dem.)	1,103	
	Charles C. Van Zandt, (Rep.)	709	
	Scattering	23	
			5,458

Majority for Mr. Spooner, 1,788.

FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS. (1883-1885.)

First District.

1882.	Nov. 7. Henry J. Spooner, (Rep.)	3,515	
	Oscar Lapham, (Dem.)	1,491	
	Scattering	13	
			5,019

Majority for Mr. Spooner, 2,011.

Second District.

Jonathan Chace, (Rep.)	3,349	
Jonathan M. Wheeler, (Dem.)	1,831	
Scattering	6	
		5,186

Majority for Mr. Chace, 1,512.

Jonathan Chace having been elected, January 21, 1885, a Senator in Congress to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Henry B. Anthony, a special election for Representative from the Second District was ordered for February 5, 1885, with the following result:

1885.	Feb. 5.	Nathan F. Dixon, (Rep.)	2,258	
		Philip W. Hawkins, (Dem.)	998	
		Scattering	4	
				3 260

Majority for Mr. Dixon, 1,056.

FORTY-NINTH CONGRESS. (1885-1887.)

First District.

1884.	Nov. 4.	Henry J. Spooner, (Rep.)	10,140	
		Ziba O. Slocum, (Dem.)	5,976	
		William P. Buffum, (Prohibition)	539	
		Daniel Bruce, Jr., (People's)	198	
		Scattering	41	
				16,894

Majority for Mr. Spooner, 3,386.

Second District.

William A. Pirce, (Rep.)	7,746	
Charles H. Page, (Dem.)	5,995	
Alfred B. Chadsey, (Prohibition)	1,500	
Nathan F. Dixon, (Rep.)	106	
William M. Longstreet, (People's)	76	
Jonathan Chace, (Rep.)	13	
William Goddard, (Rep.)	8	
Scattering	32	
		15,476

Majority for Mr. Pirce, 16.

The election of William A. Pirce was contested by Charles H. Page, and January 25, 1887, the U. S. House of Representatives declared that William A. Pirce was not duly elected a member of the 49th Congress, and in consequence declared his seat therein to be vacant.

A special election for Representative from the Second District was ordered for February 21, 1887, with the following result:

1887.	Feb. 21. Charles H. Page, (Dem.)	5,790	
	William A. Pirce, (Rep.)	5,495	
	Alfred B. Chadsey, (Prohibition)	466	
	Scattering	6	
			11,757

Plurality for Mr. Page, 295

FIFTIETH CONGRESS. (1887-1889.)

First District.

1886.	Nov. 2. Henry J. Spooner, (Rep.)	3,506	
	Oscar Lapham, (Dem.)	2,373	
	Albert C. Howard, (Prohibition)	746	
	Scattering	2	
			6,627

Majority for Mr. Spooner, 385.

Second District.

Charles S. Bradley, (Dem.)	5,430	
Nathan F. Dixon, (Rep.)	4,854	
Arnold B. Chace, (Prohibition)	853	
William A. Pirce, (Rep.)	125	
Scattering	6	
		11,268

There being no choice the General Assembly ordered a new election for November 8, 1887, which resulted as follows:

1887.	Nov. 8. Warren O. Arnold, (Rep.)	8,089	
	Charles S. Bradley, (Dem.)	7,252	
	Thomas H. Peabody, (Prohibition)	299	
	Scattering	3	
			15,643

Plurality for Mr. Arnold, 837.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS. (1889-1891.)

First District.

1888.	Nov. 6. Henry J. Spooner, (Rep.)	11,092	
	Oscar Lapham, (Dem.)	8,993	
	Elwood G. Macomber, (Prohibition)	699	
	Scattering	3	
			20,787

Majority for Mr. Spooner, 1,397.

Second District.

	Warren O. Arnold, (Rep.)	10,940	
	William C. Baker, (Dem.)	8,040	
	Anson Greene, (Prohibition)	572	
	Scattering	12	
			19,564

Majority for Mr. Arnold, 2,316.

FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS. (1891-1893.)

First District.

1890.	Nov. 4. Oscar Lapham, (Dem.)	10,377	
	Henry J. Spooner, (Rep.)	8,612	
	Harrison H. Richardson, (Prohibition)	609	
	Scattering	4	
			19,602

Majority for Mr. Lapham, 1,152.

Second District.

	Charles H. Page, (Dem.)	8,329	
	Warren O. Arnold, (Rep.)	8,256	
	John S. Tripp, (Prohibition)	582	
	Scattering	2	
			17,169

Plurality for Mr. Page, 73. No election.

Second election, ordered by the General Assembly, was held Saturday, February 21st, 1891, with the following result:

Charles H. Page, (Dem.)	6,904	
Warren O. Arnold, (Rep.)	723	
John S. Tripp, (Prohibition)	461	
		8,088

Majority for Mr. Page, 5,720.

FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS. (1893-1895.)

First District.

1892. Nov. 8.	Melville Bull, (Rep.)	13,601	
	Oscar Lapham, (Dem.)	12,961	
	Isaac S. Turner, (Prohibition)	752	
	Benjamin G. Chace, (People's)	217	
	Scattering	1	
			27,532

Plurality for Mr. Bull, 640. No election.

Second District.

Adin B. Capron, (Rep.)	11,487	
Charles H. Page, (Dem.)	10,469	
Edwin A. Lewis, (Prohibition)	1,011	
Henry A. Burlingame, (People's)	161	
Scattering	4	
		23,132

Plurality for Mr. Capron, 1,018. No election.

Second election, ordered by the General Assemby, was held Wednesday, April 5, 1893, with the following result:

First District.

1893. April 5.	Oscar Lapham, (Dem.)	11,238	
	Melville Bull, (Rep.)	10,363	
	Isaac S. Turner, (Prohibition)	1,013	
	Scattering	1	
			22,615

Plurality for Mr. Lapham, 875.

Second District.

Charles H. Page, (Dem.)	10,815
Adin B. Capron, (Rep.)	10,040
Edwin A. Lewis, (Prohibition)	1,562
Scattering	2
	22,419

Plurality for Mr. Page, 775.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS. (1895-1897.)

First District.

1894.	Nov. 6. Melville Bull, (Rep.)	11,355
	Oscar Lapham, (Dem.)	7,225
	James Jefferson, (Soc. Labor)	618
	James A. Williams, (Prohibition)	426
	Bartholomew Vallette, (People's)	194
		19,818

Plurality for Mr. Bull, 4,130.

Second District.

Warren O. Arnold, (Rep.)	11,306
Lucius F. C. Garvin, (Dem.)	6,394
John B. Jordan, (Prohibition)	720
Patrick Mulligan, (Soc. Labor)	158
Augustus Mathews, (People's)	83
Scattering	3
	18,664

Plurality for Mr. Arnold, 4,912.

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS. (1897-1899.)

First District.

1896.	Nov. 3. Melville Bull, (Rep.)	17,378
	George T. Brown, (Dem.)	8,542
	James A. Williams, (Prohibition)	684
	George A. Ballard, (Soc. Labor)	664
		27,268

Plurality for Mr. Bull, 8,836.

Second District.

Adin B. Capron (Rep.)	16,612
Lucius F. C. Garvin (Dem.)	8,088
Henry B. Metcalf (Prohibition)	1,207
James Jefferson (Soc. Labor)	254
	26,161

Plurality for Mr. Capron, 8,524.

FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS. (1899-1901.)

First District.

1898. Nov. 8.

Melville Bull (Rep.)	12,268
John W. Hogan (Dem.)	6,714
Edward W. Theinert (Soc. Labor)	1,117
Charles H. Tilley (Prohibition)	482
	20,581

Plurality for Mr. Bull, 5,554.

Second District.

Adin B. Capron (Rep.)	9,041
Lucius F. C. Garvin (Dem.)	6 492
Charles H. Dana (Soc. Labor)	1,462
Frank B. Smith (Prohibition)	517
	17,512

Plurality for Mr. Capron, 2,549.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS. (1901-1903).

First District.

1900. Nov. 6.

Melville Bull (Rep.)	16,986
Charles E. Gorman (Dem.)	9,881
James Reid (Soc. Labor)	1,023
William E. Brightman (Prohibition)	882
	28,772

Plurality for Mr. Bull, 7,105.

Second District.

Adin B. Capron (Rep.)	13,975
Lucius F. C. Garvin (Dem.)	8,870
Bernon E. Helme (Prohibition)	769
Herbert Longworth (Soc. Labor)	557
	24,171

Plurality for Mr. Capron, 5,105.

FIFTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS. (1903–1905.)

First District.

1902. Nov. 4. Daniel D. L. Granger (Dem.). ... 15,198
Melville Bull (Rep.).....14,535
James P. Read (Soc. Labor)..... 894
Ernest G. W. Wesley (Prohibition) 388
Scattering 1
——— 31,016

Plurality for Mr. Granger, 663.

Second District.

Adin B. Capron (Rep.).....13,680
Franklin P. Owen (Dem.).....12,657
Henry B. Dexter (Prohibition)..... 903
Scattering..... 1
——— 27,241

Plurality for Mr. Capron, 1,023.

FIFTY-NINTH CONGRESS. (1905–1907.)

First District.

1904. Nov. 8. Daniel D. L. Granger (Dem.) ... 15,583
John H. Stiness (Rep.)..... 15,450
George A. Conibear (Prohibition)..... ... 469
——— 31,502

Plurality for Mr. Granger, 133.

Second District.

Adin B. Capron (Rep.)..... 18,212
Franklin P. Owen (Dem.)..... 13,278
Bernon E. Helme (Prohibition)..... 603
——— 32,093

Plurality for Mr. Capron, 4,934.

PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Year of Qualification.	Name.	Where From.	Term of Office.
1789	George Washington	Virginia	8 years.
1797	John Adams	Massachusetts	4 years.
1801	Thomas Jefferson	Virginia	8 years.
1809	James Madison	Virginia	8 years.
1817	James Monroe	Virginia	8 years.
1825	John Quincy Adams	Massachusetts	4 years.
1829	Andrew Jackson	Tennessee	8 years.
1837	Martin Van Buren	New York	4 years.
1841	[1]William Henry Harrison	Ohio	1 month.
1841	John Tyler	Virginia	3 years, 11 months.
1845	James K. Polk	Tennessee	4 years.
1849	[1]Zachary Taylor	Louisiana	1 year, 4 mos., 5 d.
1850	Millard Fillmore	New York	2 years, 7 mos., 26 d.
1853	Franklin Pierce	New Hampshire	4 years.
1857	James Buchanan	Pennsylvania	4 years.
1861	[1]Abraham Lincoln	Illinois	4 years, 1 mo., 10 d.
1865	Andrew Johnson	Tennessee	3 years, 10 mos., 20 d.
1869	Ulysses S. Grant	Illinois	8 years.
1877	Rutherford B. Hayes	Ohio	4 years.
1881	[1]James A. Garfield	Ohio	6 months, 15 days.
1881	Chester A. Arthur	New York	3 years, 5 mos., 15 d.
1885	Grover Cleveland	New York	4 years.
1889	Benjamin Harrison	Indiana	4 years.
1893	Grover Cleveland	New York	4 years.
1897	[1]William McKinley	Ohio	4 years, 6 mos., 11 d.
1901	Theodore Roosevelt	New York	

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

Year of Qualification.	Name.	Where From.
1789	John Adams	Massachusetts.
1797	Thomas Jefferson	Virginia.
1801	Aaron Burr	New York.
1805	[1]George Clinton	New York.
1812	[2]William H. Crawford	Georgia.
1813	[1]Elbridge Gerry	Massachusetts.
1814	[2]John Gaillard	South Carolina.
1817	Daniel D. Tompkins	New York.
1825	[3]John C. Calhoun	South Carolina.
1832	[2]Hugh L. White	Tennessee.
1833	Martin Van Buren	New York.
1837	Richard M. Johnson	Kentucky.
1841	John Tyler	Virginia.
1841	[1]Samuel L. Southard	New Jersey.
1842	[1]Willie P. Mangum	North Carolina.
1845	George M. Dallas	Pennsylvania.
1849	Millard Fillmore	New York.
1850	[1]William R. King	Alabama.

[1] Died in office. [2] *Ex-officio* as President *pro tem.* of the Senate.
[3] Resigned December 28, 1832.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.—Continued.

Year of Qualification.	Name.	Where From.
1853	[1]William R. King	Alabama.
1853	[2]David R. Atchison	Missouri.
1854	[2]Jesse D. Bright	Indiana.
1857	John C. Breckenridge	Kentucky.
1861	Hannibal Hamlin	Maine.
1865	Andrew Johnson	Tennessee.
1865	[2]Lafayette S. Foster	Connecticut.
1867	[2]Benjamin F. Wade	Ohio.
1869	Schuyler Colfax	Indiana.
1873	[1]Henry Wilson	Massachusetts.
1875	[2]Thomas W. Ferry	Michigan.
1877	William A. Wheeler	New York.
1881	Chester A. Arthur	New York.
1881	[2]David Davis	Illinois.
1883	[2]George F. Edmunds	Vermont.
1885	[2]Thomas A. Hendricks	Indiana.
1885	[2]John Sherman	Ohio.
1889	Levi P. Morton	New York.
1893	Adlai E. Stevenson	Illinois.
1897	[1]Garret A. Hobart	New Jersey
1901	Theodore Roosevelt	New York.
1901	[2]William P Frye	Maine.
1905	Charles W. Fairbanks	Indiana.

[1] Died in office. [2] *Ex-officio* as President *pro tem.* of the Senate.

VOTE OF RHODE ISLAND CAST AT PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS.

Election.		Candidates for President	Vote for Candidates.			
Number.	Year.		Popular.	Majority.	Total Vote.	Electoral.
2	1792	George Washington (Elected by Legislature)				4
3	1796	John Adams (Elected by Legislature)				4
4	1800	Thomas Jefferson (anti-Fed.)	1,694			4
		John Adams (Fed.)	1,941	247	3,635	
5	1804	Thomas Jefferson				4
6	1808	James Madison	2,692			4
		C. C. Pinckney	3,072	380	5,764	
7	1812	James Madison	2,084			4
		De Witt Clinton	4,032	1,948	6,116	
8	1816	James Monroe				4
9	1820	James Monroe (No opposition)	720	720	720	4
10	1824	John Quincy Adams (Coalition)	2,145	1,945	2,345	4
		Wm. H. Crawford (Rep.)	200			
11	1828	Andrew Jackson (Dem.)	821		3,675	4
		John Q. Adams (Nat. Rep.)	2,754	1,933		
12	1832	Andrew Jackson (Dem.)	2,126		4,936	4
		Henry Clay (Nat. Rep.)	2,810	684		
13	1836	Martin Van Buren (Dem.)	2,964	234	5,674	4
		William H. Harrison (Whig)	2,710			

VOTE AT PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS.—Continued.

Election. Number.	Year.	CANDIDATES FOR PRESIDENT.	Vote for Candidates. Popular.	Majority.	Total Vote.	Electoral.
14	1840	Wm. H. Harrison (Whig)	5,278	1,935		4
		Martin Van Buren (Dem.)	3,301	.....	8,621	
		James G. Birney (Liberty)	42	.....		
15	1844	James K. Polk (Dem.)	4,876	.....		
		Henry Clay (Whig)	7,322	2,348	12,296	4
		James G. Birney (Liberty)	107	.....		
16	1848	Zachary Taylor (Whig)	6,779	2,403		4
		Lewis Cass (Dem.)	3,646	.....	11,155	
		Martin Van Buren (Free Soil)	730	.....		
17	1852	Franklin Pierce (Dem.)	8,735	465		4
		Winfield Scott (Whig)	7,626	.....	17,005	
		John P. Hale (Free Soil)	644	.....		
18	1856	James Buchanan (Dem.)	6,680	.....		
		John C. Fremont (Rep.)	11,467	3,112	19,822	4
		Millard Fillmore (Amer.)	1,675	.....		
19	1860	Abraham Lincoln (Rep.)	12,244	4,537		4
		Stephen A. Douglas (Dem.)	7,707	.....	19,951	
20	1864	Abraham Lincoln (Rep.)	13,692	5,222		4
		George B. McClellan (Dem.)	8,470	.....	22,162	
21	1868	Ulysses S. Grant (Rep.)	12,993	6,445		4
		Horatio Seymour (Dem.)	6,548	.....	19,541	
22	1872	Ulysses S. Grant (Rep.)	13,665	8,336		4
		Horace Greely (Lib. and Dem.)	2,329	.....	18,994	
23	1876	Rutherford B. Hayes (Rep.)	15,787	4,947		4
		Samuel J. Tilden (Dem.)	10,712	.....	26,627	
		Peter Cooper (Greenback)	68	.....		
		Green C. Smith (Prohib.)	60	.....		
24	1880	James A. Garfield (Rep.)	18,195	7,155		4
		Winfield S. Hancock (Dem.)	10,779	.....		
		James B. Weaver (Greenback)	236	.....	29,235	
		Neal Dow (Prohibition)	20	.....		
		Scattering	5	.....		
25	1884	Grover Cleveland (Dem.)	12,391	.....		
		James G. Blaine (Rep.)	19,030	5,289	32,771	4
		John P. St. John (Prohib.)	928	.....		
		Benjamin F. Butler (People's)	422	.....		
26	1888	Benjamin Harrison (Rep.)	21,969	3,168		4
		Grover Cleveland (Dem.)	17,530	.....		
		Clinton B. Fisk (Prohib.)	1,251	.....	40,775	
		Alson J. Streeter (Union Labor)	18	.....		
		Scattering	7	.....		
27	1892	Grover Cleveland (Dem.)	24,336	.....		
		Benjamin Harrison (Rep.)	26,975	754		4
		John Bidwell (Prohib.)	1,654	.....	53,196	
		James B. Weaver (People's)	228	.....		
		Scattering	3	.....		
28	1896	William McKinley (Rep.)	37,437	20,089		4
		William J. Bryan (Dem.)	14,459	.....		
		John M. Palmer (Nat. Dem.)	1,166	.....	54,785	
		Joshua Levering (Prohib.)	1,160	.....		
		Charles H. Matchett (Soc. Labor)	558	.....		
		Scattering	5	.....		

NOTE.—The figures in the left hand corner show the number of the election from the first Presidential election in 1798, to the twenty-eighth in 1896.

Names indented denote unsuccessful candidates.

VOTE AT PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS.—Continued.

Election.		CANDIDATES FOR PRESIDENT.	Vote for Candidates.			
Number.	Year.		Popular.	Majority.	Total Vote.	Electoral.
29	1900	William McKinley (Rep.)	83,784	11,020		4
		William J. Bryan (Dem)	19,812	.....	56,548	
		John G. Woolley (Pro)	1,529	.....		
		Joseph F. Malloney (Soc. Labor)	1,423	.....		
30	1904	Theodore Roosevelt (Rep.)	41,605	14,554		4
		Alton B. Parker (Dem.)	24,889	.....		
		Eugene V. Debs (Socialist)	956	.....	68,656	
		Silas C. Swallow (Pro.)	768	.....		
		Charles H. Corregan (Soc. Labor)	488	.....		

NOTE.—The figures in the left hand corner show the number of the election from the first Presidential election in 1798, to the thirtieth in 1900.

Names indented denote unsuccessful candidates.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 8, 1904.

VOTE OF RHODE ISLAND BY TOWNS, WARDS, AND DISTRICTS.

Towns and Cities.	Republican.	Democratic.	Socialist.	Prohibition.	Socialist Labor.
Burrillville, 1st District	403	213	4	5	11
" 2d "	326	168	.....	3	6
" 3d "	99	145	2	4	2
Central Falls, 1st Ward	359	143	7	2	5
" 2d "	291	157	12	.....	4
" 3d "	292	159	4	5	4
" 4th "	185	316	4	3	5
" 5th "	279	137	8	8	9
Cranston, 1st District	432	191	6	10	4
" 2d "	428	86	7	7	3
" 3d "	57	21	.....	.....	.....
" 4th "	230	88	29	17	1
" 5th "	424	75	2	1	1
Cumberland, 1st District	107	21	.....	.....	2
" 2d "	59	62	1	.....	1
" 3d "	132	157	.....	1	1
" 4th "	222	243	6	6	6
" 5th "	212	299	8	5	1
East Providence, 1st District	413	153	10	13	5
" " 2d "	225	94	5	3	9
" " 3d "	331	99	4	4	5
" " 4th "	376	177	8	3	1
" " 5th "	76	40	3	1	1
Foster	193	68	.....	1	.....
Glocester	213	87	1	1	.....
Johnston, 1st District	357	38	3	.....	.....
" 2d "	199	83	12	6	5
Lincoln, 1st District	207	170	6	.....	2
" 2d "	139	66	2	2	1
North Providence	313	157	1	5	6
North Smithfield	184	137	6	7	5
Pawtucket, 1st Ward, 1st District	260	99	6	5	4
" 2d "	292	279	6	2	2
" 3d "	214	58	....	4	2
" 2d " 1st "	215	107	20	2	10
" 2d "	352	200	13	5	5
" 3d "	190	69	3	5	.....
" 3d " 1st "	102	322	6	1	1
" 2d "	193	318	6	3	2
" 3d "	102	322	7	.....	1
" 4th " 1st "	304	115	2	7	.....
" 2d "	132	224	9	1	5
" 3d "	333	173	11	7	1
" 5th " 1st "	229	118	4	2	.....
" 2d "	221	97	13	9	3
" 3d "	197	160	5	2	7
" 6th " 1st "	418	150	12	7	6
" 2d "	259	120	11	16	7
Providence, 1st Ward, 1st District	443	71	.....	.....	.....
" 2d "	262	90	1	.....	2

VOTE OF RHODE ISLAND BY TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.—Continued.

Towns and Cities.	Republican.	Democratic.	Socialist.	Prohibition.	Socialist Labor.
Providence, 1st Ward, 3d District	312	187	5	2	.....
" 4th "	142	220	7	.....	1
" 5th "	149	280	4	1	4
" 6th "	334	124	4	.....	1
" 2d " 1st "	368	180	5	7	2
" 2d "	81	335	1	.....	.....
" 3d "	206	200	10	7	3
" 4th "	294	290	7	8	7
" 5th "	481	76	5	3	1
" 3d " 1st "	205	119	8	1	1
" 2d "	244	273	13	5	5
" 3d "	173	105	8	.....	3
" 4th "	197	283	11	9	4
" 5th "	305	201	11	5	12
" 6th "	192	170	7	2	6
" 4th " 1st "	189	132	7	2	3
" 2d "	229	189	10	5	2
" 3d "	362	124	8	3	5
" 4th "	346	120	8	1	2
" 5th "	220	124	7	2	5
" 6th "	218	161	19	.....	5
" 5th " 1st "	192	307	12	5	6
" 2d "	204	246	16	1	5
" 3d "	375	105	4	2	4
" 4th "	270	84	3	21	2
" 5th "	353	92	5	.....	3
" 6th "	273	183	12	3	4
" 6th " 1st "	232	183	12	9	2
" 2d "	286	133	4	6	6
" 3d "	350	95	2	6	6
" 4th "	421	94	17	9	2
" 5th "	445	87	6	10	3
" 6th "	331	138	7	6	2
" 7th " 1st "	348	108	5	3	1
" 2d "	347	85	4	7	.....
" 3d "	384	175	6	9	1
" 4th "	386	170	14	5	4
" 5th "	199	124	14	.....	2
" 6th "	171	95	17	4	1
" 8th " 1st "	216	121	18	9	12
" 2d "	315	189	29	4	16
" 3d "	243	234	6	4	7
" 4th "	280	110	22	9	7
" 5th "	271	83	5	1	1
" 6th "	150	210	6	1	6
" 9th " 1st "	336	154	18	6	3
" 2d "	397	130	10	5	.....
" 3d "	205	191	5	7	2
" 4th "	170	171	18	1	12
" 5th "	149	95	7	.....	3
" 6th "	211	100	3	2	3
" 10th " 1st "	110	280	6	5	2

VOTE OF RHODE ISLAND BY TOWNS, WARDS, ETC,—Continued.

Towns and Cities.	Republican.	Democratic.	Socialist.	Prohibition.	Socialist Labor.
Providence, 10th Ward, 2d District	185	288	4	.....	16
" 3d "	112	200	15	1	25
" 4th "	175	142	12	8	5
" 5th "	156	166	12	2	5
" 6th "	196	180	17	6	4
Scituate, 1st District	179	155	.....	11	.....
" 2d "	112	87	4	.....	1
" 3d "	109	137	.....	4	.....
Smithfield	243	110	.....	8	1
Woonsocket, 1st Ward	560	211	13	10	3
" 2d "	529	307	4	26	5
" 3d "	149	307	6	3	9
" 4th "	466	298	9	3	1
" 5th "	397	137	1	2	1
Providence County	30,295	18,557	877	527	441
Barrington	193	53	4	5	.....
Bristol	825	534	2	17	5
Warren	439	376	11	.....	2
Bristol County	1,457	963	17	22	7
Coventry, 1st District	239	117	1	10	.....
" 2d "	106	45	.....	.....	.....
" 3d "	166	170	1	2	1
East Greenwich	318	142	.....	5	.....
West Greenwich	88	25	.....	5	.....
Warwick, 1st District	1,014	364	9	26	6
" 2d "	335	391	1	6	5
" 3d "	469	531	8	12	3
" 4th "	246	44	2	.....	1
Kent County	2,981	1,859	22	66	16
Jamestown	173	41	1	2	.....
Little Compton	214	19	.....	2	.....
Middletown	185	21	.....	6	.....
Newport, 1st Ward	481	263	1	.....	1
" 2d "	721	312	1	8	1
" 3d "	536	297	3	2	.....
" 4th "	353	423	4	2	1
" 5th "	199	580	1	1	3
New Shoreham	292	65	2	2	1
Portsmouth	224	54	.....	22	2
Tiverton, 1st District	211	63	2	3	1
" 2d "	94	125	3	6	3
Newport County	3,683	2,263	18	56	14
Charlestown	211	48	.....	9	.....
Exeter	140	53	1	2	.....

VOTE OF RHODE ISLAND BY TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.—Concluded.

Towns and Cities.	Republican.	Democratic.	Socialist.	Prohibition.	Socialist Labor.
Hopkinton, 1st District	168	24	.....	6	1
" 2d "	173	41	1	10	.....
Narragansett	182	94	1	3	.....
North Kingstown	609	266	2	15	1
South Kingstown, 1st District	435	254	8	13	7
" " 3d "	95	25	1	7	.....
Richmond	199	75	.....	7	.....
Westerly	977	317	8	25	1
Washington County	3,189	1,197	22	97	10

Recapitulation by Counties.

Bristol County	1,457	963	17	22	7
Kent County	2,981	1,859	22	66	16
Newport County	3,683	2,263	18	56	14
Providence County	30,295	18,557	877	527	441
Washington County	3,189	1,197	22	97	10
Total	41,605	24,839	956	769	488

Presidential Electors

CHOSEN IN RHODE ISLAND.

First Presidential Election, 1789.

Rhode Island not having ratified the Constitution of the United States, did not participate in this election.

In the elections of 1792 and 1796 the Presidential electors were chosen by the General Assembly in Grand Committee; thereafter by the people.

Second Presidential Election, 1792.

Arthur Fenner, of Providence,
George Champlin, of Newport,
Samuel J. Potter, of South Kingstown,
William Greene, of Warwick.

Electoral Vote cast for George Washington, of Virginia, for President, and John Adams, of Massachusetts, for Vice-President; both Federalists.

Third Presidential Election, 1796.

Arthur Fenner, of Providence,
George Champlin, of Newport,
Samuel J. Potter, of South Kingstown,
William Greene, of Warwick.

Vote cast for John Adams, of Massachusetts, for President, and Oliver Ellsworth, of Connecticut, for Vice-President; both Federalists.

Fourth Presidential Election, 1800.

George Champlin, of Newport,
Edward Manton, of Johnston,
Oliver Davis, of Hopkinton,
William Greene, of Warwick.

Vote cast for John Adams, of Massachusetts, for President; for Charles Pinckney, of South Carolina, 3 votes, and John Jay, of New York, 1 vote, for Vice-President; all Federalists.

Fifth Presidential Election, 1804.

Constant Taber, of Newport,
James Aldrich, of Scituate,
James Helme, of South Kingstown,
Benjamin Remington, of Warwick.

Vote cast for Thomas Jefferson, of Virginia, for President, and George Clinton, of New York, for Vice-President; both Republicans, (*i. e.* Democrats.)

Sixth Presidential Election, 1808.

Thomas P. Ives, of Providence,
Christopher Fowler, of Newport,
James Rhodes, of Warwick,
Thomas Noyes, of Westerly.

Vote cast for Charles C. Pinckney, of South Carolina, for President, and Rufus King, of New York, for Vice-President; both Federalists.

Seventh Presidential Election, 1812.

Christopher Fowler, of Newport,
Samuel G. Arnold, of Providence,
William Rhodes, of Westerly,
Ephraim Bowen, of Providence.

Vote cast for DeWitt Clinton, of New York, for President, and Jared Ingersoll, of Pennsylvania, for Vice-President; both Federalists.

Eighth Presidential Election, 1816.

James Fenner, of Providence,
Thomas Pitman, of Newport,
Edward Wilcox, of Charlestown,
Dutee Arnold, of Warwick.

Vote cast for James Monroe, of Virginia, for President, and Daniel D. Tompkins, of New York, for Vice-President; both Republicans, (*i. e.* Democrats.)

Ninth Presidential Election, 1820.

James Fenner, of Providence,
Duty J. Pearce, of Newport,
Robert F. Noyes, of South Kingstown,
Dutee Arnold, of Warwick.

Vote cast for James Monroe, of Virginia, for President, and Daniel D Tompkins, of New York, for Vice-President; both Republicans, (*i. e.* Democrats.)

Tenth Presidential Election, 1824.

Caleb Earle, of Providence,
Stephen B. Cornell, of Portsmouth,
Elisha Watson, of South Kingstown,
Charles Eldridge, of East Greenwich.

Vote cast for John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts (Coalition), for President, and John C. Calhoun, of South Carolina (Democrat), for Vice-President.

Eleventh Presidential Election, 1828.

Caleb Earle, of Providence,
Stephen B. Cornell, of Portsmouth,
Elisha Watson, of South Kingstown,
Charles Eldridge of East Greenwich.

Vote cast for John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts, for President, and Richard Rush, of Pennsylvania, for Vice-President; both National Republicans.

Twelfth Presidential Election, 1832.

Samuel Ward King, of Johnston,
William Peckham, of South Kingstown,
Nathaniel S. Ruggles, of Newport,
Peleg Wilbur, of Coventry.

Vote cast for Henry Clay, of Kentucky, for President, and John Sergeant, of Pennsylvania, for Vice-President; both National Republicans.

Thirteenth Presidential Election, 1836.

James Fenner, of Providence,
John DeWolf, of Bristol,
Henry Bull, of Newport,
Benjamin B. Thurston, of Hopkinton.

Vote cast for Martin Van Buren, of New York, for President, and Richard M. Johnson, of Kentucky, for Vice-President; both Democrats.

Fourteenth Presidential Election, 1840.

Nicholas Brown, of Providence,
George Engs, of Newport,
Wager Weeden, of South Kingstown,
William Rhodes, of Warwick.

Vote cast for William H. Harrison, of Ohio, for President, and John Tyler, of Virginia, for Vice-President; both Whigs.

Fifteenth Presidential Election, 1844.

Benjamin Weaver, of Middletown,
Stephen Steere, of Smithfield,
John Greene, of Warwick,
Nathan F. Dixon, of Westerly.

Vote cast for Henry Clay, of Kentucky, for President, and Theodore Frelinghuysen, of New York, for Vice-President; both Whigs.

Sixteenth Presidential Election, 1848.

William Sprague, of Warwick,
James T. Rhodes, of Providence,
George G. King, of Newport,
Rowse Babcock, of Westerly.

Vote cast for Zachary Taylor, of Louisiana, for President, and Millard Fillmore, of New York, for Vice-President; both Whigs.

Seventeenth Presidential Election, 1852.

George Turner, of Newport,
Amasa Eddy, of Glocester,
Ariel Ballou, of Cumberland.
Joseph Spink, of North Kingstown.

Vote cast for Franklin Pierce, of New Hampshire, for President, and William R. King, of Alabama, for Vice-President; both Democrats.

Eighteenth Presidential Election, 1856.

Edward W. Lawton, of Newport,
William P. Bullock, of Providence,
Isaac Saunders, of Scituate,
William D. Brayton, of Warwick.

Vote cast for John C. Fremont, of California, for President, and William L. Dayton, of New Jersey, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

Nineteenth Presidential Election, 1860.

Thomas G. Turner, of Warren,
Elisha Harris, of Coventry,
Latimer W. Ballou, of Cumberland,
David Buffum, of Middletown.

Vote cast for Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois, for President, and Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

Twentieth Presidential Election, 1864.

Robert B. Cranston, of Newport,
Rowse Babcock, of Westerly,
William S. Slater, of Smithfield,
Simon Henry Greene, of Warwick.

Vote cast for Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois, for President, and Andrew Johnson, of Tennessee, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

Twenty-first Presidential Election, 1868.

George H. Norman, of Newport,
James M. Pendleton, of Westerly,
James T. Edwards, of East Greenwich,
Seth Padelford, of Providence.

Vote cast for Ulysses S. Grant, of Illinois, for President, and Schuyler Colfax, of Indiana, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

Twenty-second Presidential Election, 1872.

Benjamin Finch, of Newport,
Henry Lippitt, of Providence,
John H. Barden, of Scituate,
Henry Howard, of Coventry.

Vote cast for Ulysses S. Grant, of Illinois, for President, and Henry Wilson, of Massachusetts, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

Twenty-third Presidential Election, 1876.

Samuel G. Arnold, of Middletown,
Nathan F. Dixon, of Westerly,
[1]William S. Slater, of North Smithfield,
Charles H. Fisher, of Scituate.

Vote cast for Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio, for President, and William A. Wheeler, of New York, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

Twenty-fourth Presidential Election, 1880.

George Peabody Wetmore, of Newport,
Rowland Hazard, of South Kingstown,
William Goddard, of Warwick,
Harvey E. Wellman, of Providence.

Vote cast for James A. Garfield, of Ohio, for President, and Chester A. Arthur, of New York, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

[1] Elected in place of George H. Corliss, who declined to serve.

Twenty-fifth Presidential Election, 1884.

George Peabody Wetmore, of Newport,
George Carmichael, Jr., of Charlestown,
Henry L. Greene, of Warwick,
Isaac M. Potter, of Providence.

Vote cast for James G. Blaine, of Maine, for President, and John A. Logan, of Illinois, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

Twenty-sixth Presidential Election, 1888.

Daniel Russell Brown, of Providence,
Lyman B. Goff, of Pawtucket,
John Nicholas Brown, of Newport,
Allen Reynolds, of North Kingstown.

Vote cast for Benjamin Harrison, of Indiana, for President, and Levi P. Morton, of New York, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

Twenty-seventh Presidential Election, 1892.

Louis L. Lorillard, of Newport,
William G. Roelker, of Warwick,
Joshua Wilbour, of Bristol,
William H. Haskell, of Pawtucket.

Vote cast for Benjamin Harrison, of Indiana, for President, and Whitelaw Reid, of New York, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

Twenty-eighth Presidential Election, 1896.

George H Norman, of Newport,
Charles H. Perkins, of Warwick,
Robert H. I. Goddard, of Providence,
Joseph J. Woolley, of Pawtucket.

Vote cast for William McKinley, of Ohio, for President, and Garret A. Hobart, of New Jersey, for Vice President; both Republicans.

Twenty-ninth Presidential Election, 1900.

Frank F. Olney, of Providence,
Alexander G. Crumb, of Westerly,
Robert B. Treat, of Warwick,
George H Norman, of Newport.

Vote cast for William McKinley, of Ohio, for President, and Theodore Roosevelt, of New York, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

Thirtieth Presidential Election, 1904.

Samuel M. Nicholson, of Providence,
Webster Knight, of Warwick,
Rowland G. Hazard, of South Kingstown,
William Watts Sherman, of Newport.

Vote cast for Theodore Roosevelt, of New York, for President, and Charles W. Fairbanks, of Indiana, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

STATE ELECTION, NOVEMBER 8TH, 1904.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, BY TOWNS, WARDS, AND DISTRICTS.

TOWNS AND CITIES.	George H. Utter (Republican).	Lucius F. C. Garvin (Democrat).	William E. Brightman (Prohibition).	John Edward Carney (Socialist).	Peter McDermott (Socialist Labor).
Burrillville, 1st District	319	307	7	.....	13
" 2d "	262	223	5	5	7
" 3d "	77	168	7	3	1
Central Falls, 1st Ward	280	241	4	9	6
" 2d "	231	239	5	12	3
" 3d "	204	258	7	5	3
" 4th "	136	391	4	3	5
" 5th "	138	293	7	16	2
Cranston, 1st District	355	286	14	3	3
" 2d "	328	175	11	5	6
" 3d "	49	25	1	.....	.....
" 4th "	187	144	18	27	1
" 5th "	375	126	3	3	3
Cumberland, 1st District	89	30	4	.....	1
" 2d "	50	67	.....	2	.....
" 3d "	96	200	1	3	1
" 4th "	134	353	7	4	4
" 5th "	148	375	2	8	3
East Providence, 1st District	349	233	16	6	3
" " 2d "	215	129	6	3	2
" " 3d "	274	173	9	3	2
" " 4th "	322	232	9	2	1
" " 5th "	70	43	3	2	.....
Foster	184	76	7	.....	1
Glocester	201	99	7	2	1
Johnston, 1st District	308	78	.....	2	2
" 2d "	156	129	2	8	3
Lincoln, 1st District	176	233	1	2	1
" 2d "	105	99	7	5	1
" 3d "	136	85	4	3	4
" 4th "	132	307	14	1	1
North Providence	210	234	9	8	7
North Smithfield	161	159	9	4	5
Pawtucket, 1st Ward, 1st District	200	164	6	7	4
" " 2d "	219	350	5	8	3
" " 3d "	176	92	4	1	....
" 2d " 1st "	163	161	3	22	8
" " 2d "	286	275	6	9	5
" " 3d "	168	94	2	3	1
" 3d " 1st "	69	371	2	7	.....
" " 2d "	150	343	2	4	1
" " 3d "	64	376	2	6	2
" 4th " 1st "	263	159	10	2	.....
" " 2d "	85	277	4	8	3
" " 3d "	256	260	9	10	1

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, BY TOWNS, WARDS, AND DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Towns and Cities.	George H. Utter (Republican).	Lucius F. C. Garvin (Democrat).	William E. Brightman (Prohibition).	John Edward Carney (Socialist).	Peter McDermott (Socialist Labor).
Pawtucket, 5th Ward, 1st District	181	177	1	3	.....
" " 2d "	145	185	7	9	3
" " 3d "	137	230	5	4	5
" 6th " 1st "	316	254	11	9	1
" " 2d "	190	228	14	12	2
Providence, 1st Ward, 1st District	393	123	3	.....	.....
" " 2d "	229	124	1	1	2
" " 3d "	263	225	5	3	1
" " 4th "	130	253	1	5	3
" " 5th "	155	281	2	5	1
" " 6th "	275	159	2	4	1
" 2d " 1st "	295	267	8	3	2
" " 2d "	52	373	2	2	1
" " 3d "	150	258	5	6	4
" " 4th "	229	372	7	1	3
" " 5th "	414	144	5	2	1
" 3d " 1st "	160	170	2	5	2
" " 2d "	163	358	6	5	5
" " 3d "	124	151	2	9	4
" " 4th "	138	299	10	6	6
" " 5th "	206	305	9	10	13
" " 6th "	138	225	3	8	7
" 4th " 1st "	155	167	2	2	5
" " 2d "	186	230	6	5	5
" " 3d "	302	183	3	4	5
" " 4th "	286	190	2	5	2
" " 5th "	174	187	2	3	4
" " 6th "	155	237	8	3	5
" 5th " 1st "	139	384	6	5	7
" " 2d "	137	331	4	11	4
" " 3d "	320	146	5	2	2
" " 4th "	230	119	2	2	2
" " 5th "	314	129	3	4	1
" " 6th "	213	242	4	7	5
" 6th " 1st "	179	249	10	7	4
" " 2d "	210	245	11	4	1
" " 3d "	294	157	6	6	.....
" " 4th "	361	153	9	10	4
" " 5th "	368	161	12	2	2
" " 6th "	263	208	9	6	1
" 7th " 1st "	335	144	5	4	1
" " 2d "	320	115	6	1	2
" " 3d "	333	227	7	1	1
" " 4th "	305	259	4	11	3
" " 5th "	161	170	3	10	3
" " 6th "	106	161	3	14	5
" 8th " 1st "	162	191	5	15	12
" " 2d "	246	275	9	27	17
" " 3d "	180	300	1	8	6

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, BY TOWNS, WARDS, AND DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Towns and Cities.	George H. Utter (Republican).	Lucius F. C. Garvin (Democrat).	William E. Brightman (Prohibition).	John Edward Carney (Socialist).	Peter McDermott (Socialist Labor).
Providence, 8th Ward, 4th District	206	188	12	25	6
" 5th "	215	124	2	4	2
" 6th "	107	254	1	3	12
" 9th 1st "	276	223	10	8	3
" 2d "	350	189	8	5	.....
" 3d "	172	220	4	3	5
" 4th "	131	213	2	21	12
" 5th "	125	127	2	5	3
" 6th "	182	126	2	5	2
" 10th 1st "	80	312	8	2	2
" 2d "	86	318	1	4	17
" 3d "	64	337	2	6	25
" 4th "	128	194	11	.....	3
" 5th "	106	231	2	9	5
" 6th "	119	261	9	15	3
Scituate, 1st District	149	185	13	.....	.....
" 2d "	95	105	4	1	1
" 3d "	91	149	6	.....	.....
Smithfield	207	128	7	.....	1
Woonsocket, 1st Ward	437	385	13	6	6
" 2d "	426	455	19	4	4
" 3d "	116	376	2	7	7
" 4th "	372	411	6	5	2
" 5th "	353	208	4	2	1
Providence County	24,132	25,522	673	677	422
Barrington	176	64	8	.....	1
Bristol	753	591	27	4	9
Warren	370	418	5	11	5
Bristol County	1,299	1,073	40	15	15
Coventry, 1st District	204	150	12	2	2
" 2d "	90	62	1	.....	1
" 3d "	137	194	2	1	4
East Greenwich	278	160	10	1	.....
West Greenwich	88	22	6	.....	.....
Warwick, 1st District	851	525	34	9	11
" 2d "	276	438	12	.....	6
" 3d "	398	625	15	8	3
" 4th "	203	87	2	3	2
Kent County	2,525	2,263	94	24	29
Jamestown	138	60	5	.....	.....
Little Compton	162	27	7	.....	.....
Middletown	172	24	8	1	.....

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, BY TOWNS, WARDS, AND DISTRICTS.—Concluded.

Towns and Cities.	George H. Utter (Republican).	Lucius F. C. Garvin (Democrat).	William E. Brightman (Prohibition).	John Edward Carney (Socialist).	Peter McDermott (Socialist Labor).
Newport, 1st Ward	433	293	7	1	4
" 2d "	665	346	20	1	.....
" 3d "	465	323	8	2	.....
" 4th "	311	445	9	5	2
" 5th "	176	623	3	4	4
New Shoreham	242	108	8	1	.....
Portsmouth	192	54	31	1	.....
Tiverton, 1st District	155	72	33	1	2
" 2d "	88	106	14	2	1
Newport County	3,199	2,481	153	19	13
Charlestown	157	88	13	.....	.....
Exeter, 1st District	55	18	.....	.....	.....
" 2d "	80	43	5	.....	.....
Hopkinton, 1st District	143	31	13	1	.....
" 2d "	147	58	7	.....	1
Narragansett	163	87	6	2	.....
North Kingstown	532	322	22	1	3
Richmond	147	124	13	1	.....
South Kingstown, 1st District	375	333	21	.....	4
" " 3d "	86	32	7	.....	.....
Westerly	781	491	22	3	.....
Washington County	2,666	1,626	129	8	8

Recapitulation by Counties.

Bristol County	1,299	1,073	40	15	15
Kent County	2,525	2,263	94	24	29
Newport County	3,199	2,481	153	19	13
Providence County	24,132	25,522	673	677	422
Washington County	2,666	1,626	129	8	8
Total	33,821	32,965	1,089	743	487

OFFICIAL COUNT OF THE STATE RETURNING BOARD OF BALLOTS CAST NOVEMBER 8, 1904.

CANDIDATES FOR GENERAL OFFICERS.	State Total.
For Governor:	
Brightman, William E., Prohibition Nom.	1,089
Carney, John Edward, Socialist Nom.	743
Garvin, Lucius F. C., Democrat.	32,965
McDermott, Peter, Socialist Labor Nom.	487
Utter, George H., Republican.	33,821
Blank ballots.	4,457
Defective ballots.	898
For Lieutenant-Governor:	
Archambeault, Adelard, Democrat.	29,772
Effich, Auton, Socialist Nom.	696
Herrick, Thomas F., Socialist Labor Nom.	673
Jackson, Frederick H., Republican.	35,368
White, Willis H., Prohibition Nom.	1,126
Blank ballots.	6,285
Defective ballots.	540
For Secretary of State:	
Allen, James B., Socialist Nom.	892
Bennett, Charles P., Republican.	39,708
Keelin, John H., Democrat.	25,836
O'Neil, Henry, Socialist Labor Nom.	605
Prentice, Samuel B., Prohibition Nom.	1,029
Blank ballots.	5,879
Defective ballots.	511
For Attorney-General:	
Brown, George T., Democrat.	28,532
Cunha, Joseph M., Socialist Nom.	777
Greenough, William B., Republican.	36,939
McGuigan, James, Socialist Labor Nom.	597
Peabody, Thomas H., Prohibition Nom.	1,094
Blank ballots.	6,068
Defective ballots.	453
For General Treasurer:	
Burke, William, Socialist Nom.	879
Fassel, Moses, Socialist Labor Nom.	576
Quimby, Smith, Prohibition Nom.	1,108
Read, Walter A., Republican.	38,401
Walker, Edmund, Democrat.	26,715
Blank ballots.	6,249
Defective ballots.	532
Total ballots cast.	74,460
Straight Republican ballots.	30,000
Straight Democratic ballots.	22,790

Boards of Commissioners, etc.

COMMISSIONERS OF SINKING FUNDS.

(Commissioners *ex officio.*)

George H. Utter, Governor.
Walter A. Read, General Treasurer.
Charles C. Gray, State Auditor.
Chairman of Finance Committee of the Senate.
Chairman of Finance Committee of the House of Representatives.

(Chapter 32, General Laws.)

		Term expires.
Eben N. Littlefield	Pawtucket	January 31, 1906.
John W. Danielson	Providence	" " 1907.

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION AND BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

(Members, *ex officio.*)

George H. Utter, Governor.
Frederick H. Jackson, Lieutenant-Governor.

(Elected by the General Assembly.)

		Term expires
Frank E. Thompson	Newport	Jan. 31, 1906.
Frank Hill	Hopkinton	" 1906.
John E. Kendrick	Providence	" 1907.
Samuel W. K. Allen	East Greenwich	" 1907.
Charles J. White	Woonsocket	" 1908.
George T. Baker	Barrington	" 1908.

Secretary of the Board, Thomas B. Stockwell, Commissioner of Public Schools.

STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

(Members, *ex officio.*)

George H. Utter, Governor.
Frederick H. Jackson, Lieutenant-Governor.
Charles P. Bennett, Secretary of State.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.)

	Term expires.
Clarence C. Wordell, Little Compton	January 31, 1906.
Obadiah Brown, Providence	" " 1907.
William Williams, Bristol	" " 1907.

(Appointed by Agricultural Societies.)

Washington County Agricultural Society.—Philip A. Money, Exeter; term expires March, 1907.

Newport County Agricultural Society.—E. R. Anthony, Portsmouth; term expires January, 1907.

Rhode Island College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.—Thomas G. Mathewson, East Greenwich; term expires 1906.

Rhode Island State Grange and Patrons of Husbandry.—Isaac L. Sherman, Newport; term expires December, 1906.

Secretary of the Board.—John G. Clarke, South Kingstown.

BOARD OF STATE CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS.

George Lewis Smith.....*Chairman.*
Charles H. Peckham.....*Secretary.*

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.)

		Term expires
John J. Watson, Jr	Jamestown	Jan. 31, 1906
George Lewis Smith	Barrington	" 1907.

[1]Thomas W. Waterman	Providence	Jan. 31,	1907.
Robert F. Rodman	North Kingstown	"	1908.
James F. McCusker	Warwick	"	1909.
Ellery H. Wilson	East Providence	"	1909.
Robert H. I. Goddard	Providence	"	1910.
[1]Philippe Boucher	Woonsocket	"	1910.
Walter A. Read	Glocester	"	1911.

STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. Terms expire January 31, 1906.)

Norman N. Mason, *President*.....Providence.
Howard A. Pearce, *Secretary*.....Providence.
[2]Nicholas F. Reiner.....North Providence.
[2]James T. Wright.....Newport.
[2]Albert B. Collins.....Westerly.
Frank A. Jackson.....Woonsocket.
William J. McCaw.....Providence.

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Albert G. Sprague, M. D.....*Chairman.*
Gardner T. Swarts, M. D.....*Secretary.*

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD.

		Term expires.	
Samuel M. Gray, C. E.	Providence	July,	1906.
A. B. Briggs, M. D.	Ashaway	Jan. 31,	1907.
Rufus E. Darrah, M. D.	Newport	"	1908.
Albert G. Sprague, M. D.	Warwick	"	1909.
George L. Locke	Bristol	"	1910.
John C. Budlong, M. D.	Providence	"	1911.
Gardner T. Swarts, M. D.	Providence	*Ex officio.*	

Office, State House, Providence.

[1]Elected January 26, 1904, vice Frank F. Olney, deceased.
[2]Elected by the Senate.

BOARD OF FEMALE VISITORS TO INSTITUTIONS WHERE WOMEN ARE IMPRISONED.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, for the term ending January 31, 1906.)

Mrs. Lydia K. Kendall.....East Greenwich.
Mrs. Ellen N. Cottrell.....Jamestown.
Mrs. Ada Wing Mead.....Providence.
Mrs. Louise S. Hiscox.....Westerly.
Mrs. Anna L. Hanaford.....Warwick.
Mrs. Eliza G. Radeke.....Providence.
Mrs. Clara E. Wightman.....Woonsocket.

STATE BOARD OF REGISTRATION IN DENTISTRY.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.)

		Term expires.
[1]Henry W. Gillett.....	Newport.....	Jan. 31, 1906.
Peter F. Heffern.....	Pawtucket.....	" 1906.
Henry C. R. Breault.....	Warwick.....	" 1907.
Walter S. Kenyon.....	Providence.....	" 1908.
Forest G. Eddy.....	Providence.....	" 1908.

BOARD OF MANAGERS OF RHODE ISLAND COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND MECHANIC ARTS.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.)

		Term expires.
Melville Bull.....	Middletown.....	Jan. 31, 1906.
Jesse V. B. Watson.....	South Kingstown..	" 1907.
Charles Dean Kimball....	Providence.....	" 1908.
Chandler H. Coggeshall...	Bristol.....	" 1909.
Thomas G. Mathewson....	East Greenwich....	" 1910.

[1]Elected by the Senate.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE RHODE ISLAND INSTITUTE FOR THE DEAF.

William H. Ballou, of Cumberland..... *Chairman.*
Ellen T. McGuinness, of Providence..... *Secretary.*

(Members, *ex officio.*)

George H. Utter, Governor.
Frederick H. Jackson, Lieutenant-Governor.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

		Term expires.
Rowland R. Robinson.....	South Kingstown..	Jan. 31, 1907.
Ellen T. McGuinness.....	Providence.....	" 1907.
John Carter Brown Woods.	Providence.....	" 1907.
John F. McAlevy.....	Providence	" 1908.
[1]Jeremiah W. Horton.....	Newport.....	" 1908.
Louise Prosser Bates.....	Providence.....	" 1908.
Elisha Dyer.....	Providence.....	" 1911.
Jeanie Lippitt Weeden....	Providence.....	" 1911.
William H. Ballou.....	Cumberland	" 1911.

BOARD OF CONTROL OF THE STATE HOME AND SCHOOL.

James G. Vose..... *Chairman.*
William T. Crandell..... *Secretary.*

(Appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.)

		Term expires.
[2]Patrick E. Hayes.....	Pawtucket.....	Jan. 31, 1906.
William T. Crandell.....	Providence..	" 1906.
Jeannie O. Arnold.....	Providence.....	" 1907.

[1]Elected by the Senate.
[2]Appointed January 20, 1905, vice Henry A. Stearns, resigned.

		Term expires.
James G. Vose	Providence	Jan. 31. 1907.
Frank P. Comstock	Providence	" 1908.
Belle H. Matteson	Providence	" 1908.

The Board meets on the second Wednesday of each month, at 12 M., at room 306, State House. One member on the Board visits the Home every month.

STATE BOARD OF SOLDIERS' RELIEF.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Ex officio.

George H. Utter, *Governor, Chairman.*
Walter A. Read, *General Treasurer.*
Frederic M. Sackett, *Adjutant-General.*

	Term expires.
[1] Seth S. Getchell (1st Mass. Cav.)	Jan. 31, 1906.
[1] Philip S. Chase (1st R. I. Light Art'y)	" 1906.
Andrew K. McMahon (2d R. I. Vols.)	" 1907.
Henry C. Luther (United States Navy)	" 1907.
Edwin R. Allen (7th R. I. Vols.)	" 1908.
Charles C. Gray (R. I. Volunteers)	" 1908.

(Elected by the Board.)

Gideon Spencer (1st R. I. Light Art'y), *Secretary.*

STATE BOARD OF PUBLIC ROADS.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.)

Kent County.—Robert B. Treat, Warwick; for the term ending January 31, 1906.

Washington County.—John H. Edwards, Exeter; for the term ending January 31, 1907.

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[1] Elected by the Senate.

Bristol County.—John F. Richmond, Barrington; for the term ending January 31, 1908.

Newport County.—[1] William C. Peckham, Middletown; for the team ending January 31, 1909.

Providence County.—Frederick E. Perkins, Providence; for the term ending January 31, 1910.

COMMISSIONERS OF INLAND FISHERIES.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.)

		Term expires.
Henry T. Root	Providence	Jan. 31, 1906.
William P. Morton	Johnston	" 1906.
[1] J. M. K. Southwick	Newport	" 1906.
[1] Charles W. Willard	Westerly	" 1906.
[1] Adelbert Roberts	Woonsocket	" 1906.
Albert Davis Mead	Providence	" 1906.
William H. Boardman	Central Falls	" 1906.

COMMISSIONERS OF SHELL FISHERIES.

(Elected by the General Assembly.)

		Term expires.
James M. Wright	Foster	Jan. 31, 1910.
Herbert N. Gardiner	Barrington	" 1910.
Philip H. Wilbour	Little Compton	" 1910.
George W. Hoxie	Charlestown	" 1910.
John H. Northup	Warwick	" 1910.
James C. Collins, *Clerk*	North Providence.	

COMMISSIONERS OF PILOTS.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.)

		Term expires.
[2] Ellery Pomroy	Providence	Jan. 31, 1906.
[1] Joseph Lester Eaton	North Kingstown	" 1907.
Darius B. Dodge	New Shoreham	" 1908.

[1] Elected by the Senate.

[2] Elected by the Senate, January 25, 1904, vice Frank M. Burrough, deceased.

LIST OF PILOTS,

For year 1905,

Holding Licenses from the Commissioners of Pilots.

1ST CLASS.

George A. Folger	Providence.
Thomas McDonald	Newport.
John W. Murphy	"
Hugh Brady	"
Randall P. Fowler	"
L. A. Dodge	Block Island.
William T. Dodge	"
Uriah B. Dodge	"
Andrew Willis	"
William T. Hooper	"
D. B. Dodge	"
John B. King	Jamestown.
Andrew J. King	"
Clarence H. King	"
Thomas McDonald, Jr	"
J. Lester Eaton	South Ferry.
Roderick H. McDonald	Jamestown.
Charles H. Albro	Newport.
George H. Covo	Warren.
Benj. Maxfield	Seaconnet.

HARBOR COMMISSIONERS.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

		Term expires.
J. Herbert Shedd	Providence	Jan. 31, 1906.
Henry T. Root	Providence	" 1907.
Alfred W. Kenyon	Richmond	" 1908.

STATE HOUSE COMMISSION.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.)

		Term expires.
J. Edward Studley	Providence	Jan. 31, 1907.
William Ames	Providence	" 1909.
Ellery H. Wilson	East Providence	" 1911.

RHODE ISLAND STONE BRIDGE COMMISSION.

(Appointed by Chapter 1158 of the Public Laws, passed April 12, 1904.)

Charles Alexander, *Chairman*.....Providence.
J. Herbert Shedd.....Providence.
Nathaniel B. Church .....Tiverton.

COMMISSION ON JOHN WATERMAN MEMORIAL.

Charles Warren Lippitt.....*Chairman.*
Charles P. Bennett.....*Secretary.*

MEMBERS.

Edward L. Freeman.....Central Falls.
Walter A. Read.....Glocester.
Samuel W. K. Allen.....East Greenwich.
George E. Barstow.....Providence.
George Batchelor.....Woonsocket.
J. Edward Studley.....Providence.
Charles Warren Lippitt.....Providence.
His Excellency the Governor.....*Ex officio.*

COMMISSIONERS OF BIRDS.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. Terms expire, January 31, 1908.)

Providence County...John H. Flanagan.....Providence.
Kent " ...W. Gordon Reed, 2nd....Warwick.

Washington County	Edwin R. Lewis	Westerly.
Bristol "	William H. Thayer	Bristol.
Newport "	Alexander O' D. Taylor	Newport.

INSPECTORS.

(Elected by the General Assembly, January session, 1905, for the term of one year.)

Inspector of Beef and Pork.—Benjamin P. Moulton, of Providence.

Inspector of Lime.—Henry A. Carpenter, of Providence.

Inspector of Cables.—Frank T. Pearce, of Providence.

Inspector of Scythe Stones.—Charles B. Maguire, of Providence.

POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

FOR THE CITY OF NEWPORT.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.)

	Term expires.
Jeremiah W. Horton	January, 1906.
[1]John H. Wetherell	" 1907.
Frederick B. Coggeshall	" 1908.

POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

FOR THE CITY OF PROVIDENCE.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.)

	Term expires.
[1]William H. Luther	January 31, 1906.
[1]Harold J. Gross	" " 1907.
Lewis J. Pierce	" " 1908.

[1]Elected by the Senate.

POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

FOR THE TOWN OF TIVERTON.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.)

	Term expires.
Peleg D. Humphrey	January 31, 1906.
[1]George C. Hambly	" " 1907.
Harry W. Grinnell	" " 1908.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF BARBERS.

(Appointed by the Governor.)

		Term expires.
James H. Shaw	Providence	January 31, 1906.
Thomas F. McArdle	Pawtucket	" " 1907.
William Wathey, Jr.	Warwick	" " 1908.

STATE RETURNING BOARD.

[1](Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.)

		Term expires.
Frank E. Holden	Woonsocket	January 31, 1906.
Charles H. Handy	Warren	" " 1907.
George R. Lawton	Tiverton	" " 1908.
[1]Thomas J. Dorney	Providence	" " 1909.
Arthur S. Fitz	Burrillville	" " 1910.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS FOR THE PROMOTION OF THE UNIFORMITY OF LEGISLATION IN THE UNITED STATES.

		Term expires.
James Tillinghast	Providence	January 31, 1906.
Amasa M. Eaton	Providence	" " 1907.
John H. Stiness	Providence	" " 1908.

[1]Elected by the Senate.

COMMISSION ON STATE SANATORIUM FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

(Appointed by the Governor, pursuant to Resolution No. 34, passed March 28, 1902.

C. Alvin Potter.....Cranston.
Harry C. Curtis.....Providence.
Frank T. Easton.....Providence.
Edwin A. Perrin.....Pawtucket.
Theodore S. Hughes.....Johnston.
Arthur W. Joyce, *Clerk*.....Providence.

STATE SIDEPATH COMMISSION.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.)

Bristol County.—Charles H. Sparks, Warren; term expires January 31, 1906.

Kent County.—Vernum J. Briggs, East Greenwich; term expires January 31, 1907.

Newport County.—George R. Lawton, Tiverton; term expires January 31, 1908.

Providence County.—Robert A. Kendall, Pawtucket; term expires January 31, 1909.

Washington County.—Frank G. Ferry, South Kingstown; term expires May 31, 1910.

COMMISSIONERS OF WRECKS.

FOR THE FOLLOWING TOWNS.

George C. Cross.....Charlestown.
John B. Lewis.....New Shoreham.
George Calvert.....Middletown.
Louis H. Knowles and E. L. Knowles.....Narragansett.
Jeremiah K. Sullivan.....Newport.
Julius A. Pettey.....Tiverton.

COMMISSIONER OF DAMS AND RESERVOIRS.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, for the term ending January 31, 1907.)

Walter C. Simmons.....Providence.

FACTORY INSPECTORS.

(For the term ending January 31, 1906.)

[1]J. Ellery Hudson.....Coventry.
[1]Helen M. Jenks.....Providence.

STATE RECORD COMMISSIONER.

(Appointed by the Governor, pursuant to Resolution No. 64, passed May 14, 1896.)

R. Hammett Tilley.....Newport.

COMMISSIONER OF INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS.

(For the term ending January 31, 1907.)

George H. Webb.....Providence.

STATE LIBRARIAN.

(Appointed by the Secretary of State, with the advice and consent of the Senate.)

Herbert Olin Brigham.....Providence.

COMMISSIONER OF PAWTUCKET RIVER.

(For the term ending January 31, 1906.)

Frank N. Bliss.....Pawtucket.

[1]Elected by the Senate.

PRINTERS TO THE STATE.

Edward L. Freeman & Sons.....Central Falls.

BINDERS TO THE STATE.

Providence Blank Book Co.....Providence.

SEALER OF WEIGHTS, MEASURES, AND BALANCES.

(Appointed by the Governor, for the term ending January 31, 1906.)

George H. Pettis.....Providence.

STATE ASSAYER OF LIQUORS.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, for the term ending January 31, 1906.)

George E. Perkins.....Providence.

COMMISSIONER OF THE PROVIDENCE AND WORCESTER RAILROAD.

(Appointed by the Governor, for the term of four years, ending January 31, 1906.)

Frank E. Holden.....Woonsocket.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, for the term ending January 31, 1907.)

[1] Edward L. Freeman.....Central Falls.

[1] Elected by the Senate.

DEPUTY RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.

(Appointed by the Governor, May 26, 1893, Chapter 679, Public Laws.)

Joseph W. Freeman.....Central Falls.

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNOR.

Richard W. Jennings.....Providence.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.)

COUNTY OF WASHINGTON.

District 1. (Town of Westerly) J. Howard Morgan, M. D., Westerly. (Appointed December 16, 1902, for the term ending January 31, 1908.)

" 2. (Town of South Kingstown) Horace Wilcox, M. D., Wakefield. (Appointed January 21, 1904, for the term ending January 31, 1910.)

" 3. (Town of Hopkinton) Elisha P. Clarke, M. D., Hope Valley. (Appointed December 19, 1902, for the term ending January 31, 1908.)

" 4. (Towns of North Kingstown and Exeter) Harold Metcalf, M. D., of Wickford. (Appointed September 17, 1901, for the term ending January 31, 1907.)

" 5. (Towns of Charlestown and Richmond) John W. Saunders, M. D., Alton. (Appointed January 28, 1903, for the term ending January 31, 1909.)

COUNTY OF KENT.

District 1. (Towns of West Greenwich and Coventry) John Winsor, M. D., Anthony. (Appointed December 16, 1902, for the term ending January 31, 1908.)

" 2. (Towns of East Greenwich and Warwick) Charles S. Christie, East Greenwich. (Appointed January 24, 1905, for the term ending January 31, 1911.)

COUNTY OF PROVIDENCE.

District 1. (Towns of Scituate and Foster) Henry Arnold, M. D., of Foster. (Appointed May 11, 1902, for the term ending January 31, 1908.)

District 2. (Towns of Cranston and Johnston) A. H. Longfellow, M. D., Olneyville. (Appointed May 11, 1902, for the term ending January 31, 1908.)

" 3. (Town of Glocester) George A. Harris, M. D., Chepachet. (Appointed December 16, 1902, for the term ending January 31, 1908.)

" 4. (Towns of Smithfield and North Providence) Chas. A. Barnard, M. D., Centredale. (Appointed December 16, 1902, for the term ending January 31, 1908.)

" 5. (Towns of Burrillville and North Smithfield) Robert Wilcox, M. D., Burrillville. (Appointed July 11, 1900, for six years.)

" 6. (City of Woonsocket) Robert G. Reed, M. D., Woonsocket. (Appointed July 1, 1902, for the term ending January 31, 1908.)

" 7. (Town of Cumberland) Alexander Marshall, M. D., Ashton. (Appointed July 1, 1902, for the term ending January 31, 1908.)

" 8. (Cities of Pawtucket and Central Falls and town of Lincoln) Charles H. French, M. D., Pawtucket. (Appointed July 1, 1902, for the term ending January 31, 1908.)

" 9. (Town of East Providence) George F. Allison, M. D., East Providence. (Appointed January 24, 1905, for the term ending January 31, 1911.

" 10. (City of Providence) Jay Perkins, M. D. (appointed July 1, 1902, for the term ending January 31, 1908); and John C. Pegram, Jr., M. D., Providence (appointed January 28, 1903, for the term ending January 31, 1909).

COUNTY OF BRISTOL.

District 1. (Towns of Barrington and Warren) Nelson Read Hall, M. D., Warren. (Appointed July 1, 1902, for the term ending January 31, 1908.)

District 2. (Town of Bristol) William Fred Williams, M. D., Bristol. (Appointed January 19, 1904, for the term ending January 31, 1910.)

COUNTY OF NEWPORT.

District 1. (Towns of Tiverton and Little Compton) Edward P. Stimson, M. D., Tiverton. (Appointed October 22, 1900, for six years.)

" 2. (Town of Portsmouth) Minot A. Steele, M. D., of Portsmouth. (Appointed April 15, 1902, for the term ending January 31, 1908.)

" 3. (Town of New Shoreham) John C. Champlin, M. D., Block Island. (Appointed January 24, 1905, for the term ending January 31, 1911.)

" 4. (City of Newport and towns of Middletown and Jamestown) H. Ecroyd, M. D. (appointed February 23, 1901, for the term ending January 31, 1907); and Charles W. Stewart, M. D., Newport (appointed December 16, 1902, for the term ending January 31, 1908).

Financial Statistics.

GENERAL TREASURER.

WALTER A. READ, of Glocester.

CLERKS.—Charles C. Clark, of Lincoln.
Hattie M. Fletcher, of Pawtucket.

STATE AUDITOR.

CHARLES C. GRAY, of Providence.

CLERKS.—Charles M. Arnold, of Woonsocket.
Grace F. Underwood, of Providence.
Esther F. Rebholtz, of Providence.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR FISCAL YEAR, JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31, 1904.

Balance in treasury, December 31, 1903.....	$8,815 40
Receipts from January 1 to December 31, 1904..	1,663,104 82
	$1,671,920 22
Payments from January 1 to December 31, 1904.	1,814,305 19
Excess of expenditures over resources.....	$196,213 21

FUNDED DEBT OF THE STATE.

January 1, 1905.

Bonds of April 16, 1894, payable			1914	$400,000 00
"	"	"	1924	400,000 00
"	"	"	1934	400,000 00
"	July 15, 1898,	"	1938	800,000 00
"	May 1, 1901,	"	1941	700,000 00
				$2,700,000 00
Sinking fund				$317,135 83

Invested as follows:

Notes of the town of New Shoreham	$44,000 00
Four per cent. bonds of the town of Cumberland	20,000 00
Four per cent. bonds of the District of Narragansett	12,000 00
Four per cent. bonds of the town of Cranston	57,905 56
Four per cent. bonds of the town of Jamestown	27,585 83
Three and one-half per cent. bonds of the town of Jamestown.	31,352 92
Three and one-half per cent. bonds of the town of Bristol	33,880 53
Four per cent. city of Woonsocket registered water works improvement bonds	58,382 66
Four per cent. city of Woonsocket registered sewer bonds	22,119 44
Four and one-half per cent. town of East Providence fire district bonds	5,811 88
Special Deposit, Industrial Trust Co	119 47
Cash on deposit in Rhode Island Hospital Trust Company, December 31, 1904	3,977 54
	$317,135 83

RHODE ISLAND STATE BANKS.

Prepared from returns made to the State Auditor, June 30, 1904.

	Capital.
High Street	$120,000 00
[1]Jackson	344,450 00
[1]State	77,225 00
Westminster	200,000 00
New England Commercial, Newport	75,000 00
Total	$816,675 00

[1]In liquidation.

STATE BANKS IN RHODE ISLAND.

The following is an abstract of the aggregate returns of the five State Banks, which continue to do business under their charters, made up by the State Auditor to June 30, 1904.

RESOURCES.

Debts due from directors	$55,610 00
Debts due from stockholders	25,005 20
Debts due from all others	1,115,906 09
Specie actually in bank	15,731 22
Bills of other banks	96,859 02
Deposits in other banks	119,847 66
Own stock held by the banks	84,087 60
Other stock owned by the banks	51,522 50
Real estate	117,101 27
Other property	157,537 66
Expense account	33,541 60
Profit and loss	133,317 26
Total amount of resources	$2,006,067 08

LIABILITIES.

Capital actually paid in	$816,675 00
Bills in circulation	973 00
Deposits on interest	531,656 93
Deposits not on interest	337,735 00
Debts due to other banks	135,000 00
Dividends unpaid	3,660 25
Net profits on hand	180,366 90
Total amount of liabilities	$2,006,067 08

SUMMARY OF OTHER ITEMS.

Amount of last dividend	$18,978 50
Amount of suspended paper considered bad or doubtful	24,167 59
Reserved profits at time of last dividend	181,529 35
Amount loaned on pledges of stock in banks	42,690 00
Debts due and unpaid	24,635 94

SAVINGS BANK RETURNS.

AMOUNT OF DEPOSITS AND NUMBER OF DEPOSITORS IN THE SAVINGS INSTITUTIONS OF RHODE ISLAND, ON THURSDAY, JUNE 30, 1904.

NAME.	Location.	Amount of Deposits.	Number of Depositors.
Ashaway Savings Bank	Ashaway	$53,324 55	272
* Bristol Institution for Savings	Bristol	.....	1,753
Centreville Savings Bank	Warwick	348,948 43	1,045
Citizens Savings Bank	Providence	8,275,898 11	11,385
Coddington Savings Bank	Newport	505,273 25	1,068
* Franklin Savings Bank	Pawtucket	6,918 62	57
* Hopkinton Savings Bank	Hope Valley	36,479 90	642
Island Savings Bank	Newport	1,043,494 08	1,626
* Jackson Institution for Savings	Providence	146,754 86	683
Kingston Savings Bank	Kingston	335,722 83	646
Mechanics Savings Bank	Providence	1,737,372 74	4,536
* Mechanics Savings Bank	Westerly	492,850 39	1,929
Mechanics Savings Bank	Woonsocket	1,028,077 36	1,762
* Merchants Savings Bank	Providence	483,086 89	1,914
Niantic Savings Bank	Westerly	1,814,400 06	3,720
Pawtucket Institution for Savings	Pawtucket	4,573,739 83	10,263
Peoples Savings Bank	Providence	5,826,036 10	10,722
Peoples Savings Bank	Woonsocket	1,751,845 18	4,385
* Phenix Savings Bank	Phenix	94,590 01	1,284
Producers Savings Bank	Woonsocket	1,580,053 42	2,432
Providence County Savings Bank	Pawtucket	920,107 61	3,346
Providence Institution for Savings	Providence	17,956,022 38	39,127
* Rhode Island Institution for Savings	Providence	1,591 26	.....
Savings Bank of Newport	Newport	6,716,580 54	8,382
Smithfield Savings Bank	Greenville	543,154 79	902
Wakefield Institution for Savings	Wakefield	735,160 57	2,104
Warren Institution for Savings	Warren	1,229,450 44	2,213
* Warwick Institution for Savings	Warwick	36,568 96	1,699
* Westerly Savings Bank	Westerly	105,691 01	302
Wickford Savings Bank	Wickford	337,086 65	979
Woonsocket Institution for Savings	Woonsocket	6,125,056 95	11,428
Total	.....	$64,841,317 79	132,556

* In liquidation.

SAVINGS BANK RETURNS.

TABLE SHOWING THE LARGEST AMOUNT DUE TO ANY ONE DEPOSITOR FROM EACH SAVINGS INSTITUTION IN THE STATE, ON THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1904.

Ashaway Savings Bank, Ashaway	$4,890 1
* Bristol Institution for Savings, Bristol	
Centreville Savings Bank, Centreville	10,795
Citizens Savings Bank, Providence	51,000 (
Coddington Savings Bank, Newport	11,212 (
* Franklin Savings Bank, Pawtucket	3,004 (
* Hopkinton Savings Bank, Hope Valley	1,403
Island Savings Bank, Newport	27,316 (
* Jackson Institution for Savings, Providence	7,580 (
Kingston Savings Bank, Kingston	6,394
Mechanics Savings Bank, Providence	12,793
* Mechanics Savings Bank, Westerly	7,017
Mechanics Savings Bank, Woonsocket	10,883
* Merchants Savings Bank, Providence	5,569
Niantic Savings Bank, Westerly	12,240 (
Pawtucket Institution for Savings, Pawtucket	26,000 (
Peoples Savings Bank, Providence	14,541
Peoples Savings Bank, Woonsocket	9,596 1
* Phenix Savings Bank, Phenix	2,320
Producers County Savings Bank, Woonsocket	7,615
Providence County Savings Bank, Pawtucket	13,871 (
Providence Institution for Savings, Providence	11,852 7
* Rhode Island Institution for Savings, Providence	
Savings Bank of Newport, Newport	169,148
Smithfield Savings Bank, Greenville	10,739
Wakefield Institution for Savings, Wakefield	8,615
Warren Institution for Savings, Warren	14,000 (
* Warwick Institution for Savings, Warwick	385
* Westerly Savings Bank, Westerly	12,307
Wickford Savings Bank, Wickford	9,706 1
Woonsocket Institution for Savings, Woonsocket	13,300 (

* In liquidation.

INTSITUTIONS FOR SAVINGS.

(From returns made to the State Auditor.)

A Summary of the Condition of the Savings Institutions in Rhode Island, on Thursday, June 30, 1904.

RESOURCES.

Amount invested in mortgages on real estate in Rhode Island.	$21,095,489 75
Amount invested in mortgages on real estate in other States.	3,134,855 85
Amount invested in stocks	3,097,429 77
Amount invested in bonds	30,443,581 29
Amount loaned on personal security	3,593,576 41
Amount loaned on collaterals of personal property	2,696,081 69
Amount of cash on hand	7,116,369 52
Real estate	1,999,732 50
Furniture and fixtures	14,175 81
Call loans	326,459 02
Profit and loss account	565,767 25
City, town, and district notes	1,558,828 88
Total resources	$75,644,347 74

LIABILITIES.

Amount due depositors	$64,841,317 79
Amount of profit on hand	3,631,424 24
Profit and loss	862,210 35
All other liabilities	6,309,395 36
Total liabilities	$75,644,347 74

MISCELLANEOUS.

Number of institutions in the State	31
Whole number of depositors	132,556
Number of depositors of $500 and under $1,000	16,618
Number of depositors of $1,000 and upwards	20,355
Average to each depositor	$489 16
Largest amount due to any one depositor	$169,148 21
Number of institutions that declared dividends within the last six months	21
Average rate per cent	.0388
Decrease of deposits from previous year	$9,693,309 85
Decrease of depositors	17,786
Decrease of those depositing more than $500 and less than $1,000	2,529
Decrease of those depositing $1,000 and upwards	8,182

NATIONAL BANKS OF RHODE ISLAND.

Name.	Place.	Capital.
United National Bank	Providence	$500,000
National Bank of Commerce	"	850,000
American National Bank	"	1,000,000
*National Bank of North America	"	1,000,000
Merchants National Bank	"	1,000,000
*Commercial " "	"	500,000
*First " "	"	500,000
Fourth " "	"	500,000
*Globe " "	"	300,000
Old " "	"	500,000
Weybosset " "	"	500,000
Providence " "	"	500,000
Blackstone Canal National Bank	"	500,000
National Exchange Bank	"	500,000
Mechanics National Bank	"	500,000
Phenix National Bank	"	450,000
*Lime Rock National Bank	"	500,000
Atlantic " "	"	225,000
*Traders " "	"	200,000
Ashaway " "	Ashaway	100,000
National Exchange Bank	Greenville	150,000
First National Bank of Hopkinton	Hope Valley	100,000
National Landholders Bank	Kingstown	105,000
First National Bank	Newport	120,000
Newport National Bank	"	120,000
Aquidneck National Bank	"	200,000
National Exchange Bank	"	55,250
Union National Bank	"	100,000
First " " of Smithfield	Slatersville	100,000
*First " "	Warren	150,000
*National Hope Bank	"	130,000
*National Warren Bank	"	200,000
Centreville National Bank	Arctic Centre	100,000
*National Niantic Bank	Westerly	250,000
*Washington National Bank	"	150,000
Citizens " "	Woonsocket	100,000
National Union "	"	150,000
Producers National "	"	200,000
National Globe "	"	100,000

*In liquidation.

STATE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

(From returns made to the Insurance Commissioner, December 31, 1904.)

CHARLES C. GRAY, *Insurance Commissioner.*

CLERKS.—Felix Hebert, of Warwick.
Minnie H. Davenport, of Cranston.
Louise Bowen, of East Greenwich.
Julia B. A. Rich, of Providence.

STOCK COMPANIES.

NAME AND LOCATION.	Cash Capital.	Risks Written and Renewed in 1904.	Premiums Thereon.
Equitable Fire and Marine, Prov	$400,000 00	$3,125,322 00	$29,702 00
Providence Washington, Prov..	500,000 00	8,063,344 00	72,192 00
Underwriters at New England, Lloyds	120,000 00	1,509,335 00	7,425 00
Aggregate	$1,020,000 00	$12,699,001 00	$109,319 00

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

NAME AND LOCATION.	Cash Assets.	Risks Written and Renewed in 1904.	Premiums Thereon.
American.....Providence.	$306,371 00	$23,663,190 00	$186,844 00
Aquidneck.....Newport....	15,735 00	410,542 00	4,517 00
Blackstone.....Providence.	778,125 00	55,255,043 00	420,783 00
Enterprise.....Providence.	289,466 00	23,688,740 00	187,054 00
Firemens.....Providence.	1,303,492 00	71,454,390 00	595,465 00
Franklin.....Providence.	42,267 00	1,013,552 00	7,363 00
Hope.....Providence.	310,946 00	30,932,167 00	276,644 00
Manufacturers.....Providence.	647,017 00	45,010,833 00	346,628 00
Mechanics.....Providence.	395,153 00	31,647,804 00	245,115 00
Merchants.....Providence.	405,796 00	28,353,930 00	221,674 00
Mercantile.....Providence.	212,967 00	16,279,354 00	153,469 00
Metal Workers.....Providence.	35,623 00	3,936,519 00	37,933 00
Narragansett.....Providence.	88,436 00	10,688,833 00	99,444 00
Patrons Fire Relief, West Kingston.	1,903 00	136,890 00	1,183 00
Pawtucket.....Pawtucket..	444,174 00	5,197,327 00	67,580 00
Providence.....Providence.	573,165 00	4,986,111 00	48,967 00
Rhode Island.....Providence.	880,160 00	59,537,649 00	457,320 00
State.....Providence.	1,167,080 00	88,387,054 00	692,927 00
Textile.....Providence.	40,869 00	5,170,939 00	44,026 00
Tiverton and Little Compton.....Little Compton.	5,510 00	102,000 00	882 00
Union.....Providence.	358,218 00	2,930,243 00	29,057 00
What Cheer.....Providence.	335,841 00	34,402,796 00	306,220 00
Total	$8,638,314 00	$543,185,906 00	$4,441,100 00

RETURNS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

Name.	Location.	Cash Capital.	Surplus.	Amount of Deposits.		
				General Account.	Participation Account.	Other Deposits.
Central	Providence	$100,000 00			$44,064 86	
Industrial	"	1,500,000 00	$1,200,000 00	$9,259,997 16	17,414,497 47	$4,948,885 13
Italo-American Mutual	"	1,786 70				
Manufactures	"	500,000 00	300,000 00	5,071,909 30	3,667,773 54	445,812 04
*Mercantile	"	252,000 00			24 19	
Merchants	"	10,000 00				
New England	"	166,000 00		17,021 37	178,001 52	8,856 96
Newport	Newport	300,000 00	120,000 00	990,523 08		10,965 09
Pawtucket	Pawtucket	500 00			1,006 00	
Phenix	Phenix	100,000 00	24,000 00	29,663 24	114,609 98	22,073 31
Producers	Woonsocket	5,000 00				
Providence	Providence	300,000 00	30,000 00			
Rhode Island Hospital	"	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	11,178,972 23	12,016,919 39	160,672 10
*Rhode Island Mortgage and Trust	"	74,297 50				
Slater	Pawtucket	500,000 00	500,000 00	2,178,568 25	2,843,476 04	23,738 09
Union	Providence	250,000 00	1,000,000 00	6,643,105 75	5,168,200 35	649,544 24
Wakefield	Wakefield	100,000 00	40,000 00	129,560 41	12,823 22	14,276 21
Warren	Warren	148,474 64	7,295 75			
Washington	Westerly	200,000 00	100,000 00	443,599 23	2,134,780 13	119,936 26
Total		$5,508,058 84	$4,321,295 75	$35,942,915 02	$43,596,176 69	$6,404,759 43

*In liquidation.

TRUST COMPANIES.

(From returns made to the State Auditor.)

A Summary of the Condition of the Trust Companies in Rhode Island on Friday, June 30, 1904.

RESOURCES.

Amount invested in mortgages on real estate in Rhode Island.	$8,994,384 57
Amount invested in mortgages on real estate in other States.	1,819,831 80
Amount invested in stocks	12,014,097 79
Amount invested in bonds	17,378,208 10
Amount loaned on personal security	24,906,414 47
Amount loaned on collaterals of personal property	11,149,813 64
Amount of cash on hand	3,543,871 54
Real estate	2,024,240 46
Furniture and fixtures	49,850 91
Call loans and loans to banks, etc	20,694,068 99
All other resources	399,708 88
Total resources	$97,974,491 15

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$5,508,058 84
Surplus	4,321,295 75
Amount due depositors	85,943,851 14
Amount of profit on hand	1,656,405 10
All other liabilities	544,880 32
Total liabilities	$97,974,491 15

MISCELLANEOUS.

Number of institutions in the State	19
* Whole number of depositors	65,064
* Number of depositors of $500 and under $1,000	7,100
* Number of depositors of $1,000 and upwards	11,216
* Average to each depositor	$670 05
* Largest amount due to any one depositor	$105,949 09
Number of institutions that declared dividends within the last six months	7
Average rate per cent	.0393

* Participation account.

RAILROAD CORPORATIONS.

Railroad Commissioner—EDWARD L. FREEMAN, *of Central Falls.*

Deputy—JOSEPH W. FREEMAN, *of Central Falls.*

NAME OF RAILROAD.	Date of Incorporation.	Capital Stock actually paid in June 30, 1904.	Miles of road in this State.
Boston and Providence	July 11, 1831	$4,000,000 00	7.75
Moshassuck Valley	June 11, 1874	50,000 00	2.00
Narragansett Pier	April 12, 1875	133,800 00	8.50
Newport and Wickford	1864.	100,000 00	3.40
N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co	Aug. 6, 1872	80,000,000 00	52.21
New England	Aug. 26, 1895	20,000,000 00	26.87
Old Colony	April 24, 1844	17,871,400 00	18.32
Pawtuxet Valley	July 11, 1872	100,900 00	5.67
Providence and Springfield	Sept. 1, 1871	517,450 00	26.10
Providence and Worcester	May 20, 1844	3,500,000 00	21.90
Providence, Warren and Bristol	Oct., 1850	287,300 00	14.90
Rhode Island and Massachusetts	June 27, 1871	180,000 00	7.07
Wood River Branch	July 8, 1872	60,000 00	5.70
Woonsocket and Pascoag	May 21, 1889	200,000 00	9.45
Union Railroad Company	Feb. 2, 1865	9,000,000 00	134.89
Pawtucket	July 18, 1885	500,000 00	28.81
Woonsocket	June 4, 1886	300,000 00	18.766
Providence Cable Tramway	July 24, 1884	300,000 00	2.92
Pawcatuck Valley Street Railroad Co	May 25, 1893	75,000 00	6.15
Newport and Fall River	Jan., 1898	750,000 00	18.492
Sea View Railroad Company	July 28, 1887	700,000 00	18.04
Rhode Island Suburban Railway Co	June 2, 1899	5,000,000 00	68.12
Providence and Danielson	July 7, 1893	1,000,000 00	24.11
Columbian Street Railway Company	May 23, 1895	100,000 00	9.256
Rhode Island Company	June 24, 1902	3,770,000 00	.....
Old Colony Street Railway Company	Dec. 28, 1880	.....	.....
Westerly and Hopkinton Railway Co.	May 1, 1902	100,700 00	.....
Newport and Providence Railway Co.	Dec. 12, 1902	10,200 00	.....

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1904.

(From Railroad Commissioner's report, made at the January Session, 1905, and Appendix.)

Total miles of single track in this State—steam and electric	813.061
Number of passengers carried—steam and electric	133,131,284
Tons of merchandise carried—steam roads	17,730,891
Net earnings—steam and electric	$10,056,981 45

The Judiciary.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

CIRCUIT JUDGE—LeBaron B. Colt, of Bristol.
DISTRICT JUDGE—Arthur L. Brown, of Providence.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—Charles A. Wilson, of Providence.
CLERK—William P. Cross, of Providence.
MARSHAL—John E. Kendrick.
TERMS OF THE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—At Providence, on the 15th of November and 15th of June, annually.

By usage the United States Circuit Court is in session on the first Monday in every month.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONERS—Henry Marsh, Jr., William P. Cross, of Providence.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

JUDGE—Arthur L. Brown, of Providence.
CLERK—William P. Cross, of Providence.
MARSHAL—John E. Kendrick, of Providence.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—Charles A. Wilson, of Providence.
REFEREES IN BANKRUPTCY—Nathan W. Littlefield, of Pawtucket; Clark Burdick, of Newport.
TERMS OF THE DISTRICT COURT—In Newport, on the second Tuesday in May and third Tuesday in October.

In Providence, on the first Tuesday in August and first Tuesday in February.

JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE.

The "Superior Court of Judicature, Court of Assize, and General Gaol Delivery," was first established in June, 1729, and until 1747 consisted of the governor, deputy governor, and assistants.

In February, 1746-7, an act was passed providing for the annual election of a chief judge and four associates.

In the Revision of 1798, the designation of the court was changed to that of the Supreme Judicial Court, to be held by one chief justice and four associate justices.

Under the constitution one Supreme Court was established, which now consists of one chief justice, and six associate justices.

CHIEF.	ASSOCIATES.	DATE.
Gideon Cornell,	Stephen Hopkins, Joshua Babcock, Josiah Arnold, John Howland,	May, 1747, to May, 1749.
Joshua Babcock,	Jonathan Randall, William Hopkins, William Hall, John Walton,	May, 1749, to May, 1750.
Joshua Babcock,	Jonathan Randall, William Richmond, John Walton, Benjamin Hazard,	May, 1750, to May, 1751.
Stephen Hopkins,	Jonathan Randall, William Richmond, Joseph Russell, Joseph Clarke,	May, 1751, to May, 1755.
Francis Willett, [1]Stephen Hopkins,	Jonathan Randall, William Richmond, Joseph Russell, Joseph Clarke,	May, 1755, to May, 1756.
John Gardner,	Jonathan Randall, William Richmond, Joseph Russell, Joseph Clarke,	May, 1756, to May, 1759.

[1]At the August Session, 1755, Stephen Hopkins, who was at the same time Governor of the Colony, was elected chief justice of the Superior Court. (See Schedule, August, 1755, pp. 36 and 44.)

CHIEF.	ASSOCIATES.	DATE.
John Gardner,	Jonathan Randall, William Richmond, Joseph Lippitt, Joseph Clarke,	May, 1759, to May, 1761.
Samuel Ward,	Joseph Russell, William Hall, Thomas Wickham, John Burton,	May, 1761, to May, 1762.
Jeremiah Niles,	Joseph Russell, William Hall, Nicholas Easton, Samuel Nightingale,	May, 1762, to Aug., 1763.
Joshua Babcock.	Thomas Cranston, John Cole, Thomas Greene, Silas Niles,	Aug., 1763, to May, 1764.
John Cole,	Thomas Greene, Silas Niles, Job Bennet, Jr., Stephen Potter,	May, 1764, to May, 1765.
Joseph Russell,	William Hall, Job Bennet, Jr., Benoni Hall, Henry Harris,	May, 1765, to May, 1766.
Joseph Russell,	William Hall, Job Bennet, Benoni Hall, Gideon Comstock,	May, 1766, to June, 1767.
James Helme,	Job Bennet, Benoni Hall, Stephen Potter, Samuel Nightingale,	June, 1767, to May, 1768.
Joseph Russell,	Metcalf Bowler, Nathaniel Searle, Philip Greene, Samuel Nightingale,	May, 1768, to June, 1769.
James Helme,	Benoni Hall, Nathaniel Searle, Thomas Greene, Gideon Comstock,	June, 1769, to June, 1770.
Stephen Hopkins,	James Helme, Benoni Hall, Metcalf Bowler, Stephen Potter,	June, 1770, to May, 1773.
Stephen Hopkins,	James Helme, Metcalf Bowler, Stephen Potter, Job Bennet,	May, 1773, to May, 1774.
Stephen Hopkins,	Metcalf Bowler, William Greene, Joseph Russell, Job Bennet,	May, 1774, to Aug., 1776.
Metcalf Bowler,	William Greene, Shearjashub Bourn, Jabez Bowen, Thomas Wells,	Aug., 1776, to Feb., 1777.
William Greene,	Shearjashub Bourn, Jabez Bowen, Thomas Wells, Perez Richmond,	Feb., 1777, to May, 1778.

Chief.	Associates.	Date.
Shearjashub Bourn,	Thomas Wells, Paul Mumford, Stephen Potter, Christopher Lippitt,	May, 1778, to May, 1779.
Shearjashub Bourn,	Thomas Wells, Paul Mumford, Stephen Potter, Gideon Comstock,	May, 1779, to May, 1780.
Shearjashub Bourn, [1]Jabez Bowen,	[2]William Ellery, Paul Mumford, Peter Phillips, Rufus Hopkins,	May, 1780, to May, 1781. Elected in Sept., 1780.
Paul Mumford,	Gideon Comstock, Peter Phillips, Thomas Tillinghast, [3]Ambrose Page,	May, 1781, to May, 1782.
Paul Mumford,	Pardon Gray, David Howell, Peter Phillips, Thomas Tillinghast,	May, 1782, to June, 1785.
William Ellery,	Pardon Gray, Jonathan Jenckes, Peter Phillips, Thomas Tillinghast,	June, 1785, to May, 1786.
Paul Mumford,	Pardon Gray, Thomas Arnold, Joseph Hazard, Thomas Tillinghast,	May, 1786, to May, 1787.
Paul Mumford,	Gilbert Devol, David Howell, William West, Stephen Potter,	May, 1787, to June, 1788.
Othniel Gorton,	Walter Cooke, [4]John Waite, William West, Stephen Potter,	June, 1788, to May, 1790.
Othniel Gorton,	Walter Cooke, Simeon Clarke, Jr., Daniel Owen, Sylvester Robinson,	May, 1790, to May, 1791.
Daniel Owen,	Walter Cooke, Ezekiel Gardner, Jr., Sylvester Robinson, Walter Cooke,	May, 1791, to May, 1792.
Daniel Owen,	Ezekiel Gardner, Jr., Thomas Tillinghast, Carder Hazard, Walter Cooke,	May, 1792, to May, 1793.
Daniel Owen,	Ezekiel Gardner, Jr., Thomas Tillinghast, William Taggart, Walter Cooke,	May, 1793, to May, 1794.
	Ezekiel Gardner, Jr., Thomas Tillinghast.	

[1] Elected in February, 1781, in place of Shearjashub Bourn, deceased.

[2] Declined.

[3] Declined, and David Howell elected.

[4] Declined, and in September, Simeon Clarke, Jr., appointed.

CHIEF.	ASSOCIATES.	DATE.
Daniel Owen,	William Taggart, Walter Cooke, Joshua Bicknall, Thomas Tillinghast,	May, 1794, to June, 1795.
Peleg Arnold,	Joseph Hoxsie, Walter Cooke, Joshua Bicknall, Thomas Tillinghast,	June, 1795, to May, 1796.
Peleg Arnold,	George Brown, Walter Cooke, Joshua Bicknall, Thomas Tillinghast,	May, 1796, to May, 1798.
Peleg Arnold,	George Brown, Walter Cooke, Joshua Bicknall, Thomas Holden,	May, 1798, to May, 1799.
Peleg Arnold,	Ezekiel Gardner, Walter Cooke, Joshua Bicknall, Thomas Holden,	June, 1799, to June, 1801.
Peleg Arnold,	John Allen, Walter Cooke, Joseph Reynolds, Henry Remington,	June, 1801, to May, 1808.
Peleg Arnold,	William Marchant, Walter Cooke, Joseph Reynolds, Benjamin Johnson,	May, 1808, to June, 1809.
Thomas Arnold,	William Marchant, William Anthony, Joseph Reynolds, Benjamin Johnson,	June, 1809, to May, 1810.
Peleg Arnold,	Jeffrey Hazard, Joseph Cundall, Joseph Reynolds, Thomas Westcott,	May, 1810, to May, 1811.
Peleg Arnold,	Jeffrey Hazard, William Anthony, Joshua Bicknall, Benjamin Johnson,	May, 1811, to May, 1812.
Daniel Lyman,	Jeffrey Hazard, William Anthony, Joshua Bicknall, Benjamin Johnson,	May, 1812, to May, 1814.
Daniel Lyman,	Jeffrey Hazard, William Anthony, Joshua Bicknall, Charles Brayton,	May, 1814, to May, 1816.
James Burrill, Jr.,	Jeffrey Hazard, William Anthony, Joshua Bicknall, Charles Brayton,	May, 1816, to May, 1817.
[2]Tristam Burges,	Jeffrey Hazard, William Anthony, Joshua Bicknall, Charles Brayton,	May, 1817, to May, 1818.

[1] Resigned in December, 1797, and Thomas Holden elected in his place.

[2] Elected in June, 1817.

Chief.	Associates.	Date.
[1]James Fenner,	Isaac Wilbour, Henry Remington, Daniel Champlin, John D'Wolf,	May, 1818, to May, 1819.
Isaac Wilbour,	Thomas Buffum, [2]Dutee Arnold, Daniel Champlin, John DeWolf,	May, 1819, to June, 1822.
Isaac Wilbour,	Thomas Buffum, Henry Remington, Daniel Champlin, Luke Drury,	June, 1822, to May, 1823.
Isaac Wilbour,	Henry Remington, Daniel Champlin, Luke Drury, [3]Wheeler Martin,	May, 1823, to May, 1824.
Isaac Wilbour,	Henry Remington, Daniel Champlin, Samuel Randall, Isaac Fiske,	May, 1824, to June, 1825.
Isaac Wilbour,	Henry Remington, Daniel Champlin, Samuel Randall, Nathan Brown,	June, 1825, to May, 1826.
Isaac Wilbour,	Henry Remington, Daniel Champlin, Samuel Randall, [4]Samuel Eddy,	May, 1826, to May, 1827.
[5]Samuel Eddy,	Charles Brayton, Samuel Randall,	May, 1827, to May, 1833.
Samuel Eddy,	Charles Brayton, Job Durfee,	May, 1833, to June, 1835.
Job Durfee,	Levi Halle, William R. Staples,	June, 1835, to June, 1843.
[6]Job Durfee,	Levi Halle, William R. Staples, George A. Brayton.	June, 1843, to May, 1848.
[7]Richard W. Greene,	[8]Levi Halle, William R. Staples, George A. Brayton,	May, 1848, to Nov., 1854.
[9]William R. Staples,	George A. Brayton, Alfred Bosworth, Sylvester G. Shearman,	Nov., 1854, to Mar. 7, 1856.
[10]Samuel Ames,	George A. Brayton, [11]Alfred Bosworth, Sylvester G. Shearman,	1856 to 1862.

[1] Declined, and Asa Messer elected June, 1818.

[2] Elected in June, 1819.

[3] Elected in June, 1823.

[4] Stephen Branch, elected in place of Samuel Eddy, in June, 1826.

[5] In January, 1827, a law was passed providing for the election of three Judges, one Chief, and two Associates.

[6] In June, 1843, a law was passed providing that the Supreme Court should consist of one Chief and three Associate Justices.

[7] Resigned June 14, 1854.

[8] Died July 14, 1854.

[9] Resigned, March 7, 1856.

[10] Sworn in, August 11, 1856.

[11] Died June 10, 1862.

CHIEF.	ASSOCIATES.	DATE.
Samuel Ames,	George A. Brayton.....	1862 to 1865.
	[1]J. Russell Bullock,	
	Sylvester G. Shearman,	
[2]Samuel Ames,	George A. Brayton,	May, 1865, to May, 1866.
	Thomas Durfee,	(Elected June 15, 1865.)
	Sylvester G. Shearman,	
[3]Charles S. Bradley,	George A. Brayton,	1866, to March, 1868.
	Thomas Durfee,	
	[4]Sylvester G. Shearman,	
[5]George A. Brayton,	Thomas Durfee,	March 13, 1868, to 1875.
	Walter S. Burgess,	(Elected Jan. 24, 1868.)
	Elisha R. Potter,	(Elected March 16, 1868.)
Thomas Durfee,	[6]Walter S. Burgess,	Jan., 1875, to June, 1881.
	Elisha R. Potter,	
	Charles Matteson,	(Elected Feb. 11, 1875.)
	John H. Stiness,	(Elected April 13, 1875.)
Thomas Durfee,	[7]Elisha R. Potter,	June, 1881, to 1882.
	Charles Matteson,	
	John H. Stiness,	
	Pardon E. Tillinghast,	(Elected June 2, 1881.)
Thomas Durfee,	Charles Matteson,	Apr. 1882, to Jan. 1, 1885.
	John H. Stiness,	
	Pardon E. Tillinghast,	
	[8]George M. Carpenter,	(Elected April 20, 1882.)
[9]Thomas Durfee,	Charles Matteson,	Jan. 1885, to March, 1891.
	John H. Stiness,	
	Pardon E. Tillinghast,	
	George A. Wilbur,	(Elected Jan. 29, 1885.)
[10]Charles Matteson,	John H. Stiness,	Apr., 1891, to May 29, 1900.
	Pardon E. Tillinghast,	
	George A. Wilbur,	
	[13]Horatio Rogers,	(Elected May 27, 1891.)
[14]John H. Stiness,	William W. Douglas,	(Elected May 27, 1891.)
	[10]Benjamin M. Bosworth,[11]	(Elected May 26, 1897.)
	Edward C. Dubois,	(Elected Feb. 28, 1899.)
	John Taggard Blodgett,	(Elected May 30, 1900.)
[15]Pardon E. Tillinghast,	Clarke H. Johnson,	(Elected March 6, 1903.)
[16]William W. Douglas,	Christopher F. Parkhurst,	(Elected Feb. 21, 1905.)

[1] Sworn in September 7, 1862; resigned March 1, 1864.
[2] Died December 20, 1865.
[3] Elected February 7, 1866, and resigned March 1, 1868. Geo. A. Brayton elected Chief Justice, March 13, 1868.
[4] Died January 3, 1868.
[5] Resigned May 28, 1874. George H. Browne elected Chief Justice, June 23, 1874, but declined to accept. Thomas Durfee elected Chief Justice, January 28, 1875. April 9, 1875, an act was passed providing for four Associate Justices.
[6] Resigned June 1, 1881.
[7] Died April 10, 1882.
[8] Resigned January 1, 1885.
[9] Resigned March 14, 1891. Charles Matteson elected Chief Justice, April 17, 1891. May 27, 1891, an act was passed providing for five Associate Justices.
[10] May 3, 1897, an act was passed providing for six Associate Justices.
[11] Died February 1, 1899. [13] Resigned May 29, 1900.
[13] Resigned February 17, 1903.
[14] Resigned November 2, 1904.
[15] Elected Chief Justice, November 17, 1904; died February 9, 1905.
[16] Elected Chief Justice, February 15, 1905.

Present Organization of the Courts.

CHIEF JUSTICE—William W. Douglas, of Providence.

ASSOCIATE JUSTICES—George A. Wilbur, of Woonsocket; Edward Church Dubois, of East Providence; John Taggard Blodgett, of Providence; Clarke H. Johnson, of Foster; Christopher Francis Parkhurst, of Providence.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL—William B. Greenough, of Providence. *Assistant*—James C. Collins, Jr., of North Providence.

MASTERS IN CHANCERY—Darius Baker, Robert M. Franklin, and Max Levy, of Newport; Amasa M. Eaton, Lorin M. Cook, J. C. B. Woods, Herbert Almy, John C. Pegram, Samuel S. Durfee, Adoniram J. Cushing, Frederic Hayes, William H. Greene, Willard B. Tanner, William L. Hodgman, Samuel T. Douglas, Edward C. Stiness, George Farnell, Howard A. Lamprey, Frederick A. Jones, Chester W. Barrows, John Henshaw, Leonard W. Horton, Royal H. Gladding, Eugene H. Lincoln, Richard E. Lyman, J. Jerome Hahn, William M. P. Bowen, George H. Huddy, Jr., and John A. Tillinghast, all of Providence; Nathan W. Littlefield, Claude J. Farnsworth, and Edward W. Blodgett, all of Pawtucket; Livingston Scott, of Woonsocket; George N. Bliss, of East Providence; Walter S. Reynolds, of Glocester; Samuel Ward King Allen, of East Greenwich; Benjamin W. Case, of South Kingstown; Nathan B. Lewis, of North Kingstown; George H. Olney, of Hopkinton: John W. Sweeney, and Eugene B. Pendleton, of Westerly; Orrin L. Bosworth, and Samuel Norris, Jr., of Bristol.

APPELLATE DIVISION OF THE SUPREME COURT.

REPORTER—Edward C. Stiness, of Pawtucket.

CLERKS—In Newport, Charles E. Harvey, of Newport. *Assistant*—Sadie A. Harvey, of Newport.

In Providence, Bertram S. Blaisdell, of Providence. *Assistants*—David B. Pike, and George H. Raymond, of Providence.

In South Kingstown, W. Herbert Caswell, of South Kingstown, P. O. address, Narragansett Pier. *Deputies*—William Hoxsey, of Westerly; Aubrey C. Lewis, of West Kingston.

SESSIONS OF COURT—At Newport, on the third Monday in September, and on the second Monday in May.

At Providence, within the county of Providence, from the third Monday in September to the third Monday in July, continuously, except when in session in Newport and Washington counties.

At West Kingston, within the county of Washington, on the second Monday in November, and on the second Monday in April.

LIBRARIAN OF STATE LAW LIBRARY—J. Harry Bongartz, of Providence.

COMMON PLEAS DIVISION OF THE SUPREME COURT.

CLERK—For Newport county, Charles E. Harvey, of Newport. *Assistant*—Sadie A. Harvey, of Newport.

SESSIONS OF COURT—At Newport, for Newport county, on the first Monday in November, third Monday in January, second Monday in April, fourth Monday in June.

CLERK—For Providence county, Walter S. Reynolds, of Glocester. *Assistant*—Horace G. Bissell, of Providence.

The Common Pleas Division of the Supreme Court, for Providence county, has a continuous session from the third

Monday of September to the third Monday in July, with adjournments to Woonsocket at the convenience of the court. Assignment days are first Mondays of each month except August and September.

CLERK—For Kent county, Henry A. Thomas, of East Greenwich.

SESSIONS OF COURT—At East Greenwich, for Kent county, on the first Monday in October, the third Monday in December, the second Monday in March, the fourth Monday in May.

CLERK—For Washington county, W. Herbert Caswell, of South Kingstown, P. O. address, Narragansett Pier. *Deputy at Westerly*—William Hoxsey. *Deputy at West Kingston*—Aubrey C. Lewis.

SESSIONS OF COURT—At West Kingston, for Washington county, the third Monday in October, the first Monday in January, the fourth Monday in March, and the second Monday in June, with adjournments to Westerly at the convenience of the court.

CLERK—For Bristol county, Henry M. Thompson, of Bristol.

SESSIONS OF COURT—At Bristol, for Bristol county, on the third Monday in September, the first Monday in December, the third Monday in February, and the second Monday in May.

SHERIFFS.

NEWPORT COUNTY—James Anthony, of Middletown; P. O. address, Newport. *Deputy and Jailer*—Hugh N. Gifford, of Newport.

PROVIDENCE COUNTY—Hunter C. White, of Providence. *Deputies*—Albert C. Johnson, Edgar S. Thayer, William P. Winslow, Hugh F. McCusker, Thomas Dyer, A. O. Coates, Charles H. Brown, Andrew McKenzie, Fred C. Hull, Peter J. Healey, Antonio Gerardi, Herman Paster, all of Providence; O. C. Goodell. of East Providence; Samuel E. Gardner, of Johnston; Carlos L. Rogers, Andre Blanchard, Allen K. Wilson, Daniel H. Horton,

Daniel McGinn, Frederick B. Briggs, of Pawtucket; William Landry, of Woonsocket; Frank C. Viall (State Prison), of Cranston; Franklin B. Ham, of Glocester; Nathan Colvin, Hernando A. Rounds, of Scituate; Sanford E. Kinnecom, of North Providence; Gouverneur M. Brown, of Woonsocket; Richard T. Keene, of Central Falls; William Carroll, of Johnston; Joseph Grenon, of Lincoln.

WASHINGTON COUNTY—John R. Wilcox, of South Kingstown, P. O. address, Kingston. *Deputies*—James R. S. Wightman, of Wickford; Eugene W. Coon, of Westerly.

BRISTOL COUNTY—Philo V. Cady, of Bristol.

KENT COUNTY—Michael B. Lynch, of Warwick, P. O. address, Apponaug. *Deputies*—Lovell M. Whitman, of Washington; Theodore S. Andrews, of River Point.

COURTS OF PROBATE OF THE SEVERAL TOWNS.

(In towns, other than those here named, the Town Council is the Court of Probate, and the Town Clerk is *ex officio* Probate Clerk.)

BRISTOL—*Judge*, John P. Reynolds, P. O., Bristol; *Clerk*, Herbert F. Bennett, Bristol.

CENTRAL FALLS—*Judge*, Frank H. Bellin, P. O., Central Falls; *Clerk*, C. Fred Crawford.

CRANSTON—*Judge*, John Palmer, P. O., 42 Westminster street, Providence; *Clerk*, Daniel D. Waterman, P. O., Cranston.

EAST PROVIDENCE—*Judge*, Alfred A. White, P. O., Riverside; *Clerk*, William E. Smyth, P. O., East Providence.

JOHNSTON—*Judge*, John A. Rothery, P. O., Thornton; *Clerk*, Sterry K. Luther, Box 21, Thornton.

LINCOLN.—*Judge*, Charles R. Easton, P. O., Saylesville, R. F. D.; *Clerk*, David D. Johnston, P. O., Lonsdale.

NEWPORT—*Judge*, Jeremiah P. Mahoney. P. O., Newport; *Clerk*, Duncan A. Hazard.

NORTH PROVIDENCE—*Judge*, Frederic A. Greene, P. O., 413 Butler Exchange, Providence; *Clerk*, Thomas H. Angell, P. O., Centredale, North Providence.

PAWTUCKET—*Judge*, William W. Blodgett, P. O., Park Place, Pawtucket; *Clerk*, Samuel H. Roberts.

PROVIDENCE—*Judge*, Joseph E. Spink, P. O., 150 South Angell street, Providence; *Clerk*, Edward Field.

WARWICK—*Judge*, Job S. Carpenter, P. O., Arctic; *Clerk*, James T. Lockwood.

WESTERLY—*Judge*, Oliver H. Williams, P. O., Westerly; *Clerk*—William Hoxsey, P. O., Westerly.

WOONSOCKET—*Judge*, Livingston Scott, P. O., Woonsocket; *Clerk*, Wm. C. Mason.

POLICE COURT OF THE CITY OF PROVIDENCE.

(Elected by the City Council.)

James A. Pirce,
Richard E. Lyman, } *Justices.*

(Meets daily at 8 A. M. at Central Police Station.)

DISTRICT COURTS.

(Established by Chapter 597 of the Public Laws, passed May 27, 1886.)

The justices and clerks are elected by the General Assembly, and hold their offices for the term of three years from February 1, 1905.

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

(County of Newport.)

The Court meets at the Police Station, Newport, daily at 9 A. M., Sundays, 10 A. M., for arraignment of prisoners and disposal of cases where no trials are had; on Tuesdays and Fridays at the State House at 10 A. M., for

both civil and criminal business. Civil cases are made returnable on those days, and criminal cases to be tried are continued for trial to one of those days. Court meets at the Town Hall in Tiverton, at 9 A. M., third Thursday of every month, for any business properly coming before it.

Justice—Darius Baker, of Newport.

Clerk—George H. Kelley, of Newport.

Justices of the Peace authorized to take bail and issue warrants—(pursuant to section 34, Chapter 229, of the General Laws) Allen C. Griffith, of Newport; Joshua L. Durfee, of Tiverton.

SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

(Towns of South Kingstown, North Kingstown, Exeter, and Narragansett.)

Meets at District Court Room, in Bell's Block, Wakefield, South Kingstown, Mondays, at 9 A. M. Town House, Wickford, North Kingstown, Thursdays at 9 A. M. Town Hall, Pine Hill, Exeter, third Wednesday at 9 A. M.

Justice—Nathan B. Lewis, of South Kingstown, P. O., West Kingston.

Assistant Justice—Thomas J. Peirce, North Kingstown, P. O., Wickford.

Justices of the Peace authorized to take bail and issue warrants—Thomas J. Peirce, North Kingstown, P. O., Wickford; Frank G. Ferry, South Kingstown, P. O., Wakefield; William Sleeman, Narragansett, P. O., Narragansett Pier.

THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

(Towns of Westerly, Hopkinton, Charlestown, and Richmond.)

Meets at Town Hall, Westerly, Fridays at 9 A. M. District Court Room, Hope Valley, for Hopkinton, second and fourth Thursdays at 9 A. m. District Court Room, Shannock, for Richmond, fourth Wednesday at 9 A. M. Hoxie's Hall, Shannock, for Charlestown, fourth Saturday at 9 A. M.

Justice—Oliver H. Williams, of Westerly.

Assistant Justice—William Hoxsey, of Westerly.

Justices of the Peace authorized to take bail and issue warrants—George H. Olney, Hopkinton; William Hoxsey, Westerly.

Fourth Judicial District.

(*County of Kent.*)

Meets at Town House, Apponaug, Warwick, Tuesdays at 10 A. M. Court House, East Greenwich, Thursdays at 10 A. M. Town House, Coventry Centre, Coventry, second and fourth Saturdays at 10 A. M. Noose Neck Hill, West Greenwich, third Saturday at 10 A. M.

Justice—Elmer J. Rathbun, of West Greenwich, P. O., Anthony.

Clerk—George A. Loomis, of East Greenwich.

Justices of the Peace authorized to take bail and issue warrants—John A. Bates, West Greenwich, P. O., West Greenwich Centre; James T. Lockwood, Warwick, P. O., Apponaug; Felix Hebert, Warwick, P. O., Arctic Centre.

Fifth Judicial District.

(*County of Bristol.*)

Meets at Court House, Bristol, Mondays at 9 A. M. District Court Room, Warren, Thursdays at 9 A. M.

Justice—Orrin L. Bosworth, of Bristol.

Justices of the Peace authorized to take bail and issue warrants—Herbert F. Bennett, Bristol; Charles B. Mason, Warren.

Sixth Judicial District.

(*City of Providence and Town of North Providence.*)

Meets at Central Police Station, Fountain St., Providence, daily at 9 A. M., for criminal business. Return days for civil cases Mondays and Thursdays at 9 A. M. The sessions of the Court for the transaction of civil business are held in the Sixth Judicial District Court House (old State House), Providence.

Justice—William H. Sweetland, of Providence.

Clerk—Frederick Rueckert, of Providence.

Justices of the Peace authorized to take bail and issue warrants—Richard E. Lyman, of Providence; Gardner C. Clark, of North Providence, P. O., Centredale.

SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

(*Town of East Providence.*)

Meets at District Court Room in Town Building, Taunton avenue, daily at 9 A. M. Return day for civil cases Fridays at 2:30 P. M.

Justice—George N. Bliss, of East Providence.

Clerk—William C. Bliss, of East Providence.

Justice of the Peace authorized to take bail and issue warrants—George M. Bliss, of East Providence.

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

(*Towns of Cranston, Johnston, Scituate, and Foster.*)

Meets at Town Hall, Cranston, Wednesdays at 9 A. M. Luther's Block, Thornton, for the town of Johnston, Mondays at 9 A. M. Town Clerk's Office, Foster, second Saturday in each month at 9 A. M. Town Clerk's Office, Scituate, third Saturday in each month at 9 A. M. Criminal sessions at Cranston every morning at 9 A. M.

Justice—Henry A. Palmer, of Cranston, P. O., 42 Westminster street, Providence.

Clerk—Willis S. Knowles, of Cranston, P. O., 86 Weybosset street, Providence.

Justices of the Peace authorized to take bail and issue warrants—John C. Colvin, Scituate; Frank C. Viall, Cranston.

NINTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

(*Towns of Burrillville, Glocester, and Smithfield.*)

Meets at District Court Room, Burrillville, Saturdays at 11 A. M. District Court Room, Chepachet, Glocester, Wednesdays at 11 A. M. District Court Room, Georgiaville, Smithfield, Thursdays at 11 A. M.

Justice—James Harris, of Smithfield, P. O., Georgiaville.

Assistant Justice—John J. Lace, Jr., of Burrillville, P. O., Pascoag.

Justice of the Peace authorized to take bail and issue warrants—Frank F. Davis, Glocester.

TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

(City of Pawtucket.)

Meets at Police Station daily at 9 A. M., for criminal business. Return days for civil cases Tuesdays and Fridays. Civil docket called at 9:30 A. M.

Justice—Lellan J. Tuck, of Pawtucket.

Clerk—Robert S. Emerson, of Pawtucket.

ELEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

(City of Central Falls, and Towns of Lincoln and Cumberland.)

Meets at District Court Room, Central Falls, daily at 9 A. M., except Sundays and legal holidays, at Police Station, at 10 A. M., for criminal business. Return days for civil cases at Central Falls, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 9:30 A. M.

Justice—Ambrose Choquet, of Central Falls.

Clerk—Horace A. Follett, of Cumberland, P. O., Central Falls.

TWELFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

(City of Woonsocket, and Town of North Smithfield.)

Meets at Woonsocket Court House daily for criminal business at 9 A. M. Return days for civil cases Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Justice—Ambrose Feely, of Woonsocket.

Clerk—Charles M. Arnold, of Woonsocket.

Justice of the Peace authorized to take bail and issue warrants—Charles S. Seagrave, North Smithfield.

Department of Education.

COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THOMAS B. STOCKWELL, of Providence.

Clerk—LULY M. COGGESHALL.

(For members of State Board of Education, and Trustees of the State Normal School, see page 204.)

Regular meetings of the Board of Education are held on the first Wednesday of each month.

RHODE ISLAND NORMAL SCHOOL.

Gaspee street.....Providence.

BOARD OF INSTRUCTION.

Principal:

CHARLES S. CHAPIN.

Assistants:

C. EDWARD FISHER,
HORATIO B. KNOX,
MARY C. DICKERSON,
HELEN L. BLISS,
SARAH MARBLE,
CHARLOTTE E. DEMING,
HARRIET M. BEALE,
EMORY P. RUSSELL,
FLORENCE P. SALISBURY,
EDITH L. HILL,
MARIA S. STILLMAN,
ELIZABETH C. GILLESPIE,
MAUD SLYE,
MARY E. MAKEPEACE.

The number of pupils enrolled January 1, 1905, was 280, divided as follows: Senior A. class, 25; Senior B. class, 29; Junior A. class, 42; Junior B. class, 31; Junior C. class, 74; Kindergarten Senior class, 25; Kindergarten Junior class, 22; Third year class, 8; Second year class, 13; First year class, 7; Specials, 4.

SCHOOL OF OBSERVATION.

Normal School Building.

Supervisor:

CLARA E. CRAIG.

Teachers.

HARRIET E. ROXBURY,	EMILY J. ROTHWELL,
PHEBE M. PIGEON,	MARY L. BROWN,
MARY H. GAYNOR,	JENNIE E. AULL,
ALICE W. CASE,	MARY A. MCARDLE.

ENROLLMENT JANUARY 1, 1905.

Primary	168
Grammar	135
Total	303

KINDERGARTEN.

Training Teacher:

NORA ATWOOD.

Teachers:

ELIZABETH C. BAKER, ANNE T. VERNON.

Enrollment 52

TRAINING SCHOOLS.

PROVIDENCE.

Smith Street.....MARY L. MORAN, Critic.
Summer Street.....PHEBE E. WILBUR, Critic.
Willow Street.....ANNIE T. TURNER, Critic.
Charles Street.....ELIZA A. MCGUINNESS, Critic.
Montague Street.....JENNIE M. MACOMB, Critic.
Plain Street.....LUCY W. HOUSE, Critic.
California Avenue.....MARY I. TILLINGHAST, Critic.
Doyle Avenue.....NELLIE G. JOHNSON, Critic.
Bridgham Street.....IDA M. THOMAS, Critic.

CRANSTON.

Eden Park.....MARY E. BOSWORTH, Critic.
Highland Park.....CAROLINE W. SLADE, Critic.

FINANCES FOR THE SCHOOL YEAR ENDING APRIL 30, 1904.

RECEIPTS.

State appropriations for day schools	$141,710 00
" " " evening schools	3,986 16
" " " apparatus	3,323 15
Town appropriations for schools	1,362,048 44
" " " sites, buildings, etc.	114,788 08
District taxation	2,043 94
School funds, individuals, and corporations	6,667 97
Loans, poll and dog taxes, and other sources	130,864 56
Balance unexpended last year	89,519 34
	$1,854,951 64

EXPENDITURES.

Day schools	$1,419,136 87
Evening schools	53,250 25
School supervision	54,352 82
Sites, buildings, and furniture	262,408 64
Libraries and apparatus	15,613 26
	$1,804,761 85

MISCELLANEOUS.

Average number of teachers employed	1,896
Number of schoolhouses	537
Estimated value of sites, buildings, and all other property used for school purposes	$6,011,012 00

STATE APPROPRIATIONS, 1904.

Public schools	$120,000 00
State Normal School	64,000 00
Evening schools	6,000 00
Apparatus	4,000 00
School supervision	10,000 00
Mileage to pupils of State Normal School	4,000 00
State examinations	2,500 00
Graded and high schools	18,000 00
Teachers' institutes	500 00
Lectures, addresses, &c	300 00
Libraries	7,500 00
R. I. School of Design	6,000 00
State Home and School for Children	21,000 00
R. I. Institute for the Deaf	20,000 00
R. I. College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.	15,000 00
Education of deaf, blind, and imbecile children.	17,000 00

APPORTIONMENT OF SCHOOL MONEY FOR THE YEAR ENDING APRIL 30, 1905.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Apportionment of $48,600 by Schools, due July 15, 1904.	Apportionment of $71,400 according to School Census of Jan. 1, 1904, due Dec. 15, 1904.	Total apportionment for each town.	Population from 5 to 15 years of age, inclusive, School Census, January, 1904.
Barrington	$1,000 00	$287 93	$1,287 93	376
Bristol	1,500 00	1,161 67	2,661 67	1,517
Burrillville	1,500 00	1,118 02	2,618 02	1,460
Central Falls	1,500 00	3,033 96	4,533 96	3,962
Charlestown	700 00	126 35	826 35	165
Coventry	1,500 00	1,018 47	2,518 47	1,330
Cranston	1,500 00	2,017 03	3,517 03	2,634
Cumberland	1,500 00	1,587 43	3,087 43	2,073
East Greenwich	1,400 00	460 22	1,860 22	601
East Providence	1,500 00	2,385 36	3,885 36	3,115
Exeter	1,100 00	111 04	1,211 04	145
Foster	1,400 00	138 60	1,538 60	181
Glocester	1,300 00	228 96	1,528 96	299
Hopkinton	1,500 00	387 48	1,887 48	506
Jamestown	500 00	141 67	641 67	185
Johnston	1,500 00	833 92	2,333 92	1,089
Lincoln	1,500 00	1,582 84	3,082 84	2,067
Little Compton	900 00	148 56	1,048 56	194
Middletown	500 00	187 61	687 61	245
Narragansett	700 00	179 19	879 19	234
Newport	1,500 00	3,360 18	4,860 18	4,388
New Shoreham	600 00	163 11	763 11	213
North Kingstown	1,500 00	676 17	2,176 17	883
North Providence	1,300 00	547 52	1,847 52	715
North Smithfield	1,400 00	421 17	1,821 17	550
Pawtucket	1,500 00	6,575 63	8,075 63	8,587
Portsmouth	800 00	287 16	1,087 16	375
Providence	1,500 00	28,203 93	29,703 93	36,831
Richmond	1,100 00	157 75	1,257 75	206
Scituate	1,500 00	490 85	1,990 85	641
Smithfield	1,200 00	292 52	1,492 52	382
South Kingstown	1,500 00	753 51	2,253 51	984
Tiverton	1,500 00	591 17	2,091 17	772
Warren	1,500 00	859 19	2,359 19	1,122
Warwick	1,500 00	4,062 39	5,562 39	5,305
Westerly	1,500 00	1,192 30	2,692 30	1,557
West Greenwich	1,200 00	85 76	1,285 76	112
Woonsocket	1,500 00	5,543 38	7,043 38	7,239
Total	$48,600 00	$71,400 00	$120,000 00	93,240

Each town receives $100 per school up to 15, and $.765,766 per capita of school population.

SUPERINTENDENTS OF SCHOOLS, 1904–1905.

City or Town.	Number of Schools.	Average Number Belonging.	Superintendents.	Post-Office Address	Salary.
Providence	582	23,621	Walter H. Small	Providence	$4,000 00
Newport	78	3,315	Herbert W. Lull	Newport	3,000 00
Pawtucket	149	4,975	Maurice J. O'Brien	Pawtucket	2,600 00
Woonsocket	81	2,683	Frank E. McFee	Woonsocket	2,000 00
Central Falls	44	1,781	Wendell A. Mowry	Central Falls	1,900 00
Barrington	10	254	H. Leavitt Cady	Barrington Centre	100 00
Bristol	25	936	John P. Reynolds	Bristol	1,500 00
Burrillville	28	1,083	Leroy G. Staples	Pascoag	1,500 00
Charlestown	7	121	Milton Duckworth, M. D.	Carolina	50 00
Coventry	21	502	John Matteson	Anthony	225 00
Cranston	59	2,184	Valentine Almy	Auburn	1,600 00
Cumberland	36	1,079	Charles C. Richardson	Valley Falls	1,500 00
East Greenwich	13	422	Rev. Jerome Greer	East Greenwich	200 00
East Providence	50	2,271	Allen P. Keith	Town Hall, East Prov.	1,600 00
Exeter	10	114	Caleb W. Sherman	Liberty	50 00
Foster	12	146	John W. Bowen	Clayville	100 00
Glocester	12	194	Jesse B. Mowry	Chepachet	50 00
Hopkinton	18	396	Paul M. Barber	Ashaway	$2.50 per day.
Jamestown	5	150	Thomas G. Carr	Jamestown	25 00
Johnston	22	681	Rev. William H. Starr	Thornton	1,500 00
Lincoln	31	1,004	Frederick E. Bragdon	Lonsdale	1,500 00

SUPERINTENDENTS OF SCHOOLS, 1904-1905.—CONCLUDED.

CITY OR TOWN.	Number of Schools.	Average Number Belonging.	SUPERINTENDENTS.	POST-OFFICE ADDRESS.	SALARY.
Little Comptom...	9	162	J. Webster Coombs.....	Little Compton.....	$75 00
Middletown.....	5	177	Joel Peckham.....	Melville Sta., Newport.	100 00
Narragansett.....	7	181	Horatio N. Knowles.....	Narragansett Pier.....	50 00
New Shoreham....	6	190	Ray G. Lewis.....	Block Island.....	50 00
North Kingstown..	21	551	Rev. Frederick B. Cole.....	Wickford	400 00
North Providence..	13	512	George M. Hall.....	High Service Ave., No, Station, Prov.	250 00
North Smithfield..	14	347	Rev. Albert Donnell.....	Slatersville.....	170 00
Portsmouth.....	8	234	Joseph Coggeshall.....	South Portsmouth.....	75 00
Richmond.....	11	178	Charles J. Greene	Kenyon.....	100 00
Scituate.....	20	481	Eugene L. Young.....	Hope.....	250 00
Smithfield.....	11	297	Rev. James W. Colwell.....	Greenville.....	200 00
South Kingstown..	27	750	Bernon E. Helme.....	Kingston.....	300 00
Tiverton.....	17	509	Mrs. Helen A. Wilcox.....	Tiverton.....	30 00
Warren.....	20	636	Gilbert L. Church, M. D....	Warren.....	400 00
Warwick.....	67	2,669	C. Edward Glover.....	Apponaug.....	1,500 00
Westerly.....	44	1,380	William H. Holmes, Jr.....	Westerly.....	2,200 00
West Greenwich..	10	98	[1]John C. Franklin.....	Nooseneck Hill.....	200 00
	1,603	57,264			

[1]Denotes a change from last year.

FREE PUBLIC LIBRARIES

RECEIVING AID FROM THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Name of Library.	Location.	Number of Volumes.
Anthony Free Library	Anthony, Coventry	3,381
Apponaug Free Library	Apponaug, Warwick	3,988
Arlington Public Library	Arlington, Cranston	3,646
Ashaway Free Library	Ashaway, Hopkinton	6,101
Auburn Public Library	Auburn, Cranston	6,659
Barrington Public Library	Barrington Centre	8,461
Carolina Public Library	Carolina, Richmond	3,698
Central Falls Free Public Library	Central Falls	10,355
Clark's Mills W. C. T. U. Library	Shannock, Richmond	2,064
Crompton Free Library	Crompton, Warwick	5,480
East Greenwich Free Library	East Greenwich	6,566
East Providence Free Library	East Providence Centre	4,651
Edgewood Free Public Library	Edgewood, Cranston	2,290
Greenville Public Library	Greenville, Smithfield	4,424
Robert Beverly Hale Memorial Library	Matunuck, South Kingstown	3,012
George Hail Free Library	Warren	7,788
Harris Institute Library	Woonsocket	16,333
Island Free Library	Block Island, New Shoreham	3,185
Jamestown Philomenian Library	Jamestown	5,149
Kingston Free Library	Kingston, South Kingstown	7,175
Lakewood Free Library	Lakewood, Warwick	4,540
Langworthy Public Library	Hope Valley, Hopkinton	5,547
League Library	Warwick	3,939
Little Compton Free Public Library	Little Compton	2,318
Manton Free Library	Exeter	3,375
Manville Library	Manville, Lincoln	3,495
Middletown Free Library	Middletown	2,050
Narragansett Library	Peacedale, South Kingstown	9,995
Narragansett Pier Free Library	Narragansett Pier	1,785
Natick Free Library	Natick, Warwick	3,236
North Kingstown Free Library	Wickford, North Kingstown	3,213
Oaklawn Free Public Library	Oaklawn, Cranston	4,479
Olneyville Free Library	Olneyville, Providence	8,368
Pawtuxet Valley Free Library	Phenix, Warwick	6,034
Pontiac Free Library	Pontiac, Warwick	3,258
Portsmouth Free Public Library	Portsmouth	1,951
Providence Public Library	Providence	110,977
Riverside Free Public Library	Riverside, East Providence	4,572
Rogers Free Library	Bristol	15,476
Savles Free Library	Saylesville, Lincoln	1,703
Deborah Cook Sayles Library	Pawtucket	22,807
Summit Free Library	Summit, Coventry	2,626
Tyler Free Library	Moosup Valley, Foster	2,805
Union for Christian Work Library	Providence	5,505
Union Free Library	Centredale, N. Providence	4,273
Union Public Library	Tiverton Four Corners	3,021
Valley Falls Free Public Library	Valley Falls, Cumberland	2,053
Watchemoket Free Public Library	Watchemoket, E. Providence	6,977
Westerly Public Library	Westerly	16,030
Whitridge Hall Library	Tiverton	4,745
Willette Free Library	Saunderstown, N. Kingstown	1,874

THE PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND.

(December 31, 1904.)

The following investments constitute the permanent School Fund:

406 shares Nat. Bank of Commerce, Providence			$22,585 24
115 bonds Town of Lincoln, 4 per cent. gold			129,547 50
20 " "	Warren, 4 per cent. gold		22,162 83
16 " "	Johnston, 4 per cent. gold		17,282 85
23 " "	E. Providence, 4 per cent. gold.		26,247 17
28 " "	Bristol, 3½ per cent. gold		29,645 47
1 Town of Cranston, 4 per cent. gold bond			1,160 44
3 City of Woonsocket, 4 per cent. gold bonds			3,347 00
Cash subject to investment			751 18
			$252,729 68
Auctioneers' duties subject to investment			$4,516 98

RHODE ISLAND SCHOOL OF DESIGN.

By the provisions of Chapter 67 of the General Laws, the State Board of Education is authorized to make appointments of suitable persons as State beneficiaries at the Rhode Island School of Design. This school is located on Waterman street, between North Main and Benefit streets, Providence. Applications are to be filed with the Secretary of the Board, THOMAS B. STOCKWELL, Providence.

One hundred and seventy-seven (177) appointments were made for the current year up to January 1, 1905.

Charles J. White and Frank Hill are, *ex officio*, Directors of the School of Design.

THE RHODE ISLAND INSTITUTE FOR THE DEAF.

This institution was opened as a day school for the deaf April 2, 1877, with five pupils. The number of pupils who have attended the school since it was opened is 185. The

number in attendance January 1, 1905, was 63 (37 boys and 26 girls). The teachers are Miss Laura DeL. Richards, Principal, Mrs. F. C. Smith and Miss M. Agnes Grimm, Miss G. I. Russell, Miss C. Redd, Miss K. Young, Miss M. I. Clark, Miss G. A. Balch, Miss Sibyl B. Richards, assistants; Mrs. E. D. Drown, teacher of drawing; Mrs. S. Wilbar, teacher of sloyd. The school is at present located at 520 Hope street. Sessions 8:45 to 12, and 1:30 to 3 P. M. daily. Instruction is free to residents of the State who by deafness or dumbness, total or partial, are incapacitated for education in common schools. Provision is made for the traveling expenses of indigent pupils.

STATE HOME AND SCHOOL FOR CHILDREN.

This institution for indigent children was established under the provisions of Chapter 418 of the Public Laws, passed April 29, 1884, and is in charge of a Board of Control appointed at the May session of the General Assembly, 1891, pursuant to Chapter 986 of the Public Laws. James G. Vose, Chairman; Wm. T. Crandell, Secretary. It is located in the tenth ward, Providence, on the Walnut Grove Farm, so-called. The school was opened April 1, 1885, and the number of children in attendance December 31, 1904, was 120 (70 boys and 50 girls). Superintendent, Robert B. Risk.

RHODE ISLAND COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND MECHANIC ARTS.

Post-office and railroad station.....Kingston.
Kenyon L. Butterfield, A. M.....President.

This institution was established as an agricultural school by act of the General Assembly—Chapter 706 of the Public Laws, passed March 23, 1888—and is maintained by an annual appropriation of $15,000. The Board of Managers was organized July 30, 1888. A Joint Special Committee,

appointed by the General Assembly in September, 1888, selected and purchased for the State the "Oliver Watson Farm," containing 139.65 acres, situated in South Kingstown, and it came into the possession of the Board of Managers of the State Agricultural School and Experiment Station in September of that year. May 19, 1892, Chapter 706 was amended by the passage of an act of incorporation—Chapter 1078—and the institution established in full accordance with the Land Grant Act of Congress, July 2, 1862, under the title of "Rhode Island College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts," and the same act directed the General Treasurer to pay over to the treasurer of the college all funds received by him from the United States for agricultural and mechanical education. April 19, 1894, the General Assembly ratified an agreement with Brown University by which for due consideration the "Land Grant Fund," derived from the sale of land scrip received by this State under the Congressional Act of July 2, 1862, was returned to the State for the benefit of the Rhode Island College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, and this college also came into full possession of the federal funds derived under the Morrill Act of 1890.

Of the buildings erected, the boarding-hall is of wood, 45x46½ feet, three stories high, with basement and ell 24x21 feet. Davis Hall is of granite, quarried on the farm, and is 51½x82 feet, and three stories high with basement. In the latter are three recitation rooms. The three floors above provide study rooms and sleeping rooms, all of good size and well lighted. Ladd laboratory is of wood, 48½x76 feet, with shop and recitation rooms on the first floor. The shop is 48x50 feet, and fitted with engine and wood and iron-working machines. The upper floor is used for instruction in freehand drawing and modeling. Near Ladd Laboratory is a shop fitted for instruction in forge work. Lippitt Hall is of granite, 140x40, and three stories high—the first floor is used for instruction in physics and electrical engineering; the second for a library, chapel, and recitation rooms; the third for a drill-hall and gymnasium. Rooms in the Experiment Station Laboratory are used for lectures and laboratory work in agriculture. The college

is well supplied with apparatus for work and instruction. Other buildings used for college instruction are a wooden botanical laboratory, 18x25; a carpenter shop, 24x38; a wooden chemical laboratory, 112x27; and a barn capable of accommodating 40 cows.

The courses of instruction given are seven in number; Agricultural, Biological, Chemical, Electrical Engineering, General Scientific, Mechanical Engineering, and Highway Engineering. All of the above courses demand several afternoons per week spent in practical work. Total number of students enrolled during the college year 1904, 142, of whom three were graduated with the degree of B. S.

The professors connected with the institution are: Kenyon L. Butterfield, A. M., President and Professor of Political Economy and Rural Sociology; Homer J. Wheeler, Ph. D., Professor of Geology and Agricultural Chemistry; E. Josephine Watson, A. M., Professor of Languages; William E. Drake, B. S., Professor of Mechanical Engineering; Harriet L. Merrow, A. M., Professor of Botany; Fred W. Card, M. S., Professor of Agriculture; Cooper Curtice, D. V. S., M. D., Professor of Animal Industry; Laurence I. Hewes, Ph. D., Professor of Mathematics and Highway Engineering; Virgil L. Leighton, Ph. D., Professor of Chemistry; John Barlow, A. M., Professor of Zoölogy; Gilbert Tolman, A. M., Professor of Physics and Electrical Engineering; Thomas C. Rodman, Instructor in Woodwork; Mabel D. Eldred, B. S., Instructor in Drawing; Marshall H. Tyler, B. S., Instructor in Surveying and Master of Preparatory School; Elizabeth W. Kenyon, A. M., Instructor in Languages and History; Josephine O. Bostwick, A. B., Instructor in Languages; Howland Burdick, B. S., Instructor in Agriculture and Farm Superintendent; F. Pearle Tilton, Instructor in Stenography and Typewriting; Capt. Maurice H. Cook, Instructor in Military Science and Tactics; Walter S. Rodman, B. S., Instructor in Physics and Electrical Engineering; Maurice Adin Blake, B. S., Instructor in Horticulture; John F. Knowles, Assistant in Woodwork; George B. Knight, Assistant in Ironwork; Lillian Mabelle George, Librarian; Andrew E. Stene, M. S., Superintendent of College Extension.

RHODE ISLAND AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION.

Post-office and railroad station.....Kingston.
H. J. Weeeler, Ph. D.....Director.

This institution is a department of the Rhode Island College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, and is maintained by an annual appropriation from the United States of $15,000, provided for in an act of Congress approved March 2, 1887. Its work may be defined, in brief, as the study of the different problems in agriculture in relation to the soil, fertilizers, plants, fruits, and animals.

The work of the Station is divided into four divisions—Agronomy, Horticulture, Chemistry, and Animal Husbandry. About 33½ acres of the college farm are controlled by the Experiment Station and employed for experimental purposes. Nearly 100 plots of one-tenth acre each are laid out in permanent form for field experiments, with suitable paths and drives, beside experimental work with regular field crops. Many varieties of fruit, including berries of all kinds, grapes, and orchard fruits, are growing in the horticultural grounds of the college and are available for experimental work when required. Poultry investigations are being conducted by the Division of Animal Husbandry, and the Chemical Division makes all chemical investigations found necessary in the work of the Station. This Division is studying the special needs of Rhode Island soils.

The Station has a laboratory building constructed of granite, with a State appropriation of $14,000, to which an addition of a second story of wood has been made, thereby enlarging space for laboratories and lecture rooms. It contains offices for the various departments, and a thoroughly equipped laboratory for the chemical work of the Station. A small barn was recently improved and an addition to it erected by the State to provide additional facilities for conducting field experiments. At least four regular Station Bulletins, publishing the results of the investigations carried on, are issued each year. These bulletins and reports are sent free of expense to all newspapers in the State, and to anyone in Rhode Island, interested in agriculture, who may request the same.

Charitable Institutions.

RHODE ISLAND SOLDIERS' HOME.

[For members of the State Board of Soldiers' Relief, see page 209.]

The Rhode Island Soldiers' Home was established in 1890 and 1891, under the provisions of Chapter 88 of the General Laws, passed April 23, 1899, to provide "a home for those men who served in the army or navy of the United States in the war of the rebellion, and were honorably discharged therefrom, who, by reasons of wounds, disease, old age, or other infirmities, are unable to earn their living and have no adequate means of support." It was built under the direction and is in charge of the State Board of Soldiers' Relief, a Board created by said Chapter 88. It is located in the northeast section of the town of Bristol, on the "David Wilson farm," so-called, a tract containing about 88 acres, the buildings being distant from the railroad depot about two miles. The Home was opened May 14, 1891, and dedicated, with public ceremonies, May 21, 1891. The number of members, January 1, 1905, was 186. Captain Benjamin L. Hall, Commandant.

BUTLER HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

President—William Goddard.

Vice-President—William Butler Duncan.

Trustees—Royal C. Taft, Stephen Brownell, John R. Freeman, Stephen O. Metcalf, Rathbone Gardner, Charles H. Merriman, Isaac C. Bates, Edward F. Child, William Gammell, Theodore F. Green.

Treasurer—Moses B. I. Goddard.

Secretary—Charles Morris Smith.

Board of Consultation—J. W. C. Ely, M. D.; George W. Carr, M. D.; N. Darrell Harvey, M. D., consulting ophthalmologist; J. H. Davenport, M. D., consulting gynæcologist; John C. Pegram, Jr., M. D., consulting surgeon.

Superintendent and Physician—G. Alder Blumer, M. D., L. R. C. P.

Assistant Physicians—Henry C. Hall, M. D.; William McDonald, Jr., Ph. B., M. D.; George Hathaway, M. D., Jerome J. Perry, Steward.

The Hospital originated in the will of the late Nicholas Brown, who bequeathed $30,000 towards the endowment of a Hospital for the Insane in this State. To this sum the late Cyrus Butler added $40,000. The amount was increased by subscription to $127,000.

The General Assembly granted an act of incorporation at its January Session, 1844, and the Hospital was opened for the reception of patients, December 1, 1847. 4,742 patients have been admitted for treatment; 4,579 have been discharged, of whom 1,433 were restored to mental health.

The number of patients January 1, 1905, was 163. Men, 74, women, 89. The Hospital receives some patients, thought to be curable, who are a public charge, and the State pays $280 each per annum towards their support. There were 25 of this class in the Hospital January 1, 1905. The State also contributes $100 each per annum toward the support of twenty patients who are partially supported by friends, or by the beneficiary funds of the Hospital.

It is the aim of this institution to provide suitably for persons of refinement, and such as are able to pay are charged remunerative rates.

The cost of the grounds and buildings and of the improvements thereon has been defrayed almost entirely by gifts of the founders and friends of the Hospital. Occasional deficiencies of income have been supplied in the same way.

The Hospital has invested funds as follows, viz.:

Permanent Fund	$52,750 00
Duncan Improvement Fund	21,000 00
Donation Fund	36,800 00

Library Fund	$1,600 00
Elizabeth S. Bartlett Beneficiary Fund	7,000 00
Thomas Whitridge Fund	12,000 00
Beneficiary Fund	34,300 00
Robert H. Ives Beneficiary Fund	57,500 00
Isaac Ray Fund	70,590 00
William F. Weld Memorial Fund	35,000 00
John Wilson Smith Fund	5,000 00
Mary C. West Fund	5,500 00
John Nicholas Brown Fund	50,000 00
Conservatory Fund	5,000 00
	$394,040 00

Its grounds possess great natural beauty, and consist of one hundred and fifty acres ; a part under cultivation, and a part laid out in walks and drives.

Rhode Island Society of the Cincinnati.

Organized by the Rhode Island Continental Officers of the Revolution, at Saratoga Barracks, on the Hudson (Schuylerville, N. Y.), 24th June, 1783.

First meeting in Rhode Island in the Senate Chamber, State House, Providence, 17th December, 1783.

Incorporated by act of the State Legislature, 28th February, 1814.

Act of incorporation amended by the State Legislature, 26th March, 1878, and 25th March, 1903.

Prescriptive use on Independence Day of the Senate Chamber in either the State House in Newport or in Providence, confirmed by act of the State Legislature, 30th March, 1882.

Use of Senate Chamber, State House, Newport, for special meetings or meetings of the General Society, granted by resolve of State Legislature, 25th March, 1887.

Use of the flags of the Rhode Island Continental Line of the Revolution for Independence Day and other appropriate occasions, granted by resolve of the State Legislature, 30th May, 1878.

OFFICERS: 1904–1905.

President.

HON. ASA BIRD GARDINER, LL.D., L. H. D., New York City.

Vice-President.

HON. JAMES M. VARNUM, A. M., LL.B....New York City.

Secretary.

GEORGE WASHINGTON OLNEY, LL.B.,
58 William street, New York City.

Assistant Secretary.

THOMAS ARNOLD PEIRCE.....East Greenwich, R. I.

Treasurer.

WILLIAM DEHON KING, A. M.....Manomet, Mass.

Assistant Treasurer.

WILLIAM BLODGET, A. M.....Boston, Mass.

These officers constitute the "Standing Committee."

Chaplain.

REV. HENRY BARTON CHAPIN, D. D.....New York City.

The last annual meeting was held in the Senate Chamber, State House, Newport, 4th July, 1904.

The next annual meeting will be held, pursuant to law, on the 4th of July, 1905.

Rhode Island Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

[Organized, February 1, 1890.]

[Incorporated by the General Assembly of R. I., February 18, 1891.]

OFFICERS, 1905-6.

President—JOHN EDWARD STUDLEY.
Vice-President—JOHN P. FARNSWORTH.
Secretary—CHRISTOPHER RHODES.
Treasurer—ARTHUR PRESTON SUMNER.
Registrar—HARRIS WILBUR BROWN.
Historian—GEORGE FRANKLIN WESTON.
Chaplain—REV. SAMUEL HEBER WEBB.
Poet—JOHN PRESCOTT FARNSWORTH.

Annual meeting of the society held February 22d, "Washington's Birthday," at the rooms of the Rhode Island Historical Society, Providence.

The officers of the society, the delegates to the National Congress, S. A. R., and the presidents of the local chapters constitute the Board of Managers.

Penal and Reformatory Institutions.

STATE CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS.

[For members of the Board of State Charities and Corrections see pp. 205-6.]

Agent of State Charities and Corrections—Walter R. Wightman, Providence.

Superintendent of State Farm—James H. Eastman.

Superintendent of the State Hospital for the Insane———

Warden of the State Prison—Andrew J. Wilcox.

Deputy Warden of the State Prison—S. Edward Slocum.

Chaplain of the State Institutions—Rev. James H. Nutting.

Physician of the State Institutions———

Asst. Physician of the State Institutions—Henry A. Jones, M. D.

Asst. Physicians of the Hospital for the Insane—F. B. Jewett, M. D., and Edgar I. Hanscom.

Deputy Superintendent of the Workhouse and House of Correction—T. P. Dodge.

Deputy Superintendent of the Almshouse—Asa L. May.

Superintendent of the Sockanosset School for Boys—James H. Eastman.

Deputy Superintendent of the Sockanosset School for Boys—Elmer Butterfield.

Superintendent of the Oaklawn School for Girls—J. H. Eastman.

The regular meetings of the Board are held on the first and third Fridays of each month.

Post-office address of the State Institutions, Howard, R. I.

THE STATE INSTITUTIONS IN CRANSTON.

These institutions are situated upon what is known as the State Farm, a tract of land of about six hundred and fifty acres, in the town of Cranston, and about seven miles from the city of Providence. The Pawtuxet Valley Branch of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad passes through the State land. Electric cars leave Providence every 30 minutes for the institutions.

The State Institutions in Cranston comprise at present the State Workhouse and House of Correction, the State Hospital for the Insane, the State Almshouse, the State Prison and Providence County Jail, the Sockanosset School for Boys, and the Oaklawn School for Girls. The two latter institutions are departments of the State Reform School.

The oversight, management, and control of the State Institutions in Cranston are vested in the Board of State Charities and Corrections.

STATISTICS OF THE STATE INSTITUTIONS.

The number of inmates at the several institutions, October 31, 1904, was as follows:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
State Workhouse and House of Correction	240	74	304
State Hospital for the Insane	481	441	922
State Almshouse (including 31 boys and 25 girls)	255	229	484
State Prison	176	0	176
Providence County Jail	247	24	271
State Reform Schools	345	46	391
Totals	1,744	814	2,558

Military Department.

GOVERNOR AND STAFF.

Governor	George H. Utter.	
Brig-General	Frederic M. Sackett	Adjutant-General.
"	W. Howard Walker	Quartermaster-General.
"	George H. Kenyon	Surgeon-General.
"	Walter R. Stiness	Judge-Advocate General.
Colonel	John H. Wetherell	Asst. Adjutant-General.
Lieutenant-Colonel	Webster Knight	" Quartermaster-General.
" "	Lester S. Hill	" Surgeon-General.
" "	Charles F. Stearns	" Judge-Advocate-General.
Colonel	Everett E. Whipple	Aid-de-Camp.
"	Zenas W. Bliss	" "
"	George H. Webb	" "
"	J. Henry Manning	" "
"	Austin S. Cook	" "
"	Harold A. Peckham	" "

BRIGADE OFFICERS.

Brig-General	Herbert S. Tanner	Commanding Brigade.
Lieutenant-Colonel	Arthur V. Warfield	Asst. Adjutant-General.
" "	Charles F. Sweet	Medical Director.
Major	Bryce D. Armour	Asst. Inspector-General.
Captain	Richard LeB. Bowen	Asst. In. of Rifle Practice.
"	George S. Tingley	Quartermaster.
"	Charles T. Glines	Commissary.
"	Henry C. Cram	Judge-Advocate.
"	Clarence H. Greene	Engineer.
"	Horace L. Manchester	Provost Marshal.
"	Maurice H. Cook	Signal Officer.
"	Chas. Woodbury Gorman	Aid-de-Camp.
"	Henry B. Kane	"

AGGREGATE OF RHODE ISLAND MILITIA—1904.

	Com. Officers.					Non. Com. Officers, Petty Officers, Musicians, and Privates.				
	General and Staff.	Cavalry.	Artillery.	Naval Battalion.	Infantry, Hospital Corps, Signal Corps.	Cavalry.	Artillery.	Naval Battalion.	Infantry, Hospital Corps, Signal Corps.	Total.
Governor and Staff	15	..	..	...	.....	..	...	....	.....	15
Brigade R. I. Militia	12	13	8	....	81	92	95	....	793	1094
Naval Battalion	....	..	..	15	.....	..	...	389	.....	404
Independent Organizations	....	..	..	....	74	..	...	....	467	541
	27	13	8	15	155	92	95	389	1260	2054

WAR OF REBELLION—(1861-1865).

[*Statistics from Rhode Island Adjutant-General's Report.*]

	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.
Number of troops furnished by the State of all arms	1,628	21,829	23,457
Number of men furnished the navy	165	480	480
	1,793	22,309	24,102

(Population by census of 1860, 174,520.)

CASUALTIES IN RHODE ISLAND REGIMENTS.

	Officers.	Men.	Aggregate.
Killed	17	238	255
Wounded	66	1,183	1,249
Died	30	1,235	1,265
Total	113	2,656	2,769

Aggregate expenditure by the State, cities and towns, for war purposes (1861-1865), $6,500,772.15.

THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR—(1775-1783).

[*From the American Almanac.*]

Number of troops enlisted during the Revolutionary War (1775-1783), including Continental soldiers and militia:

	1775.	1776.	1777.	1778.	1779.	1780.	1781.	1782.	1783.
Rhode Island	1,193	1,900	2,048	3,056	1,263	915	464	481	372

Commissioners for Rhode Island

IN OTHER STATES.

NAME.	RESIDENCE.	STATE.	TERM EXPIRES.
James L. King	San Francisco.	California	Jan. 20, 1908
Livingston W. Cleaveland.	New Haven	Connecticut	Sept. 26, 1906
Frank C. Lummis	Chaplin	"	Nov. 29, 1905
E. M. Mallette	Thomasville	Georgia	Nov. 29, 1905
S. S. Willard	Chicago	Illinois	Jan. 20, 1908
Abraham H. Fisher	Baltimore.	Maryland	Dec. 12, 1907
Harry C. Mathieu	"	"	Oct. 15, 1908
Charles Hall Adams	Boston	Massachusetts	Jan. 8, 1908
Edward J. Jones	"	"	Oct. 22, 1907
Elmer E. Young	"	"	Nov. 23, 1907
Charles J. Flynn	Randolph.	"	Sept. 15, 1906
Harold Johnson	St. Louis.	Missouri	Feb. 8, 1908
John A. Peck	"	"	Aug. 28, 1909
William Johnson	Buffalo	New York	Aug. 27, 1907
Joseph B. Braman	New York	"	April 8, 1908
Edwin F. Corey	"	"	Jan. 21, 1907
George H. Corey	"	"	March 19, 1908
Thomas W. Folsom	"	"	Sept. 22, 1907
Charles Edgar Mills	"	"	June 7, 1909
Isidore J. Pocher	"	"	Jan. 5, 1910
Vincent Rosemon	"	"	May 8, 1906
Alfred Mackay	"	"	June 17, 1906
Ella F. Braman	"	"	Feb. 5, 1908
John Joseph Coady	"	"	Jan. 10, 1905
Arthur D. Moore	"	"	Jan. 11, 1906
Eleazer Juckson	"	"	Jan. 11, 1906
William Herman Black	"	"	June 3, 1906
William F. Lett	"	"	April 4, 1908
Joseph T. Harrison	Cincinnati.	Ohio	Oct. 8, 1905

COMMISSIONERS FOR RHODE ISLAND, &c., Conc'd.

NAME.	RESIDENCE.	STATE.	TERM EXPIRES.
George W. Hunt	Philadelphia	Pennsylvania	Jan. 22, 1905
Thomas J. Hunt	"	"	April 27, 1908
Samuel L. Taylor	"	"	May 4, 1907
John S. Wurts	"	"	May 12, 1907
Walter Morris	Pittsburg	"	Nov. 26, 1908
Dennis B. Ryan	Jersey City	New Jersey	Nov. 24, 1908
Adolph Michelsohn	Norfolk	Virginia	Aug. 15, 1906
Charles S Bundy	Washington	Dist Columbia	July 12, 1906
Anson S. Taylor	"	"	March 7, 1910
Joseph A. Springer	Habana	Island of Cuba	Nov. 10, 1905
José Eugenio Marx	"	" " "	Dec. 4, 1905
Allison D. Gibbs	Manila	Philippine Isl'ds.	Feb. 9, 1905

Commissioners for Other States

IN RHODE ISLAND.

STATE.	NAME.	RESIDENCE IN RHODE ISLAND.	TERM EXPIRES.
California.....	Gilman E. Jopp.....	Providence..	Nov. 17, 1907
Connecticut	Gilman E. Jopp.....	Providence..	April 11, 1908
Florida.....	Gilman E. Jopp.....	Providence..	Nov. 16, 1907
Georgia.....	Gilman E. Jopp.....	Providence..	Jan. 1, 1909
Illinois.....	Alex. O'Driscoll Taylor...	Newport	June 22, 1908
Iowa.....	Eugene B. Pendleton.....	Westerly.....	Feb. 16, 1907
	Gilman E. Jopp.....	Providence..	July 30, 1907
Maine.....	Gilman E. Jopp.....	Providence..	June 28, 1911
Massachusetts ...	Gilman E. Jopp.....	Providence..	Oct. 29, 1905
	Jeremiah F. Browning....	Pawtucket ..	March 30, 1907
	Alex. O'Driscoll Taylor...	Newport	Jan. 29, 1905
	Clarence H. Wrightington.	"	April 23, 1905
Michigan	Alex. O'Driscoll Taylor...	Newport	May 4, 1909
New Hampshire..	Gilman E. Jopp.....	Providence..	March 25, 1908
New Jersey.....	Gilman E. Jopp.....	Providence..	Feb. 10, 1905
	Eugene B. Pendleton.	Westerly.....	Aug. 25, 1906
	Alex. O'Driscoll Taylor...	Newport	June 19, 1907
New York	William P. Sheffield, Jr...	Newport	Sept. 26, 1908
	Alex. O'Driscoll Taylor...	"	July 9, 1905
	Gilman E. Jopp.....	Providence..	July 9, 1905
	Fletcher S. Mason.....	" ..	June 3, 1906
	James S. McCabe.....	" ..	June 11, 1908
	Albert P. Miller, Jr.....	" ..	July 17, 1906
	Henry B. Rose.....	" ..	Jan. 9, 1905
	Charles E. Boon.....	Nar'g'st Pier.	Jan. 30, 1907
	Eugene B. Pendleton.....	Westerly.....	Jan. 25, 1905
	James J. Rooney	Newport	Aug. 11, 1905
	Charles J. Moore.....	"	June 2, 1908
	Clarence H. Wrightington	"	May 19, 1908
Ohio.....	Gilman E Jopp.....	Providence..	June 28, 1907
Pennsylvania....	Gilman E. Jopp.....	Providence..	May 7, 1905
	Alex. O'Driscoll Taylor...	Newport	Aug. 16, 1905
Wisconsin.....	Alex. O'Driscoll Taylor...	Newport	Nov. 20, 1908

Salaries of State Officials.

Governor	$3,000
Lieutenant-Governor	500
Secretary of State	3,500
Attorney-General	4,500
General Treasurer	2,500
Chief Justice of the Supreme Court	5,500
Six Associate Justices of the Supreme Court (each)	5,000
State Auditor	1,500
Insurance Commissioner[1]	1,000
Commissioner of Public Schools	3,000
Assistant Attorney-General	2,500
Reporter of the Decisions of the Supreme Court	1,200
Five Commissioners of Shell Fisheries (each)	500
Clerk of Commissioners of Shell Fisheries	1,000
Railroad Commissioner	2,500
Deputy Railroad Commissioner	500
Harbor Commissioners (each)	600
Commissioner of Industrial Statistics	2,000
Librarian of Law Library	1,200
Executive Secretary of the Governor	1,200
Clerk of the Secretary of State	2,000
Extra Clerk hire in office of Secretary of State	2,200
Clerks of the State Auditor	3,350
Clerks of the Insurance Commissioner	3,100
Clerk of the Commissioner of Public Schools	750
Clerks of the General Treasurer	3,000
Clerk of the Attorney-General	500
Sheriff of the County of Providence	5,000
Sheriff of the County of Newport	600
Sheriffs of the Counties of Bristol, Kent, and Washington (each)	400
Crier of the Courts in Providence County	700
Clerk of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, in Providence.	2,500
Assistant Clerks of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, in Providence	2,800
Clerk of the Common Pleas Division of the Supreme Court, County of Providence	2,500
Assistant Clerk of the Common Pleas Division of the Supreme Court, County of Providence	1,800
Additional clerical assistance of the Common Pleas Division of the Supreme Court, of Providence	1,500
Clerk of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, County of Newport	750
Clerk of the Common Pleas Division of the Supreme Court, County of Newport	1,050
Assistant Clerk of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court County of Newport	150

[1] The State Auditor is, *ex-officio* Insurance Commissioner.

Assistant Clerk of the Common Pleas Division of the Supreme Court, County of Newport	$150
Clerk of the Common Pleas Division of the Supreme Court, County of Bristol	600
Clerk of the Common Pleas Division of the Supreme Court, County of Kent	1,200
Clerk of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, County of Washington	750
Clerk of the Common Pleas Division of the Supreme Court, County of Washington	750
Justice of the District Court of the First Judicial District	1,200
Clerk of the District Court of the First Judicial District	1,000
Assistant Clerk of the District Court of the First Judicial District.	800
Justice of the District Court of the Second Judicial District	1,000
Justice of the District Court of the Third Judicial District	1,100
Justice of the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District	1,200
Clerk of the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District	800
Justice of the District Court of the Fifth Judicial District	1,000
Justice of the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District	4,000
Clerk of the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District	2,500
Clerks in office of Clerk of District Court of the Sixth Judicial District	1,500
Justice of the District Court of the Seventh Judicial District	1,000
Clerk of the District Court of the Seventh Judicial District	600
Justice of the District Court of the Eighth Judicial District	1,200
Clerk of the District Court of the Eighth Judicial District	1,000
Justice of the District Court of the Ninth Judicial District	1,000
Justice of the District Court of the Tenth Judicial District	1,200
Clerk of the District Court of the Tenth Judicial District	1,000
Justice of the District Court of the Eleventh Judicial District	1,000
Clerk of the District Court of the Eleventh Judicial District	1,000
Justice of the District Court of the Twelfth Judicial District	1,200
Clerk of the District Court of the Twelfth Judicial District	800
Commissioner of Dams and Reservoirs	1,000
Adjutant-General	1,200
Quartermaster-General	1,000
Clerks in Adjutant-General's office	1,050
Messengers in the State House, Providence (each)	1,000
Sealer of Weights, Measures, and Balances	500
Assistant Adjutant-General of the Brigade of Rhode Island Militia.	250
State Registrar	1,000
State Librarian	1,000
Secretary of State Board of Soldiers' Relief	2,000
Chief Factory Inspector	2,000
Two Assistant Factory Inspectors (each)	1,500
Janitor for the new Jail in Newport County	500
Clerk of Senate	1,000
Reading Clerk and Recording Clerk of the House of Representatives (each)	1,000
Clerks of the Judiciary, Corporations, and Finance Committees of the Senate and House of Representatives (each)	800
Clerks of other Committees of the Senate and House of Representatives (each)	500
Secretary of Inland Fisheries	600
Engrossing Clerk of the Senate and House of Representatives	600

NEWSPAPERS IN THE STATE WHICH PUBLISH THE STATE LAWS.

NEWPORT.—The Mercury, the Daily News, the Newport Journal, and the Newport Herald.

PROVIDENCE.—The Daily Journal, Evening Bulletin, Manufacturers and Farmers Journal, The Evening Telegram, Weekly Telegram, The Providence Visitor, Pomona Herald, Outlook, Corbett's Herald, Providence News, Providence Weekly News, L'Eco del Rhode Island, Real Estate Register and Rental Guide, The National Wine Merchant, The Pointer, The Weekly Messenger, La Libertá, Providence Anzeiger.

ARCTIC.—Pawtuxet Valley Daily Times.

AUBURN.—Cranston City Times.

BLOCK ISLAND.—Mid Ocean, Block Island Press.

BRISTOL.—The Bristol Phenix.

EAST PROVIDENCE.—The Rhode Islander, East Providence Eagle, East Providence Mirror.

EAST GREENWICH.—The Rhode Island Pendulum.

HOPE VALLEY.—The Hope Valley Advertiser.

OLNEYVILLE.—Olneyville Times.

PASCOAG.—The Pascoag Herald.

PAWTUCKET.—The Gazette and Chronicle, The Evening Times, Le Jean Baptiste.

PHENIX.—The Pawtuxet Valley Gleaner.

WAKEFIELD.—Narragansett Times.

WARREN.—The Warren Gazette.

WESTERLY.—The Narragansett Weekly, The Sun, The Westerly Times.

WICKFORD.—The Wickford Standard.

WOONSOCKET.—The Patriot, The Evening Reporter, Evening Call, La Tribune.

STATE GOVERNMENTS IN 1904-1905.

When admitted.	States.	Capitals.	Governors.	Term in Years.	Term Expires.	Salary.	Legislature Meets.	Sessions.
1819	Alabama	Montgomery	William D. Jelks*	4	Jan. 19, 1907	$5,000	Jan. 18, 1907	Quadrennial.
1836	Arkansas	Little Rock	Jeff Davis*	2	Jan. 18, 1907	3,000	Jan. 12, 1907	Biennial.
1850	California	Sacramento	George C. Pardee†	4	Jan. 1, 1907	6,000	Jan. 4, 1907	Biennial.
1876	Colorado	Denver	Alva Adams*	2	Jan , 1907	5,000	Jan , 1907	Biennial.
	Connecticut	Hartford	Henry Roberts†	2	Jan., 1907	4,000	Jan. 7, 1907	Biennial
	Delaware	Dover	Preston Lea†	4	Jan., 1909	2,000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
1845	Florida	Tallahassee	N. B. Broward*	4	Jan., 1909	3,500	April, 1907	Biennial.
	Georgia	Atlanta	Joseph M. Terrell*	2	June, 1907	5,000	June, 1906	Annual.
1890	Idaho	Boise City	Frank R. Gooding†	2	Jan. 2, 1907	5,000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
1818	Illinois	Springfield	Charles S. Deneen†	4	Jan., 1909	6,000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
1816	Indiana	Indianapolis	J. Frank Hanly†	4	Jan., 1909	8,000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
1846	Iowa	Des Moines	Albert B. Cummins†	2	Jan., 1906	5,000	Jan., 1906	Biennial.
1861	Kansas	Topeka	E. W. Hoch†	2	Jan. 9, 1907	3,000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
1792	Kentucky	Frankfort	J. C. W. Beckham*	4	Dec. 31, 1907	6,500	Jan., 1906	Biennial.
1812	Louisiana	Baton Rouge	Newton C. Blanchard*	4	May, 1908	5,000	May, 1906	Biennial.
1820	Maine	Augusta	William T. Cobb†	2	Jan. 1, 1907	2,000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
	Maryland	Annapolis	Edwin Warfield*	4	Jan., 1908	4,500	Jan., 1906	Biennial.
	Massachusetts	Boston	William L. Douglas*	1	Jan. 5, 1906	8,000	Jan., 1906	Annual.
1837	Michigan	Lansing	Fred M. Warner†	2	Dec. 31, 1906	4,000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
1858	Minnesota	St. Paul	John A. Johnson†	2	Jan. 1, 1907	5,000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
1817	Mississippi	Jackson	James K. Vardaman*	4	Jan. 15, 1908	4,500	Jan. 5, 1906	Biennial.

*This mark indicates Democrat. †This mark indicates Republican.

STATE GOVERNMENTS IN 1904–1905.—CONTINUED.

When admitted.	States.	Capitals.	Governors.	Term in Years.	Term Expires.	Salary.	Legislature Meets.	Sessions.
1821	Missouri	Jefferson City	Joseph W. Folk*	4	Jan., 1909	$5,000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
1889	Montana	Helena	J. K. Toole*	4	Jan. 2, 1909	5,000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
1867	Nebraska	Lincoln	John H. Mickey†	2	Jan. 5, 1907	2,500	Jan. 3, 1907	Biennial.
1864	Nevada	Carson City	John Sparks*	4	Jan. 1, 1907	4,000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
	New Hampshire	Concord	John McLane†	2	Jan. 7, 1907	2,000	Jan. 7, 1907	Biennial.
	New Jersey	Trenton	Edward C. Stokes†	3	Jan. 15, 1908	10,000	Jan. 10, 1906	Annual.
	New York	Albany	Frank W. Higgins†	2	Jan. 1, 1906	10,000	Jan., 1906	Annual.
	North Carolina	Raleigh	Robert B. Glenn*	4	Jan. 1, 1909	4,000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
1889	North Dakota	Bismarck	E. Y. Sarles†	2	Jan., 1907	3,000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
1802	Ohio	Columbus	Myron T. Herrick*	2	Jan., 1906	8,000	Jan., 1906	Biennial.
1859	Oregon	Salem	George E. Chamberlain*	4	Jan., 1907	1,500	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
	Pennsylvania	Harrisburg	Samuel W. Pennypacker†	4	Jan., 1907	10,000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
	Rhode Island	Providence	George H. Utter†	1	Jan., 1906	3,000	Jan., 1906	Annual.
	South Carolina	Columbia	D. C. Heyward*	2	Jan., 1907	3,000	Jan., 1906	Annual.
1889	South Dakota	Pierre	Samuel H. Elrod†	2	Jan. 1, 1807	3,000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
1796	Tennessee	Nashville	James B. Frazier*	2	Jan. 15, 1907	4,000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
1845	Texas	Austin	S. W. T. Lanham*	2	Jan. 17, 1907	4,000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
1895	Utah	Salt Lake City	John C. Cutler†	4	Jan. 1, 1909	4,000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
1791	Vermont	Montpelier	Charles J. Bell†	2	Oct., 1906	1,500	Oct., 1906	Biennial.
	Virginia	Richmond	A. J. Montague*	4	Feb. 1, 1906	5,000	Jan., 1906	Biennial.
1889	Washington	Olympia	Albert E. Mead†	4	Jan. 16, 1909	4 000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.

*This mark indicates Democrat. †This mark indicates Republican.

STATE GOVERNMENTS IN 1904-1905.—CONTINUED.

When admitted.	States.	Capitals.	Governors.	Term in Years.	Term Expires.	Salary.	Legislature Meets.	Sessions.
	West Virginia	Charleston	William M. O. Dawson†	4	Mar. 4, 1909	$5,000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
1848	Wisconsin	Madison	Robert M. LaFollette†	2	Jan. 1, 1907	5,000	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
1890	Wyoming	Cheyenne	Bryant B. Brooks†	2	Jan. 1, 1906	2,500	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
	Territories.							
1868	Alaska	Sitka	John G. Brady†	4	June 6, 1908	5,000		
1863	Arizona	Phœnix	Alexander O. Brodie†	4	July 1, 1906	3,000	Jan. 16, 1907	Biennial.
1900	Hawaii	Honolulu	George R. Carter†	4	June 13, 1907	5,000	Feb. 18, 1907	Biennial.
1850	New Mexico	Santa Fe	Maguel A. Otero†	4	Jan. 22, 1906	3,000	Jan. 17, 1907	Biennial.
1890	Oklahoma	Guthrie	T. B. Ferguson†	4	Dec. 1, 1906	3,600	Jan., 1907	Biennial.
1898	Philippines	Manila	Luke E. Wright†					
1898	Porto Rico	San Juan	Beekman Winthrop†	4	Aug. 27, 1909	8,000	Jan. 1, 1906	Biennial,
1791	Dis. of Columbia	Washington	H. B. F. Macfarland† (Com'rs)	3	May 2, 1906	5,000		
			Henry L. West* (Com'rs)	3	Oct. 13, 1905	5,000		
			Major John Biddle			Army pay.		
1900	Tutuila & Manna	Pago Pago	E. B. Underwood, U. S. N.	2				
1898	Guam	Agana	George L. Dyer, U. S. N.	2				
1834	Cherokee Nation	Tahlequah	W. C. Rogers†	4	Nov. 1, 1907	1.500	Nov., 1906	Annual.

*This mark indicates Democrat. †This mark indicates Republican.

STATE GOVERNMENTS IN 1904-1905.—CONTINUED.

STATE.	SECRETARY OF STATE.	P. O. Address.	Term Expires.
Alabama	J. Thomas Heflin†	Montgomery	January 19, 1907.
Arkansas	O. C. Ludwig†	Little Rock	January 18, 1907.
California	C. F. Curry*	Sacramento	January 1, 1907.
Colorado	James Cowie*	Denver	January, 1907.
Connecticut	Charles G. R. Vinal*	Hartford	January, 1907.
Delaware	Caleb R. Layton*	Dover	January, 1909.
Florida	H. Clay Crawford†	Tallahassee	January, 1909.
Georgia	Philip Cook†	Atlanta	June, 1907.
Idaho	Wilmot H. Gibson*	Boise City	January 8, 1907.
Illinois	James A. Rose*	Springfield	January, 1909.
Indiana	Daniel E. Storms*	Indianapolis	January, 1907.
Iowa	W. B. Martin*	Des Moines	January, 1907.
Kansas	J. R. Burrow*	Topeka	January, 1906.
Kentucky	H. V. McChesney†	Frankfort	January, 1906.
Louisiana	John T. Michel†	Baton Rouge	April, 1908.
Maine	Byron Boyd*	Augusta	January, 1907.
Maryland	Oswald Tilghman†	Annapolis	January, 1907.
Massachusetts	William M. Olin*	Boston	January, 1906.
Michigan	George A. Prescott*	Lansing	December 31, 1906.
Minnesota	P. E. Hanson*	St. Paul	January, 1907.
Mississippi	J. W. Power†	Jackson	January, 1908.
Missouri	Sam B. Cook†	Jefferson City	January, 1909.
Montana	Abraham N. Yoder*	Helena	January, 1909.
Nebraska	A. Gulasha*	Lincoln	January, 1907.
Nevada	W. G. Douglas*	Carson City	January, 1907.
New Hampshire	Edward N. Pearson*	Concord	January, 1907.
New Jersey	S. D. Dickinson†	Trenton	January 1, 1907.
New York	John F. O'Brien*	Albany	January 1, 1906.

* Republican. † Democrat.

STATE GOVERNMENTS IN 1904-1905.—CONCLUDED.

STATE.	SECRETARY OF STATE.	P. O. Address.	Term Expires.
North Carolina	J. Bryan Grimes†*	Raleigh	January 1, 1909.
North Dakota	E. F. Porter*	Bismarck	January 1, 1907.
Ohio	Louis C. Laylier*	Columbus	January, 1907.
Oregon	F. I. Dunbar*	Salem	January, 1907.
Pennsylvania	Frank M. Fuller*	Harrisburg	Pleasure of Governor.
Rhode Island	Charles P. Bennett*	Providence	January, 1906.
South Carolina	Jesse T. Garrtt†	Columbus	January, 1907.
South Dakota	D. D. Wipf*	Pierre	January 1, 1907.
Tennessee	John W. Morton†	Nashville	January, 1907.
Texas	J. R. Curl†	Austin	January, 1907.
Utah	S. C. Tingey*	Salt Lake City.	January, 1909.
Vermont	Frederick G. Fleetwood*	Montpelier	October, 1906.
Virginia	D. O. Eggleston†	Richmond	January 1, 1906.
Washington	Sam S. Nichols*	Olympia	January, 1909.
West Virginia	Charles W. Swisher*	Charlestown	March, 1909.
Wisconsin	Walter L. Houser*	Madison	January, 1907.
Wyoming	Fenimore Chatterton*	Cheyenne	January, 1907.
TERRITORIES.			
Alaska	William L. Distin*	Sitka	June 7, 1908.
Arizona	W. F. Nichols*	Phœnix	April 7, 1908.
Hawaii	A. L. C. Atkinson	Honolulu	December 16, 1907.
New Mexico	J. W. Reynolds*	Santa Fé	January 13, 1906.
Oklahoma	Williams Grimes*	Guthrie	January 13, 1906.
Porto Rico	Regis H. Post	San Juan	
District of Columbia	W. Tindall	Washington	Appointed.
Cherokee Nation	A. B. Cunningham†	Tahlequah	November, 1907.

* Republican. † Democrat.

City or Town.	City or Town Clerk.	Post-Office Address of Clerk.	Town Sergeant, or Chief of Police.
Bristol County.			
Barrington	Frederick P. Church	Barrington Centre	Samuel F. Boyden.*†
Bristol	Herbert F. Bennett	Bristol	James Hoard, Jr.*†
Warren	Charles B. Mason	Warren	George L. Drown.* Edward G. Macomber.†
Kent County.			
Coventry	George B. Parker	Washington	Calvin Hopkins.*†
East Greenwich	George A. Loomis	East Greenwich	John H. Murray.*†
Warwick	James T. Lockwood	Apponaug	Elihu R. Shippee.*
West Greenwich	John A. Bates	West Greenwich Centre	George W. Fish.*
Newport County.			
Jamestown	William F. Caswell	Jamestown	Gideon Lathan.*
Little Compton	John B. Taylor	Little Compton	Edward W. Pearce.*
Middletown	Albert L. Chase	Box 72, Newport	John D. Blair.*
Newport	David Stevens	Newport	Benjamin F. Richards.† William H. Westcott.*
New Shoreham	Edward P. Champlin	Block Island	Hamilton A. Mott.*†
Portsmouth	William F Brayton	Portsmouth, P. O. Box 36	Owen Reilly.*
Tiverton	A. Lincoln Hambly	Tiverton	Thos. F. Manchester.*†
Providence County.			
Burrillville	Edgar A. Mathewson	Harrisville	John Nash.*
Central Falls	C. Fred Crawford	Central Falls	Napoleon Lambert.† John H. Barber.*
Cranston	Daniel D. Waterman	Cranston	John Bigbee.*†

* City or Town Sergeant. † Chief of Police.

CITY AND TOWN OFFICERS, 1905.—CONCLUDED.

CITY OR TOWN.	City or Town Clerk.	Post-Office Address of Clerk.	Town Sergeant, or Chief of Police.
PROVIDENCE COUNTY.			
Cumberland	John F. Clark	Valley Falls	Robert Glassey.† / William Burke.*
East Providence	William E. Smyth	East Providence	Everett W. Adams.† / Samuel S. Barney.*
Foster	Gardner Howard	Foster Centre	Henry W. Bennett.*†
Glocester	Frank F. Davis	Chepachet	Frank C. Phetteplace.*
Johnston	Sterry K. Luther	Thornton	Hiram Kimball.*†
Lincoln	David D. Johnson	Lonsdale	Caleb B. Parker.*
North Providence	Thomas H. Angell	Centredale	George P. Willis.*†
North Smithfield	James S. Slater	Slatersville	Herbert E. Maynard.*
Pawtucket	Samuel H. Roberts	Pawtucket	Randall H. Rice.† / Ira P. Allen.*
Providence	William E. Clarke	Providence	Frank A. Matthews.† / T. Frederick Chase.*
Scituate	Henry H. Potter	South Scituate	Nathan Colvin.*†
Smithfield	Oscar A. Tobey	Greenville	Jencks A. Smith.*
Woonsocket	William C. Mason	Woonsocket	William Dodge.† / William Landry.*
WASHINGTON COUNTY.			
Charlestown	George C. Cross	Charlestown	J. Winfield Church.*
Exeter	John H. Edwards	Exeter	Amos E. Whitford.*
Hopkinton	Edwin R. Allen	Hopkinton	George H. Barber.*
Narragansett	W. Herbert Caswell	Narragansett Pier	Lewis A. Champlin.*†
North Kingstown	Thomas J. Peirce	Wickford	Peter S. Byrnes.*
Richmond	Halsey P. Clarke	Wyoming	Bradford B. Moore.*
South Kingstown	Howard B. Perry	Wakefield	John R. Wilcox.*
Westerly	William Hoxsey	Westerly	James H. Coleman.* / Cornelius Bransfield.†

* City or Town Sergeant. † Chief of Police.

Town Treasurers.

Towns.	Name of Treasurer.	Post-Office Address.
Barrington	Ebenezer Tiffany	Barrington Centre.
Bristol	George H. Peck	Bristol.
Burrillville	Francis Fagan	Pascoag.
Central Falls	Charles A. Reynolds	Central Falls.
Charlestown	George W. Hoxie	Shannock.
Coventry	John Matteson	Anthony.
Cranston	Joseph A. Shaw	Oaklawn.
Cumberland	Cyrus Taft	Valley Falls.
East Greenwich	Charles G. Hill	East Greenwich.
East Providence	David S. Ray	East Providence.
Exeter	George E. Money	Liberty.
Foster	Ray Howard	Foster Centre.
Glocester	Frank F. Davis	Chepachet.
Hopkinton	Silas R. Richmond	Hope Valley.
Jamestown	Edwin G. Knowles	Jamestown.
Johnston	Herbert C. Calef	Providence.
Lincoln	Charles Walmsley	Lonsdale.
Little Compton	Philip H. Wilbour	Little Compton.
Middletown	Charles H. Ward	Newport.
Narragansett	James F. Cross	Narragansett Pier.
Newport	John M. Taylor	Newport.
New Shoreham	Almanza J. Rose	Block Island.
North Kingstown	Charles Stafford	Wickford.
North Providence	John Ogden	Geneva.
North Smithfield	Charles S. Seagrave	Slatersville.
Pawtucket	J. Ellis White	Pawtucket.
Portsmouth	Edward R. Anthony	Portsmouth.
Providence	Walter L. Clarke	Providence.
Richmond	Charles J. Greene	Kenyon.
Scituate	Charles A. Capwell	Ashland.
Smithfield	Marshall W. Mowry	Greenville.
South Kingstown	John A. Allen	Peace Dale.
Tiverton	Henry C. Osborn	Tiverton.
Warren	Charles W. Greene	Warren.
Warwick	John B. Allen	Centreville.
West Greenwich	Willis A. Carr	Nooseneck Hill.
Westerly	James M. Pendleton	Westerly.
Woonsocket	Samuel P. Cook	Woonsocket.

Overseers of the Poor.

Towns.	Names of Overseers of the Poor.	Post-Office Address.
Barrington	William S. Martin	Barrington Centre.
Bristol	Philip Brady.	Bristol.
Burrillville	Gilbert S. Taft	Bridgeton.
Central Falls	Charles E. Frost	Central Falls.
Charlestown	Elisha S. Card	Shannock.
Coventry	Frank G. Briggs	Washington.
Cranston	John Bigbee	Cranston.
Cumberland	John T. Barber	Ashton.
East Greenwich	Timothy Andrews	East Greenwich R. F. D No 2
East Providence	Frank T. Calef	East Providence.
Exeter	Herbert E. Knight	Exeter.
Foster	Charles H. Bassett	Greene, R. F. D.
Glocester	Seth H. Steere	Harmony.
Hopkinton	George B. Carpenter	Ashaway.
Jamestown	Elijah Anthony	Jamestown.
Johnston	John Walsh	Olneyville.
Lincoln	Thomas B Maymon	Lonsdale.
Little Compton	William H. Briggs	Little Compton.
Middletown	Town Council	Newport.
Narragansett	James F. Cross	Narragansett Pier.
Newport	Robert Kerr	Newport.
	George H. Wilbur	Newport.
	James B. Cottrell	Newport.
New Shoreham	Charles Littlefield	Block Island.
North Kingstown	George C. Cranston	Lafayette.
North Providence	Fred A. Sweet	Centredale.
North Smithfield	John B. Greene	Slatersville.
Pawtucket	William M. Peckham	Pawtucket.
Portsmouth	John B. Cornell	Portsmouth.
Providence	Matthew J. Cummings.	Providence.
Richmond	Warren Dawley	Kenyon.
Scituate	Leander Hopkins	Ashland.
Smithfield	Emor H. Mowry	Smithfield.
South Kingstown	Edmund Walker.	Wakefield.
Tiverton	Joseph V. Peckham	Tiverton.
Warren	Charles H. Bliss	Warren.
Warwick	Charles H. Allen	Apponaug.
West Greenwich	George W. Fisk	Nooseneck Hill.
Westerly	John B. Brown	Westerly.
Woonsocket	Adelbert D. Roberts	Woonsocket.

Coroners.

Towns.	Names of Coroners.	Post-Office Address.
Barrington	Charles H. McKenna	Barrington Centre.
Bristol	Charles H. Spooner	Bristol.
Burrillville	Henry J Bruce	Bridgeton.
Central Falls	Joseph E. V. Mathieu	Central Falls.
Charlestown	George C. Cross	Charlestown.
Coventry	James Ray	Anthony.
Cranston	Otis A. Hawkins	Arlington.
Cumberland	Joseph Broderick	Valley Falls.
East Greenwich	Charles G. Hill	East Greenwich.
East Providence	Harmon S. Babcock	East Providence.
Exeter	Edward P. Dutemple	Exeter.
Foster	Alexander Cameron	Foster Centre.
Glocester	Frank F. Davis	Chepachet.
Hopkinton	George H. Olney	Hope Valley.
Jamestown	Thomas C. Watson	Jamestown.
Johnston	W. F. W. Worth	Olneyville.
Lincoln	David D. Johnston	Lonsdale.
Little Compton	D. Franklin Gifford	Little Compton.
Middletown	Benj. W. H. Peckham	Newport.
Narragansett	James F. Cross	Narragansett Pier.
Newport	Francis Stanhope	Newport.
New Shoreham	Daniel Mott	Block Island.
North Kingstown	Thomas J. Peirce	Wickford.
North Providence	Herbert A. Fenner	Centredale.
North Smithfield	John L. Maroney	Slatersville.
Pawtucket	Thomas F. Vance	Pawtucket.
Portsmouth	George R. Hicks	Portsmouth.
Providence	Eugene H. Lincoln	Providence.
Richmond	Martin G Parks	Shannock.
Scituate	Alberto E. Wood	North Scituate.
Smithfield	E. H. Mowry	Greenville.
South Kingstown	Benjamin W. Case	Wakefield.
Tiverton	George L. Church	Tiverton.
Warren	William H. Crowley	Warren.
Warwick	Daniel E. Sullivan	Arctic.
West Greenwich	Norman L. Capwell	West Greenwich.
Westerly	Oliver H. Williams	Westerly.
Woonsocket	James H. Rickard, Jr.	Woonsocket.

City and Town Councils,

ALSO

TIME AND PLACE OF MEETING OF TOWN COUNCILS AND PROBATE COURTS.

BARRINGTON.—John F. Richmond, William E. Colley, Henry A. Martin, George B. Frost, Hiram F. Perry.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the first Monday in every month at 8:30 P. M., in the Town Clerk's office.

BRISTOL. — James W. Franklin, John L. Gladding, William H. Thayer, Charles S. Cummings, Frederic L. Waldron.

Town Council meets on the first Tuesday in each month at 2 P. M., in Town Clerk's office. Probate Court meets on the first and third Mondays in each month at 10:30 A. M.

BURRILLVILLE. — Joseph Perkins, Melvin O. Bailey, Arnold W. Clark, John T. Lloyd, Euclide C. Gauvin, Michael N. Bresette, Thomas H. Hanaway.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the last Saturday in every month at 1:30 P. M., in the Town Clerk's office.

CENTRAL FALLS.—(Elected November 8, 1904.)—*Mayor*, T. H. McNally.

Aldermen:

Ward 1.—Joseph M. Bates.
Ward 2.—Hector Schiller.
Ward 3.—Edward Davenport.
Ward 4.—James H. Gorman.
Ward 5.—Joseph Wright.

Common Council:

Ward 1.—William H. Goldsmith, Sylvester B. Hiscox, William H. Young.
Ward 2.—Joseph Davignon, Leonidas Franklin.
Ward 3.—Robert H. Briden, Edward E. Goff.
Ward 4.—Augustus Pigeon, Mathew F. Tierney.
Ward 5.—Joseph W. Bloomer, Arthur E. Fawthrop.

The Board of Aldermen meets on the first Monday in each month at 8 P. M. The Common Council meets on the last Wednesday in each month. Probate Court meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays in each month at 2 P. M

CHARLESTOWN.—Eathan A. Crandall, Orrin Arnold, Henry P. Burdick, William G. Kenyon, Irving H. Greene.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on first Monday in each month at 1 P. M., at Town Hall.

COVENTRY.—Thomas G. Whaley, Frank Potter, Silas A. Nye.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the third Monday in every month at 11 A. M., at Town Clerk's office, Washington.

CRANSTON.—Arthur E. Austin, Frank L. Budlong, John M. Dean, Zenas W. Bliss, Warren Ralph, Fred T. Andrews, John J. McInerney.

Town Council meets on the first Monday of every month at 2 P. M., at the new Town House, Knightsville. Probate Court meets on second and last Saturday of every month at 1 P. M., at same place.

CUMBERLAND.—Peter McKenna, John J. Kelly, Gustavus Taylor, James McLaughlin, Timothy Keefe.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the first Thursday of every month at 2 P. M., at Town Clerk's office, Valley Falls.

EAST GREENWICH.—Samuel M. Knowles, William A. Browning, Jasper Spencer, John H. Carr, Christopher A. Shippee.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the last Thursday in each month at 2 P. M., at the Town Hall.

EAST PROVIDENCE.—Benj. Wilson, Charles A. Champlin, Herbert R. Horton, Joseph W. Sampson, Frederic W. Cady.

Town Council meets on first Wednesday in every month at 7 P. M. Probate Court meets on second Monday in every month at 2 P. M., both at Town Clerk's office.

EXETER.—Willet H. Arnold, Stephen A. Sweet, George B. Reynolds, John F. Perkins, George E. Money.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on first Monday of every month at 10 A. M., at the Town Hall at Pine Hill.

FOSTER.—John B. Spears, Byron O. Angell, Stephen S. Hopkins, William H. Phillips.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on first Saturday of every month at 1 P. M., at Town Clerk's office at Foster Centre.

GLOCESTER.—Charles Potter, Walter B. Knight, Job Steere, Walter M. Olney, Edmund C. Walling.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on second Saturday in every month at 1 P. M., at Town Clerk's office in Chepachet.

HOPKINTON.—John S. Cole, Ernest L. Crandall, Elmer E. Kenyon, George B. Langworthy, Lafayette Edwards.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on first Monday in every month at 1 P. M., at Town Hall in Hopkinton City.

JAMESTOWN.—Charles E. Weeden, Albert A. Boone, Charles T. Knowles, Jeremiah H. Tefft, George W. Peckham.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on fourth Monday in every month at Town Hall, at 1:30 P. M.

JOHNSTON.—Ralph H. Shaw, John E. Wood, James A. Dame, Henry B. Scott, Benjamin Dalton, Howard D. Sherman, Jacob B. W. Wilder.

Town Council meets first Friday in every month at 8:15 P. M. Probate Court meets on second and fourth Tuesdays in every month at 2 P. M., at Thornton.

LINCOLN.—Joseph Grenon, Charles F. Randall, John S. Olney, Samuel J. Neild, Alexander Leslie.

Town Council meets on the last Wednesday in every month at 2:30 P. M. Probate Court meets last Monday in every month at 2 P. M.

LITTLE COMPTON.—Pardon C. Brownell, John A. Seabury, William C. Wilbur, Herbert A. Grinnell, Frederic G. Almy.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on second Monday in every month at 2 P. M., at Town Hall.

MIDDLETOWN.—A. Herbert Ward, Restcom S. Peckham, Lionel H. Peabody, Arthur L. Peckham, Henry I. Chase.

Town Council and Probate Court meet at the Town Hall on the third Monday of every month at 1 P. M.

NARRAGANSETT.—Henry B. Kane, Charles J. Tucker, Horatio N. Knowles, Thomas T. Tucker, Edgar W. Watts.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the third Monday of every month at 2 P. M., at the Town Hall, Narragansett Pier.

NEWPORT.—(Elected November 8, 1904.) *Mayor*, Patrick J. Boyle.

Aldermen:

Ward 1.—Robert P. Hamilton, *Ward 3.*—Herbert Bliss,
Ward 2.—George W. Ritchie, *Ward 4.*—Dennis Shanahan,
Ward 5.—Michael F. Kelly.

Common Councilmen:

Ward 1.—Frank P. Gladding, Robert Kerr, William S. Rogers.

Ward 2.—Neil McLennan, Walter A. Wright, Frank S. Pember.

Ward 3.—George H. Wilbar, Earl P. Mason, William O. Milne.

Ward 4.—John B. Donnelly, Stephen S. Carr, John J. Butler.

Ward 5.—J. Joseph M. Martin, Patrick J. Morgan, James J. Martin.

Regular meetings of the City Council on the first Tuesday evening of each month. Probate Court meets every Monday at 10 A. M.

NEW SHOREHAM.—John C. Champlin, Daniel Mott, Samuel L. Hayes, Lovell H. Dickens, Alton H. Mott.

Town Council meets on the first Monday in every month at 3 P. M. Probate Court meets on the first Monday in every month at 2 P. M., at the Town Hall.

NORTH KINGSTOWN.—William P. Hambly, Albert F. Ellsworth, Angus D. Macleod, Edgar G. Logan, Joseph E. Smith.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the second Monday in every month at 1 P. M., at Town House, Wickford.

NORTH PROVIDENCE.—Michael J. Kirby, Frank O. Angell, Edgar B. Hurdis, Frederick W. Whipple, James M. Geelin, Herbert Swallow, John T. Northrop.

Town Council meets on the first Monday in every month at the Council Chamber in Centredale, at 2:30 P. M. Probate Court meets on the first and third Saturdays in every month at 10 A M.

NORTH SMITHFIELD.—Alphonso F. White, Frederic J. Pitts, John L. Maroney, William C. Thayer, Frank H. Leach.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on last Saturday of each month at 2 P. M., at Town Clerk's office at Slatersville.

PAWTUCKET.—(Elected November 8, 1904.)—*Mayor*, James H. Higgins.

Aldermen:

Ward 1.—William E. Briden.
Ward 2.—Alanson Thayer.
Ward 3.—Edward McCaughey.
Ward 4.—Franklin N. Blake.
Ward 5.—Felix E. Bennett.
Ward 6.—William Wood.

Common Councilmen:

Ward 1.—Francis Chartier, Robert A. Kenyon, Edward L. Fifield.
Ward 2.—F. Eugene Barker, Henry P. McGowan, Alfred K. Hawes.

Ward 3.—Sidney T. Carpenter, James H. Fitzpatrick, John F. Lennon.

Ward 4.—Herbert S. Carpenter, Albert N. Williams, Thomas Wilson.

Ward 5.—Albert J. Evans, Charles W. Hughes, Henry J. L'Heureux.

Ward 6.—George T. Bradley, Charles W. Greene, Albert H. Keene.

The Board of Aldermen meets on the first and third Wednesdays after the first Saturday in each month at 8 P. M. The Common Council meets on the second Wednesday after the first Saturday in each month at 8 P. M. The Probate Court meets every Wednesday at 4 P. M., in the Council Chamber on High street.

PORTSMOUTH.—Warren R. Sherman, John L. Tallman, Charles G. Thomas, Robert H. Manchester, Benjamin S. Anthony.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the second Monday in each month at 1 P. M., at the Town Hall.

PROVIDENCE.—(Elected November 8, 1904.) *Mayor*, Augustus S. Miller.

Aldermen:

Ward 1.—Stephen A. Cooke.
Ward 2.—Charles Sisson.
Ward 3.—John C. Dunn.
Ward 4.—John C. Budlong.
Ward 5.—William K. Reynolds.
Ward 6.—George H. Grant.
Ward 7.—Walter A. Presbrey.
Ward 8.—Gilbert R. Parker.
Ward 9.—Burmah E. Perkins.
Ward 10.—William H. Covell.

Common Councilmen:

Ward 1.—Joseph Balch, George W. Parks, G. Richmond Parsons, Clifford S. Tower.

Ward 2.—C. Edward Barney, John Kelso, Charles R. Makepeace, Everett I. Rogers.

Ward 3.—Dennis E. Donovan, Thomas J. Flynn, Joseph H. Gainer, Michael A. Rattigan.

Ward 4.—Joseph P. Doyle, Adolphus J. Evans, Allen A Presbrey, H. G. H. Rawson.

Ward 5.—Henry A. Carpenter, J. William Moore, R. C. Smith, Frederick S. Waite.

Ward 6.—John H. Higgins, Jeremiah W. Miller, Frank B. Reynolds, William F. Sears.

Ward 7.—E. Merle Bixby, Henry Fletcher, James A. Potter, Jr., Christopher M. Lee.

Ward 8.—John O. Darling, Harry Daw, Frederick Littlefield, Emery J. San Souci.

Ward 9.—Howard B. Gorham, Henry A. Grimwood, John E. Kendrick, Harry Taylor.

Ward 10.—Daniel F. Grady, Jeremiah H. Hall, Timothy F. Kelly, Owen McMann.

The Board of Aldermen meets generally on Thursdays at 3 P. M. The first Thursday in the month is usually devoted to the auditing of bills, and the third Thursday in the month to highway matters. The Common Council meets on Mondays at 8 P. M.

RICHMOND.—Levi J. Cornell, Henry F. Woodmansee, Oscar E. Barber, William D. Tucker, Charles D. Kenyon.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the first Monday in every month at 1 P. M., at the Town Hall.

SCITUATE.—Edwin L. Hawkes, Joshua C. Potter, Asahel A. Peck, Darius O. Phillips, Robert H. Walker, Allen U. Barber, Byron R. Rathbun.

Town Council and Probate Court meet at Town Clerk's office, on second Saturday in every month at 1 P. M.

SMITHFIELD.—Albert O. Smith, James H. Waterhouse, Albert L. Latham, Sayles A. Williams, Marshal W. Mowry.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the last Saturday in every month at 2 P. M., at the Town Clerk's office in Greenville.

SOUTH KINGSTOWN. — William G. Gould, Carder H. Tucker, Oliver Watson, Charles A. Clarke, Frederick D. Johnson.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the second Monday in every month at 2 P. M., at the Town House, Wakefield.

TIVERTON.—Frank F. Grinnell, S. Gilman Bowen, John Carpenter, James H. Manchester, Thomas J. Durfee.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the first Saturday in every month at 1 P. M., at the Town Hall.

WARREN.—Joseph B. Hoar, Henry P. Howland, George Barker, Dionis E. Vincent, Michael F. Fox.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the first Monday in each month at 2 P. M., at Town Clerk's office.

WARWICK.—George E. Stillman, George B. Blackman, Benjamin F. Dawley, Armand R. Vanasse, Walter R. Hazard, John A. Chaplin, Frank O. Johnson.

Town Council meets on second and fourth Mondays in each month. Probate Court meets on second and fourth Thursdays in each month, at Town House, Apponaug.

WESTERLY.—John Leslie, Sidney A. Chapman, W. Frank Greenman, David Donahue, Albert E. Henry, C. Palmer Chapman, Milo M. Clarke.

Town Council meets on first Monday in each month at 9:30 A. M., at Town Hall. Probate Court meets on the first and third Mondays at 2 P. M.

WOONSOCKET. —(Elected November 8, 1904.) *Mayor*, Alphonse Gaulin, Jr.

Aldermen:

Ward 1.—William O. Park.
Ward 2.—Charles E. Andrews.
Ward 3.—John J. Mee.
Ward 4.—Stephen Magown.
Ward 5.—Walter F. Fountaine.

Common Councilmen:

Ward 1.—Albert J. Bennett, Emile E. Lussier, Farnum B. Smith.
Ward 2.—Frederick Hadfield, Robert Donaldson, Joseph San Souci.

Ward 3.—James Mullen, Michael McCaffrey, Daniel McKenna.

Ward 4.—John R Boyden, Myron L. B. Sweatt, Godfroy Trahan.

Ward 5.—Henry Berard, Jr., Raphael P. Daignault, Daniel B. Taylor.

Regular meeting of the Board of Aldermen second Monday in each month, and the Common Council meets Thursday after the first Monday in each month. Probate Court meets on the first and third Tuesdays in every month at 10 A. M., at the City Clerk's office.

WEST GREENWICH.—Thurston Capwell, Edward Beaudoin, Welcome T. Burdick, Frank E. Rathbun, Amos Brant.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on last Saturday in every month at 1 P. M., at Willis A. Carr's, Nooseneck Hill.

TOWN ELECTIONS.

General officers of the State and members of the General Assembly are voted for on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November annually. The annual town-meetings for the election of town officers, and for making appropriations, are held as follows:

Town or City.	Election of Town Officers.	Appropriations.
Barrington	Tuesday next after 1st Monday in November.	Tuesday next after 1st Monday in November.
Bristol	2d Wednesday in March.	1st Monday after 2d Wednesday in March.
Burrillville	1st Monday in June.	Last Monday in March.
Central Falls[1]	.....	.....
Charlestown	1st Tuesday in June.	Thurs. after 1st Mon. in April.
Coventry	1st Monday in June.	Last Monday in May.
Cranston	Tuesday next after first Monday in November.	3d Monday in April.
Cumberland	1st Wednesday in June.	2d Wednesday in June.
East Greenwich	2d Saturday in June.	2d Wednesday in August.
East Providence	Tuesday next after first Monday in November.	2d Monday in November.
Exeter	1st Tuesday in June.	1st Tuesday in April.
Foster	Last Monday in May.	Last Monday in March.
Glocester	1st Monday in June.	1st Saturday after 1st day in March.
Hopkinton	1st Tuesday in June.	Thurs. before last Tues. in May.
Jamestown	1st Wednesday in April.	1st Wednesday in April.
Johnston	Tuesday next after 1st Monday in November.	1st Monday in April.
Lincoln	Tuesday next after 1st Monday in November.	1st Monday after 1st Tuesday in June.
Little Compton	1st Tuesday in April.	1st Tuesday in April.
Middletown	1st Wednesday in April.	1st Wednesday in April.
Narragansett	1st Monday in June.	3d Monday in May.
Newport[2]	.....	.....
New Shoreham	Tuesday next after first Monday in November.	1st Tuesday in June.
North Kingstown	1st Tuesday in June.	3d Tuesday in May.
North Providence	Tuesday next after 1st Monday in November.	Last Saturday in March.
North Smithfield	1st Monday in June.	2d Monday in June.
Pawtucket[3]	.....	.....
Portsmouth	Tuesday next after 1st Monday in November.	1st Wednesday in May.
Providence[4]	.....	.....
Richmond	1st Tuesday in June.	Sat. after 1st Monday in May.
Scituate	3d Wednesday in May.	1st Monday in June.
Smithfield	1st Monday in June.	2d Tuesday in June.
South Kingstown	1st Tuesday in June.	3d Thursday in May.
Tiverton	1st Wednesday in April.	Last Wednesday in April.
Warren	2d Wednesday in March.	Sat. after 2d Wed. in March.
Warwick	Tuesday next after 1st Monday in November.	3d Tuesday in November.
West Greenwich	1st Monday in June.	3d Monday in May.
Westerly	1st Tuesday in June.	2d Tuesday in May.
Woonsocket[5]	.....	.....

1 In Central Falls the Municipal Election is held on Tuesday next after the first Monday in November. Officers elected by the City Council are chosen in the month of February.

2 In Newport the Municipal Election is held on Tuesday next after the first Monday in November. Officers elected by the City Council are chosen on the first Monday in January.

3 In Pawtucket the Municipal Election is held on Tuesday next after the first Monday in November. Officers elected by the City Council are chosen in the month of February.

4 In Providence the Municipal Election is held on Tuesday next after the first Monday in November. Officers elected by the City Council are chosen on the first Monday in January.

5 In Woonsocket the Municipal Election is held on Tuesday next after the first Monday in November. Officers elected by the City Council are chosen in the month of January.

Post-Offices in Rhode Island.

Money Order offices are marked *. All offices are "Special Delivery."

NAME.	TOWN.	COUNTY.
Abbott Run	Cumberland	Providence.
* Adamsville	Little Compton	Newport.
Adin		
Albion	Cumberland	Providence.
*Allenton	North Kingstown	Washington.
Alton	Richmond	"
Anthony	Coventry	Kent.
*Apponaug	Warwick	"
Arcadia	Richmond	Washington.
*Arctic	Warwick	Kent.
Arnold's Mills	Cumberland	Providence.
*Ashaway	Hopkinton	Washington.
Ashland	Scituate	Providence.
*Ashton	Cumberland	"
Austin	Exeter	Washington.
*Barrington Centre	Barrington	Bristol.
*Bridgeton	Burrillville	Providence.
*Block Island	New Shoreham	Newport.
*Bristol	Bristol	Bristol.
Bristol Ferry	Portsmouth	Newport.
*Buttonwoods	Warwick	Kent.
Canonchet	Hopkinton	Washington.
*Carolina	Richmond	"
*Central Falls	Central Falls	Providence.
*Centredale	North Providence	"
*Centreville	Warwick	Kent.
Charlestown	Charlestown	Washington.
*Chepachet	Glocester	Providence.
Clayville	Scituate	"
*Coventry	Coventry	Kent.
*Cowesett	Warwick	"
*Crompton	Warwick	Kent.
*Cumberland Hill	Cumberland	Providence.
*Davisville	North Kingstown	Washington.
Diamond Hill	Cumberland	Providence.
*Drownville	Barrington	Bristol.
*East Greenwich	East Greenwich	Kent.
*East Providence	East Providence	Providence.
*East Providence Centre	"	"
Enfield	Smithfield	"
Escoheag	West Greenwich	Kent.
Exeter	Exeter	Washington.
*Fiskeville	Cranston	Providence.
*Forestdale	North Smithfield	"
Foster	Foster	"

POST-OFFICES IN RHODE ISLAND—Continued.

NAME.	TOWN.	COUNTY.
Foster Centre	Foster	Providence.
*Georgiaville	Smithfield	"
*Glendale	Burrillville	"
Gould	South Kingstown	Washington.
Grant's Mills	Cumberland	Providence.
*Greene	Coventry	Kent.
*Greenville	Smithfield	Providence.
*Hamilton	North Kingstown	Washington.
Harmony	Glocester	Providence.
*Harrisville	Burrillville	"
*Hillsgrove	Warwick	Kent.
*Hope	Scituate	Providence.
*Hope Valley	Hopkinton	Washington.
Hopkinton	"	"
*Howard	Cranston	Providence.
Hoxsie	Warwick	Kent.
Hughesdale	Johnston	Providence.
*Jamestown	Jamestown	Newport.
Kent	Scituate	Providence.
*Kenyon	Richmond	Washington.
*Kingston	South Kingstown	"
*Lakewood	Warwick	Kent.
*Lafayette	North Kingstown	Washington.
Liberty	Exeter	"
Lime Rock	Lincoln	Providence.
*Little Compton	Little Compton	Newport.
Longmeadow	Warwick	Kent.
*Lonsdale	Lincoln	Providence.
*Lymansville	North Providence	"
*Manton	Providence	"
*Manville	Lincoln	"
Mapleville	Burrillville	"
Meshanticut	Cranston	Providence.
*Narragansett Pier	Narragansett	Washington.
*Nasonville	Burrillville	Providence.
*Natick	Warwick	Kent.
*Nayatt Point	Barrington	Bristol.
*Newport	Newport	Newport.
Station.		
Melville	Middletown	Newport.
*Niantic	Westerly	Washington.
Nooseneck Hill	West Greenwich	Kent
*North Scituate	Scituate	Providence.
*North Tiverton	Tiverton	Newport.
*Norwood	Warwick	Kent.
*Oakland	Burrillville	Providence.
*Oak Lawn	Cranston	"
*Pascoag	Burrillville	"
*Pawtucket	Pawtucket	"
*Peace Dale	South Kingstown	Washington.
*Phenix	Warwick	Kent.
*Phillipsdale	East Providence	Providence.
Pine Hill	Exeter	Washington.
Point Judith, R. F. D. from Narragansett Pier	Narragansett	"

POST-OFFICES IN RHODE ISLAND.—Continued.

NAME.	TOWN.	COUNTY.
*Pontiac	Warwick	Kent.
*Portsmouth	Portsmouth	Newport.
*Potter Hill	Westerly	Washington.
Prudence	Portsmouth	Newport.
Quonocontaug	Charlestown	Washington.
*Providence	Providence	Providence.
Stations.		
East Side, 195 Angell St	Providence	Providence.
*Elmwood — Elmwood Ave., between Potter's Ave. and Public St	"	"
*North — Corner North Main and Flint Sts	"	"
*Olneyville	"	"
Sub-Stations.		
*No. 1, The Shepard Company	"	"
*No. 2, 790 North Main St	"	"
*No. 3, Pawtuxet, R. I	"	"
*No. 4, Public and Plain Sts	"	"
*No. 5, 178 Angell St	"	"
*No. 6, 383 Admiral St	"	"
*No. 7, 514 Broad St	"	"
*No. 8, 19 Olneyville Square	"	"
*No. 9, Dean and Broadway	"	"
*No. 10, Valley and Atwells Ave	"	"
*No. 11, 1481 Broad St	"	"
*No. 12, 97 Governor St	"	"
*No. 13, 95 Putnam St	"	"
*No. 14, Smith and Orms Sts	"	"
*No. 15, 3½ Greene St	"	"
*No. 16, 215 Academy Ave	"	"
*No. 17, Harold and Regent Sts	"	"
*No. 18, 277 Plainfield St	"	"
*No. 19, 87 Vandewater St	"	"
*No. 20, 1349 Westminster St	"	"
*No. 21, Eddy St. and Thurber Ave	"	"
*No. 22, Broad St. and Congress Ave	"	"
*No. 23, 910 Manton Ave	"	"
*No. 24, 49 Camp St	"	"
*No. 25, 455 Plainfield St	"	"
*No. 26, 140 Wickenden St	"	"
*No. 27, 39 Spruce St	"	"
*No. 28, 637 Park Ave	"	"
*No. 29, 95 Rolf St	"	"
*No. 30, 925 Cranston St	"	"
*No. 31, 1368 Cranston St	"	"
*No. 32, 1712 Cranston St	"	"
*Riverpoint	Warwick	Kent.
*Riverside	East Providence	Providence.
*Rockland	Scituate	"
Rockville	Hopkinton	Washington.
*Rumford	East Providence	Providence.
*Saunderstown	North Kingstown	Washington.
*Saylesville	Lincoln	Providence.

POST-OFFICES IN RHODE ISLAND.—Concluded.

NAME.	TOWN.	COUNTY.
*Shannock	Richmond	Washington.
Shawomet	Warwick	Kent.
*Slatersville	North Smithfield	Providence.
*Slocum	North Kingstown	Washington.
Smithfield	Smithfield	Providence.
South Foster	Foster	"
*South Scituate	Scituate	"
Stillwater	Smithfield	"
Summit	Coventry	Kent.
Tarkiln	Burrillville	Providence.
*Thornton	Johnston	"
*Tiverton	Tiverton	Newport.
*Tiverton Four Corners	"	"
*Usquepaugh	Richmond	Washington.
*Valley Falls	Cumberland	Providence.
Vernon. R. F. D. from Greene	Coventry	Kent.
*Wakefield	South Kingstown	Washington.
*Warren	Warren	Bristol.
*Warwick	Warwick	Kent.
*Washington	Coventry	"
*Watch Hill	Westerly	Washington.
Weekapaug	"	"
*Westerly	"	"
West Glocester	Glocester	Providence.
West Greenwich Centre	West Greenwich	Kent.
*West Kingston	South Kingstown	Washington.
*White Rock	Westerly	"
*Wickford	North Kingstown	"
*Wood River Junction	Richmond	"
Woodville	Hopkinton	"
*Woonsocket	Woonsocket	Providence.
*Wyoming	Richmond	Washington.

United States Customs Service.

DISTRICT OF NEWPORT.

LOCATION.	NAME.	OFFICE.
Newport.....	Clarence A. Hammett..	Collector and Disbursing Agent.
.....	William H. Walcott.	Special Deputy Collector and Clerk.
"	Benjamin T. Briggs.....	Inspector.
Dutch Island....	Nathan King.....	"
Newport.....	Henry Ecroyd....	Acting Asst. Surgeon, M. H. S.
"	Charles S. Rice.....	Janitor.
"	H. Channing Rice.....	Laborer.

DISTRICT OF BRISTOL AND WARREN.

LOCATION.	NAME.	OFFICE.
Bristol.	Stephen W. Church.....	Collector.
"	Thomas F. Usher.....	Deputy Collector and Inspector.

DISTRICT OF PROVIDENCE.

LOCATION.	NAME.	OFFICE.
Providence.....	Ellery H. Wilson.....	Collector and Disbursing Agent.
"	George W. Gardiner....	Special Deputy Collector and Clerk.
"	Thomas F. Hull.....	Deputy Collector and Clerk.
"	Charles A. Hubbard	Deputy Collector and Clerk.
"	Miss Bertha R. Lord....	Stenographer and Typewriter.
"	John T. Parker.....	Deputy Collector and Insp. No. 1.
"	Edward Murphy.....	" " " " No. 2.
"	Albert V. Moulton.....	" " " " No. 3.
"	Frederick A. Tillinghast	" " " " No. 5.
"	Nathaniel Crowell.....	Examiner.
"	George W. Chace.....	"
"	Cornelius Carroll.....	Storekeeper.
"	Patrick Fitzpatrick.....	Opener and Packer.
"	Edmund H. Gray.....	Boatman.
"	Frank E. Lakey*.....	Inspector No. 1
"	.....	" No. 2.
"	John B. Spears*.....	" No. 3.
"	William W. Andrew*...	" No. 4.
"	Frank A. Page*.....	" No. 5.

NOTE.—The district of Providence includes the ports of Providence, Pawtucket, Pawtuxet, and East Greenwich. Total receipts, year ending June 30, 1904, $249,281.96. Arrivals from foreign ports, 88. Tonnage of port, June 30, 1904, 23,613.

*Permanently appointed to serve during the excursion season of each year.

DISTRICT OF PROVIDENCE.—Concluded.

LOCATION.	NAME.	OFFICE.
Providence.....	Byron J. Brown, Jr.....	Acting Asst. Surgeon, M. H. S.
"	Ashahel W. Hall.....	Janitor.
"	Charles Meegan.....	Assistant Janitor.
"	Hugh F. Tierney.....	Watchman.
"	Samuel J. Howard.....	Laborer.

U. S. LOCAL INSPECTORS OF STEAM VESSELS.

Office.—Rooms 1030 and 1031 Banigan Building.

Edward Wilcox.....Inspector of Hulls.
Charles A. Potter..... " " Boilers.
Charles W. Loux.....Clerk.

The territory over which this Board has control includes the customs districts of Providence, Bristol, Fall River, New Bedford, and so much of the district of Newport as is bounded by the eastern shore of Narragansett Bay.

U. S. Internal Revenue.

DISTRICT OF CONNECTICUT.

LOCATION.	NAME.	OFFICE.
Providence.....	Charles W. Murphy.....	Stamp Deputy Collector.
"	Oscar A. Carlton,.....	Division Deputy Collector.
"	Edwin A. Kenyon.....	" " "
"	Hector Schiller.....	Deputy Collector.
"	Charles H. Owen.....	Gauger.
"	George F. Whitford.....	Deputy Collector.

NOTE.—The district of Connecticut comprises the States of Connecticut and Rhode Island, and the collections are from taxes on distilled spirits, malt liquors, cigars, tobacco, oleomargarine, and playing cards.

Light Houses in Rhode Island.

Name of Light.	*Officers Employed.*
Brenton Reef Light Vessel, No. 39	Edward Fogarty, Master.
do	Charles Steijen, Mate.
do	Thomas Coppinger, Engineer.
do	Harry H. Dee, Asst. do
Beaver Tail Light	Joshua A. Overton, Keeper.
do	John S. Wales, Asst. Keeper.
Lime Rock (Newport Harbor)	Ida Wilson Lewis, Keeper.
Newport Harbor (on breakwater)	Charles Schoeneman, Keeper.
Rose Island (Newport outer harbor)	Charles S. Curtis, Keeper.
Dutch Island (West passage)	Albert H. Porter, Keeper.
Plum Beach	George Ehrhardt, Keeper.
do	Andrew T. Smith, Asst. Keeper.
Wickford Harbor	Edward Andrews, Keeper.
Prudence Island	Nathaniel Dodge, Keeper.
Bristol Ferry (Bristol side)	Edward Sherman, Keeper.
Mussel Bed Beacon (Bristol Ferry, Portsmouth)	James D. Leonard, Keeper. Will be relieved March 31, 1905.
Warwick Neck	Joseph D. Burke, Keeper.
Conimicut Park	Daniel McDonald, Keeper.
Bullocks Point	William Tengren, Keeper.
Sabine Point	John F. Weeden, Keeper.
Pomham Rock	Thomas S. Fishburne, Keeper.
Fullers Rock (Providence harbor)	John J. Mullen, Keeper.
Sassafras Point	do do
Point Judith	Henry A. Whaley, Keeper.
do	Arthur E. Godfrey, Asst. Keeper.
Block Island (North end)	Elam P. Littlefield, Keeper.
do (South East Point)	Simon Dodge, Keeper.
do do	Willet H. Clark, 1st Asst. do.
do do	Charles E. Westcott, 2d Asst. do
do (Range Lights at breakwater)	Uriah B. Dodge, Keeper.
Great Salt Pond Breakwater Beacons and Fog Signal	do do
Whale Rock	Peter M. Peterson, Keeper.
do	Edward R. Curtis, Asst. do.
Gull Rocks	George H. Porter, Keeper.
Watch Hill (In Stonington District)	Julius B. Young, Keeper.
Sakonnet	Nils Nelson, Keeper.
do	Joseph Meyer, Asst. Keeper.
Hog Island Light Station	Adolph H. Aronson, Keeper.
do do	William H. Follett, Asst. Keeper.
Conanicut Light Station	Horace W. Arnold, Keeper.
Fort Adams Fog-Bell	Peter Conway, Keeper.
Gould Island Light and Fog-Signal	Edmund Taylor, Keeper.
Castle Hill	Frank W. Parmele, Keeper.
Borden Flats	Martin Thompson, Keeper.

NOTE.—These Light Houses are in the Third Light House District, in charge of The Light-House Inspector, Tomkinsville, N. Y. New appointments of Keepers and Assistant Keepers are made by the Secretary of the Department of Commerce and Labor, on nomination made by the Inspector, through the Light House Board, under Civil Service rules.

United States Life Saving Service.

THIRD DISTRICT.

(Comprising Coast of Rhode Island and Fisher's Island Stations.)

Herbert M. Knowles, Superintendent, Wakefield, R. I.

Bessie Emmett, Clerk.

Station.	*Keeper.*
Brenton's Point, Newport, R. I.	Chauncy C. Kenyon.
Narragansett Pier, Narragansett Pier, R. I.	Albert Church.
Point Judith, Point Judith, R. I.	Asa Church.
Quonocontaug, Quonocontaug, R. I.	Thomas T Saunders.
Watch Hill, Watch Hill, R. I.	Walter H. Davis.
Fishers Island, Fishers Island, N. Y.	Edward P. Sisson.
*Sandy Point, Block Island, R. I.	Simon R. Sands.
†New Shoreham, Block Island, R. I.	Amazon N. Littlefield.
‡Block Island, Block Island, R. I.	William Teal.

Brenton's Point, Narragansett Pier, Point Judith, Quonocontaug, Watch Hill, and Fishers Island Stations are in Section 1; Sandy Point, New Shoreham, and Block Island, are in Section 2.

Each station has a regular crew of six surfmen (except Fishers Island Station, where an additional man is employed, it being the only station on the island and having to depend upon its own efforts) from August first to June first (ten months) at $65.00 per month, and one additional man from December first to May first (five months) at $65.00 per month. Keeper's salary, $900 per year.

All employees of the Life Saving Service are now under the Civil Service. Approved by the President, May 6, 1896.

British Vice-Consul.

George A. Stockwell.....Providence.

*Sandy Point Station near light-house, north end.
†New Shoreham northwest of landing ⅛ mile.
‡Block Island west side of Island.

TOWN AND CITY VALUATIONS FOR 1904.

Valuation of ratable property in the several towns and cities, as returned by the Boards of Assessors thereof, 1904.

Town, City, and County.	Real Estate.	Personal Estate.	Total.	Rate of tax on each $100.
Barrington	$1,926,425	$798,486	$2,724,911	$1.06
Bristol	4,812,600	1,012,900	5,825,500	1.21
Warren	3,055,150	1,538,200	4,593,350	1.18
BRISTOL COUNTY	$9,794,175	$3,349,586	$13,143,761	
Coventry	$2,616,825	$1,340,950	$3,957,775	.50
East Greenwich	1,741,980	577,323	2,319,303	.90
West Greenwich	315,090	41,000	356,090	1.30
Warwick	12,768,216	6,036,536	18,804,752	.75
KENT COUNTY	$17,442,111	$7,995,809	$25,437,920	
Jamestown	$2,098,465	$491,168	$2,589,633	.90
Little Compton	996,170	441,700	1,437,870	.70
Middletown	2,383,625	663,700	3,047,325	.70
Newport	35,172,500	7,863,100	43,035,600	1.20
New Shoreham	719,600	175,600	895,200	1.50
Portsmouth	2,276,025	623,500	2,899,525	.60
Tiverton	2,080,381	953,350	3,033,731	.80
NEWPORT COUNTY	$45,726,766	$11,212,118	$56,938,884	
Burrillville	$2,998,500	$1,153,650	$4,152,150	1.00
Central Falls	7,199,465	1,498,200	8,697,665	1.50
Cranston	12,248,666	1,562,265	13,810,931	1.25
Cumberland	6,199,664	2,402,160	8,601,824	1.00
East Providence	8,478,191	966,375	9,444,566	1.40
Foster	389,165	113,700	502,865	1.50
Glocester	733,700	355,600	1,089,300	1.00
Johnston	2,033,025	485,200	2,518,225	1.30
Lincoln	3,688,771	1,028 550	4,717,321	1.10
North Providence	1,443,735	326,820	1,770,555	1.20
North Smithfield	1,509,415	460,750	1,970,165	.80
Pawtucket	31,657,540	6,003,840	37,661,380	1.65
Providence	164,632,920	43,350,700	207,983,620	1.65
Scituate	1,579,200	826,600	2,405,800	1.00
Smithfield	1,213,441	471,640	1,685,081	.88
Woonsocket	14,299,550	2,773,800	17,073,350	1.60
PROVIDENCE COUNTY	$260,304,948	$63,779,850	$324,084,798	
Charlestown	$756,050	$81,800	$837,850	.80
Exeter	461,610	83,550	545,160	1.00
Hopkinton	1,160,300	620,250	1,780,550	.60
Narragansett	3,511,230	187,200	3,698,430	.90
North Kingstown	3,216,513	1,116,850	4,333,363	.80
South Kingstown	3,134,240	2,065,930	5,200,170	.90
Richmond	932,950	286,010	1,218,960	1.00
Westerly	5,740,500	1,183,720	6,924,220	*1.50
WASHINGTON COUNTY	$18,913,393	$5,625,310	$24,538,703	
WHOLE STATE, 1903	$342,864,901	$90,568,709	$432,933,610	
" " 1904	352,181,393	91,962,673	444,144,066	
Increase	$9,816,492	$1,393,964	$11,210,456	

*Rate, 1903.

STATE VALUATION.

As established by Chapter 1214 of the Public Laws, passed May 26, 1893, (and Chapter 562 of the Public Laws, passed May 6, 1898, which affects Providence and Johnston), on which basis the State tax is collected. Rate of tax: eighteen cents on each one hundred dollars, payable one-half on or before June 15, and one-half on or before December 15, in each year.

Providence	$173,023,147 00
North Providence	1,205,185 00
East Providence	7,087,019 00
Pawtucket	26,892,726 00
Lincoln	3,788,216 00
Central Falls	6,766,934 00
Smithfield	1,774,300 00
North Smithfield	2,343,650 00
Woonsocket	13,215,860 00
Cumberland	7,503,171 00
Burrillville	3,272,406 00
Glocester	1,440,550 00
Foster	499,250 00
Scituate	2,427,200 00
Johnston	1,779,479 00
Cranston	9,360,150 00
Newport	34,347,300 00
Middletown	2,441,200 00
Portsmouth	2,215,000 00
Tiverton	2,359,897 00
Little Compton	1,404,490 00
Jamestown	2,023,125 00
New Shoreham	718,300 00
Warren	3,393,450 00
Bristol	4,836,300 00
Barrington	1,920,850 00
North Kingstown	3,987,475 00
South Kingstown	4,860,420 00
District of Narragansett	3,284,525 00
Charlestown	883,750 00
Westerly	5,724,970 00
Hopkinton	1,948,400 00
Richmond	1,396,200 00
Exeter	594,395 00
Warwick	12,561,520 00
Coventry	3,764,200 00
East Greenwich	2,190,891 00
West Greenwich	363,550 00
	$359,549,451 00

TOWN INDEBTEDNESS.

Indebtedness of the several cities and towns, with the amount of Sinking Funds, as returned by the Town Clerks.

Town or City.	Date, 1904.	Indebtedness.	Sinking Fund.
Barrington	October 29	$48,754 23	
Bristol	Febuary 1	195,692 01	$19,108 96
Burrillville	January 10	152,000 00	20,487 35
Central Falls	November 30	461,360 00	61,048 22
Charlestown	April 6	19,373 93	
Coventry	June 1	70,194 57	
Cranston	April 18	810,000 00	197,992 48
Cumberland	April 30	194,570 51	
East Greenwich	July 31	49,151 86	
East Providence	October 8	326,045 27	14,436 82
Exeter	March 31	11,504 00	
Foster	May 30	15,212 95	
Glocester	December 31, 1903.		
Hopkinton	May 16	19,009 91	
Jamestown	April 6	83,700 00	11,001 26
Johnston	April 1	200,628 85	73,426 06
Lincoln	February 27, 1905.	184,529 53	27,766 01
Little Compton	April 5	3,065 02	
Middletown	April 6	19,286 00	
Narragansett	April 30	183,132 67	3,177 69
Newport	January 2, 1905	1,227,000 00	242,929 56
New Shoreham	January 1	162,000 00	
North Kingstown	May 1	118,000 00	
North Providence	March 7	112,000 00	26,776 79
North Smithfield	April 30	25,773 36	
Pawtucket	September 30	5,214,736 91	1,145,248 26
Portsmouth	May 3	11,344 01	
Providence	October 1	18,231,834 38	4,759,128 59
Richmond	April 30	32,950 00	
Scituate	June 1	51,788 64	11,530 58
Smithfield	April 30	6,000 60	
South Kingstown	April 20	102,483 24	
Tiverton	April 12	18,802 79	
Warren	February 15	90,000 00	
Warwick	September 30	605,000 00	26,896 02
West Greenwich	June 6	5,864 90	
Westerly	May 2	429,445 57	47,342 08
Woonsocket	November 30	2,308,513 79	311,908 41
Aggregate		$31,795,743 90	$7,000,205 14
State Debt	January 1, 1905	$2,700,000 00	$317,135 88

LICENSE STATISTICS.

Licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors are issued pursuant to Chapter 102 of the General Laws.
(Towns not named below do not grant licenses.)

Town or City.	License Commissioners.	Annual Fees.		No. Licenses in effect Oct. 1, 1904.		Population, 1900.	Number of Population to Retail Licenses.
		Wholesale.	Retail.	Wholesale.	Retail.		
Bristol	Town Council	$600	$300	.....	20	6,901	345
Burrillville	Town Council	.....	300	.....	24	6,317	263
Central Falls	Edward A. Dwyer, Henri F. Marcoux, Henry A. Travers	500	350	1	61	18,167	298
Coventry	Town Council	.....	250	.....	9	5,279	586
Cranston	Town Council	500	300	4	12	13,343	1,112
Cumberland	Thomas F. Hughes, James M. Buckley, Frederick J. Sweers.	.....	300	.....	35	8,925	255
East Greenwich	Roland Fish, Joseph P. Taft, Arthur W. Laughlin	.....	300	.....	11	2,775	252
East Providence	Town Council	500	300	.....	14	12,138	867
Foster	Town Council	.....	200	.....	3	1,151	383
Glocester	Town Council	.....	200	.....	2	1,462	731
Johnston	Town Council	500	250	.....	19	4,305	221
Lincoln	John W. Hall, Luke Duxbury, Louis Goulet	500	300	.....	26	8,937	344
Narragansett	Town Council	.....	200	.....	11	1,506	137
Newport	Jere W. Horton, Frederick B. Coggeshall, John H. Wetherell.	500	350	8	78	22,034	283
North Providence	Town Council	500	250	2	16	3,016	188
North Smithfield	Town Council	.....	300	.....	5	2,422	484
Pawtucket	Bernard Keenan, Thomas Briden, Alton L. Pierce, Henry S. Cole, George H. Burroughs	500	350	7	122	39,231	321
Providence	Wm. H. Luther, Lewis J. Pierce, Harold J. Gross	1,000	400	46	500	175,597	351
Scituate	Town Council	.....	200	.....	7	3,361	480
Tiverton	Geo. C. Hambly, Harry W. Grinnell, Peleg D. Humphrey	.....	300	.....	17	2,977	175
Warren	Town Council	.....	300	.....	19	5,108	269
Warwick	Town Council	500	350	2	60	21,316	355
Woonsocket	Arthur C. Milot, Walter S Thayer, Benjamin Sampson, Eugene F. Howland, Zephir Sylvestre	500	350	6	90	28,204	313

Legal Holidays.

NEW YEAR'S DAY—January 1.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY—February 22.

ARBOR DAY—Second Friday in May.

MEMORIAL DAY—May 30.

INDEPENDENCE DAY—July 4.

LABOR DAY—First Monday in September.

ELECTION DAY—Tuesday after first Monday in November.

THANKSGIVING DAY—Last Thursday in November.

CHRISTMAS DAY—December 25.

TOTAL POPULATION OF RHODE ISLAND, FROM 1708 TO 1895.

TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	Settled or Incorp'ted.	1708.	1730.	1748.	1755.	1774.	1776.
Barrington	1770	.....	.....	.....	.....	601	538
Bristol	1747	.....	.....	1,069	1,080	1,209	1,067
Warren	1747	.....	.....	380	925	979	1,005
BRISTOL CO.	1747	.....	.....	1,749	2,005	2,789	2,610
Coventry	1741	.....	.....	792	1,178	2,023	2,200
East Greenwich	1677	240	1,223	1,044	1,167	1,663	1,664
West Greenwich	1741	.....	.....	766	1,246	1,764	1,653
Warwick	1643	480	1,178	1,782	1,911	2,438	2,376
KENT CO.	1750	720	2,401	4,384	5,502	7,888	7,993
Fall River	1856	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jamestown	1678	206	321	420	517	563	322
Little Compton	1747	.....	.....	1,152	1,170	1,242	1,302
Middletown	1743	.....	.....	680	778	881	860
Newport	1639	2,203	4,640	6,508	6,753	9,209	5,299
New Shoreham	1672	208	290	300	378	575	478
Portsmouth	1638	628	813	992	1,363	1,512	1,347
Tiverton	1747	.....	.....	1,040	1,325	1,956	2,091
NEWPORT CO.	1703	3,245	6,064	11,092	12,284	15,928	11,699
Burrillville	1806	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cranston	1754	.....	.....	.....	1,460	1,861	1,701
Cumberland	1747	.....	.....	806	1,083	1,756	1,686
East Providence	1862	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Foster	1781	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Glocester	1731	.....	.....	1,202	1,511	2,945	2,832
Johnston	1759	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,031	1,022
Lincoln	1871	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
North Providence	1765	.....	.....	.....	.....	880	813
North Smithfield	1871	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pawtucket	1862	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scituate	1731	.....	.....	1,232	1,813	3,601	3,289
Smithfield	1731	.....	.....	450	1,921	2,888	2,781
Woonsocket	1867	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
TOWNS, PROVIDENCE CO.	1703	.....	.....	3,690	7,788	14,912	14,124
PROVIDENCE CITY	1636	1,446	3,916	3,452	3,159	4,321	4,355
Charlestown	1738	.....	.....	1,002	1,130	1,821	1,835
Exeter	1743	.....	.....	1,174	1,404	1,864	1,982
Hopkinton	1757	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,808	1,845
North Kingstown	1674	1,200	2,105	1,935	2,109	2,472	2,761
South Kingstown	1723	.....	1,523	1,978	1,913	2,835	2,779
Richmond	1747	.....	.....	508	829	1,257	1,204
Westerly	1669	570	1,926	1,809	2,291	1,812	1,824
WASHINGTON CO.	1729	1,770	5,554	8,406	9,676	13,869	14,230
WHOLE STATE	1636	7,181	17,935	32,773	40,414	59,707	55,011

POPULATION OF RHODE ISLAND, FROM 1708 TO 1895.—Continued.

TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	1782.	1790.	1800.	1810.	1820.	1830.	1840.
Burrington	534	683	650	604	634	612	549
Bristol	1,032	1,406	1,678	2,693	3,197	3,034	3,490
Warren	905	1,122	1,473	1,775	1,806	1,800	2,437
BRISTOL CO	2,471	3,211	3,801	5,072	5,637	5,446	6,476
Coventry	2,107	2,477	2,423	2,928	3,139	3,851	3,433
East Greenwich	1,609	1,824	1,775	1,530	1,519	1,591	1,508
West Greenwich	1,698	2,054	1,757	1,619	1,927	1,817	1,415
Warwick	2,122	2,493	2,532	3,757	3,643	5,529	6,726
KENT CO	7,536	8,848	8,487	9,384	10,228	12,788	13,083
Fall River	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jamestown	344	507	501	504	448	415	365
Little Compton	1,341	1,542	1,577	1,553	1,550	1,378	1,327
Middletown	678	840	913	966	949	915	891
Newport	5,532	6,716	6,739	7,907	7,319	8,010	8,333
New Shoreham	478	682	714	722	955	1,185	1,069
Portsmouth	1,351	1,560	1 684	1,795	1,645	1,727	1,706
Tiverton	1,959	2,453	2,717	2,837	2,875	2,905	3,183
NEWPORT CO	11,683	14,300	14,845	16,294	15,771	16,535	16,874
Burrillville	.....	.....	.....	1,834	2,164	2,196	1,982
Cranston	1,594	1,877	1,644	2,161	2,227	2,652	2 901
Cumberland	1,548	1,964	2,056	2,110	2,653	3,657	5,225
East Providence	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Foster	1,763	2,268	2,457	2,613	2,900	2,672	2,181
Glocester	2,791	4,025	4,009	2,310	2,504	2,521	2,304
Johnston	996	1,320	1,346	1,516	1,542	2,115	2,477
Lincoln	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
North Providence	698	1,071	1,067	1,758	2,420	3,503	4,207
North Smithfield	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pawtucket	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scituate	1,635	2,315	2,523	2,568	2,834	3,993	4,090
Smithfield	2,217	3,171	3,120	3,828	4,678	6,857	9,534
Woonsocket	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
TOWNS, PROV. CO	13,242	18,011	18,240	20,798	23,969	30,184	24,901
PROVIDENCE CITY	4,312	6,380	7,614	10,071	11,767	16,836	23,172
Charlestown	1,523	2,022	1,454	1,174	1,160	1,284	923
Exeter	2,058	2,495	2,476	2,256	2,581	1,383	1,776
Hopkinton	1,735	2,462	2 276	1,774	1,821	1,777	1,726
North Kingstown	2,328	2,907	2,794	2,957	3,007	3,036	2,909
South Kingstown	2,675	4,131	3,438	3,560	3,723	3,663	3,717
Richmond	1,094	1,760	1,368	1,380	1,423	1,363	1,361
Westerly	1,744	2,298	2,329	1,911	1,972	1,915	1,912
WASHINGTON CO	13,157	18,075	16,135	14,962	15,687	15,421	14,324
WHOLE STATE	52,391	68,825	69,122	77,031	83,059	97,210	108,830

POPULATION OF RHODE ISLAND, FROM 1708 TO 1895.—Continued.

TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	1850.	1860.	1865.	1870.	1875.	1880.	1885.
Barrington	795	1,000	1,028	1,111	1,185	1,359	1,394
Bristol	4,616	5,271	4,649	5,302	5,829	6,028	5,737
Warren	3,103	2,636	2,792	3,008	4,005	4,007	4,209
BRISTOL CO.	8,514	8,907	8,469	9,421	11,019	11,394	11,340
Coventry	3,620	4,247	3,995	4,349	4,580	4,519	4,806
East Greenwich	2,358	2,882	2,400	2,660	3,120	2,887	2,659
West Greenwich	1,350	1,258	1,228	1,133	1,034	1,018	863
Warwick	7,740	8,916	7,696	10,453	11,614	12,164	13,286
KENT CO.	15,068	17,303	15,319	18,595	20,348	20,588	21,614
Fall River	.....	3,337	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jamestown	358	400	349	378	488	459	516
Little Compton	1,462	1,304	1,197	1,166	1,156	1,202	1,055
Middletown	830	1,012	1,019	971	1,074	1,139	1,166
New Shoreham	1,262	1,320	1,308	1,113	1,147	1,203	1,267
Portsmouth	1,833	2,048	2,153	2,003	1,893	1,979	2,008
Tiverton	4,699	1,927	1,973	1,898	2,101	2,505	2,702
TOWNS, NEWPORT CO.	10,444	11,388	7,999	7,529	7,859	8,487	8,714
NEWPORT CITY	9,563	10,508	12,688	12,521	14,028	15,693	19,566
Burrillville	3,538	4,140	4,861	4,674	5,249	5,714	5,126
Cranston	4,311	7,500	9,177	4,822	5,688	5,940	6,005
Cumberland	6,661	8,339	8,216	3 882	5,673	6,445	7,163
East Providence	.....	.....	2,172	2,668	4,336	5,056	6,816
Foster	1,932	1,935	1 873	1,630	1,543	1,552	1,397
Glocester	2,872	2,427	2.286	2,385	2,098	2,250	1,922
Johnston	2,937	3,440	3,436	4,192	4,999	5,765	7,274
Lincoln	.....	.....	.....	7,889	11,565	13,765	17,229
North Providence	7,680	11,818	14,553	20,495	1,303	1,467	1,478
North Smithfield	.....	.....	.....	3 052	2,797	3,088	3,077
Pawtucket	.....	.....	5,000	6,619	18,464	19,030	22,906
Scituate	4,582	4,251	3,538	3,84€	4,101	3,810	3,606
Smithfield	11,500	13,283	12,315	2,605	2,857	3.085	2,338
Woonsocket	.....	.....	.....	11,527	13,576	16,050	16,199
TOWNS, PROV. CO.	46,013	57,133	67,427	80,286	84,249	93,017	102,536
PROVIDENCE CITY	41,513	50,666	54,595	68,904	100,675	104,857	118,070
Charlestown	994	981	1,134	1,110	1,054	1,117	1,042
Exeter	1,634	1,741	1,498	1,462	1,355	1,310	1,086
Hopkinton	2,477	2,738	2,512	2,682	2,760	2,952	2,796
North Kingstown	2,971	3,104	3,166	3,568	3,505	3,949	3,894
South Kingstown	3,807	4,717	4,513	4,493	4,240	5,114	5,549
Richmond	1,784	1,964	1,830	2,064	1,739	1,949	1,744
Westerly	2,763	3,470	3,815	4,709	5,408	6,104	6,333
WASHINGTON CO.	16,430	18,715	18,468	20,097	20,061	22,495	22,444
WHOLE STATE	147,545	174,620	184,965	217,353	258,239	276,531	304,284

POPULATION OF RHODE ISLAND FROM 1890 TO 1900.

TOWNS AND CITIES OF THE STATE.	1890.	1895.	1900.
Barrington	1,461	1,668	1,135
Bristol	5,478	6,730	6,901
Warren	4,489	3,826	5,108
BRISTOL COUNTY	11,428	12,224	13,144
Coventry	5,068	5,065	5,279
East Greenwich	3,127	3,096	2,775
Warwick	17,761	21,168	21,316
West Greenwich	798	721	606
KENT COUNTY	26,754	30,050	29,976
Jamestown	707	813	1,498
Little Compton	1,128	1,112	1,132
Middletown	1,154	1,413	1,457
Newport	19,457	21,537	22,034
New Shoreham	1,320	1,300	1,396
Portsmouth	1,949	1,833	2,105
Tiverton	2,837	2,964	2,977
NEWPORT COUNTY	28,552	30,972	32,599
Burrillville	5,494	5,674	6,317
Central Falls	.....	15,828	18,167
Cranston	8,099	10,575	13,343
Cumberland	8,090	8,507	8,925
East Providence	8,422	10,170	12,138
Foster	1,252	1,190	1,151
Glocester	2,095	1,633	1,462
Johnston	9,778	11,203	9,305
Lincoln	20,355	8,350	8,937
North Providence	2,084	2,437	3,016
North Smithfield	3,173	2,826	2,422
Pawtucket	27,633	32,577	39,231
Providence	132,146	145,472	175,597
Scituate	3,174	3,529	3,361
Smithfield	2,500	2,337	2,107
Woonsocket	20,830	24,468	28,204
PROVIDENCE COUNTY	255,125	286,776	328,683
Charlestown	915	984	975
Exeter	964	917	841
Hopkinton	2,864	2,713	2,602
North Kingstown	4,913	4,417	1,523
Narragansett	1,408	1,250	1,506
South Kingstown	4,193	5,163	4,194
Richmond	1,669	1,656	4,972
Westerly	6,813	7,626	7,541
WASHINGTON COUNTY	23,649	24,736	24,154
WHOLE STATE	345,508	384,758	428,556

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CIVIL GOVERNMENT

OF

RHODE ISLAND.

JOINT RULES AND ORDERS,

AND

RULES AND ORDERS, COMMITTEES, ETC.,

OF THE

SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

FOR THE POLITICAL YEAR

1905.

POPULATION OF RHODE ISLAND FROM 1890 TO 1900.

TOWNS AND CITIES OF THE STATE.	1890.	1895.	1900.
Barrington	1,461	1,668	1,135
Bristol	5,478	6,730	6,901
Warren	4,489	3,826	5,108
BRISTOL COUNTY	11,428	12,224	13,144
Coventry	5,068	5,065	5,279
East Greenwich	3,127	3,096	2,775
Warwick	17,761	21,168	21,316
West Greenwich	798	721	606
KENT COUNTY	26,754	30,050	29,976
Jamestown	707	813	1,498
Little Compton	1,128	1,112	1,132
Middletown	1,154	1,413	1,457
Newport	19,457	21,537	22,084
New Shoreham	1,320	1,300	1,396
Portsmouth	1,949	1,838	2,105
Tiverton	2,837	2,964	2,977
NEWPORT COUNTY	28,552	30,972	32,599
Burrillville	5,494	5,674	6,317
Central Falls	.....	15,828	18,167
Cranston	8,099	10,575	13,343
Cumberland	8,090	8,507	8,925
East Providence	8,422	10,170	12,138
Foster	1,252	1,190	1,151
Glocester	2,095	1,633	1,462
Johnston	9,778	11,203	9,305
Lincoln	20,355	8,350	8,937
North Providence	2,084	2,437	3,016
North Smithfield	3,173	2,826	2,422
Pawtucket	27,633	32,577	39,231
Providence	132,146	145,472	175,597
Scituate	3,174	3,529	3,361
Smithfield	2,500	2,337	2,107
Woonsocket	20,830	24,468	28,204
PROVIDENCE COUNTY	255,125	286,776	328,683
Charlestown	915	984	975
Exeter	964	917	841
Hopkinton	2,864	2,713	2,602
North Kingstown	4,913	4,417	1,523
Narragansett	1,408	1,250	1,506
South Kingstown	4,193	5,163	4,194
Richmond	1,669	1,656	4,972
Westerly	6,813	7,626	7,541
WASHINGTON COUNTY	23,649	24,736	24,154
WHOLE STATE	345,508	384,758	428,556

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CIVIL GOVERNMENT

OF

RHODE ISLAND.

JOINT RULES AND ORDERS,

AND

RULES AND ORDERS, COMMITTEES, ETC.,

OF THE

SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

FOR THE POLITICAL YEAR

1905.

State Officers.

HIS EXCELLENCY

GEORGE H. UTTER,

OF WESTERLY,

GOVERNOR.

HIS HONOR

FREDERICK H. JACKSON,

OF PROVIDENCE,

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

CHARLES P. BENNETT,

OF PROVIDENCE,

SECRETARY OF STATE.

WILLIAM B. GREENOUGH,

OF PROVIDENCE,

ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

WALTER A. READ,

OF GLOCESTER,

GENERAL TREASURER.

Senate.

HIS EXCELLENCY

GEORGE H. UTTER,

GOVERNOR AND *ex-officio* PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE.

HIS HONOR

FREDERICK H. JACKSON,

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR AND *ex-officio* SENATOR.

SENATORS FROM THE SEVERAL TOWNS.

NEWPORT	*John H. Crosby.
PROVIDENCE	Elish Dyer.
PORTSMOUTH	Elbridge I. Stoddard.
WARWICK	Walter R. Stiness.
WESTERLY	Louis W. Arnold.
NEW SHOREHAM	Christopher E. Champlin.
NORTH KINGSTOWN	Joseph E. Smith.
SOUTH KINGSTOWN	Benjamin F. Robinson, Jr.
EAST GREENWICH	Thomas H. Galvin.
JAMESTOWN	William F. Caswell.
SMITHFIELD	Stephen H. Brown.
SCITUATE	Eugene L. Young.
GLOCESTER	Charles Potter.
CHARLESTOWN	John G. Wilcox.
WEST GREENWICH	Norman L. Capwell.
COVENTRY	Henry A. Sisson.
EXETER	John H. Edwards.
MIDDLETOWN	James R. Chase.

* Died February 19, 1905.

BRISTOL.....Harry H. Shepard.
TIVERTON.....George R. Lawton.
LITTLE COMPTON.....Philip H. Wilbour.
WARREN.....Thomas H. Connolly.
CUMBERLAND.....Thomas McKenna.
RICHMOND.....Whiting Metcalf.
CRANSTON.....Horace F. Horton.
HOPKINTON.....John S. Cole.
JOHNSTON.....Henry E. Nugent.
NORTH PROVIDENCE.....George W. Parrott.
BARRINGTON.....Herbert M. Gardiner.
FOSTER.....James L. Phillips.
BURRILLVILLE.....Andrew Luther.
EAST PROVIDENCE.....Henry F. Anthony.
PAWTUCKET.....Lyons Delany.
WOONSOCKET.....James E. Bradford.
NORTH SMITHFIELD.....Alphonso F. White.
LINCOLN.....Charles R. Easton.
CENTRAL FALLS.....John A. Remington.
NARRAGANSETT.....James A. Northup.

CHARLES P. BENNETT,

Secretary of State and *ex-officio* Secretary of the Senate.

DAVID J. WHITE, *Clerk.*

LESTER E. DODGE, *Engrossing Clerk.*

House of Representatives.

JOSEPH P. BURLINGAME,
OF WARWICK,
SPEAKER.

ARTHUR W. DENNIS,
OF PROVIDENCE,
DEPUTY SPEAKER.

REPRESENTATIVES FROM THE SEVERAL TOWNS.

NEWPORT	William P. Clarke.
	George E. Vernon.
	Horace N. Hassard.
	Robert S. Burlingame.
PROVIDENCE	Thomas E. Manney.
	William M. P. Bowen.
	Albert Roberts.
	George W. Estey.
	Jesse P. Eddy, Jr.
	Herbert W. Rice.
	Arthur W. Dennis.
	Henry C. Gorton.
	J. Fred Gibson.
	Christopher L. Holden.
	George L. Pierce.
	Waldo M. Place.
PORTSMOUTH	Henry C. Anthony.
WARWICK	Joseph P. Burlingame.
	M. J. E. Legris.
	J. Frank Woodmansee.
	Walter A. Bowen.

WESTERLY	Albert B. Crafts.
	Everett A. Codlin.
NEW SHOREHAM	William T. Dodge.
NORTH KINGSTOWN	George C. Cranston.
SOUTH KINGSTOWN	William T. Stedman.
EAST GREENWICH	Samuel W. K. Allen.
JAMESTOWN	Benjamin S. Cottrell.
SMITHFIELD	James Harris.
SCITUATE	Amasa S. Potter.
GLOCESTER	Lucius B. Steere.
CHARLESTOWN	George W. Hoxie.
WEST GREENWICH	Elmer J. Rathbun.
COVENTRY	George J. Andrews.
EXETER	Philip A. Money.
MIDDLETOWN	Charles H. Ward.
BRISTOL	William Fred Williams.
TIVERTON	William I. Frost.
LITTLE COMPTON	Roswell B. Burchard.
WARREN	Samuel L. Peck.
CUMBERLAND	James Y. Caldwell.
	Thomas J. Gurry.
RICHMOND	Joseph E. Lanphear.
CRANSTON	Zenas W. Bliss.
	Henry A. Palmer.
HOPKINTON	Clarence D. Wood.
JOHNSTON	John Walch.
NORTH PROVIDENCE	John E. McKenna.
BARRINGTON	John F. Richmond.
FOSTER	Earl P. Blanchard.
BURRILLVILLE	Euclide C. Gauvin.
EAST PROVIDENCE	Stephen S. Rich.
	Benjamin Martin.
PAWTUCKET	Andrew D. Ross.
	William H. Heimer.
	Daniel W. Bullock.
	Giles W. Easterbrooks.
	John B. S. Brazeau.
	Thomas J. Gaddes.
	John J. Fitzgerald.

WOONSOCKET	John North.
	Oscar A. Bennett.
	Charles C. Gauvin.
	Latimer Willis Ballou.
	Elphege J. Daignault.
NORTH SMITHFIELD	Herbert L. Carpenter.
LINCOLN	Louis L. Mailhot.
	John Veitch.
CENTRAL FALLS	J. Stephen Dolan.
	Fred E. Newell.
	James F. Murphy.
NARRAGANSETT	Henry B. Kane.

RAYMOND G. MOWRY, *Reading Clerk.*

CHARLES H. HOWLAND, *Recording Clerk.*

LESTER E. DODGE, *Engrossing Clerk.*

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND
HOPE

1905.

Officers and Members

OF THE

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Names of Members Alphabetically Arranged, with their Post-Office Address.

SENATE.

His Excellency, GEORGE H. UTTER, Governor, Westerly.

His Honor, FREDERICK H. JACKSON, Lieutenant-Governor, Providence.

SENATORS.

Henry F. Anthony.....East Providence.
Louis W. Arnold.....Westerly.
James E. Bradford.....Woonsocket.
Stephen H. Brown.....Greenville.
Norman L. Capwell.....Summit.
William F. Caswell.....Jamestown.
Christopher E. Champlin.409 Butler Exchange, Providence.
James R. Chase.....Newport.
Thomas H. Connolly.....Warren.
John S. Cole.....Hopkinton.
John H. Crosby.....Newport.
Lyons Delany.....Pawtucket.

Elisha Dyer.....Providence.
Charles R. Easton.....75 Westminster St., Providence.
John H. Edwards.....Exeter.
Thomas H. Galvin.....East Greenwich.
Herbert M. Gardiner.....Barrington.
Horace F. Horton.....87 Weybosset St., Providence.
George R. Lawton.....Tiverton.
Andrew Luther.....Bridgeton.
Thomas McKenna.....Valley Falls.
Whiting Metcalf.....Carolina.
James A. Northup.....Narragansett Pier.
Henry E. Nugent.....Centredale.
George W. Parrott.....P. O. Box 813, Providence.
James L. Phillips.....Foster Centre.
Charles Potter.....Chepachet.
John A. Remington.....Central Falls.
Benjamin F. Robinson, Jr.....Wakefield.
Harry H. Shepard.....Bristol.
Henry A. Sisson.....Summit.
Joseph E. Smith.....Wickford.
Walter R. Stiness.....910 Banigan Building, Providence.
Elbridge I. Stoddard.....Bristol Ferry.
Alphonso F. White.....Forestdale.
Philip H. Wilbour.....Little Compton.
John G. Wilcox.....Quonocontaug.
Eugene L. Young.....Hope.

Charles P. Bennett, *Secretary*.....Providence.
David J. White, *Clerk*.....Pawtucket.
Lester E. Dodge, *Engrossing Clerk*.....Providence.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Speaker, JOSEPH P. BURLINGAME, P. O. Box 930, Providence.

Deputy Speaker, Arthur W. Dennis, Providence.

Samuel W. K. Allen.....East Greenwich.
George J. Andrews.....Washington.
Henry C. Anthony.....Portsmouth.

Latimer Willis Ballou.....Woonsocket.
Oscar A. Bennett.....Woonsocket.
Earl P. Blanchard.....Moosup Valley.
Zenas W. Bliss.....P. O. Box 1545, Providence.
Walter A. Bowen.....Riverpoint.
William M. P. Bowen.....Providence.
John B. S. Brazeau.....Pawtucket.
Daniel W. Bullock.....Pawtucket.
Roswell B. Burchard.....Little Compton.
Robert S. Burlingame.....Newport.
James Y. Caldwell.....Ashton.
Herbert L. Carpenter.....Woonsocket.
William P. Clarke.....Newport.
Everett A. Codlin.....Westerly.
Benjamin S. Cottrell.....Jamestown.
Albert B. Crafts.....Westerly.
George C. Cranston.....Lafayette.
Elphege J. Daignault.....Woonsocket.
William T. Dodge.....Block Island.
J. Stephen Dolan.....Central Falls.
Giles W. Easterbrooks.....Pawtucket.
Jesse P. Eddy, Jr.....Providence.
George W. Estey.....Providence.
John J. Fitzgerald.....Pawtucket.
William I. Frost.....Tiverton.
Thomas J. Gaddes.....Pawtucket.
Charles C. Gauvin.....Woonsocket.
Euclide C. Gauvin.....Harrisville.
J. Fred Gibson.....Providence.
Henry C. Gorton.....Providence.
Thomas J. Gurry.....Valley Falls.
James Harris.....49 Westminster street, Providence.
Horace N. Hassard.....Newport.
William H. Heimer.....Pawtucket.
Christopher L. Holden.....Providence.
George W. Hoxie.....Shannock.
Henry B. Kane.....Narragansett Pier.
Joseph E. Lanphear.....Kenyon.
M. Joseph E. Legris.....Arctic.
Louis L. Mailhot.....Manville.

Thomas E. Manney ..... Providence.
Benjamin Martin..... 23 Martin St., East Providence.
John E. McKenna..... Centredale.
Philip A. Money..... Slocum.
James F. Murphy..... Central Falls.
Fred E. Newell..... Central Falls.
John North..... Woonsocket.
Henry A. Palmer..... 42 Westminster St., Providence.
Samuel L. Peck..... Warren.
George L. Pierce..... Providence,
Waldo M. Place..... Providence.
Amasa S. Potter..... North Scituate.
Elmer J. Rathbun..... 49 Westminster St., Providence.
Herbert W. Rice..... Providence.
Stephen S. Rich..... East Providence.
John F. Richmond..... Drownville.
Albert Roberts..... Providence.
Andrew D. Ross..... Pawtucket.
William T. Stedman..... Peace Dale.
Lucius B. Steere..... Greenville.
John Veitch..... Lonsdale.
George E. Vernon..... Newport.
John Walch..... Thornton.
Charles H. Ward..... Newport.
William Fred Williams..... Bristol.
Clarence D. Wood..... Hope Valley.
J. Frank Woodmansee.... 49 Exchange Place, Providence

Raymond G. Mowry, *Clerk*..... Providence.
Charles H. Howland, *Recording Clerk*..... Pawtucket.
Lester E. Dodge, *Engrossing Clerk*..... Providence.

Joint Rules and Orders.

ADOPTED JANUARY, A. D. 1905.

1. The following Joint Standing Committees of both houses shall be appointed at the commencement of the January session, viz.:

A Committee on Accounts and Claims.
A Committee on Sales of Real Estate.
A Committee on Executive Communications.
A Committee on Engrossed Acts.
A Committee on Printing.
A Committee on Rules and Orders.
A Committee on Public Health.

2. Each Joint Standing Committee shall consist of five members of the house and three members of the senate.

3. It shall be the duty of the Joint Committee on Accounts and Claims to consider all such accounts and petitions in relation to claims and demands against the state as may be referred to them, and to report their opinion thereon and such propositions relative thereto as may seem to them expedient.

4. It shall be the duty of the Joint Committee on Sales of Real Estate to consider all petitions in relation to the sale of real estate which may be referred to them, and to report their opinion thereon and such propositions relative thereto as may seem to them expedient.

5. It shall be the duty of the Joint Committee on Executive Communications to consider all communications from the federal government, from the states, and from the government of this state, and all such other matters as may be

referred to them by either house, and to report their opinion thereon and such propositions relative thereto as may seem to them expedient.

6. It shall be the duty of the Joint Committee on Engrossed Acts to cause all acts and bills referred to them to be fairly engrossed on at least one sheet of paper, without interlineation or erasure, with a margin of not less than one inch on each side, and carefully compare the engrossed copy with the act or bill referred to them, and if truly and rightly engrossed, shall report the engrossed, together with the original, act or bill to the house which shall have referred the same to them.

7. The committee shall keep a record of the titles of all the acts and bills which they shall cause to be engrossed, and lodge the same in the office of the secretary of state.

8. The engrossed acts and bills which shall be reported to the senate, and passed by them, shall be certified by the secretary of state; and those reported to the house of representatives, and passed by them, shall be certified by the speaker of the house.

9. Before any act or bill shall be finally passed in concurrence by either house, it shall be referred to the Committee on Engrossed Acts, and when reported by them as having been properly engrossed, shall be recommitted or put upon its passage without amendment.

10. All bills and resolutions finally passed by either house shall be communicated by message to the other house.

11. Neither house shall entertain any petition the subject of which is within the jurisdiction of any court in this state.

12. Every bill or resolution presented to either house shall be plainly written with ink upon a full sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the sections, with a full title and proper endorsement; and if an amendment to a public act, it shall in addition to its title name the number of the chapter to which it refers.

13. When a message shall be sent from the senate to the house of representatives, it shall be announced at the door of the house by the sheriff, and again, when the messenger comes within the bar of the house, by the speaker or presiding officer of the house; when all business shall be suspended until the message shall be received and answered, if any answer be necessary, and the message shall be respectfully communicated to the chair by the person by whom it may be sent.

14. The same ceremony shall be observed when a message shall be sent by the house of representatives to the senate.

15. All summons for the attendance of witnesses before either house of the general assembly, or before any special or standing committee of either or both houses thereof (authorized to send for persons or papers), shall be signed by the presiding officer of the house before which such witness may be required to attend, or the presiding officer of the house in which the committee originated; or, if before joint committee, by the presiding officer of the house where the authority to send for persons and papers originated.

16. When any summons shall be issued to any witness to attend upon either house of the general assembly, or before any committee of either or both houses thereof, it may be served by any officer in attendance upon the general assembly, by reading the same to the person to whom it is directed, in his presence and hearing, or by giving to or tendering him an attested copy thereof.

17. Any witness, summoned as aforesaid, attending upon either house of the general assembly, or before any committee of either or both houses thereof authorized to send for persons and papers, shall be entitled to receive the like fees for travel and attendance allowed witnesses attending the supreme court to testify in behalf of the state in criminal cases; to be paid out of the general treasury, upon the order of the presiding officer of the house or committee before which such witnesses shall have attended in obedience to summons issued or served as aforesaid.

18. It shall be the duty of any committee before which any witness shall have been summoned to testify in manner aforesaid, and who shall have neglected or refused to testify or to produce books or papers, if he shall in such summons have been requested to produce books or papers, as soon as shall be practicable after such neglect or refusal, to report the same to the house in which such committee originated; or, if a joint committee, to the house before which the authority originated for the committee to send for persons and papers, to the end that the house may issue an attachment to punish the contempt by the witness of the authority of such house.

19. All attachments for contempt of the authority of either or of both houses of the general assembly shall be directed to the sheriff, or his deputies, of the county in which the general assembly shall be in session, and may by such sheriffs or deputies be served in any county within the state.

20. The joint committees of the two houses, excepting the joint committee on engrossed acts, may report by bill, resolve, or otherwise, to either house at their discretion; and all bills or resolves reported by them shall be written in a fair, legible hand, without interlineation, on not less than a sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the several sections or resolves, and have a full and clear title, with a proper endorsement.

21. Reports of joint committees may be recommitted to the same committees at the pleasure of the house first acting thereon, without asking the concurrence of the other branch, and bills or resolves which have been previously acted on in one branch may be recommitted by the other without a concurrent vote, except when recommitted with instructions: *Provided*, that after such recommitment reports shall in all cases be made to the branch which shall have ordered such recommitment.

22. When an agreement has been made by the two houses to meet in grand committee, such agreement shall not be annulled or altered except by concurrent vote.

23. No business shall be entered upon in grand committee other than that named in the invitation to meet in grand committee.

24. Whenever any petition, act, or bill, or the further consideration of any matter, is continued by either house to the next session of the general assembly, with or without order of notice, such action thereon shall not be communicated to the other house.

25. In order to preserve uniformity in the official papers and ensure accuracy, all petitions, acts, and resolutions presented to the general assembly shall, as far as possible, be written upon paper of a uniform size and style, which shall be furnished by the secretary of state and the clerks of the two houses.

26. The joint committees of the two houses, and the standing and select committees of each house, may in their discretion order the printing of any petition, bill, or other paper referred to them; and all said committees may report in print.

27. Whenever the two houses meet in grand committee for the election of any person to any position, the vote shall be taken by ballot upon the request of ten members of the grand committee.

28. No bill, act, or resolution shall be considered by the general assembly except by unanimous consent of the house in which such act, bill, or resolution is introduced, unless the same shall have been presented at least ten days before the date fixed for final adjournment, and reported from a committee or placed upon the calendar at least five days before the date fixed for final adjournment.

Rules of the Senate.

ADOPTED JANUARY 7, A. D. 1905.

1. The president shall take the chair every day at the hour to which the senate shall have adjourned, and call the members to order.

2. He shall preserve decorum and order. He may speak to points of order, in preference to the members; and shall decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the senate. He shall declare all votes.

3. He shall rise to put a question, but may state it or read a paper sitting. The question shall be first put by yeas and nays. If the president doubt, or any member request it, the senate shall divide. The roll of the senate shall be called upon any question, at the request of one-fifth of the members present. In naming sums or numbers, and fixing times, the largest sum or longest time shall be put first.

4. Any motion shall be reduced to writing if the president so direct, or at the request of any member. All committees shall be appointed by the president.

5. When a message is received from the house of representatives, communicating any papers, the president shall at once read the titles or state the substance of the papers communicated to the senate.

6. The secretary of the senate shall, at the commencement of the morning session of each day, read the proceedings of the previous day.

7. The standing committees of the senate shall next be called upon for their reports in the following order, viz.: on judiciary, on corporations, on finance, on education, on special legislation, on rules and orders, on state property, on militia, on elections, on charities and corrections, on fisheries, on agriculture, on pardons; joint committees on executive communications, on accounts and claims, on printing, on rules and orders, on engrossed acts, on public health, on real estate.

8. After the reports of committees have been received, the order of business shall be as follows:

1. Motions to reconsider.
2. Introduction and reference of new business.
3. Unfinished business in which the senate was engaged at the time of last adjournment.
4. Special orders.
5. Calendar.

9. There shall be a calendar kept by the secretary, upon which he shall place the bills and resolutions (including substitutes) reported by all committees (except the committee on engrossed acts), and all other matters ordered placed thereon by the senate, and such calendar shall clearly indicate the subject-matter of every bill and resolution placed thereon. Matters on the calendar shall be arranged by the secretary in the order in which they are reported or referred thereto. Such calendar shall be posted in the chamber of the senate and shall be printed and distributed to the members daily.

10. No bill or resolution shall be passed or concurred in without two readings, nor shall any bill or resolution be read a second time the same day without a special order of the senate. The first reading shall take place upon the introduction of the bill or resolution, and the second after it has been placed upon the calendar, and no bill or resolution shall be considered upon its merits until after it has been printed and distributed to the members at least one day previous to such consideration. No matter of business on

the calendar shall be considered upon its merits until after it has been on such calendar at least one day.

11. When any member is about to speak in debate, or deliver any matter to the senate, he shall rise from his seat, and respectfully address himself to "Mr. President," and the presiding officer shall recognize the member who shall first address him. He shall not be interrupted while speaking except by a call to order. If called to order he shall immediately sit down, unless permitted by the senate to proceed, which shall be determined upon motion without debate.

12. In all cases the member who shall first arise and address the president shall speak first. When two or more arise at once, the president shall name the member who is to speak first. No member shall speak more than once on the same question without leave of the senate (which shall be determined without debate) until the other members who have not spoken shall speak if they so desire.

13. Every member present shall vote unless excused, but no member shall vote on any question of private property in which he is interested. No member who is absent when a question is put shall be allowed to record his vote afterwards, except by leave of the senate; and in deciding the question of granting leave he shall not vote. No motion shall be debated until it has been seconded. A motion may be withdrawn by the mover at any time before a decision or a motion to amend, except a motion to reconsider, which shall not be withdrawn after the time has elapsed within which it could be originally made.

14. When the yeas and nays are ordered the names of the members shall be called alphabetically; and each member shall, without debate, declare his assent or dissent to the question, unless excused by the senate; and no member shall be permitted to vote after the decision shall have been announced by the president, but may for sufficient reasons, with unanimous consent, change or withdraw his vote.

15. When a member declines to vote on call of his name,

he shall be required to assign his reasons therefor, and, having assigned them, the president shall submit the question to the senate, "Shall the senator, for the reasons assigned by him, be excused from voting?" which shall be decided without debate; and these proceedings shall be had after the roll-call and before the result is announced, and any further proceedings in reference thereto shall be after such announcement.

16. When a question is under debate no motion shall be received except to adjourn, for the previous question, to fix a time for closing debate, to take a recess, to lay on the table, to postpone indefinitely, to postpone to a day certain, to commit, or to amend, which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they are here arranged.

17. When a time for the meeting of the senate shall have been previously fixed, a motion to adjourn shall be always in order, except as provided in rule 18, and that motion, the motions for the previous question, to lay on the table, to take from the table, to take a recess, and for the yeas and nays shall be decided without debate.

18. There shall be a motion for the previous question, which shall not be debatable, and which may be asked and ordered upon any bill or section thereof, amendment, motion, resolution, or question which is debatable, any of which shall be considered as the main question for the purpose of applying the previous question. All incidental questions of order arising after a motion for the previous question has been made, and before the vote has been taken on the main question, shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise, without debate.

When the previous question has been ordered, a motion to reconsider such vote shall not be in order, and no motion to adjourn while a quorum is present shall be entertained between the taking of such vote and the taking of the vote on the main question, but ten minutes shall be allowed for further debate upon the main question, during which no member shall speak more than three minutes, and a further period of ten minutes, if desired, shall be allowed for debate to the member introducing the bill or question to be

acted upon, or to the member or members to whom he may yield the floor, at the close of which time, or at the close of the first ten minutes, in case the introducer does not desire to so use his time, the vote on the main question shall be taken. If incidental questions of order are raised after the previous question has been ordered, the time occupied in deciding such questions shall be deducted from the time allowed for debate.

19. When an amendment proposed to any pending measure is laid on the table, it shall not carry with it, or prejudice, such measure.

20. A question that is susceptible of division shall, at the request of any member, be divided and put separately upon the propositions of which it is compounded. Any bill of more than one section shall be passed upon by sections, at the request of any member.

21. No motion or proposition of a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment.

22. When any vote is passed any senator voting with the prevailing side may move to reconsider it on the same or next day of the same session; and when a motion for reconsideration is decided it shall not be reconsidered.

23. All questions relating to priority of business to be acted upon shall be decided without debate.

24. If the reading of any printed or written paper be objected to, it shall be determined by a vote of the senate.

25. Bills, resolves, and other papers in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration, shall, unless otherwise ordered, remain in the possession of the clerk until the right of reconsideration has expired: *Provided*, that the operation of this rule shall be suspended during the last week of the session.

26. It shall be the duty of each of the standing committees to take into consideration all such petitions, resolves, acts, bills, matters or things as may be referred to them by the senate, and to report from time to time their

opinion thereon, and such propositions relative thereto as to them shall seem expedient, with power to report by bill or otherwise.

27. The senate may, from time to time, elect select committees, upon such subjects as it may deem proper. A committee may from time to time be elected to examine the journal of the senate and see that its proceedings are properly, correctly, and legibly recorded.

28. All committees may choose their own chairman, but if, upon their organization, a chairman is not chosen, the person first named shall be chairman. Select committees shall consist of three members, unless otherwise specially ordered. Motions to refer shall take precedence in the following order, viz.: to a standing committee of the senate; to a select committee of the senate; to a joint standing committee; to a joint select committee.

29. Any vacancy occurring in the membership of any of the committees of the senate shall be filled by the president.

30. No act reported by or forwarded on the recommendation of a joint committee of the two houses shall be in order for concurrence by the senate if it shall appear that the members of such joint committee on the part of the senate, if in attendance on the general assembly, shall not have been notified or present when the subject was acted on by said committee.

31. No report shall be acted on in the senate from any joint committee, unless subscribed by a senator who is a member of said committee.

32. Whenever any bill, vote, or resolution shall come up to the senate for concurrence, and be concurred in without amendments, or non-concurred with, the secretary or clerk shall announce the concurrence or non-concurrence to the other house, with the title of the bill or paper; but the original bill, vote, or resolution concurred in by the senate without amendments, *or non-concurred with*, shall not be transmitted to the other house.

33. Hereafter no petition for any act of incorporation, or act amending or altering any such act of incorporation, shall, unless otherwise ordered, be finally acted on by the senate, unless fifty copies of the form of the act proposed shall have been presented to the clerk of the senate for distribution to the members of the senate at least one day before such petition is called up and acted upon as aforesaid.

34. Every appointment or removal by the governor which requires the advice and consent of the senate, and every recommendation for the pardon of a criminal, shall lie on the table one legislative day and until otherwise ordered before being acted upon.

35. Whenever the word day is used in these Rules and Orders, it is intended and shall be construed to mean legislative day of the same session.

36. When there shall not be a quorum of the senate present, any seven members shall be authorized (by a majority) to compel the attendance of the absent senators, at the expense of such absent senators, in the mode provided in the constitution or by law.

37. None of the foregoing rules shall be dispensed with unless by a vote of two-thirds of the members voting; but any rule may be rescinded, after one day's notice, by a majority of the members voting.

38. No persons shall be admitted to the floor of the senate while in session, except as follows:

Ex-governors of the state.
Judges of the supreme court.
Ex-senators and senators elect.
Members, members elect, and ex-members of the house of representatives.
Officers and employees of the senate and house of representatives.
Clerks of the senate and house committees.
The librarian of the state library.
General officers of the state.

Such representatives of the public press and other persons as may be permitted by the clerk of the senate, under such regulations as he may prescribe.

It shall be the duty of the sheriff, or his deputies in attendance on the senate, to see that this rule is enforced.

39. No bill, act, or resolution shall be considered or acted upon by the senate, if objection is made, unless the same has been considered by and reported from a committee thereof; and no bill, act, or resolution shall be taken or called from any such committee, or the committee discharged from the consideration thereof, except by a two-thirds vote of all the members elected to the senate.

No motion to suspend this rule shall be in order, nor shall the presiding officer entertain any request to suspend it by unanimous consent.

Rules of the House of Representatives.

FIRST—OF THE SPEAKER.

1. He shall take the chair each day precisely at the hour to which the house shall have adjourned, immediately call the members to order; and, if a quorum be present, proceed to business.

2. He shall preserve order and decorum. He may speak as other members on general questions, when he shall call some other member to the chair. He shall decide all questions of order subject to appeal to the house. On every appeal he shall have the right in his place to assign his reasons for his decision.

3. He shall propound all questions in the order in which they are moved, unless the subsequent motion be previous in its nature, except that in naming sums and fixing times the largest sum and the longest time shall be put first. He shall rise to put a question, but may state it or read a paper sitting. Questions shall be distinctly put in this form, to wit: "Gentlemen in the affirmative will say Aye," and after the affirmative voice is expressed, "Gentlemen in the negative will say No." If the speaker doubts, or a division be called for, the house shall divide. He shall declare all votes.

4. He shall appoint all committees.

5. He shall appoint one door-keeper and two assistant door-keepers, and eight pages, prescribe their duties, and may remove any or all of them at his pleasure.

6. He may vote on all questions. In case of a tie vote the question shall be lost.

7. He may appoint a member as deputy speaker who shall preside over the sessions of the house during the absence of the speaker from the chair. In case of a vacancy in the office of both speaker and deputy speaker, or in case both officers are absent at the hour to which the house stands adjourned, the reading clerk, or in his absence the recording clerk, shall call the house to order and shall preside until a speaker *pro tempore* or a speaker, as the case may require, is elected by ballot.

8. Whenever any message is received from the senate communicating any paper or announcing any concurrence, the business in which the house is engaged shall be suspended, and the speaker shall, at the request of any member, immediately read to the house the title, or state the substance, of the paper communicated, or announce such concurrence, after which the business which has been so interrupted shall be resumed, and the paper communicated shall be deemed to be in the possession of the house for its action.

SECONDLY—OF THE ORDER OF BUSINESS.

9. At the commencement of each day's session the roll shall be called, and if a quorum be present, the recording clerk shall read the journal of the previous day. After the approval of the journal the order of business shall be as follows :

1. Reports of standing committees.
2. Reports of select committees.
3. Introduction and reference of new business.
4. Unfinished business in which the house was engaged at time of last adjournment.
5. Special orders.
6. Communications from the senate.
7. Calendar.

10. There shall be a calendar kept by the reading clerk which shall consist of the bills and resolutions (including

substitutes) reported by all committees, except the committee on engrossed acts, and all other matters ordered placed thereon by the house. Matters on the calendar shall be arranged by said clerk in the order in which they are reported or referred thereto, and shall be considered in the same order. Such calendar shall be posted in the chamber of the house, and shall be printed and distributed to the members daily.

THIRDLY—OF DECORUM AND DEBATE.

11. When any member is about to speak in debate, or to deliver any matter to the house, he shall rise from his seat and respectfully address himself to "Mr. Speaker," and shall not proceed until he has been recognized.

12. When two or more members rise at the same time, the speaker shall name the member who is to speak first.

13. No member shall speak more than twice to the same question without the leave of the house, nor more than once until every member choosing to speak shall have spoken.

14. If any member, in speaking or otherwise, transgress any rule of the house, the speaker shall, or any member may, call him to order, in which case the member so called to order shall immediately sit down, unless permitted by the speaker to explain; and the house shall, if appealed to, decide on the case, but without debate.

15. While the speaker is putting any question, or addressing the house, or when a member is speaking, none shall entertain private discourse nor walk between the member who is addressing the speaker and the chair.

16. When a motion is made and seconded, it shall be stated by the speaker, or, being in writing, shall be handed to the speaker, and read by the clerk, before debate. Any motion shall be reduced to writing before debate, whenever the speaker or any member shall so request,

17. A question that is susceptible of division shall, at the request of any member, be divided and put separately upon the propositions of which it is compounded, but a motion to strike out and substitute shall not be divided.

18. Any bill of more than one section shall be passed upon by sections, at the request of any member.

19. After a motion is stated by the speaker, or read by the clerk, it shall be deemed to be in possession of the house; but any motion may be withdrawn by the mover at any time before a decision or amendment, except a motion to reconsider, which shall not be withdrawn after the time has elapsed within which it might originally have been made.

20. No motion or proposition of a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment.

21. When a question is under debate no motion shall be received, except to adjourn, for the previous question, to take a recess, to lay on the table, to fix a time for closing debate, to postpone indefinitely, to postpone to a day certain, to commit, or to amend, which several questions shall have precedence in the order in which they are here arranged.

22. Motions to commit shall have precedence in the following order: To a standing committee of the house, to a select committee of the house, to a joint standing committee, to a joint select committee.

23. When a time for the meeting of the house shall have been previously fixed upon, a motion to adjourn shall be always in order, except as provided in rule 51, and that motion, the motions to lay on the table, to take from the table, for the previous question, to take a recess, and for the yeas and nays, shall be decided without debate.

24. No member shall vote on any question of private property in the event of which he is immediately and particularly interested.

25. No member shall speak or vote, unless within the bar of the house. Every member (except as provided in rule 6) who shall be in the house when the question is put shall give his vote, unless the house for special reason shall excuse him.

26. The yeas and nays of the members on any question

shall be called at the request of one-fifth of the members present, and when called shall be placed on the journals of the house. (See article 4, section 8, of the constitution.)

27. Upon calling the house and taking the yeas and nays on any question, the names of the members shall be called alphabetically.

FOURTHLY—OF COMMITTEES.

28. The following standing committees shall be appointed at the commencement of the session, viz.:

A Committee on Judiciary.
A Committee on Special Legislation.
A Committee on Finance.
A Committee on Corporations.
A Committee on Education.
A Committee on Rules and Orders.
A Committee on Militia.
A Committee on Charities and Corrections.
A Committee on Fisheries.
A Committee on Elections.
A Committee on Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.
A Committee on State Property.
A Committee on Public Institutions.

The Committees on Judiciary, Special Legislation, Finance, Corporations, Education, Rules and Orders, and Militia shall consist of seven members each; and the remainder of said committees shall consist of five members each.

29. Select committees shall consist of three members, unless otherwise ordered by the house.

30. It shall be the duty of the Committee on Finance to take into consideration all reports of the general treasurer, and all propositions relative to the revenue, to inquire into the state of the public debt, or of the revenue and the expenditures, and to report from time to time their opinion thereon and such propositions relative thereto as to them shall seem expedient.

31. It shall be the duty of the Committee on Special Legislation to take into consideration all such petitions, resolves, acts, bills, matters or things as relate to constitutional amendments, the liquor laws, labor legislation, woman's suffrage, and such other matters as may be referred to them by the house.

32. It shall be the duty of the Committee on Public Institutions to take into consideration all reports of the officers of the public institutions, except as provided in rule 33, and report from time to time their opinion and such recommendations relative thereto as to them shall seem expedient.

33. It shall be the duty of the Committee on Charities and Corrections to take into consideration all such reports of the State Board of Charities and Corrections as shall from time to time be made to the house, and also to visit and inquire into the general management of all such institutions of the state, penal and correctional, and report from time to time their opinion and such propositions relative thereto as to them shall seem expedient.

34. All proposed action touching the Rules of the House shall be referred to the Committee on Rules and Orders.

35. The standing committees shall take into consideration all such petitions, resolves, acts, bills, matter or things as may be referred to them by the house, with power to report by bill or otherwise.

36. All committees, whether standing or select, may choose their own chairman. If no chairman is chosen, the person first named shall be chairman.

FIFTHLY—OF BILLS AND PETITIONS.

37. No bill or resolution shall be passed or concurred in without two readings, nor shall such bill or resolution be read a second time the same day without a special order of the house. The first reading shall take place upon the introduction thereof, and the second after being placed upon

the calendar, and no bill or resolution shall be considered upon its merits until after it has been printed and distributed to the members at least one day previous to such consideration.

38. No matter of business on the calendar shall be considered upon its merits until after it has been on such calendar at least one day.

39. No bill or resolution of a private nature shall be placed upon the calendar until after one hundred printed copies of the form proposed thereof shall have been presented to the reading clerk for distribution.

40. No petition shall be received unless the object thereof, and the name of the petitioner or one of the petitioners, be endorsed on the back of the same.

41. Counsel may be heard on petitions of a private nature, and in all matters affecting private rights, before the committee to whom such matters may be referred, and not before the house.

SIXTHLY—OF ADMISSION TO THE FLOOR.

42. The following persons shall be entitled to admission to the floor of the house during the session thereof. The governor, the lieutenant-governor, the secretary of state, the attorney-general, the general treasurer, the state auditor, and members of the senate. Ex-governors, ex-speakers of the house, and the authorized representatives of the press, as provided in the rule next following, and such other persons as shall be admitted to the floor by the speaker.

43. Authorized representatives of the public press may be admitted by the speaker to the floor of the house and assigned seats, under such regulations as he may from time to time prescribe. Such representatives as shall be admitted shall have no privilege upon the floor other than to pass to and from the seats assigned to them.

SEVENTHLY—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

44. When any vote is passed any member of the majority may move to reconsider on the same or the next day, except as provided in rule 51; and when a motion for reconsideration has been decided, it shall not be reconsidered.

45. No vote or act which has been passed by the house shall be sent by the clerk to the senate before the expiration of the time limited for its reconsideration by rule 44.

46. The speaker shall, at the request of any nineteen members, compel the retention of all members present, and also, at the request of any nineteen members, shall compel the attendance of absent members, by his warrant, under his hand and seal, attested by the clerk and directed to the sheriff and his deputies of the county where the general assembly is sitting.

47. In the absence of the speaker, deputy speaker, or clerks, less than a quorum may elect a speaker *pro tempore* or clerks *pro tempore*, who shall perform all the duties of the speaker and clerks respectively and be clothed with all their powers.

48. All writs, warrants, and subpœnas issued by order of the house shall be under the hand and seal of the speaker, attested by the clerk.

49. It shall be the duty of the sheriff in attendance upon the general assembly, or either of his deputies, to execute the commands of the house, from time to time, together with all such process, issued by authority thereof, as shall be directed to him by the speaker.

50. No rule shall be repealed, amended, or the operation thereof temporarily suspended, except by two-thirds of the members voting; but such action may be taken with reference to any rule, except as to rule 26, after one day's notice, by a majority vote.

51. After a roll-call has been ordered there shall be no

debate whatever, but by unanimous consent a member may explain his vote.

52. After the close of the legislative year the recording clerk shall make on the journal of the house an entry of all matters then remaining on the calendar, together with all unfinished business pending before the house or its committees, and the reading clerk shall prepare a docket of such matters and business, cause the same to be printed, and shall distribute the same to the members elect of the next general assembly.

53. The rules of parliamentary practice shall govern the house in all cases to which they are applicable and in which they are not inconsistent with these rules or the joint rules.

54. There shall be a motion for the previous question, which shall not be debatable, and which may be moved and ordered upon any bill or section thereof, amendment, motion, resolution or question which is debatable, any of which shall be considered as the main question for the purpose of applying the previous question. When a motion for the previous question has been made, no other motion shall be entertained by the speaker until it has been put to the house and decided. All incidental questions of order arising after a motion for the previous question has been made, and before the vote has been taken on the main question, shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise, without debate. When the previous question has been ordered a motion to reconsider such vote shall not be in order, and no motion to adjourn or to take a recess while a quorum is present shall be entertained between the taking of such vote and the taking of the vote on the main question, but ten minutes shall be allowed for further debate upon the main question, during which no member shall speak more than three minutes, and a further period of ten minutes, if desired, shall be allowed for debate to the member introducing the bill or question to be acted upon, or to the member or members to whom he may yield the floor, at the close of which time, or at the close of the first ten minutes, in case the introducer does not desire to so use his time,

the vote on the main question shall be taken. If incidental questions of order are raised after the previous question has been ordered, the time occupied in deciding such questions shall be deducted from the time allowed for debate.

55. Any motion or resolution to take any bill, resolution, petition or any other matter from a committee of the house of representatives shall be decided without debate.

Joint Standing Committees.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS.

Of the Senate.....Frederick H. Jackson,
Elisha Dyer,
Thomas H. Galvin.

Of the House.....Henry A. Palmer,
George J. Andrews,
Arthur W. Dennis,
Jesse P. Eddy, Jr.,
John J. Fitzgerald.

ACCOUNTS AND CLAIMS.

Of the Senate.....Henry F. Anthony,
Norman L. Capwell,
Thomas McKenna.

Of the House.....M. Joseph E. Legris,
Charles H. Ward,
George C. Cranston,
J. Fred Gibson,
Amasa S. Potter.

PRINTING.

Of the Senate.....Benjamin F. Robinson, Jr.,
Whiting Metcalf,
Thomas H. Connolly.

Of the House.....Henry B. Kane,
John Veitch,
Walter A. Bowen,
Earl P. Blanchard,
William M. P. Bowen.

RULES AND ORDERS.

Of the Senate.....Herbert M. Gardiner,
Alphonso F. White,
Eugene L. Young.

Of the House.....Zenas. W. Bliss,
Charles C. Garvin,
Philip A. Money,
Joseph E. Lanphear,
Elmer J. Rathbun.

ENGROSSED ACTS.

Of the Senate.....Charles Potter,
Philip H. Wilbour,
Eugene L. Young.

Of the House.....Samuel W. K. Allen,
Samuel L. Peck,
Everett A. Codlin,
Benjamin S. Cottrell,
Albert B. Crafts.

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Of the Senate.....Elbridge I. Stoddard,
John A. Remington,
George W. Parrott.

Of the House.....William Fred Williams,
Henry C. Anthony,
Elphege J. Daignault,
William P. Clarke,
Giles W. Easterbrooks.

REAL ESTATE.

Of the Senate.....John H. Crosby,
James L. Phillips,
John G. Wilcox.

Of the House.....William T. Stedman,
William I. Frost,
Louis L. Mailhot,
Thomas E. Manney,
Waldo M. Place.

Standing Committees of the Senate.

JUDICIARY	Henry F. Anthony, Christopher E. Champlin, Benjamin F. Robinson, Jr., Walter R. Stiness, Charles R. Easton.
CORPORATIONS	George R. Lawton, Charles Potter, James R. Chase, John H. Edwards, Thomas H. Connolly.
FINANCE	Elbridge I. Stoddard, Horace F. Horton, Harry H. Shepard, Louis W. Arnold, Elisha Dyer.
EDUCATION	Herbert M. Gardiner, Lyons Delany, Andrew Luther, Whiting Metcalf, James E. Bradford.
SPECIAL LEGISLATION	Alphonso F. White, Stephen H. Brown, Henry E. Nugent, Philip H. Wilbour, John H. Crosby.
RULES AND ORDERS	Harry H. Shepard, Christopher E. Champlin, Henry E. Nugent, Benjamin F. Robinson, Jr Thomas McKenna.

STATE PROPERTY.....	Norman L. Capwell,
	John H. Edwards,
	William F. Caswell,
	Eugene L. Young,
	Henry A. Sisson.
MILITIA.....	Walter R. Stiness,
	Andrew Luther,
	James A. Northup,
	William F. Caswell,
	John A. Remington.
ELECTIONS.....	Elisha Dyer,
	George R. Lawton,
	Louis W. Arnold,
	George W. Parrott,
	John A. Remington.
CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS.	Horace F. Horton,
	Lyons Delany,
	John S. Cole,
	James L. Phillips,
	Thomas HcKenna.
FISHERIES.....	Elbridge I. Stoddard,
	James R. Chase,
	Herbert M. Gardiner,
	Joseph E. Smith,
	John G. Wilcox.
AGRICULTURE.....	John H. Edwards,
	James A. Northup,
	Norman L. Capwell,
	Joseph E. Smith,
	Thomas H. Galvin.
PARDONS.....	Walter R. Stiness,
	Henry F. Anthony,
	Horace F. Horton,
	James E. Bradford,
	Whiting Metcalf.

Standing Committees of the House.

JUDICIARY	James Harris,
	Samuel W. K. Allen,
	Samuel L. Peck,
	Albert B. Crafts,
	John J. Fitzgerald,
	J. Frank Woodmansee,
	Earl P. Blanchard.
SPECIAL LEGISLATION	Philip A. Money,
	Lucius B. Steere,
	Joseph E. Lanphear,
	George J. Andrews,
	Thomas J. Gurry,
	J. Fred Gibson,
	Jesse P. Eddy, Jr.
FINANCE	Zenas W. Bliss,
	William I. Frost,
	John F. Richmond,
	Charles H. Ward,
	William T. Stedman,
	Robert S. Burlingame,
	Herbert W. Rice.
CORPORATIONS	Elmer J. Rathbun,
	Henry A. Palmer,
	Stephen S. Rich,
	M. J. E. Legris,
	Henry B. Kane,
	William T. Dodge,
	Albert Roberts.

EDUCATION. . . . . John Walch,
George C. Cranston,
William Fred Williams,
Walter A. Bowen,
Horace N. Hassard,
Thomas E. Manney,
George L. Pierce.

RULES AND ORDERS. . . . . Charles C. Gauvin,
George W. Hoxie,
Everett A. Codlin,
Elphege J. Daignault,
John B. S. Brazeau,
Giles W. Easterbrooks,
William M. P. Bowen.

MILITIA. . . . . Benjamin Martin,
Clarence D. Wood,
John Veitch,
Arthur W. Dennis,
Roswell B. Burchard,
James F. Murphy,
Waldo M. Place.

CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS. George E. Vernon,
William Fred Williams,
Oscar A. Bennett,
James Y. Caldwell,
George I. W. Estey.

FISHERIES. . . . . Henry C. Anthony,
Thomas J. Gaddes,
William P. Clarke,
Christopher L. Holden,
Benjamin S. Cottrell.

ELECTIONS. . . . . George C. Cranston,
Henry C. Gorton,
James Harris,
Amasa S. Potter,
Daniel W. Bullock.

AGRICULTURE AND MECHANIC ARTS—
George J. Andrews,
Euclide C. Gauvin,
William H. Heimer,
Clarence D. Wood,
Herbert L. Carpenter.

STATE PROPERTY.....Louis L. Mailhot,
John E. McKenna,
Fred E. Newell,
John North,
J. Stephen Dolan.

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.....Joseph E. Lanphear,
George L. Pierce,
Andrew D. Ross.
Latimer Willis Ballou,
Benjamin Martin.

General Assembly.

CLERKS OF COMMITTEES, WITH THEIR POST-OFFICE ADDRESSES.

SENATE.

Judiciary.—John W. Sweeney.....Westerly.
Corporations.—Arthur W. Joyce.....Providence.
Special Legislation.—Herbert A. Blake...Providence.
Finance.—Frederic A. Greene..... .....Providence.
Education.—Clifford S. Tower.....Providence.
Fisheries.—William R. Champlin.....Providence.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Judiciary.—Arthur A. Rhodes.....Providence.
Corporations.—John Ogden.....Providence.
Special Legislation.—Frederic A. Jones...Providence.
Finance.—James J. Nolan.....Providence.
Education.—Thomas Allen.....East Greenwich.
Joint Committee on Accounts and Claims—
John D. Turner..... Providence.
Public Institutions.—Wilbur A. Scott.....Cumberland.
Fisheries.—Joseph G. Anthony.....Portsmouth.

DOORKEEPERS AND PAGES.

SENATE.

Doorkeeper.—Herbert G. Boyce.....Lakewood.
Asst. Doorkeeper.—Joseph O. Anthony...Providence.
" " Robert B. Healy.....East Providence.
Page.—Joseph F. Brennan.
" William Earl Dodge.
" William Harrison.
" Clarence J. Lamb.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Doorkeeper.—Arthur V. Warfield.....Providence.
Asst. Doorkeeper.—Joseph M. Provencher. Woonsocket.
" " Charles C. Newhall....Providence.
Page.—Robert E. Johnson.
" Joseph H. McHough.
" Walter J. Lewis, Jr.
" Abraham Bander.
" Leon Lonoie.
" Edward O. Hustedt.
" Herman Podrat.
" William W. Blodgett, 2d.

STATE OF
RHODE ISLAND
HOPE

Biographical Sketches

OF

MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

GOVERNOR.

GEORGE HERBERT UTTER, of Westerly, was born July 24, 1854, in Plainfield, N. J. Came to Westerly in 1861; attended public and private schools, and the Westerly high school; graduated from Amherst College, class of 1877. Was colonel on the staff of Augustus O. Bourn, 1883-85; member of the house of representatives, 1885-89, being speaker in the latter year. Was senator from Westerly, 1889-1891; secretary of state, 1891-94; lieutenant-governor, 1904. Was elected governor at the election November 8, 1904. Occupation, printer and publisher. Politics, republican.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

FREDERICK H. JACKSON, of Providence, was born in Kirkland, Oneida county, New York, October 9, 1847. Was educated at Cornell College, graduating in the class of 1873. Was lieutenant-colonel and assistant adjutant-general in the National Guard of New York. Has been lieutenant-governor since January, 1905. Occupation, manager Mutual Life Insurance Company, R. I., and Bristol county, Mass. Is at present serving his fourth consecutive term as president of the Providence Board of Trade. Politics, republican.

SENATORS.

HENRY F. ANTHONY, of East Providence, was born in that town (then Seekonk, Mass.), May 26, 1855, and received his education in the public schools of that town and by

private tuition. Was an assessor of Watchemoket Fire District three years, and member of town council nine years, four years acting as president. Has been senator since May, 1897. Occupation, agent of coal piers and freight stations, N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co., at East Providence. Politics, republican.

LOUIS W. ARNOLD, of Westerly, was born in Coventry, March 2, 1845, and received a common school education. Was a member of the town council, 1894-98. Was representative, May, 1893, to May, 1895. Was senator, 1897-98, and has been senator since January, 1904. Occupation, woolen manufacturer. Politics, republican.

JAMES E. BRADFORD, of Woonsocket, was born in the town of Smithfield in 1850, and was educated in the public schools of Smithfield and Woonsocket. Has been a member of the city council and board of aldermen of the city of Woonsocket. Has been senator since January, 1905. Occupation, contractor and builder. Politics, republican.

STEPHEN H. BROWN, of Greenville, was born in the town of Johnston, March 12, 1842, and received his education in its public schools. Has served as member of town council, also on the board of assessors of taxes, and trustee of the Smithfield Savings Bank. Has been superintendent of cotton mills. Has been senator since January, 1905. Occupation, farmer. Politics, republican.

NORMAN L. CAPWELL, of West Greenwich, was born in that town, August 21, 1866, and was educated in its public schools. Graduated from Bryant & Stratton's Business College, class of 1896. Has been town sergeant, auditor, constable, and coroner, and is at present auctioneer. Has been senator since January, 1902. Occupation, farmer. Politics, republican.

WILLIAM F. CASWELL, of Jamestown, was born in New York City, October 25, 1865. Was educated in the public schools of Jersey City, N. J. Has been town clerk since 1891, tax collector from 1897 to 1903. Was representative,

1903, 1904, and has been senator since January, 1905. Occupation, town clerk. Politics, republican.

CHRISTOPHER E. CHAMPLIN, of New Shoreham, was born in that town, September 24, 1860, and is a lawyer by profession. He received his education at East Greenwich Academy, Brown University, and Boston University Law School, graduating from the last-named school in the class of 1884. He was admitted to the Suffolk county (Mass.) bar July 8, 1884, and subsequently to the Rhode Island bar, where he has since practiced law. Has been senator since 1890. Politics, democratic.

JAMES R. CHASE, of Middletown, was born in that town, October 26, 1849, and was educated in its public schools and at Fay's Boarding School, Newport. Is a trustee of the Island Savings Bank, and a director of the Newport water works. Representative, 1896–1900, and senator since May, 1900. Occupation, wholesale meat dealer. Politics, republican.

THOMAS HENRY CONNOLLY, of Warren, was born in that town, September 30, 1871, and was educated at the Warren high school, Holy Cross College, class of 1891, and at Bellevue Hospital Medical College, class of 1894. Has been a member of the town council of his native town. Has been senator since January, 1902. Profession, physician and surgeon. Politics, democratic.

JOHN S. COLE, of Hopkinton, was born in that town, September 15, 1852. Was educated in the public schools of his native town and Westerly. Was member of town council from 1877 to 1885, and from 1890 to 1895; and 1900 to 1905 was its president. Was superintendent of town farm twenty-three years, road commissioner one year, and chairman of town committee one year. Has been senator since January, 1905. Occupation, dairy farmer and cattle dealer. Politics, republican.

LYONS DELANY, of Pawtucket, was born in Kings Co., Ireland, December 3, 1850. Was educated at Tessauran School, Kings Co., Ireland. Has been a member of the

common council and of the board of aldermen, commissioner on widening Main street, and president of Pawtucket Merchants Association. Has been senator since January, 1905. Occupation, importer of tea, coffee and spices, spice miller and coffee roaster. Politics, republican.

ELISHA DYER, son of the late Governor Elisha Dyer and Anna Jones (Hoppin) Dyer, was born in Providence, Rhode Island, November 28, 1839. He was educated in the public schools, University Grammar School, and Brown University, Providence, R. I., and the University of Giessen, Germany, from which he was graduated in August, 1860, receiving the degree of Doctor of Philosophy.

Governor Dyer has been identified with the militia of the State since 1856, and his military record is as follows: October, 1856, joined the First Light Infantry Company as private, and served as such until April 6, 1858, when commissioned colonel and aide-de-camp upon the staff of his father, Governor Elisha Dyer. April 17, 1861, enrolled as sergeant, First Light Battery, R. I. Detached Militia; originally served as fourth duty sergeant; April 27, 1861, discharged on surgeon's certificate by reason of injuries received at Easton, Pa., previous to muster-in of the battery. September 28, 1861, commissioned lieutenant and commissary, Providence Marine Corps of Artillery, and served as such until June 7, 1862, when commissioned major by Governor Sprague, to fill a temporary vacancy. May 26, 1863, appointed colonel and aide-de-camp upon the staff of Governor James Y. Smith, and served as such until May 29, 1866. June 7, 1869, elected lieutenant-colonel commanding Providence Marine Corps of Artillery. April 25, 1870, re-elected to the same position and served until April 24, 1871, declining a re-election. April 29, 1872, again elected lieutenant-colonel.

Governor Dyer is a member of St. John's Lodge, A. F. and A. M.; Royal Arch Chapter; St. John's Commandery; Aleppo Temple, N. Mystic Shrine; and of the A. and A. Scottish Rite, 33d degree. He is a comrade of Rodman Post, G. A. R.; A. E. Burnside Camp, Sons of Veterans; and the Massachusetts Commandery of the Loyal Legion. He is a

member of the Hope Club, Squantum, and Providence Central Club, and of the University Club of New York. Was adjutant-general, 1882-1895, and was governor, 1897-1900. Has been senator since January, 1905. Politics, republican.

CHARLES REGINALD EASTON, of Lincoln, was born in that town, May 12, 1874. Graduated from Brown University, class of 1896. Has been town solicitor since June, 1899, and senator, 1903, and since January, 1905. Profession, lawyer. Politics, republican.

JOHN H. EDWARDS, of Exeter, was born in West Greenwich, R. I., January 6, 1846. His parents were John and Lucinda (King) Edwards, natives of Coventry and Scituate, respectively. In November, 1861, at the early age of fifteen years, he enlisted in the civil war, in Troop F, 1st regiment of R. I. cavalry, and was discharged in May, 1862, after a long and painful sickness of rheumatic fever. He was educated at Greenwich Academy and the Connecticut Literary Institution, and was ordained to the pastorate of the Frenchtown Baptist church in 1872. In 1879 he resigned this pastorate to accept an appointment from the R. I. Baptist State Convention as missionary colporteur for the State. This last position he resigned after about two years' service and accepted an invitation to become pastor of the Exeter Baptist church, serving in that capacity until 1893, when he resigned on account of ill health, having been pastor of this church for eleven years. During his Exeter pastorate his church entertained the Narragansett Baptist Association. He was moderator of the association in 1885, and the appointed preacher before that body in 1889. Since the close of the Exeter pastorate he has not been in the active ministry, but has sometimes temporarily served neighboring churches as occasion required. He was chairman of the school committee and superintendent of schools from 1883 to 1892, and is now serving his fifteenth year as town clerk of his adopted town. Has been senator since January, 1902. Politics, republican.

THOMAS H. GALVIN, of East Greenwich, was born in that

town, February 12, 1859; was educated in its public schools and at East Greenwich Academy. Has been a member of the school committee since 1888, and its chairman since 1891. Has been senator since January, 1905. Occupation, dry goods merchant. Politics, democratic.

HERBERT N. GARDINER, of Barrington, was born in the town of Cranston, February 6, 1855; was educated in the public schools of Cranston and Providence. Was member of the town council of Barrington, 1894-1898, the last two years of which he served as president. Was representative, May, 1900, to January, 1902, and has been senator since January, 1902. Occupation, contracting painter. Politics, republican.

HORACE F. HORTON, of Cranston, was born in Rehoboth, Mass., January 2, 1838; was educated in the public schools and at Scholfield's Commercial College, of Providence. Was representative, May, 1900, to January, 1902, and has been senator since January, 1902. Is engaged in real estate and insurance business. Politics, republican.

GEORGE R. LAWTON, of Tiverton, was born in that town, December 31, 1859, and was educated in the schools of his native town and at Fall River, Mass. Was a member and president of the town council, 1887, 1894, and 1895. Is a member of the state cycle commission and of the state returning board. Was representative, May, 1896, to January, 1902, and has been senator since January, 1902. Occupation, auditor and expert accountant. Politics, republican.

ANDREW LUTHER, of Burrillville, was born in Scituate, October 18, 1833. Was educated in the public schools. Has occupied many prominent positions in the town. Was senator, 1895-96, and has held the same position since January, 1904. Politics, republican.

THOMAS MCKENNA, of Cumberland, was born in Scotland in 1849; received a common school education. Has been senator since January, 1903. Occupation, railroad car inspector. Politics, democratic.

WHITING METCALF, of Richmond, was born in Burrillville, July 18, 1866. Graduated from Friends School, Providence, class of 1885. Has served as postmaster at Carolina, and has been member of town council of town of Charlestown. Was representative, 1899-1901, and senator since January, 1905. Occupation, Assistant Treasurer, Carolina Mills Co. Politics, republican.

JAMES A. NORTHUP, of Narragansett, was born in South Kingstown, May 19, 1847. Was educated in the public schools of that town. Has been member of board of assessors for two years; of the town council five years, and is at present president of the same. Has been senator since January, 1904. Occupation, farmer. Politics, republican.

HENRY E. NUGENT, of Johnston, was born in the town of Killingly, Conn., April 29, 1861, and was educated in the public schools. Was a member of the town council, 1897-1900. Has been representative, May, 1900, January, 1903, and senator since January, 1903. Occupation, general freight agent, Providence & Danielson Railway Co. Politics, republican.

GEORGE WALDO PARROTT, of North Providence, was born in Providence, October 4, 1868, and was educated at Doyle avenue grammar school and Bryant & Stratton Business College. Has been member of town council of North Providence from June, 1899, to November, 1904, and served as president from November, 1903, to November, 1904. Has been senator since January, 1905. Occupation, treasurer, Hovey Lumber Co. Politics, republican.

JAMES L. PHILLIPS, of Foster, was born in that town, August 24, 1864, and was educated at East Greenwich Academy and Harvard Medical School. Has been senator since January, 1905. Profession, physician. Politics, republican.

CHARLES POTTER, of Glocester, was born in Charlton, Mass., November 20, 1858, and was educated at Mowry & Goff's English & Classical School, Providence. Has been postmaster, president of town council, and town treasurer. Has been senator since May, 1900. Politics, republican.

JOHN A REMINGTON, of Central Falls, was born in the town of Coventry, November 2, 1867, and was educated in the public schools of Coventry and Providence, and at Bellevue Hospital Medical College. Has practiced medicine since 1891. Was member of the school committee of Central Falls three years, and has been senator since January, 1903. Profession, physician. Politics, democratic.

BENJAMIN F. ROBINSON, JR., of South Kingstown, was born in that town, February 22, 1858, and was educated in its public schools. Has been senator since May, 1897. Occupation, merchant. Politics, republican.

HARRY HAZARD SHEPARD, of Bristol, was born in New York City, July 21, 1858, and was educated at the Pingry Institute, Elizabeth, N. J. Has been representative, May, 1899, January, 1903, and senator since January, 1903. He is engaged in the manufacture of rubber goods. Politics, republican.

HENRY A. SISSON, of Coventry, was born in South Kingstown, October 8, 1846, and was educated in its public schools. Is a member of the town council at the present time. Has been senator since January, 1905. Occupation, farmer. Politics, democratic.

JOSEPH E. SMITH, of North Kingstown, was born in that town, January 11, 1837. Received a common school education. Has been member of the town council since 1893. Has been senator since January, 1904. Occupation, farmer. Politics, republican.

WALTER R. STINESS, of Warwick, was born in the town of Smithfield, March 13, 1854. Graduated from Brown University and Boston University Law School. Was clerk of the justice court of the city of Providence, 1879-1885. Railroad commissioner, 1888-91. Member of the city council of the city of Providence in 1883. Member of the house of representatives, 1878-81. Assistant judge-advocate-general ten years, and judge-advocate-general since June, 1898. Has been senator since January, 1904. Profession, attorney-at-law. Politics, republican.

ELBRIDGE I. STODDARD, of Portsmouth, was born in South Weymouth, Mass., October 9, 1840. Received a public school education. Served in the Union army during the civil war in the 12th Regt. Mass. Vols., three years. Chairman of the school board eight years. Was employed at Crocker Bros. & Co's. smelting works, at Portsmouth, as weigher and sampler of copper ores, eleven years. Was manager of the Mt. Hope Coal Mine Co., and agent, Coal Mine station, O. C. R. R. Co., seven years. Was representative, May, 1897, to May, 1899, and has been senator since May, 1899. Occupation, dealer in coal, grain, and groceries. Politics, republican.

ALPHONSO F. WHITE, of North Smithfield, was born in Boston, Mass., April 15, 1868, and was educated at the Woonsocket high school. Has been president and member of the town council for seven years, and senator since January, 1903. Occupation, superintendent of Forestdale Manufacturing Company. Politics, republican.

PHILIP H. WILBOUR, of Little Compton, was born in that town August 27, 1856, and was educated at Friends School, Providence. Has been commissioner of shell fisheries for several years; was representative 1902-1905, and has been senator since January, 1905. Occupation, farmer. Politics, republican.

JOHN G. WILCOX, of Charlestown, was born it that town, May 25, 1832. Was educated in its public schools. Was representative 1880-81, and assessor of taxes six years. Has been senator since January, 1905. Occupation, fisherman. Politics, republican.

EUGENE L. YOUNG, of Scituate, was born in that town, April 15, 1873. Graduated from Goff, Rice, and Smith's English Classical School, of Providence, class of 1891. Was member of town council from 1896 to 1902; served as president in 1900-1902. Has been member of school committee and superintendent of schools since May, 1903. Has been senator since January, 1904. Occupation, grocer. Politics, democratic.

JOHN H. CROSBY, of Newport, was born in that city, April 15, 1835, and was educated in its public schools. Was an alderman, and councilman, and an overseer of the poor. Was a member of the house of representatives, 1887-88, 1893-94, and May, 1899, to January, 1903. Was senator from January, 1903, to February 19, 1905, the date of his death. Was by occupation a grocer. Politics, democratic.

REPRESENTATIVES.

SAMUEL W. K. ALLEN, of East Greenwich, was born in North Kingstown, January 2, 1842, and received his education at East Greenwich Academy, New York Conference Seminary, and Boston University Law School. He was first sergeant in the regular army during the war of the rebellion, and has held the office of first lieutenant, captain, and colonel in the State militia. He has been superintendent of public school several years, and has held other town offices. He was representative, 1885-86 and 1891-97, being speaker for the three latter years, and has been representative since January, 1904. Is a member of the state board of education, and of the commission on the John Waterman memorial. He is a lawyer by profession, and a republican in politics.

GEORGE J. ANDREWS, of Coventry, was born in that town, May 31, 1850. Was educated in the private and public schools of South Windham, Conn. Has been representative since January, 1903. Occupation, merchant. Politics, republican.

HENRY C. ANTHONY, of Portsmouth, was born in that town, June 10, 1852, and was educated in its public schools. Has been member of town council four years, and assessor of taxes nine years. Has been representative since January, 1900. Occupation, seed merchant and farmer. Politics, republican.

LATIMER WILLIS BALLOU, of Woonsocket, was born in that city, October 8, 1872. Graduated from English and Classical School of Providence, class of 1891; Massachusetts Institute of Technology, class of 1895; and Cornell University, class of 1896. Was member of Woonsocket common council, 1898-1901. Was president, 1900-01. Was president, board of aldermen, 1902 and 1904. Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, manufacturer. Politics, republican.

OSCAR A. BENNETT, of Woonsocket, was born in that city, October 29, 1855, and was educated in the high school of said city. Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, grocer. Politics, republican.

EARL P. BLANCHARD, of Foster, was born in that town, September 8, 1866. Was educated in the schools of his native town and Bryant & Stratton Business College, class of 1888. Has been representative since January, 1904. Occupation, wool dealer. Politics, republican.

ZENAS W. BLISS, of Cranston, was born in the town of Johnston, January 10, 1867, and was educated in the public schools, and graduated from University Grammar School, of Providence, class of 1885, and from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, class of 1889. Has been a member of Cranston town council since 1901, and representative since January, 1903. Is a member of the republican state central committee. Occupation, real estate and insurance broker. Politics, republican.

WALTER A. BOWEN, of Warwick, was born in Riverpoint, March 22, 1874. Graduated from Phenix Grammar School and Bryant & Stratton Business College, class of 1892. Was member Warwick town council 1902-04. Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, treasurer Westminster Real Estate Company. Politics, republican.

WILLIAM M. P. BOWEN, of Providence, was born in Attleboro, Mass., September 8, 1864. Was educated in the

Providence public schools and Brown University. Was member of school committee, 1899, and was representative 1902, and since January, 1905. Profession, attorney-at-law. Politics, republican.

JEAN BAPTISTE SAMUEL BRAZEAU, of Pawtucket, was born in Rigaud, P. Q., Canada, June 24, 1852, and was educated at Rigaud College. Was a volunteer in the English army, 1872 to 1874, in Montreal, Canada. Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, journalist. Politics, republican.

DANIEL W. BULLOCK, of Pawtucket, was born in Bristol, N. Y., June 8, 1837. Was educated in the common schools of his native town and at Oberlin College. Served five years on board of license commissioners. Was representative in 1886-87, 1892-93, 1894-5, and 1896, and since January, 1905. Politics, republican.

ROSWELL B. BURCHARD, of Little Compton, was born in New York City, August 20, 1860. Was graduate of Eastman Business College, class of 1880, College of City of New York, class of 1880 (A. B.), and Harvard University Law School, class of 1903 (L. L. B.). Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, trustee. Politics, republican.

JOSEPH P. BURLINGAME, of Warwick, was born in Pawtucket, January 22, 1858, and was educated in the public schools of his native town. Has been representative since May, 1899, deputy speaker, January, 1902, to January, 1903, and has been speaker of the house of representatives since 1903. Occupation, manufacturing jeweler. Politics, republican.

ROBERT S. BURLINGAME, of Newport, was born in Pawtucket, February 1, 1864. Was educated in its public schools. Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, merchant. Politics, republican.

JAMES Y. CALDWELL, of Cumberland, was born in Glasgow, Scotland, April 20, 1868. Was educated in the public

schools. Has been representative since January, 1903. Occupation, insurance agent. Politics, democratic.

HERBERT L. CARPENTER, of North Smithfield, was born in Mendon, Mass., September 2, 1878. Graduated from Boston University School of Law, class of 1901. Has been representative since January, 1905. Profession, lawyer. Politics, democratic.

WILLIAM P. CLARKE, of Newport, was born in that city, November 9, 1870, and was educated in its public schools. Has been representative since May, 1900. Occupation, newsdealer. Politics, democratic.

EVERETT A. CODLIN, of Westerly, was born in Moosup, Conn., April 4, 1866. Was educated in the public schools. Has been a member of town council since June, 1903, and representative since January, 1904. Occupation, engineer. Politics, republican.

BENJAMIN S. COTTRELL, of Jamestown, was born in that town, September 15, 1873. Was educated in the public schools of Jamestown and Newport, and is a graduate of Cornell University, class of 1897. Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, manager, Jamestown & Newport Ferry Co. Politics, republican.

ALBERT BARNARD CRAFTS, of Westerly, was born in Milan, N. H., September 4, 1851. Graduated from Wesleyan College, class of 1871, with degrees of A. B. and A. M. Has been town solicitor. Has been representative since January, 1904. Profession, attorney-at-law. Politics, republican.

GEORGE C. CRANSTON, of North Kingstown, was born in that town, June 25, 1877. Was educated in public schools of North Kingstown and at East Greenwich Academy. Has been representative since January, 1903. Occupation, undertaker. Politics, republican.

ELPHEGE J. DAIGNAULT, of Woonsocket, was born in that city, June 8, 1879. Was educated at St. Mary's Col-

lege, Montreal, P. Q. Graduated from Boston College, class of 1900, and from Columbia Law School, class of 1903. Has been representative since January, 1904. Profession, lawyer. Politics, republican.

ARTHUR WELLINGTON DENNIS, of Providence, was born in that city, April 11, 1846, and was educated at Providence high school. Was member of school committee for number of years. Member common council three years; president common council, 1888-89, and member board of aldermen, 1890. In June, 1863, went with provost marshal of Oregon as clerk of enrolling board. Deputy provost marshal at Salem, Oregon, 1864-5, and at end of war returned to Providence. Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, manufacturer. Politics, republican.

WILLIAM T. DODGE, of New Shoreham, was born in that town, May 18, 1860. Was educated in its public and private schools. Has been member of town's committee for 15 years. Is a member of Atlantic Lodge, No. 31, A. F. & A. M; Newport Royal Arch Chapter; Washington Commandery, No. 4, Knights Templar; Palestine Temple, Order of the Mystic Shrine, and Rhode Island Consistory of Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite. Has been representative since January, 1903. Occupation, pilot. Politics, independent.

J. STEPHEN DOLAN, of Central Falls, was born in that city, November 27, 1865. Was educated in the public and private schools, and was member of board of aldermen of said city, 1900-1902. Has been representative since January, 1903. Occupation, contractor and builder. Politics, democratic.

GILES W. EASTERBROOKS, of Pawtucket, was born in Bristol, July 26, 1853, and attended the schools of Warren, R. I. Was 1st and 2d lieutenant and captain of Company H. 1st Regt. Infantry, B. R. I. M. Major of 1st Batt. 1st Regt. B. R. I. M. and Lieut-Col. and Asst. Com. Gen. Was appointed by Gov. Elisha Dyer upon his general staff as Asst. Com. Gen. with rank of Lieut.-Col. and attached to the Q. M. General's Dept. Has been representative since

January, 1905. Occupation, merchant. Politics, republican.

JESSE P. EDDY, Jr., of Providence, was born in that city, July 12, 1873. Was educated at Mowry & Goff's school and Providence high school. Was colonel on staffs of Governor Gregory and Governor Kimball. Past Master, St. John's Lodge, No. 1, of Providence, A. F. & A. M. Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, secretary and assistant treasurer, Tillinghast-Stiles Co., commission merchants, cotton, worsted, and woolen yarns. Politics, republican.

GEORGE W. ESTEY, of Providence, was born in East Cambridge, Mass., April 6, 1869, and was educated in its public schools. Is a member of a number of fraternities. Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, caterer. Politics, republican.

JOHN J. FITZGERALD, of Pawtucket, was born in that city, May 27, 1871. Graduated from Brown University, class of 1893, (A. B.); Georgetown University Law School, class of 1895, (L. L. B.); and 1896, (L. L. M.). Was representative, 1899-1900; mayor of Pawtucket, 1900-1902. Has been representative since January, 1903. Profession, lawyer. Politics, democratic.

WILLIAM I. FROST, of Tiverton, was born in Spring Vale, Maine, October 31, 1866, and was educated in the public schools. Was Grand Warden of the New England Order of Protection of R. I., in 1898. Past Master, Eureka Lodge, A. F. & A. M., of Portsmouth. Has been station agent of the N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co. since October 1, 1891. Has been representative since January, 1902. Politics, republican.

THOMAS J. GADDES, of Pawtucket, was born in Newburyport, Mass., July 7, 1842, and was educated in the public schools. Served in Co. E., 11th R. I. Vols. Is past commander, Tower Post, No. 17, G. A. R.; Past Grand of Woonsocket Lodge, No. 10, I. O. O. F.; Past C. P. of Pal-

estine Encampment, No 3, I. O. O. F.; member of Barney Merry Lodge, No. 29, A. F. and A. M. Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, cigar maker. Politics, republican.

CHARLES C. GAUVIN, of Woonsocket, was born in Canada, September 29, 1862. Was educated in the public and private schools in the United States and Canada. Was councilman in Woonsocket, 1895-97. Was member of R. I. Militia for six years. Has been representative since January, 1903. By profession is a journalist, having been for many years manager of *La Tribune*, Woonsocket; at present is engaged in life insurance business. Politics, republican.

EUCLIDE C. GAUVIN, of Burrillville, was born in St. Cesaire, Rouville Co., P. Q., September 7, 1859, and was educated at St. Cesaire College, class of 1873. Has been secretary and treasurer of the St. John Baptiste Society since 1888. Member of the town council, 1904, Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, grocer. Politics, republican.

J. FRED Gibson, of Providence, was born in Southbridge, Mass., August 26, 1866. Was educated in the public and private schools of Taunton, Mass. Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, druggist. Politics, republican.

HENRY CLAY GORTON, of Providence, was born in West Greenwich, December, 12, 1846, and was educated in its public schools. Was councilman and road commissioner in the town of Johnston. Is the son of Benjamin J. and Alma (Greene) Gorton, and descendant of Samuel, one of the first settlers of Warwick. Was married in 1872 to Edith Tillinghast, sister of the late Chief Justice Pardon E. Tillinghast. Is a descendant of the late Gen. Nathanael Greene, of revolutionary fame. Was representative, 1900-1902, and since January, 1905. Occupation, dealer in coal and wood, and general teaming. Politics, republican.

THOMAS J. GURRY, of Cumberland, was born in that town, November 5, 1860; was educated in the public schools. Has been representative since January, 1903. Occupation, salesman. Politics, democratic.

JAMES HARRIS, of Smithfield, was born in Burrillville, September 16, 1860; was educated in the public schools, and in the private school of Merrick and Emory Lyon, Providence. Was a member of the school committee for several years. Was representative, 1883-87, and since 1903. Has been justice of the 9th judicial district court since 1886. Profession, lawyer. Politics, republican.

HORACE N. HASSARD, of Newport, was born in Killingly, Conn., April 2, 1839, and was educated in the common schools. Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, grocer. Politics, republican.

W. H. HEIMER, M. D., of Pawtucket, was born at Nazareth, Penn., July 22, 1870. Graduated from College of Medico Chirurgical and Polyclinic, Philadelphia and Baltimore University, Md. Has been representative since January, 1905. Profession, physician. Politics, republican.

CHRISTOPHER L. HOLDEN, of Providence, was born at Natick, March 31, 1840. Was educated in the public schools of Warwick and North Providence. Was postmaster at Manton from 1860 to 1896. Member of the town council of North Providence, 1872. Has been clerk, trustee, and treasurer of school district No. 6, North Providence, and was treasurer of the district at the time this portion of North Providence was annexed to Providence. Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, dealer in real estate. Politics, republican.

GEORGE W. HOXIE, of Charlestown, was born in that town, February 19, 1876. Was educated in the public schools and at Providence Bryant & Stratton Business College, class of 1894. Was member of school committee of town of Charlestown in 1898; member of the school committee of the town of Richmond, 1901-1902. Is a commis-

sioner of shell fisheries for Washington county, and division commander, Sons of Veterans, R. I. division. Has been town treasurer and collector of town of Charlestown since 1903. Has been representative since January, 1904. Occupation, merchant. Politics, republican.

HENRY BREVOORT KANE, of Narragansett, was born in the city of New York, February 5, 1866. Was educated at Oxford College, England, class of 1887. Is a member of the town council, Narragansett, Captain and aide-de-camp, Brigade R. I. M. Has been representative since January, 1903. Politics, republican.

JOSEPH E. LANPHEAR, of Richmond, was born in that town, August 21, 1865. Was educated at the East Greenwich Academy and Bryant & Stratton's Business College, Providence. Has been representative since January, 1902. Occupation, merchant. Politics, republican.

M. JOSEPH E. LEGRIS, of Warwick, was born at Louiseville, P. Q., May 8, 1859 Was educated at College of Nicolet, P. Q., and graduated from Victoria Medical College, Montreal, P. Q., class of 1879. Served five years in common council of Warwick. Was alternate delegate to the republican convention at Chicago in 1904. Treasurer of the Societe St. Jean Baptiste de Centreville, R. I., since 1890. Trustee of St. John the Baptist Church at Arctic. Has been representative since 1902. Profession, physician and surgeon. Politics, republican.

LOUIS L. MAILHOT, of Lincoln, was born in Becancour, P. Q., August 24, 1860, and received a college education. Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, druggist. Politics, republican.

THOMAS E. MANNEY, of Providence, was born in Fairfield, Vermont, February 9, 1864, and was educated at the Lawrence, Mass., high school. Has been representative since January, 1905. He is engaged in the plumbing and heating business. Politics, republican.

BENJAMIN MARTIN, of East Providence, was born in Seekonk, Mass,, June 9, 1847. Was educated in the public schools of his native town, and Bryant & Stratton's Business College, Providence, class of 1865. Member of the town council twelve years, and was its president three years. Became member of Company A, 1st Battalion of Cavalry, R. I. M., in 1865, serving fifteen years. Has been representative since January, 1904. Occupation, contractor and builder. Politics, republican.

JOHN E. MCKENNA, of North Providence, was born in Providence, April 17, 1878, and received a common school education. Was member of the town council, 1903-1904. Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, pharmacist. Politics, republican.

PHILIP A. MONEY, of Exeter, was born in that town, April 28, 1852. Was educated in the public schools of his native town. Is a member of the Washington County Agricultural Society, is one of its vice-presidents and its chief marshal. Was senator, 1882-83, and representative, 1883-85. Was commissioner of town farm for three years, road commissioner for five years, assessor of taxes and auctioneer. Has been cattle commissioner for Washington county since 1901, and has been representative since January, 1903. Occupation, farmer. Politics, republican.

JAMES F. MURPHY, of Central Falls, was born in the town of Warwick, March 15, 1862. Graduated from Brown University, class of 1887. Was chairman of the board of trustees of Union School District, Lincoln, 1889; moderator, 1891; and town solicitor, 1890. Served on school committee of Central Falls, 1898-1901. Has been representative since January, 1903. Profession, lawyer. Politics, democratic.

FRED E. NEWELL, of Central Falls, was born in that city, December 21, 1852, and was educated in the public schools, East Greenwich Academy, and Bryant & Stratton's Commercial College. Was member of school committee for three years. Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, manufacturer. Politics, republican.

JOHN NORTH, of Woonsocket, was born in Yorkshire, England, August 25, 1844. Was educated in the National Schools of Huddersfield, Yorkshire. Was member of common council, 1899, 1902-4. Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, overseer, carding woolen. Politics, republican.

HENRY A. PALMER, of Cranston, was born in Providence, November 11, 1874. Was educated in the English and Classical high school, Providence, and graduated from the Columbia Law School, class of 1896. Was clerk of the district court of the eighth judicial district, 1898-1903, and judge since March, 1903. Representative since January, 1902. Profession, attorney-at-law. Politics, republican.

SAMUEL L. PECK, of Warren, was born in that town, December 17, 1845. Was educated in the public and private schools of his native town. Was assessor of taxes for three years. Alternate delegate to the republican convention at Philadelphia, in 1900. Member of state central committee since 1901. Has been representative from 1894 to 1902, and since January, 1904. Occupation, banker. Politics, republican.

GEORGE L. PIERCE, of Providence, was born in Seekonk, Mass., September 9, 1837, and was educated in the public schools of his native town, and at the Fort Edward Institute, New York. Was a member of the city council of Providence from 1886 to 1898; having been councilman, 1886-1895; and alderman, 1895-1898. Has been a commissioner of the North Burial Ground, Providence, since January, 1895. Is a member of the Pomham Club, and of the Providence Central Club. Was representative from May, 1886, to May, 1887, and was again elected April 6, 1898, and November 8, 1904. Occupation, grocer. Politics, republican.

WALDO M. PLACE, of Providence, was born in Glocester, October 13, 1859. Was educated in the public schools of Rhode Island and Connecticut, and Jenckes Mowry, Mt. Pleasant Academy, Providence. Has been representative

since January, 1905. Occupation, assistant treasurer, Industrial Trust Company. Politics, republican.

AMASA S. POTTER, of Scituate, was born in Glocester, October 28, 1850. Was educated in the common schools of his native town. Member of Scituate town council for four years, and assessor of taxes for two years. Has been representative since January, 1904. Occupation, merchant. Politics, democratic.

ELMER J. RATHBUN, of West Greenwich, was born in Coventry, April 16, 1870. Was educated at East Greenwich Academy, class of 1892; Brown University, class of 1896; and Boston Law School, class of 1898. Was for several years a member of school committee. Has been justice of the fourth district court since November 8, 1900. Has been representative since May, 1897. Profession, lawyer. Politics, republican.

HERBERT W. RICE, of Providence, was born in that city, June 22, 1869. Was educated in its public schools. Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, paint manufacturer. Politics, republican.

STEPHEN S. RICH, of East Providence, was born in Millville, Mass., March 11, 1846, and was educated in the public schools of Providence. Has been representative since May, 1896. Occupation, merchant. Politics, republican.

JOHN F. RICHMOND, of Barrington, was born in Seekonk, Mass., February 5, 1851, and was educated in the schools of Barrington, and at Scholfield's Commercial College at Providence. Was member of town council ten years, and served as president in 1888-89. Has been member of said body since 1900. Was chairman of board of assessors, 1890. Was representative, 1887-88, and senator, 1888-89. Was inspector of customs, port of Providence, from July, 1890, to October, 1894. Has been representative since January, 1902. Occupation, farmer. Politics, republican.

ALBERT ROBERTS, of Providence, was born in Trowbridge, Wiltshire, England, August 15, 1856, and received a

common school education. Is a member Nestell Lodge, F. & A. M.; P. C. of Garfield Lodge, K. of P.; Past Captain Garfield Co., U. R. P. R. H. P., of the Order of Alfredians of America. Was representative 1897-1901, and since January, 1905. Occupation, grocer. Politics, republican.

ANDREW D. ROSS, of Pawtucket, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., December 12, 1862. Was educated in its public schools. Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, butcher. Politics, republican.

WILLIAM T. STEDMAN, of South Kingstown, was born in that town, March 20, 1852, and was educated in the public and private schools of his native town. Was a member of the town council, 1895-1900, the last four years of which period he served as president. Has been representative since January, 1902. Occupation, bookkeeper. Politics, republican.

LUCIUS B. STEERE, of Glocester, was born in that town, September 27, 1861. Was educated in the public schools, and was a member of the town council three years. Has been representative, 1896-98, and since January, 1902. Occupation, farmer. Politics, republican.

JOHN VEITCH, of Cumberland, was born in Peebleshire, Scotland, December 7, 1864. Was educated in the public schools of Edinburgh. Has been representative since January, 1904. Occupation, newsdealer. Politics, republican.

GEORGE E VERNON, of Newport, was born in that city, April 16, 1847, and was educated in its public schools and at Bryant & Stratton's College, Providence. Was major, Newport Light Infantry, during civil war. Colonel and aid-de-camp on staff of Gov. Charles Dean Kimball. Was representative 1898-1900, and since January, 1905. Occupation, furniture manufacturer and dealer. Politics, republican.

JOHN WALCH, of Johnston, was born in Manchester, England, June 11, 1845. Was educated in the public schools. Has been representative since January, 1903. Occupation

highway commissioner and overseer of the poor. Politics, republican.

CHARLES H. WARD, of Middletown, was born in that town, May 23, 1851, and was educated in the public schools and at East Greenwich Academy. Has been town treasurer since 1877, and is a trustee of the Island Savings Bank. Has been representative since May, 1900. Occupation, dairy farmer. Politics, republican.

WILLIAM FREDERICK WILLIAMS, of Bristol, was born in New York City, December 23, 1859. Graduated from Brown University, class of 1883, and Harvard Medical School, class of 1889. Has been medical examiner of Bristol county since 1892. Member school committee since 1894. Was ensign, first division naval battalion, R. I. M., 1891-94; lieutenant, junior grade, 1895-96; lieutenant, 1896-99. Is a member of the board of managers of Industrial Trust Company, Bristol branch; director, Cranston Worsted Mills; vestryman, St. Michael's Church; regent, Mount Hope Council, Royal Arcanum; member executive committee, Bristol Yacht Club and Bristol Golf Club. Has been representative since January, 1903. Profession, physician. Politics, republican.

CLARENCE D. WOOD, of Hopkinton, was born in Coventry, July 26, 1853. Was educated in the public schools of Hopkinton. Member of board of trustees of Joint School District No. 9, of Hopkinton, from April, 1894, to April, 1900, and April, 1903, to January 1, 1904. The school was ungraded the first year. Was regraded in the following year, and high school added. Was elected a member of trustees, April, 1903, for three years, but the adoption of town system of schools, January 1, 1904, released the trustees from further service. Has been representative since January, 1904. Occupation, machinist. Politics, republican.

J. FRANK WOODMANSEE, of Warwick, was born at Exeter, July 26, 1839, and received a common school education. Has been representative since January, 1905. Occupation, restaurant proprietor. Politics, republican.

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